

1                                    IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
2                                    FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

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4 U.S. ETHERNET INNOVATIONS, LLC,

No. C 10-3724 CW

5                                    Plaintiff,

ORDER ON  
ADMINISTRATIVE  
MOTIONS TO SEAL

6                                    v.

7 ACER, INC., et al.,

(Docket Nos. 1342  
and 1344)

8                                    Defendants.

9                                    and

10 ATHEROS COMMUNICATIONS, INC., et al.,

11                                    Intervenors.  
12 \_\_\_\_\_/

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14 U.S. ETHERNET INNOVATIONS, LLC,

No. C 10-5254 CW

15                                    Plaintiff,

(Docket No. 591)

16                                    v.

17 AT&T MOBILITY, LLC, et al.,

18                                    Defendants.  
19 \_\_\_\_\_/

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21                    Before the Court is Intervenor Marvell Semiconductors, Inc.'s  
22 (MSI) administrative motion to seal (Case No. 10-3724, Docket No.  
23 1342) and Plaintiff U.S. Ethernet Innovations, LLC's (USEI)  
24 administrative motion to seal (Case No. 10-3724, Docket No. 1344;  
25 Case No. 10-5254, Docket No. 591).

26                    Under Civil Local Rule 79-5, a document may be filed under  
27 seal only if a party establishes that the portions sought to be  
28 sealed "are privileged, protectable as a trade secret or otherwise

1 entitled to protection under the law.” Civ. L.R. 79-5(b). Any  
2 sealing request must be narrowly tailored to cover only sealable  
3 material. Id. The request must be supported by the designating  
4 party’s declaration establishing that the information is sealable.  
5 Id. subsection (d).

6 “Historically, courts have recognized a ‘general right to  
7 inspect and copy public records and documents, including judicial  
8 records and documents.’” Kamakana v. City & Cnty. of Honolulu,  
9 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006). In considering a sealing  
10 request, the Court begins with “a strong presumption of access  
11 [as] the starting point.” Id.

12 A party seeking to seal records attached to a dispositive  
13 motion bears the burden of establishing “compelling reasons  
14 supported by specific factual findings that outweigh the general  
15 history of access and the public policies favoring disclosure.”  
16 Id. at 1178-79. This is because dispositive motions represent  
17 “the heart of the interest in ensuring the public’s understanding  
18 of the judicial process and of significant public events.” Id.  
19 at 1179.

20 The strong presumption in favor of access does not apply with  
21 equal force to non-dispositive motions, which may be only  
22 “tangentially related” to the underlying cause of action. Id.  
23 at 1179-80. A party seeking to seal materials related to non-  
24 dispositive motions must show good cause by making a  
25 “particularized showing” that “specific prejudice or harm will  
26 result” should the information be disclosed. Id.; Fed. R. Civ. P.  
27 26(c). “[B]road, conclusory allegations of potential harm” will  
28 not suffice. Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 331 F.3d

1 1122, 1131 (9th Cir. 2003). These different standards are applied  
2 as relevant to the documents addressed below.

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<p>4 Case No. 5 10-3724, 6 Docket No. 7 1342</p>	<p>In its December 19, 2014 Order, the Court denied MSI's motion to seal Exhibits K.1-K.3 of Exhibit 15 to the Declaration of Sean Nation in Support of USEI's Notice of Supplemental Authority and Motion to Supplement (Nation Declaration). The Court held that MSI's request was not narrowly tailored as required by Civil Local Rule 79-5(b). The Court permitted MSI to resubmit a modified and narrowly tailored request within seven days of the date of that Order.</p> <p>In the present motion, again MSI seeks leave to file under seal an unredacted version of Exhibits K.1-K.3 of Exhibit 15 to the Nation Declaration. The document contains highly specific and recent financial information regarding sales of MSI products. The motion is GRANTED because MSI limits the redacted information to confidential financial and sales information.</p>
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<p>22 Case No. 23 10-3724, 24 Docket No. 25 1344</p>	<p>USEI seeks leave to file under seal certain exhibits to its Motion to Alter or Amend the Court's November 7, 2014 Summary Judgment Order.</p> <p>1. Exhibit A to the Declaration of Robert J. Leonard in support of USEI's Motion to Alter or Amend the Court's November 7, 2014 Summary</p>
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10-5424,  
Docket No.  
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Judgment Order (Leonard Declaration).  
Exhibit A is a Joint Defense and Confidentiality Agreement between Intel Corporation and Texas Instruments in the cases U.S. Ethernet Innovations, LLC v. Acer, Inc. et al., Civil Action No. 5:10-CV-03724, and U.S. Ethernet Innovations, LLC v. Texas Instruments, Inc., Civil Action No. 6:11-cv-491-LED-JDL. Intervenor Intel has filed a declaration stating that the document is sealable, in its entirety, because it contains information not available to the public. Specifically, Intel states that the document contains the terms of a confidentiality agreement with regard to shared information between Defendants and Intervenors. Upon reviewing the document, the Court finds that there does not appear to be any sealable information in the document. Accordingly, USEI's motion for leave to file this document under seal is DENIED.

2. Exhibit L to the Leonard Declaration.  
Exhibit L is an excerpt of the Rebuttal Expert Report of Dr. Leonard Forsys regarding the non-infringement of the patents-in-suit. USEI seeks to file under seal the entire excerpt. USEI states that this document has

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been designated highly confidential by one or more of the parties in this litigation; however, no party has filed a declaration stating why this excerpt is sealable as required by Civil Local Rule 79-5(e). Furthermore, there does not appear to be any sealable information in the excerpt. The excerpt refers only to the Court's claim construction orders, which are available in the public record. Accordingly, USEI's motion for leave to file this document under seal is DENIED.

3. Exhibit M to the Leonard Declaration.

Exhibit M is an excerpt of the transcript of the July 9, 2014 videotaped deposition of Dr. Forys on behalf of USEI. USEI seeks to file under seal the entire excerpt. USEI states that this document has been designated highly confidential by one or more of the parties in this litigation; however, no party has filed a declaration stating why this excerpt is sealable as required by Civil Local Rule 79-5(e). Furthermore, there does not appear to be any sealable information in the excerpt. The excerpt refers to the Court's claim construction and page numbers of the rebuttal report, but does not contain any source code

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or other sealable information. Accordingly, USEI's motion for leave to file this document under seal is DENIED.

4. Exhibit O to the Leonard Declaration.

Exhibit O is an excerpt of the transcript of the July 22, 2014 videotaped deposition of Dr. Ian Crawford. USEI states that this document has been designated highly confidential by one or more of the parties in this litigation; however, no party has filed a declaration stating why this excerpt is sealable as required by Civil Local Rule 79-5(e). Accordingly, USEI's motion for leave to file this document under seal is DENIED.

Thus, USEI's administrative motion for leave to file under seal is DENIED (Case No. 10-3724, Docket No. 1344; Case No. 10-5424, Docket No. 591).

CONCLUSION

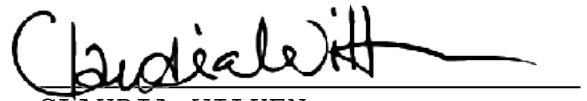
For the reason set forth above, MSI's Administrative Motion to File Under Seal (Docket No. 1342) is GRANTED. Accordingly, within four days of the date of this Order, MSI shall electronically file under seal an unredacted version of this document, and shall file a redacted version in the public record.

USEI's Administrative Motion to File Under Seal (Case No. 10-3724, Docket No. 1344; Case No. 10-5254, Docket No. 591) is DENIED. The denial is without prejudice. USEI, or the designating party, must submit, within seven days, a revised

1 declaration remedying the deficiencies noted above. If the  
2 designating party does not file a declaration justify sealing, the  
3 document must be filed in the public record. If the designating  
4 party does file a declaration justifying sealing, USEI may refile  
5 the motion to seal and the Court will decide if the deficiencies  
6 noted above have been remedied.

7 IT IS SO ORDERED.

8 Dated: January 12, 2015

  
9 CLAUDIA WILKEN  
United States District Judge

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