

1 SEYFARTH SHAW LLP
 Michael J. Burns (SBN 172614)
 2 E-mail: mburns@seyfarth.com
 Giovanna A. Ferrari (SBN 229871)
 3 E-mail: gferrari@seyfarth.com
 560 Mission Street, 31st Floor
 4 San Francisco, California 94105
 Telephone: (415) 397-2823
 5 Facsimile: (415) 397-8549

6 Jeffrey D. Neumeyer (*Admitted Pro Hac Vice*)
 Email: jeffneumeyer@officemax.com
 7 Elham Marder (SBN 251981)
 Email: ElhamMarder@officemax.com

8 OFFICEMAX INCORPORATED
 1111 West Jefferson Street, Suite 510
 9 Boise, Idaho 83702
 Telephone: (208) 388-4177
 10 Facsimile: (630) 647-3864

11 Attorneys for Defendant
 OFFICEMAX NORTH AMERICA, INC.

12

13 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

14 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, OAKLAND DIVISION

15 NANCY DARDARIAN, individually and on)
 behalf of all others similarly situated,)
 16)
 Plaintiff,)
 17)
 v.)
 18)
 OFFICEMAX NORTH AMERICA, INC., an)
 19 Ohio corporation,)
)
 20 Defendant.)

Case No. 4:11-cv-00947 YGR

**MODIFIED STIPULATED
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

21)
 NATHAN THOMS, individually and on behalf)
 22 of himself and others similarly situated,)
)
 23 Plaintiff,)
)
 24 v.)
)
 25 OFFICEMAX NORTH AMERICA, INC., an)
 Ohio corporation; and DOES 2 through 50,)
 26 inclusive,)
 27 Defendants.)

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1 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public
4 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.
5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following
6 Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket
7 protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from
8 public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to
9 confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as
10 set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file
11 confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62 set forth the
12 procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks
13 permission from the court to file material under seal.

14 2. DEFINITIONS

15 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
16 information or items under this Order.

17 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
18 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
19 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

20 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
21 well as their support staff).

22 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that
23 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

24 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
25 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
26 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
27 responses to discovery in this matter.

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1 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent
2 to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as
3 a consultant in this action.

4 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
5 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

6 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other
7 legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

8 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this
9 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this
10 action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of
11 that party.

12 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
13 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

14 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
15 Material in this action.

16 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
17 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and
18 organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and
19 subcontractors.

20 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
21 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

22 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
23 Producing Party.

24 3. SCOPE

25 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material
26 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2)
27 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
28 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

1 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
2 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a
3 Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as
4 a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the
5 public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party
6 prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who
7 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating
8 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

9 4. DURATION

10 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by
11 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court
12 order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all
13 claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after
14 the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this
15 action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time
16 pursuant to applicable law.

17 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

18 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
19 or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care
20 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
21 The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents,
22 items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material,
23 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
24 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

25 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
26 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
27 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary
28 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

1 If it comes to a Designating Party’s attention that information or items that it designated
2 for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other
3 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

4 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
5 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
6 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
7 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

8 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

9 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
10 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing
11 Party affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only
12 a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
13 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
14 margins).

15 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection
16 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which
17 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all
18 of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the
19 inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party
20 must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order.
21 Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the
22 “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or
23 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
24 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

25 (b) [MODIFIED] for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial
26 proceedings, that the Designating Party identify [all protected testimony within 14 calendar days
27 of receipt of] the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding transcript.

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1 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
2 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
3 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend
4 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
5 the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

6 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
7 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s
8 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
9 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
10 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

11 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

12 6.1 [MODIFIED] Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
13 designation of confidentiality [up to 30 days before trial]. Unless a prompt challenge to a
14 Designating Party’s confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial
15 unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a
16 Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount
17 a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

18 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution
19 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis
20 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written
21 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this
22 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in
23 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other
24 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In
25 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality
26 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the
27 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered,
28 to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next

1 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or
2 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in
3 a timely manner.

4 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
5 intervention, the parties shall follow the Court’s Standing Order in Civil Cases regarding
6 Discovery and Discovery Motions. The parties may file a joint letter brief regarding retaining
7 confidentiality within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties
8 agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier.
9 Failure by a Designating Party to file such discovery dispute letter within the applicable 21 or 14
10 day period (set forth above) with the Court shall automatically waive the confidentiality
11 designation for each challenged designation. If, after submitting a joint letter brief, the Court
12 allows that a motion may be filed, any such motion must be accompanied by a competent
13 declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements
14 imposed in the preceding paragraph. The Court, in its discretion, may elect to transfer the
15 discovery matter to a Magistrate Judge.

16 In addition, the parties may file a joint letter brief regarding a challenge to a
17 confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge
18 to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. If, after submitting a joint
19 letter brief, the Court allows that a motion may be filed, any motion brought pursuant to this
20 provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has
21 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph. The
22 Court, in its discretion, may elect to transfer the discovery matter to a Magistrate Judge.

23 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
24 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
25 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to
26 sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to
27 file letter brief to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the
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1 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
2 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

3 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

4 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed
5 or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for
6 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
7 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
8 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of
9 section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

10 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and
11 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

12 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise
13 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
14 disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

15 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as
16 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
17 information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
18 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

19 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
20 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
21 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

22 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
23 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and
24 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

25 (d) the court and its personnel;

26 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
27 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who
28 have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

1 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
2 necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit
3 A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of
4 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be
5 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
6 under this Stipulated Protective Order.

7 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
8 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

9 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
10 LITIGATION

11 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
12 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that
13 Party must:

14 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a
15 copy of the subpoena or court order;

16 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the
17 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this
18 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

19 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
20 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

21 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
22 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
23 “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order
24 issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party
25 shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material –
26 and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving
27 Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

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1 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS
2 LITIGATION

3 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in
4 this action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in
5 connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.
6 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking
7 additional protections.

8 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a
9 Non-Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement
10 with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

11 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or
12 all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

13 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in
14 this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the
15 information requested; and

16 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

17 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14
18 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce
19 the Non-Party’s confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party
20 timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its
21 possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a
22 determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the
23 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

24 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

25 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
26 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective
27 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
28 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the

1 Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were
2 made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the
3 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
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5 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
6 MATERIAL

7 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently
8 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
9 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This
10 provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery
11 order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of
12 Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a
13 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product
14 protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order
15 submitted to the court.

16 12. MISCELLANEOUS

17 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
18 seek its modification by the court in the future.

19 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective
20 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
21 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly,
22 no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material
23 covered by this Protective Order.

24 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party
25 or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in
26 the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
27 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62. Protected
28 Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the

1 specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, a
2 sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is
3 privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a
4 Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-
5 5(d) and General Order 62 is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the
6 information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed
7 by the court.

8 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

9 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
10 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such
11 material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts,
12 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
13 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must
14 submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the
15 Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all
16 the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has
17 not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or
18 capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to
19 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts,
20 legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work
21 product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected
22 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to
23 this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

24 14. EFFECTIVE DATE [MODIFIED]

25 The Parties stipulate that this Modified Stipulated Protective Order shall be binding and
26 effective as of the date of both Parties' signature to the Stipulated Protective Order.

27 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.
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DATED: January 6, 2012

SEYFARTH SHAW LLP

By /s/ *Giovanna A. Ferrari*
Michael J. Burns
Giovanna A. Ferrari
Attorneys for Defendant
OFFICEMAX NORTH AMERICA, INC.

DATED: January 6, 2012

HOFFMAN & LAZEAR

By /s/ *Chad A. Saunders*
H. Tim Hoffman
Arthur W. Lazear
Chad A. Saunders
Attorneys for Plaintiff
NANCY DARDARIAN

DATED: January 6, 2012

STONEBARGER LAW

By /s/ *Gene J. Stonebarger*
Gene J. Stonebarger
Richard D. Lambert
Attorneys for Plaintiff
NATHAN THOMS

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: November 14, 2012



Hon. Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers
United States District Judge

1 EXHIBIT A

2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

3 I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____
4 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
5 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for
6 the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of _____ [insert formal name of
7 the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]. I agree to comply with and to be
8 bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that
9 failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I
10 solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to
11 this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the
12 provisions of this Order.

13 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
14 Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated
15 Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

16 I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
17 _____ [print or type full address and telephone
18 number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any
19 proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

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21 Date: _____

22 City and State where sworn and signed: _____

23
24 Printed name: _____

25 [printed name]

26
27 Signature: _____

28 [signature]

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Attestation Pursuant to General Order No. 45, Section X

I hereby attest that I have on file all holograph signatures for any signatures indicated by a “conformed” signature (/s/) within this efiled document.

Dated: January 6, 2012

 /s/ Giovanna A. Ferrari
Giovanna A. Ferrari