UNITED STATES JUDICIAL PANEL on MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

IN RE: DEPUY ORTHOPAEDICS, INC., PINNACLE HIP IMPLANT PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

MDL No. 2244

TRANSFER ORDER

Before the Panel:* Pursuant to Panel Rule 7.1, plaintiffs in the four actions listed on Schedule A move to vacate our orders that conditionally transferred their respective actions to MDL No. 2244. Defendants DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc. (DePuy) and Johnson and Johnson Services, Inc., oppose the motions.

After considering all argument of counsel, we find these actions involve common questions of fact with the actions previously transferred to MDL No. 2244, and that transfer will serve the convenience of the parties and witnesses and promote the just and efficient conduct of the litigation. Moreover, transfer is warranted for reasons set out in our order directing centralization. In that order, we held that the Northern District of Texas was an appropriate Section 1407 forum for actions sharing factual questions arising from alleged injuries from DePuy's Pinnacle Acetabular Cup System hip implants. See In re DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., Pinnacle Hip Implant Prods. Liab. Litig., 787 F.Supp. 2d 1358 (J.P.M.L. 2011). These actions involve injuries arising from the implantation of DePuy Pinnacle Acetabular Cup System hip implants and related components, and clearly fall within the MDL's ambit.

None of the plaintiffs dispute that their actions share questions of fact with actions pending in MDL No. 2244. Plaintiffs instead base their arguments against transfer primarily on the pendency of motions to remand their respective actions to state court. These motions were all denied without prejudice. If plaintiffs choose to refile their motions, they can be presented to the transferee judge. See, e.g., In re Ivy, 901 F.2d 7 (2nd Cir. 1990); In re Prudential Ins. Co. of Am. Sales Practices Litig., 170 F.Supp.2d 1346, 1347-48 (J.P.M.L. 2001).

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1407, the actions listed on Schedule A are transferred to the Northern District of Texas and, with the consent of that court, assigned

Certified a true copy of an instrument on file in my office on

Clerk, U.S. District Court, Northern District of Texas

Deputy

^{*} Judge W. Royal Furgeson, Jr., did not participate in the decision of this matter.

We note that Panel Rule 2.1(d) expressly provides that the pendency of a conditional transfer order does not limit the pretrial jurisdiction of the local in which the subject action is pending. Between the date a remand motion is fined and the local transfer of the action to the MDL is finalized, a court wishing to rule upon the remaind motion generally has adequate time in which to do so.

to the Honorable James E. Kinkeade for inclusion in the coordinated or consolidated pretrial proceedings.

PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

John G. Heyburn II Chairman

Kathryn H. Vratil Paul J. Barbadoro Charles R. Breyer Barbara S. Jones Marjorie O. Rendell

SCHEDULE A

Central District of California

Marizola Earl, et al. v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., et al., C.A. No. 2:11-07831 Armand Sanchez, et al. v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc, et al., C.A. No. 2:11-07867

Northern District of California

Robert Nichols, et al. v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., et al., C.A. No. 3:11-04748 Donna Blalock, et al. v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., C.A. No. 4:11-04746