

1 Jason A. Archinaco (pro hac) (PA ID 76691)
 jarchinaco@pribanic.com
 2 Robert A. Bracken (pro hac) (PA ID 206095)
 rbracken@pribanic.com
 3 PRIBANIC PRIBANIC + ARCHINACO, LLC
 513 Court Place
 4 Pittsburgh, PA 15219
 (412) 281-8844
 5 Fax (412) 281-4740

6 Paul W. Chandler (SBN 137091)
 chandlerlaw@aol.com
 7 THE LAW OFFICES OF PAUL W. CHANDLER
 6080 Center Drive
 8 Sixth Floor
 Los Angeles, CA 90045
 9 (310) 242-5850
 Fax (310) 929-7740

10 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

11
 12 **IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
 13 **FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**
 14 **SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

15 CARL EVANS, DONALD SPENCER, VALERIE
 SPENCER, CINDY CARTER, individuals, on
 16 Behalf of themselves and for the Benefit of all
 with the Common or General Interests, Any
 17 Persons Injured, and All Others Similarly Situated,

Case No. 3:11-cv-01078-DMR

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

18 Plaintiffs,

19 v.

20 LINDEN RESEARCH, INC., a corporation, and
 PHILIP ROSEDALE, an individual,
 21

22 Defendants.

23
 24 **STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

25 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

26 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential,
 27 proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for
 28 any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby

1 stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties
2 acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to
3 discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited
4 information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The
5 parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does
6 not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the
7 procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission
8 from the court to file material under seal.

9 2. DEFINITIONS

10 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or
11 items under this Order.

12 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
13 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil
14 Procedure 26(c).

15 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as
16 their support staff).

17 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
18 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

19 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium or
20 manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
21 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery
22 in this matter.

23 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the
24 litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant
25 in this action.

26 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
27 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

28 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity

1 not named as a Party to this action.

2 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action but
3 are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf of that
4 party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

5 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
6 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

7 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in
8 this action.

9 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (*e.g.*,
10 photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or
11 retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

12 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
13 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

14 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing
15 Party.

16 3. SCOPE

17 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as
18 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies,
19 excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or
20 presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. However, the protections
21 conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that
22 is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public
23 domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this
24 Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information
25 known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the
26 disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of
27 confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a
28 separate agreement or order.

1 4. DURATION

2 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order
3 shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise
4 directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this
5 action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all
6 appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any
7 motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

8 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

9 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-
10 Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such
11 designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party
12 must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written
13 communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or
14 communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this
15 Order.

16 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to
17 be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or
18 retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties)
19 expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

20 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for
21 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that
22 it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

23 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see,
24 *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or
25 Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the
26 material is disclosed or produced.

27 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

28 (a) for information in documentary form (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents, but excluding

1 transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend
2 “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material.

3 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need
4 not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would
5 like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made
6 available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified
7 the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or
8 portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified
9 documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page that contains
10 Protected Material.

11 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
12 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding,
13 all protected testimony.

14 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible
15 items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in
16 which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.”

17 (d) for source code, the Parties do not anticipate that production of source code will be necessary
18 in this case; however, if it becomes necessary, the Parties shall negotiate additional provisions to protect
19 the disclosure of such information and no Party shall be required to produce or make any source code
20 available for inspection until additional protections have been negotiated and approved by the Court.

21 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate
22 qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure
23 protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving
24 Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions
25 of this Order.

26 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

27 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
28 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality

1 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a
2 significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a
3 confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is
4 disclosed.

5 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process by
6 providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each challenge.
7 To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must recite that the
8 challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph of the Protective
9 Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must begin the process by
10 conferring directly in voice to voice dialogue—*i.e.*, in person or by telephone; letter, e-mail, or fax are
11 not sufficient—within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party must
12 explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the
13 Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and,
14 if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging
15 Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and
16 confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and
17 confer process in a timely manner.

18 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention,
19 the Parties shall jointly file a letter with the Court outlining the dispute in accordance with Paragraph 10
20 of the Standing Order for Judge Ryu. (Doc. No. 62 at 3.) The burden of persuasion in any such
21 challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an
22 improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may
23 expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to afford the material in question
24 the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party’s designation until the court rules
25 on the challenge.

26 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

27 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
28 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,

1 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the
2 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been
3 terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL
4 DISPOSITION).

5 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
6 secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

7 7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the
8 court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information
9 or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

10 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees of said
11 Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
12 litigation;

13 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to
14 whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment
15 and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

16 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably
17 necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
18 (Exhibit A);

19 (d) the court and its personnel;

20 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
21 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed
22 the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

23 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
24 and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise
25 agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or
26 exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and
27 may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

28 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other

1 person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

2 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
3 LITIGATION

4 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
5 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party must:

6 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy of
7 the subpoena or court order;

8 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other
9 litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective
10 Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

11 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating
12 Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

13 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or
14 court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” before a
15 determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the
16 Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking
17 protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed
18 as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another
19 court.

20 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS
21 LITIGATION

22 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this action
23 and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with
24 this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions
25 should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

26 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party’s
27 confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party
28 not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the

1 Party shall:

2 1. promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of
3 the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

4 2. promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this
5 litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information
6 requested; and

7 3. make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

8 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14 days of
9 receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's
10 confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective
11 order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to
12 the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court.¹ Absent a court
13 order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court
14 of its Protected Material.

15 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

16 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material
17 to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving
18 Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b)
19 use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or
20 persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such
21 person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto
22 as Exhibit A.

23 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
24 MATERIAL

25 Inadvertent production of information subject to the attorney-client privilege and attorney-work-
26 product doctrine ("privileges") shall not constitute a waiver of any claim for protection under the

27 _____
28 ¹ The purpose of this provision is to alert the interested parties to the existence of confidentiality rights of
a Non-Party and to afford the Non-Party an opportunity to protect its confidentiality interests in this
court.

1 privileges, provided that the provisions of this paragraph are satisfied.

2 (a) If the Producing Party discovers that information produced in discovery should have been
3 withheld on the basis of privilege (the “Clawed-Back Materials”), the Producing Party must notify the
4 Receiving Party as soon as is practicable. The Producing Party of the Clawed-Back Materials does not,
5 however, need to show that the information qualifies as privileged information, or that the production
6 was inadvertent. In such event, the Receiving Party must immediately—and regardless of any argument
7 as to waiver—return the Clawed-Back Materials along with all duplicates, and shall destroy any the
8 portion of any notes, summaries, extracts or abstracts that rely upon or refer to such Clawed-Back
9 Materials. Once notified of the production of privileged information, the Receiving Party shall not
10 duplicate the Clawed-Back Materials, or distribute the privileged information by any means other than
11 returning it to the Producing Party. Within five business days of notifying the Receiving Party, the
12 Producing Party must provide a privilege log that lists the Clawed-Back Materials. The Receiving Party
13 shall have no liability, under this Order or otherwise, for any disclosure or use of the Clawed-Back
14 Materials occurring before the Receiving Party was placed on notice of the Producing Party’s claims of
15 privilege, except to the extent that the Clawed-Back Materials should have been returned to the
16 Producing Party subject to subparagraph (b) below. Insofar as the Receiving Party wishes to challenge
17 the claim of privilege or work product with respect to the Clawed-Back Materials, it must do so based on
18 the privilege log and without relying on the information it learned from the Clawed-Back Materials.

19 (b) If the Receiving Party discovers materials that clearly appear to be inadvertently produced
20 privileged materials (the “Obviously Privileged Materials”), the Receiving Party will refrain from
21 examining the Obviously Privileged Materials any more than is essential to ascertain if the materials are
22 privileged and shall immediately notify the Producing Party that they possess material that appears to be
23 privileged. Within five business days, the Producing Party must confirm or deny that the materials are
24 privileged. If they are confirmed to be inadvertently produced and privileged, then the Receiving Party
25 must immediately return or destroy them and the Producing Party must provide a privilege log that lists
26 the Obviously Privileged Materials within five business days.

27 Nothing within this Order will prejudice the right of any Party to object to the production of any
28 discovery material on the grounds that the material is protected as privileged or as attorney work product.

1 12. MISCELLANOUS

2 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its
3 modification by the court in the future.

4 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no
5 Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or
6 item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any
7 right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

8 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a
9 court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public
10 record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material
11 must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a
12 court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local
13 Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue
14 is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a
15 Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is
16 denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to
17 Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

18 13. FINAL DISPOSITION. Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as
19 defined in paragraph 4, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or
20 destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts,
21 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.
22 Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
23 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the
24 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was
25 returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts,
26 compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.

27 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings,
28 motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition

1 and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if
2 such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected
3 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

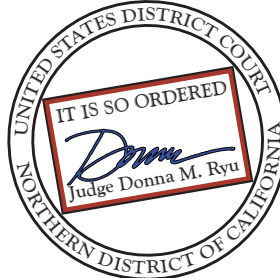
4
5 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

6 DATED: October 21, 2011 /s/ Jason A. Archinaco (by permission)
7 Attorney for Plaintiffs

8 DATED: October 21, 2011 /s/ Jesse Geraci
9 Attorney for Defendants

10 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

11
12 Dated: 10/25/2011



DONNA M. RYU
United States Magistrate Judge

1 EXHIBIT A

2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

3 I, _____ [print or type full name], of
4 _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in
5 its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District
6 Court for the Northern District of California on _____ [date] in the case of *Evans, et. al.*
7 *v. Linden Research Inc., et. al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01078-JSW. I agree to comply with and to be bound
8 by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so
9 comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that
10 I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective
11 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
12

13 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern
14 District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if
15 such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

16 I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
17 _____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my
18 California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to
19 enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

20 Date: _____

21 City and State where sworn and signed: _____

22 Printed name: _____

23
24 Signature: _____
25
26
27
28

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Jason A. Archinaco (by permission)

Paul W. Chandler
Law Offices of Paul W. Chandler
6080 Center Drive, 6th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90045
(310) 242-5850

Jason A. Archinaco (*pro hac*)
Robert A. Bracken (*pro hac*)
513 Court Place
Pittsburgh, PA 15219
(412) 281-8844

Counsel for Plaintiffs

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Jesse Geraci

Michael H. Page
Johanna Calabria
Jesse Geraci
Durie Tangri LLP
217 Leidesdorff Street
San Francisco, CA 94111
(415) 362-6666
Counsel for Defendants

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

2 I certify that all counsel of record are being served on October 25, 2011, with a copy of this
3 document via the Court's CM/ECF system.

4 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the
5 foregoing is true and correct. Executed on October 25, 2011 in San Francisco, California.

6 _____
7 */s/ Jesse Geraci*

8 JESSE GERACI
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28