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**United States District Court**  
For the Northern District of California

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

KAREN D VARNADO,

No. C-13-05705-DMR (DMR)

Plaintiff(s),

**Amended ORDER RE DISCOVERY PROCEDURES AND DENYING EX PARTE DISCOVERY LETTER [DOCKET NO. 29] WITHOUT PREJUDICE**

v.

MIDLAND FUNDING LLC,

Defendant(s).

TO ALL PARTIES AND COUNSEL OF RECORD:

Plaintiff has filed an ex parte discovery letter. [Docket No. 29.] The court **DENIES** the letter without prejudice and orders the parties to meet and confer pursuant to the procedures in this order, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and the Northern District of California’s Local Rules, General Orders, and Standing Orders. Local rules, general orders, standing orders, and instructions for using the Court's Electronic Case Filing system are available at <http://www.cand.uscourts.gov>. Failure to comply with any of the rules or orders may be a ground for sanctions.

If the parties are unable to resolve the instant dispute after meeting and conferring, they shall file a joint letter regarding the disputes shall be filed no later than **April 11, 2014**. In Defendants’ portion of the letter, they shall address Plaintiff’s assertion that Defendants did not participate in Plaintiff’s previous attempts to meet and confer in a timely fashion. Discovery letter briefs must be

1 e-filed under the Civil Events category of Motions and Related Filings > Motions - General >  
2 "Discovery Letter Brief."

### 3 **RESOLUTION OF DISCOVERY DISPUTES**

4 In order to respond to discovery disputes in a flexible, cost-effective and efficient manner,  
5 the court uses the following procedure. The parties shall not file formal discovery motions. Instead,  
6 as required by the federal and local rules, the parties shall first meet and confer to try to resolve their  
7 disagreements. The meet and confer session must be *in person or by telephone*, and may not be  
8 conducted by letter, e-mail, or fax. If disagreements remain, the parties shall file a joint letter no  
9 later than five business days after the meet and confer session, unless otherwise directed by the  
10 court. **Lead trial counsel for both parties must sign the letter**, which shall include an attestation  
11 that the parties met and conferred in person or by telephone regarding all issues prior to filing the  
12 letter. Going issue-by-issue, the joint letter shall describe each unresolved issue, summarize each  
13 party's position with appropriate legal authority; and provide each party's final proposed  
14 compromise before moving to the next issue. The joint letter shall not exceed ten pages without  
15 leave of court. **Parties are expected to plan for and cooperate in preparing the joint letter so**  
16 **that each side has adequate time to address the arguments.** In the rare instance that a joint letter  
17 is not possible, each side may submit a letter not to exceed four pages, which shall include an  
18 explanation of why a joint letter was not possible. The parties shall submit one exhibit to the letter  
19 that only sets forth each disputed discovery request in full, followed immediately by the objections  
20 and/or responses thereto. No other information shall be included in any such exhibit. No other  
21 exhibits shall be submitted without prior approval by the court. The court will review the  
22 submission(s) and determine whether formal briefing or proceedings are necessary. **Discovery**  
23 **letter briefs must be e-filed under the Civil Events category of Motions and Related Filings >**  
24 **Motions - General > "Discovery Letter Brief".**

25 In the event that a discovery hearing is ordered, the court has found that it is often efficient  
26 and beneficial for counsel to appear *in person*. This provides the opportunity, where appropriate, to  
27 engage counsel in resolving aspects of the discovery dispute while remaining available to rule on  
28 any disputes that counsel are not able to resolve. For this reason, the court expects counsel to appear

1 in person. Permission for a party to attend by telephone may be granted, in the court's discretion,  
2 upon written request made at least one week in advance of the hearing if the court determines that  
3 good cause exists to excuse personal attendance, and that personal attendance is not needed in order  
4 to have an effective discovery hearing. The facts establishing good cause must be set forth in the  
5 request.

6 In emergencies during discovery events (such as depositions), any party may, after  
7 exhausting good faith attempts to resolve disputed issues, seek judicial intervention pursuant to Civil  
8 L.R. 37-1(b) by contacting the court through the courtroom deputy. If the court is unavailable, the  
9 discovery event shall proceed with objections noted for the record.

10 **CHAMBERS COPIES AND PROPOSED ORDERS**

11 Pursuant to Civil L.R. 5-1(e)(7) and 5-2(b), parties must lodge an extra paper copy of certain  
12 filings and mark it as a copy for "Chambers." Please three-hole punch the chambers copy and  
13 submit it to the Oakland Clerk's Office.

14 Any stipulation or proposed order submitted by an e-filing party shall be submitted by email  
15 to [dmrpo@cand.uscourts.gov](mailto:dmrpo@cand.uscourts.gov) as a word processing attachment on the same day the document is e-  
16 filed. This address should only be used for this stated purpose unless otherwise directed by the  
17 court.

18 **PRIVILEGE LOGS**

19 If a party withholds information that is responsive to a discovery request by claiming that it  
20 is privileged or otherwise protected from discovery, that party shall *promptly* prepare and provide a  
21 privilege log that is sufficiently detailed and informative for the opposing party to assess whether a  
22 document's designation as privileged is justified. *See* Fed.R.Civ.P. 26(b)(5). The privilege log shall  
23 set forth the privilege relied upon and specify separately for each document or for each category of  
24 similarly situated documents:

- 25 (a) the title and description of the document, including number of pages or
- 26 Bates-number range;
- 27 (b) the subject matter addressed in the document;
- 28 (c) the identity and position of its author(s);

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- (d) the identity and position of all addressees and recipients;
- (e) the date the document was prepared and, if different, the date(s) on which it was sent to or shared with persons other than its author(s); and
- (f) the specific basis for the claim that the document is privileged or protected.

Communications involving trial counsel that post-date the filing of the complaint need not be placed on a privilege log. Failure to furnish this information promptly may be deemed a waiver of the privilege or protection.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 31, 2014

