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2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
3	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
4	OAKLAND DIVISION	
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6	SIDDHARTH HARIHARAN, et al.,	Case No: C 11-2509 SBA
7	Plaintiffs,	ORDER
8	VS.	Dkt. 32, 35, 41, 44
9	ADOBE SYSTEMS INC., et al.,	
10	Defendants.	
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12	On July 27, 2011, this Court related four class actions to the instant class action	
13	("Case I" or "Case No. 11-2509"). Case No. 11-2509, Dkt. 52; Marshall v. Adobe	
14	Systems, Inc., et al., Case No. 11-3538 HRL ("Case II" or "Case No. 11-3538"), Dkt. 12;	
15	Devine v. Adobe Systems, Inc., et al, C 11-3539 HRL ("Case III" or "Case No. 11-3539"),	
16	Dkt. 12; Fichtner v. Adobe Systems, Inc., Case No. 11-3540 PSG ("Case IV" or "Case No.	
17	11-3540"), Dkt. 13; and Stover v. Adobe Systems, Inc., C 11-3541 PSG ("Case V" or	
18	"Case No. 11-3541"), Dkt. 13. In each of these class actions, Plaintiffs allege that	
19	Defendants entered into a conspiracy to fix and suppress the compensation of their	
20	employees. <u>See, e.g.</u> , Case No. 11-2509, Dkt. 2, Ex. A ¶1. In the five related class actions,	
21	Plaintiffs aver that the class consists of all persons employed by Defendants in the United	
22	States of America on a salaried basis during the period from January 1, 2005 through	
23	January 1, 2010. See, e.g., id. ¶29. The parties are presently before the Court on Plaintiffs'	
24	request to transfer the instant class action with the four related class actions from the	
25	Oakland Division to the San Jose Division. <u>Id.</u> , Dkt. 32, 35, 44.	
26	According to the Civil Local Rules, except for Intellectual Property Actions,	
27	Securities Class Actions and Prisoner Petitions or Prisoner Civil Rights Actions, "all civil	
28	actions which arise in the [county] of San Francisco shall be assigned to the San	

1 Francisco or Oakland Division." Civ. L.R. 3-2(d). Furthermore, "all civil actions which 2 arise in the counties of Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Benito or Monterey shall be assigned 3 to the San Jose Division." Civ. L.R. 3-2(e). "A civil action arises in the county in which a 4 substantial part of the events or omissions which give rise to the claim occurred or in which 5 a substantial part of the property that is the subject of the action is situated." Civ. L.R. 3-6 2(c). Civil Local Rule 3-2(h) further provides that "[w]henever a Judge finds, upon the 7 Judge's own motion or the motion of any party, that a civil action has not been assigned to 8 the proper division with this district in accordance with this rule, or that the convenience of 9 the parties and witnesses and the interests of justice will be served by transferring the action 10 to a different division within the district, the Judge may order such transfer, subject to the 11 provisions of the Court's Assignment Plan." Id.

12 Plaintiffs argue that the cases should be transferred to the San Jose Division because 13 Case I was not filed in the proper division. Case No. 11-2509, Dkt. 32, 35, 44. Contrary to 14 Plaintiffs' argument, the instant action has been filed in the correct division. In Case I, 15 Plaintiffs allege that the representative class plaintiff worked for Defendant Lucasfilm Ltd., 16 whose principal place of business is in San Francisco. Id. ¶¶ 19, 25. As Case I arises from 17 the representative class plaintiff's employment with Defendant Lucasfilm Ltd., which is 18 located in San Francisco, the cause of action arose in San Francisco County, making the 19 Oakland Division the proper division for Case I to be filed. Civ. L.R. 3-2(d). Thus, the 20Court declines to transfer the actions based on Plaintiffs' argument that Case I was not filed 21 in the proper division.

However, Plaintiff also argues that the convenience of the parties and witnesses, as
well as the interests of justice, will be served by transferring Case I with all related matters
to the San Jose Division. The Court agrees with Plaintiffs that this ground provides an
appropriate basis for transfer. Cases II through V arose in Santa Clara County, making
these cases properly filed in the San Jose Division. Because four out of five of the related
class actions arose within the San Jose Division, the convenience of the parties and

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witnesses, and the interests of justice, will be served by litigating the matters in the San
Jose Division.

3 Case II through V were filed in the San Jose Division because, as alleged in each of 4 the complaints, "Plaintiff[s'] causes of action arise in the County of Santa Clara." See, e.g., 5 Case No. 11-3538, Dkt. 2, Ex. A ¶ 10. The complaints also provide that Defendants Adobe 6 Systems, Inc., Apple Inc., Google Inc., Intel Corp., and Intuit Inc. "maintain their principal 7 places of business in the County of Santa Clara and, collectively, employed at least 98% of 8 the Class, as herein defined." Id. The class representatives in Cases II and III were 9 employed by Adobe Systems, Inc., and, as those cases arise from Plaintiffs' employment, 10 the cases arise in Santa Clara County, making the San Jose Division the proper division for 11 the cases to proceed. Case Nos. 11-3538, 11-3539, Dkts. 2 ¶ 21. The same is true for 12 Cases IV and V because the class representatives' employers are likewise located in Santa 13 Clara County, as the class representative in Case IV was employed by Intel Corp. and the 14 class representative in Case V was employed by Intuit Inc. Case Nos. 11-3540, 11-3541, 15 Dkts. 2 ¶ 21. Because the causes of action arose in Santa Clara County, Cases II through V 16 were properly filed in the San Jose Division. Civ. L.R. 3-2(e). Given that four out of the 17 five related actions should properly proceed before the San Jose Division, the convenience 18 of the parties and witnesses, and interests of justice, will be served by transferring the 19 matters there.

Further, in Case I, Plaintiffs filed two notices of pendency of action, in which they
requested that Case I be transferred to the San Jose Division. Case No. 11-2509, Dkt. 32,
35. In their response to Defendants' motion to relate Cases II through V to Case I,
Plaintiffs agreed with Defendants that all the matters should be related, and then Plaintiffs
requested that all matters be transferred to the San Jose Division. <u>Id.</u>, Dkt. 44. Defendants
did not oppose Plaintiffs' request for transfer. Pursuant to its Standing Order, this Court
construes Defendants' lack of opposition as a consent to the granting of Plaintiffs' request

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1	to transfer. ¹ In light of Defendants' consent and the fact that five defendants' principal	
2	places of business are in Santa Clara County, this Court finds litigating the matter in the	
3	San Jose Division will be more convenient to the parties and witnesses, and will be in the	
4	interests of justice. See Rivera v. Hewlett Packard Corp., 2003 WL 24029472, *1 (N.D.	
5	Cal. Apr. 22, 2003) (Armstrong, J.) (finding transfer from Oakland Division to San Jose	
6	Division appropriate because San Jose Division was the more convenient forum, as	
7	Defendant's principal place of business was in Santa Clara County).	
8	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Case Nos. 11-2509, 11-3538, 11-3539, 11-3540	
9	and 11-3541 are TRANSFERRED to the San Jose Division. This Order terminates Dockets	
10	32, 35, 41, 44 in Case No. 11-2509.	
11	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
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14	Dated: 7/28/11	
15	SAUNDRA BROWN ARMSTRONG United States District Judge	
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26	¹ The Court's Standing Order states that "[t]he failure of the opposing party to file a	
27	¹ The Court's Standing Order states that "[t]he failure of the opposing party to file a memorandum of points and authorities in opposition to any motion or request shall constitute a consent to the granting of the motion." <u>See, e.g.</u> , Case No. 11-2509, Dkt. 27 ¶8 at 2.	
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