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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MARTIN SCHNEIDER, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CHIPOTLE MEXICAN GRILL, INC.,

Defendant.

Case No. 16-cv-02200-HSG

**ORDER ON ADMINISTRATIVE  
MOTION TO FILE UNDER SEAL**

Re: Dkt. No. 181

Pending before the Court is Defendant's administrative motion to file under seal documents in support of its motion to decertify the classes. The Court **GRANTS** Defendant's motion for the reasons described below.

**I. LEGAL STANDARD**

Courts generally apply a "compelling reasons" standard when considering motions to seal documents. *Pintos v. Pac. Creditors Ass'n*, 605 F.3d 665, 678 (9th Cir. 2010) (quoting *Kamakana v. City & Cty. of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006)). "This standard derives from the common law right 'to inspect and copy public records and documents, including judicial records and documents.'" *Id.* (quoting *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1178). "[A] strong presumption in favor of access is the starting point." *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1178 (quotations omitted). To overcome this strong presumption, the party seeking to seal a judicial record attached to a dispositive motion must "articulate compelling reasons supported by specific factual findings that outweigh the general history of access and the public policies favoring disclosure, such as the public interest in understanding the judicial process" and "significant public events." *Id.* at 1178–79 (quotations omitted). "In general, 'compelling reasons' sufficient to outweigh the public's interest in disclosure and justify sealing court records exist when such 'court files might have become a

1 vehicle for improper purposes,’ such as the use of records to gratify private spite, promote public  
2 scandal, circulate libelous statements, or release trade secrets.” Id. at 1179 (quoting *Nixon v.*  
3 *Warner Commc’ns, Inc.*, 435 U.S. 589, 598 (1978)). “The mere fact that the production of records  
4 may lead to a litigant’s embarrassment, incrimination, or exposure to further litigation will not,  
5 without more, compel the court to seal its records.” Id.

6 The Court must “balance[] the competing interests of the public and the party who seeks to  
7 keep certain judicial records secret. After considering these interests, if the court decides to seal  
8 certain judicial records, it must base its decision on a compelling reason and articulate the factual  
9 basis for its ruling, without relying on hypothesis or conjecture.” Id. Civil Local Rule 79-5  
10 supplements the compelling reasons standard set forth in *Kamakana*: the party seeking to file a  
11 document or portions of it under seal must “establish[] that the document, or portions thereof, are  
12 privileged, protectable as a trade secret or otherwise entitled to protection under the law . . . The  
13 request must be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material.” Civil L.R. 79-5(b).

14 Records attached to nondispositive motions must meet the lower “good cause” standard of  
15 Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as such records “are often unrelated, or only  
16 tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action.” See *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179–80  
17 (quotations omitted). This requires a “particularized showing” that “specific prejudice or harm  
18 will result” if the information is disclosed. *Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. Gen. Motors Corp.*,  
19 307 F.3d 1206, 1210–11 (9th Cir. 2002); see also Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c). “Broad allegations of  
20 harm, unsubstantiated by specific examples of articulated reasoning” will not suffice. *Beckman*  
21 *Indus., Inc. v. Int’l Ins. Co.*, 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992) (quotation omitted).

22 **II. DISCUSSION**

23 Defendant’s filings in connection with its motion to decertify the classes are more than  
24 tangentially related to the underlying cause of action, so the Court applies the “compelling  
25 reasons” standard.

26 The current sealing requests seek to seal information that contain confidential business and  
27 financial information relating to the operations of Defendant, including sensitive marketing  
28 information. Dkt. No. 181; Dkt. No. 181-1 at ¶¶ 3–15. The Court previously granted some of the

1 sealing requests seeking to seal materially identical information. See Dkt. No. 134.

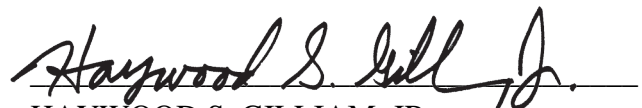
2 The Court did not rely on any of the documents that are the subject of Defendant's  
3 administrative motion to seal, given that the parties filed a notice of settlement and joint  
4 stipulation to vacate all dates before the hearing on Defendant's motion to decertify the classes.  
5 Dkt. Nos. 193, 195. Thus, these documents are unrelated to the public's understanding of the  
6 judicial proceedings in this case, and the public's interest in disclosure of these documents is  
7 minimal given that the Court will not rule on Defendant's motion to decertify the classes. See *In*  
8 *re iPhone Application Litig.*, No. 11-MD-02250-LHK, 2013 WL 12335013, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. Nov.  
9 25, 2013) ("The public's interest in accessing these documents is even further diminished in light  
10 of the fact that the Court will not have occasion to rule on Plaintiffs' Motion for Class  
11 Certification."). Accordingly, because the documents divulge confidential business and financial  
12 information unrelated to the public's understanding of the judicial proceedings in this action, the  
13 Court finds that there is compelling reason to file the documents under seal. See *Economus v. City*  
14 *& Cty. of San Francisco*, No. 18-CV-01071-HSG, 2019 WL 1483804, at \*9 (N.D. Cal. Apr. 3,  
15 2019) (finding compelling reason to seal because the sealing request divulges sensitive  
16 information no longer related to the case); *In re iPhone*, 2013 WL 12335013 (same); *Doe*  
17 *v. City of San Diego*, No. 12-CV-689-MMA-DHB, 2014 WL 1921742, at \*4 (S.D. Cal. May 14,  
18 2014) (exhibit's disclosure of personal information and irrelevance to the matter are compelling  
19 reasons to seal the exhibit).

20 **III. CONCLUSION**

21 The Court **GRANTS** Defendant's administrative motion to file under seal. Pursuant to  
22 Civil Local Rule 79-5(f)(1), documents filed under seal as to which the administrative motion is  
23 granted will remain under seal.

24  
25 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

26 Dated: 2/20/2020

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28 HAYWOOD S. GILLIAM, JR.  
United States District Judge