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	Anomeys for Fianniff state of Canfornia	
12	IN THE UNITED STAT	TES DISTRICT COURT
13		
14	FOR THE NORTHERN DI	STRICT OF CALIFORNIA
	OAKLANI	DIVISION
15		
16		
17	STATE OF CALIFORNIA et al.;	Case No. 4:19-cv-00872-HSG
18	Plaintiffs,	SUPPLEMENTAL REQUEST FOR
19	v.	JUDICIAL NOTICE IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR
	••	PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
20	DONALD J. TRUMP, in his official	Date: May 17, 2019
21	capacity as President of the United States of	Time: 10:00 a.m.
22	America et al.;	Dept: 2 Judge: The Honorable Haywood S.
	Defendants.	Gilliam, Jr.
23		Trial Date: None Set Action Filed: February 18, 2019
24		-
25		
26		
27		
28		
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1	Plaintiffs hereby respectfully request, pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 201, that this
2	Court take judicial notice of the following documents.
3	1. Attached hereto as Exhibit 51 is a true and correct copy of an excerpt of the Office
4	of Management and Budget's Fiscal Year 2019 Budget of the U.S. Government.
5	As of May 1, 2019, the complete Budget is available on the Government
6	Publishing Office's website at https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/BUDGET-
7	2019-BUD/pdf/BUDGET-2019-BUD.pdf.
8	2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 52 is a true and correct copy of the Department of
9	Defense's Fact Sheet on Section 2808 Funding Pool.
10	3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 53 is a true and correct copy of New Mexico's Wildlife
11	Corridors Act in Chapter 97 of the Legislature of New Mexico's 54th Legislature,
12	1st Session as signed by the Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham,
13	on March 28, 2019.
14	Each of these exhibits is a matter of public record and is therefore subject to judicial
15	notice. Fed. R. Evid. 201(b); Lee v. City of Los Angeles, 250 F.3d 668, 689 (9th Cir. 2001) (a
16	court may judicially notice matters of public record unless the matter is a fact subject to
17	reasonable dispute).
18	Exhibits 51 and 52 are judicially noticeable because government memoranda, bulletins,
19	letters, statements and opinions are matters of public record appropriate for judicial notice. See
20	Brown v. Valoff, 422 F.3d 926, 933 n.9 (9th Cir. 2005) (judicially noticing an administrative
21	bulletin); Mack v. S. Bay Beer Distribs., Inc., 798 F.2d 1279, 1282 (9th Cir. 1986) (court may
22	take judicial notice of records and reports of state administrative bodies), overruled on other
23	grounds by Astoria Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n v. Solimino, 501 U.S. 104, 111 (1991); Interstate Nat.
24	Gas. Co. v. S. Cal. Gas. Co., 209 F.2d 380, 385 (9th Cir. 1953) (judicially noticing government
25	agency records and reports); Cnty. of Santa Clara v. Trump, 250 F. Supp. 3d 497, 520 nn.5, 8, 11
26	(N.D. Cal. 2017) (taking judicial notice of government memoranda and letters).
27	Exhibit 51 is also judicially noticeable because it is posted on an official government
28	website. See Daniels-Hall v. Nat'l Educ. Ass'n, 629 F.3d 992, 998-99 (9th Cir. 2010) (judicially
	1

1		
1	noticing information contained on a government website); Paralyzed Veterans of America v.	
2	McPherson, No. C 06-4670 SBA, 2008 WL 4183981, at *5 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 9, 2008) (finding	3
3	that courts commonly take judicial notice of information and documents on government webs	ites,
4	citing cases from various jurisdictions). Thus, the statements of government departments and	
5	agencies contained within this exhibits are not subject to reasonable dispute, as the statements	5
6	"can be accurately and readily determined from sources whose accuracy cannot reasonably be)
7	questioned." Fed. R. Evid. § 201(b)(2).	
8	Exhibit 53 is judicially noticeable because it is an enacted, but not yet codified, law of N	New
9	Mexico. Judith Basin Land Co. v. Fergus Cty., Mont., 50 F.2d 792, 794 (9th Cir. 1931) ("Cou	ırts
10	of the United States take judicial notice of the laws of any state."); see also United States v.	
11	Garcia, 555 F.2d 708, 711 (9th Cir. 1977).	
12	Dated: May 2, 2019 Respectfully Submitted,	
13	XAVIER BECERRA	
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EXHIBIT 51

FISCAL YEAR 2019

EFFICIENT, EFFECTIVE, ACCOUNTABLE

AN AMERICAN BUDGET

BUDGET OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET | OMB.GOV

THE BUDGET DOCUMENTS

Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2019 contains the Budget Message of the President, information on the President's priorities, and summary tables.

Analytical Perspectives, Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2019 contains analyses that are designed to highlight specified subject areas or provide other significant presentations of budget data that place the budget in perspective. This volume includes economic and accounting analyses; information on Federal receipts and collections; analyses of Federal spending; information on Federal borrowing and debt; baseline or current services estimates; and other technical presentations.

The Analytical Perspectives volume also has supplemental materials that are available on the internet at *www.whitehouse.* gov/omb/analytical-perspectives/ and on the Budget CD-ROM. These supplemental materials include tables showing the budget by agency and account and by function, subfunction, and program.

Appendix, Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2019 contains detailed information on the various appropriations and funds that constitute the budget and is designed primarily for the use of the Appropriations Committees. The Appendix contains more detailed financial information on individual programs and appropriation accounts than any of the other budget documents. It includes for each agency: the proposed text of appropriations language; budget schedules for each account; legislative proposals; narrative explanations of each budget account; and proposed general provisions applicable to the appropriations of entire agencies or group of agencies. Information is also provided on certain activities whose transactions are not part of the budget totals.

ELECTRONIC SOURCES OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The information contained in these documents is available in electronic format from the following sources:

Internet. All budget documents, including documents that are released at a future date, spreadsheets of many of the budget tables, and a public use budget database are available for downloading in several formats from the internet at *www.white*-*house.gov/omb/budget/*. Links to documents and materials from budgets of prior years are also provided.

Budget CD-ROM. The CD-ROM contains all of the printed budget documents in fully indexed PDF format along with the software required for viewing the documents.

The Internet and CD-ROM also include many of the budget tables in spreadsheet format, and supplemental materials that are part of the *Analytical Perspectives* volume. It also includes *Historical Tables* that provide data on budget receipts, outlays, surpluses or deficits, Federal debt, and Federal employment over an extended time period, generally from 1940 or earlier to 2019 or 2023.

For more information on access to electronic versions of the budget documents (except CD-ROMs), call (202) 512-1530 in the D.C. area or toll-free (888) 293-6498. To purchase the Budget CD-ROM or printed documents call (202) 512-1800.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All years referenced for budget data are fiscal years unless otherwise noted. All years referenced for economic data are calendar years unless otherwise noted.
- 2. At the time of this writing, none of the full-year appropriations bills for 2018 have been enacted, therefore, the programs and activities normally provided for in the full-year appropriations bills were operating under a continuing resolution (Public Law 115-56, division D, as amended). In addition, the Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act, 2017 (Public Law 115-72, division A) provided additional appropriations for 2018 for certain accounts within the Departments of Agriculture, Homeland Security, and the Interior. The Department of Defense Missile Defeat and Defense Enhancements Appropriations Act, 2018 (Public Law 115-96, division B) also provided additional appropriations for 2018 for certain accounts within the Department of Defense. Accordingly, references to 2018 spending in the text and tables reflect the levels provided by the continuing resolution and, if applicable, Public Laws 115-72 (division A) and 115-96 (division B).
- 3. The Budget does not incorporate the effects of Public Law 115-120, including the reauthorization of the Children's Health Insurance Program and amendments to the tax code in that law.
- 4. Detail in this document may not add to the totals due to rounding.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE, WASHINGTON 2018

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Publishing Office Internet: bookstore.gpo.gov Phone: toll free (866) 512-1800; DC area (202) 512-1800 Fax: (202) 512-2104 Mail: Stop IDCC, Washington, DC 20402-0001

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THE BUDGET MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT

TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES:

In one year of working together, we have laid the foundation for a new era of American Greatness. We have boosted economic growth, created more than two million jobs, and added nearly \$5 trillion in new wealth to the stock market. Unemployment is at a 17-year low, wages are rising, and jobs are returning to America. Starting this month, hardworking Americans are going to see increased take home pay because of the massive tax cuts and tax reform legislation we enacted at the end of last year.

America is back to winning again. A great spirit of optimism continues to sweep across our Nation. Americans can once again be truly confident that our brightest days are ahead of us.

This year's Budget builds upon our incredible successes over the past year and rests on the following pillars of reform:

Ending Wasteful Spending. The United States is laboring under the highest level of debt held by the public since shortly after the Second World War. The current fiscal path is unsustainable, and future generations deserve better. The Budget makes the hard choices needed to stop wasteful spending, lower the national debt, and focus Government on what matters most—protecting the Nation.

Expanding Economic Growth and Opportunity. The Budget continues our efforts to grow the economy, create millions of new jobs, and raise wages. To accompany our efforts to cut spending and implement massive tax cuts and reforms for American families, workers, and businesses, we will continue to relentlessly target unnecessary regulations for elimination. We will also continue driving America toward energy dominance and making the United States a net energy exporter by 2026.

The Budget also redefines what is possible, by putting the American economy on a path to sustainable 3-percent long-term economic growth. Over the next decade, a steady rate of 3-percent economic growth will infuse trillions of additional dollars into our economy, fueling the dreams of the American people and sustaining a new era of American Greatness.

Preserving Peace Through Strength. The Budget recognizes that we confront political, economic, and military adversaries and competitors that have required us to adjust our national security strategy. Foremost, the Budget rebuilds and modernizes the military—to fulfill a core constitutional responsibility of the Federal Government. The Budget provides resources to enhance missile defense and to build the planes, tanks, warships, and cyber tools that the brave men and women who defend us need to deter aggression and, when necessary, to fight and win. Most importantly, the Budget provides funds to increase the size of our Armed Forces and to give our men and women in uniform a well-earned pay raise. The Budget recognizes that we must deftly employ all of our tools of statecraft—diplomatic, intelligence-related, military, and economic—to compete and advance American influence. A world that supports American interests and reflects our values makes America more secure and prosperous.

Building the Wall, Dismantling Transnational Criminal Organizations, and Enforcing Our Immigration Laws. The Budget reflects my Administration's serious and ongoing commitment to fully secure our border, take the fight to criminal gangs like MS-13, and make our immigration system work for Americans. The Budget provides funding for a wall on our Southwest border and additional resources for law enforcement at the Departments of Homeland Security and Justice. The Budget also funds an increase in the number of Immigration and Customs Enforcement officers, Border Patrol agents, and immigration judges to improve enforcement at the border and within the United States.

Rebuilding our Infrastructure. World-class infrastructure is possible for the American people. Together we will build stunning new bridges, railways, waterways, tunnels, water treatment facilities, and highways. The Budget reflects a new vision for American infrastructure that would generate \$1 trillion in infrastructure investment and speed its delivery to the American people.

Supporting American Working Families. Due to changes in family structures, labor force composition, and participation rates, the demands on American families have never been more complex or expensive to address. In addition to the middle income tax relief achieved with the passage of tax reform, the Budget reflects the importance of investing in American working families by making paid family leave available to new parents, investing in effective approaches to skills training like formal apprenticeships, and maintaining Federal funding and leveraging additional State dollars for programs that help America's working families access and afford child care. With these strategic investments, the Budget empowers Americans to thrive in our modern economy.

Protecting Our Veterans. The Budget fulfills our promise and obligation to care for our veterans and their families—men and women who answered our Nation's call for help and sacrificed so much to defend us. Our veterans have earned nothing less than the absolute best care and benefits after their service has ended, and the Budget provides the funding necessary to treat them with the honor and respect they deserve. It is our Nation's duty to ensure veterans have access to the medical treatment they need, when they need it—and that they have a choice when it comes to their care. The Budget also ensures that veterans receive training and support to re-enter the workforce and find well-paying jobs.

Combatting Opioid Addiction. More Americans died from drug overdoses in 2016 than those who lost their lives in the Vietnam War. Opioids caused the overwhelming majority of these deaths, which is why my Administration has declared a nationwide Public Health Emergency with respect to opioids. The Budget reflects a solemn and unshakable commitment to liberate communities from the scourge of opioids and drug addiction.

Fighting High Medical Drug Prices. Many patients face illness that could be cured or managed with the right medical drugs. But the prices for the drugs they need are often exorbitant. Unnecessarily high drug prices force many patients to choose between going without the medicines they need or making tremendous financial sacrifices. In addition, taxpayers all too often are left to pay inflated prices for drugs for patients who obtain them through Government programs. The Budget proposes new strategies to address high drug prices and increase access to drugs by addressing perverse payment incentives and exposing drug companies to more aggressive competition, all while continuing to promote innovation and extend American dominance in the pharmaceutical field.

Moving from Welfare to Work. Millions of our fellow Americans have been robbed of the dignity and independence that comes through the opportunity to work. Despite significant economic improvements and a strong recovery in the job market, enrollment in welfare programs remains stubbornly high in many places around the Nation. Millions of Americans are in a tragic state of dependency on a welfare system that does not reward work, and in many cases, pays people not to work. These programs, expanded during the previous administration, must now be reformed. While moving able-bodied Americans back into the workforce, welfare reform must also protect public resources for the truly needy, especially the low-income elderly, children, and Americans with disabilities. The Budget includes sensible reforms to problems in our current welfare system, and aims to end debilitating dependency while ensuring that our safety net is reserved for those Americans who truly need help.

More Pathways to Affordable Education and Well-Paying Jobs. The Budget takes important steps to expand opportunities for Americans to access affordable, employment-relevant education that puts them on the path to a well-paying job and, ultimately, a fulfilling career. The Budget promotes formal apprenticeships, an evidence-based system that allows individuals to "earn-while they learn." The Budget also makes important investments in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) education in K-12 schools, and supports career and technical education in high schools and postsecondary institutions.

Promoting School Choice. So many of America's poorest children—especially African-American and Hispanic children—attend failing public schools that afford them little hope of fulfilling their great potential. That is why families should be free to choose the public, private, charter, magnet, religious, or home school option that is right for them. The Budget empowers parents, especially of our disadvantaged youth, to choose the very best school for their children.

* * * * *

The Budget reflects our commitment to the safety, prosperity, and security of the American people. The more room our economy has to grow, and the more American companies are freed from constricting over-regulation, the stronger and safer we become as a Nation.

It is now up to the Congress to act. I pledge my full cooperation in unleashing the incredible and unparalleled potential of the American people. There is no limit to the promise of America when we keep our commitments to our fellow Americans and continue to put their interests first. Working together, we will do just that.

DONALD J. TRUMP

THE WHITE HOUSE, FEBRUARY 2018

HELPING AMERICANS MOVE FROM WELFARE TO WORK

More than 20 years have passed since the Congress implemented significant reforms to America's safety net. In 1996, the Congress passed the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA), and transformed the way Government provided support to low-income families. Recognizing the value of State innovation, and promoting work as the best pathway out of poverty, PRWORA ushered in an era where success was no longer measured by how many people received welfare assistance but instead by how well Government helped families progress toward self-sufficiency. Building off of this framework, the Budget empowers States to develop innovative strategies to help welfare recipients achieve economic independence through work, while preserving the basic safety net necessary to help those most in need.

Promoting the Value of Work

Work is a fundamental element in moving welfare recipients toward self-sufficiency and economic security. This plan proposes to reinforce one of the original principles of welfare reform able-bodied people should be required to work or prepare for work in order to receive Government assistance. The Budget, therefore, requires States to ensure that work-capable individuals are on a pathway to work. In addition, an abrupt end to welfare assistance is often an impediment to sustained employment, creating churn on the welfare rolls. To further increase employment outcomes, the Budget also encourages States to provide the support necessary to ease this transition.

Improving Food Assistance

The Budget proposes a bold new approach to administering the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) that combines traditional SNAP benefits with 100-percent American grown foods provided directly to households and focuses administrative reforms on outcome-based employment strategies. The Budget expands on previous SNAP proposals to strengthen expectations for work among able-bodied adults, preserves benefits for those most in need, promotes efficiency in State operations, and improves program integrity. Combined, these reforms would maintain the commitment to ensure Americans in need of assistance have access to a nutritious diet while significantly reducing the cost to taxpayers.

Encouraging State Innovation

Today, there are still more than 80 single-purpose welfare programs that comprise a Federal safety net intended to help those living in poverty. This complex and bureaucratic system has proven to be ineffective. The Budget proposes to streamline, simplify, and improve the efficiency of the welfare system by proposing a new approach to assisting low-income Americans rise to their potential.

The Administration recognizes that States and local communities best understand the conditions and circumstances of their economically vulnerable citizens. Therefore, the Budget offers States the opportunity to propose Welfare to Work Projects that streamline funding from multiple welfare programs, and provide services that are tailored to their constituents' specific needs, helping them progress from welfare to work. Reducing burdens and inefficiencies in overlapping—or at times competing—program requirements would remove barriers to employment and self-sufficiency for families dependent on welfare programs.

This new opportunity would be accompanied by a strong accountability framework. Specifically, plans to combine safety net programs would be subject to rigorous, random-assignment evaluations, measuring achievement in targeted outcomes that focus on fostering employment, reducing welfare dependency, and promoting child and family well-being. These projects would serve to build the evidence base of best practices to help low-income individuals and families achieve selfsufficiency, and would inform the design of more comprehensive welfare reform efforts in the future.

Altogether, the Budget offers a bold new vision for America's safety net, and reinforces this Administration's commitment to helping all Americans achieve their full potential.

PROTECTING AMERICANS WHILE ENHANCING LEGAL IMMIGRATION

Since taking office, the President has made clear that he would restore order and integrity to the U.S. immigration system. There are three primary efforts underlying this goal: strengthening border security; ensuring enforcement of immigration laws; and reforming the legal immigration system, while recognizing that legal immigration is an important driver of a thriving economy. The Budget requests more than \$28.2 billion for the agencies that have primary responsibility for carrying out immigration programs at DHS and the Department of Justice (DOJ). This includes funding for U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), and U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services within DHS, and the Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR) within DOJ.

Within the Administration's proposal for \$18 billion to fund the border wall, the Budget invests \$1.6 billion to support CBP efforts to gain operational control of the Southwest border. Until the porous borders are closed to the criminals, terrorists, and gang members that exploit it, America remains at risk. Furthermore, since most of the illegal drugs that enter the United States come through the Southwest border, a border wall is critical to combating the scourge of drug addiction that leads to thousands of unnecessary deaths. The border wall would stop smugglers in their tracks and help make America safe.

The Budget also requests \$211 million for 750 additional Border Patrol agents in 2019, continuing the President's commitment to increase the ranks of the Border Patrol by 5,000 new agents. Funding would be used to recruit, hire, and train new agents, and for staff to support the men and women on the front line of America's border defenses. These new personnel would supplement investments in the border wall by guarding the border and apprehending and swiftly removing illegal aliens at the border.

The Budget furthers investment in CBP technology and targeting systems such as the National Targeting Center (NTC) and the Biometric Entry-Exit System. The Budget requests a total of \$253 million for NTC, an increase of \$79 million, for its overall mission, including the background vetting of individuals seeking to enter the United States before they arrive. These programs would enable the Government to better identify terrorists and other criminals and prevent their entry into the United States. Completion of the long-required Biometric Entry-Exit System would increase law enforcement's ability to identify and remove those who overstay their visas. Future investments in enhanced vetting and targeting programs would further the Administration's goal of shifting such costs to visa and immigration applicants while continuing to facilitate legitimate travel to the United States.

The Budget makes major investments in immigration law enforcement in the interior of the Nation, focusing on efforts to identify, arrest, prosecute, and remove illegal aliens. Within ICE, the Budget proposes \$571 million to hire and support 2,000 new officers and agents, which directly supports the President's order for ICE to arrest all illegal aliens it encounters. Since the President's inauguration, ICE arrests have increased by 42 percent and the Agency has increased requests to local law enforcement to transfer custody of illegal aliens to ICE by 81 percent during the same time period in the previous fiscal year.

As ICE increases its arrests and deportations of illegal aliens, it also requires additional detention and removal capacity. The Budget requests more than \$2.5 billion for these critical law enforcement functions, funding an average daily detention capacity of 47,000 illegal aliens in facilities across the United States. To ensure immigration cases are heard expeditiously, the Budget also requests an increase of \$40 million for 75 new immigration judge teams at EOIR and nearly \$40 million for 338 new prosecuting attorneys at ICE. These investments are critical to the prompt resolution of newly-brought immigration charges and to reduce the 650,000 backlog of cases currently pending in the immigration courts.

The Budget requests \$208 million in new funding for 300 additional ICE Special Agents, support staff, and other activities for the Agency's Homeland Security Investigations' (HSI) mission. HSI staff lead efforts to ensure only those with legal permission to work in the United States are employed here, investigate and disrupt transnational criminal organizations (TCOs) that perpetuate human smuggling and trafficking, and stop immigration fraud, which directly facilitates illegal immigration. Because these investigations protect the integrity of the legal immigration system, the Budget proposes collecting the \$208 million for these purposes from the immigration applicants who want to come to the United States and benefit from the Nation's opportunities.

The integrity of the immigration system relies upon everyone in the United States doing their part to follow the law. The Budget invests \$23 million to expand the E-Verify Program for mandatory nationwide use, ensuring that businesses employ only those authorized to work in the United States. Further, the Budget proposes to amend the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act to condition DHS and DOJ grants and cooperative agreements on States and local governments agreeing to cooperate with immigration enforcement activities. This proposal takes important steps to mitigate the risk that sanctuary cities pose to public safety and ensures appropriate alignment between State and Federal immigration enforcement.

The Budget supports efforts to reform the legal immigration system by ending family chain migration and the diversity visa lottery and replacing them with a merit-based regime that selects immigrants based on their skills, likelihood to assimilate, and ability to contribute to the economy. This is similar to the approach used by Canada and Australia and would reduce overall immigration while limiting low-skilled and unskilled labor entering the United States. The Budget requests the resources needed to adjudicate immigration and visa applications and identify and counter fraud in the immigration process, ensuring that businesses and individuals petitioning for foreign workers and relatives do so in a manner consistent with the Nation's immigration laws, while ensuring that the American economy continues to access the labor force critically needed for growth.

REBUILDING AMERICA THROUGH THE INFRASTRUCTURE INITIATIVE

America's infrastructure is a key component to its historic success. With the world's most efficient rail and interstate highway systems, America was a fierce global competitor. Local roads and water systems provided a clean and safe environment for communities and families.

In recent decades, however, we have chronically under-invested in public infrastructure, leading to the frustration of long commutes and the loss of life when a lack of maintenance creates safety hazards. The challenge of restoring this infrastructure is complicated by the fact that virtually all public infrastructure is owned by State and local governments, not the Federal Government. Interstate highways, drinking and waste water systems, commuter railroads, airports, power lines, telecommunications, and ports are all non-Federal. While the Federal Government has co-invested in State and local infrastructure, using Federal dollars to pay for non-Federal infrastructure projects has created an unhealthy dynamic in which State and local governments delay projects in the hope of receiving Federal funds.

The Administration's infrastructure initiative would address the imbalances between infrastructure investment, ownership, and responsibility and generate \$1 trillion in total infrastructure investment through a combination of direct Federal funding and incentivized non-Federal funding. The Budget requests \$200 billion dedicated to this effort, as follows:

• **Incentive Grants**—\$100 billion is requested to encourage increased State, local, and private infrastructure investment



DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Highlights:

- The mission of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is to secure the Nation from the many threats it faces. DHS safeguards the American people, the homeland, and America's values by: preventing terrorism and enhancing security; managing the borders; administering immigration laws; securing cyberspace; and ensuring disaster resilience.
- The Budget requests \$46 billion in discretionary appropriations for DHS, a \$3.4 billion or 8-percent increase from the 2017 enacted level (excluding updated 2017 receipts). In addition, \$6.7 billion is available to help communities overwhelmed by major disasters.
- Critical investments include \$1.6 billion for construction of the border wall and \$782 million to hire and support 2,750 additional law enforcement officers and agents at U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE). The Budget also requests \$2.5 billion for detaining up to 47,000 illegal aliens on a daily basis.
- The Budget ensures the appropriate use of taxpayer dollars by reducing Federal programs that support activities that are primarily the responsibility of State and local governments.

The President's 2019 Budget:

In the years since the 9/11 terrorist attacks, the Nation has faced numerous ongoing and emerging threats. U.S. adversaries continue to devise new ways to attack and undermine the American way of life. DHS is continuously vigilant in its efforts to protect the Nation, strengthen communities' preparedness and resilience, and respond to and recover from emergencies that occur. The Budget increases funding for border security, immigration enforcement, cybersecurity, and law enforcement capabilities. The Budget fully funds DHS's critical operations to provide the American people the security they expect and deserve.

Secures the Borders of the United States. Each day, DHS works to protect the American people and economy by preventing the illegal movement of people and contraband across U.S. borders, including the materials that could be used to produce weapons of mass destruction. CBP and the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) patrol more than 5,000 miles of border with Canada, 1,900 miles of border with Mexico, and 95,000 miles of shoreline to intercept threats originating beyond the Nation's borders. The Budget invests in border security to protect the American people, while facilitating

"I could not be prouder to serve alongside the men and women of the Department of Homeland Security. And we, as a Nation, owe them a debt of gratitude for taking on some of the toughest, most important jobs in America. While you're having your morning coffee, the Coast Guard is pulling a fisherman aboard after his boat capsized in stormy seas. While you're deciding what you want for lunch, the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center is teaching law enforcement officers how to respond to an active shooter ... While you're zoning out on your commute home, Homeland Security Investigators are closing in on a dangerous child predator. While you're bingewatching Mad Men on Netflix, TSA is stopping an actual mad man with a loaded gun from boarding a flight to Disney World."

John F. Kelly White House Chief of Staff, as DHS Secretary April 18, 2017 legitimate trade and travel to advance American prosperity.

As shown in the chart below, since the start of the Administration in 2017, apprehensions of illegal border crossers have dropped between ports of entry. At the same time, DHS has accelerated its apprehension of illegal aliens within the United States.

The Budget follows through on the President's commitments on border security. As part of the Administration's proposal for \$18 billion to fund the border wall, the Budget requests \$1.6 billion to construct approximately 65 miles of border wall in south Texas. The Budget also provides funding to hire 2,000 additional ICE law enforcement officers and 750 Border Patrol agents. The Budget makes these significant investments while continuing to fund surveillance and other border security technologies and initiatives.

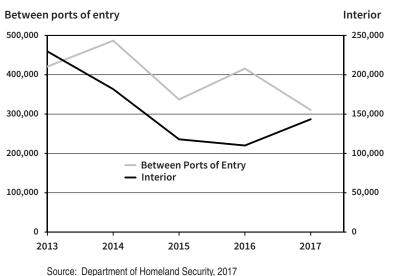
The Budget also continues to modernize USCG's vessels and aircraft that patrol the waters off the Nation's coasts. These vessels and aircraft serve as America's first line of defense at sea. USCG works every day to stop illegal aliens traveling by maritime routes, and disrupts the flow of cocaine and

other illegal drugs well before they can poison communities. New assets deployed by USCG, such as the National Security Cutter, are also much more effective at detecting threats and stopping them before they reach American shores.

the Immigration Ensures System Works. The Budget invests in critical law enforcement programs that would ensure the immigration system works, including hiring 2,000 new ICE law enforcement officers in 2019. This doubles the number of new ICE officers who would be hired in 2018. These new law enforcement personnel would help fulfill the President's commitment to apprehend and deport illegal aliens, dismantle smuggling networks, and enhance public safety.

In addition, in order to combat immigration fraud, the Budget proposes a new approach to fund ICE investigators by collecting \$208 million in fees from immigration

Fewer Illegal Border Apprehensions and Increased Interior Apprehensions



applicants. These funds would ensure ICE has what it needs to disrupt criminal enterprises conducting document and benefit fraud, while also stopping unscrupulous employers that hire illegal aliens and undermine job opportunities for Americans.

Companies that employ illegal aliens violate the law, harm U.S. workers, and fuel other crimes such as human smuggling, document fraud, identity theft, money laundering, and labor violations. In order to crack down on illegal employers, the Budget continues to call for mandatory, nationwide use of the E-Verify system. E-Verify is an online tool that allows businesses to determine the eligibility of their employees to work in the United States, can be used at no cost to employers, and has an over 99-percent accuracy rate.¹ The Administration continues to enforce E-Verify use by Federal contractors, which has been required for many years.

Secures Cyberspace. The President has affirmed the important role that DHS plays in combating cyberattacks and protecting the Nation's critical infrastructure. The Budget includes \$1.0 billion to support DHS's efforts to safeguard the Federal Government's civilian information technology systems against cybersecurity threats. These funds also support DHS efforts to share cybersecurity information with State, local, and tribal governments, as well as with international partners and the private sector. As these threats continue to evolve, DHS cybersecurity programs are more important than ever.

Secures the Nation's Transportation Systems. The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) ensures the security of the Nation's various transportation systems. In addition to screening more than two million passengers and millions more bags daily, TSA supports security of air cargo, mass transit systems, passenger and freight railways, pipelines, highways, and ports. In 2016, TSA discovered 3,391 firearms in carry-on bags at checkpoints across the United States, averaging more than nine firearms per day. Of those, 83 percent were loaded. The Budget provides approximately \$7.7 billion to support the TSA employees and technology that ensure the free movement of people and commerce.

National Flood Insurance Program's Reinsurance Purchase Pays Off During Hurricane Harvey

In January 2017, FEMA purchased reinsurance coverage for the National Flood Insurance Program, which would provide up to \$1 billion in payment to FEMA if flood insurance claims from a single event exceeding \$4 billion. The reinsurance overage paid off when Hurricane Harvey hit the coast of Texas in August of 2017. This investment gave FEMA nearly \$7 for every \$1 of reinsurance coverage purchased, keeping the program from falling further into debt and protecting taxpayer funds. FEMA plans to continue purchasing reinsurance as a way to protect against losses resulting from catastrophic disasters.

Protects against Emerging Threats. Within TSA, the Budget invests \$71 million in new technology to make airport screening more effective and faster. Computed tomography, used for years in hospital and industrial applications, is being adapted for aviation checkpoints to address emerging threats to passenger flights. The technology provides high-definition 3D images that screeners can zoom and rotate to identify and remove suspicious items before they get onto an airplane.

The Budget also enhances DHS's ability to counter the threat to the homeland from weapons of mass destruction including efforts overseas and domestically. The Budget supports DHS's plans to establish a new Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction Office, which would unify the Department's various chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear counter-threat missions. This reorganization would allow the Department to protect the United States from weapons of mass destruction more efficiently and effectively.

 $^{^{1}\} https://www.uscis.gov/e-verify/about-program/performance$

EXHIBIT 52

Department of Defense

Fact Sheet on Section 2808 Funding Pool

On February 15, 2019, President Donald J. Trump declared a national emergency that requires the use of the armed forces and authorized the use of title 10, U.S. Code, section 2808.

Determining Requirements

To make decisions about the use of military construction funds, the Joint Staff and USNORTHCOM will examine a project list of specific border barrier construction projects provided by the Department of Homeland Security and will conduct a mission analysis on which border barrier projects would support the use of the armed forces. This analysis will help determine the border barrier projects the Department of Defense (DoD) might undertake and the level of funding required.

Decisions have not yet been made concerning which border barrier projects will be funded through section 2808 authority. If the Department's FY 2020 budget is enacted on time as requested, no military construction project used to source section 2808 projects would be delayed or cancelled.

Identifying Sources of Funds

To identify the potential pool of sources of military construction funds, DoD will apply the following criteria:

- No military construction projects that already have been awarded, and no military construction projects with FY 2019 award dates will be impacted.
- No military housing, barracks, or dormitory projects will be impacted.
- The pool of potential military construction projects from which funding could be reallocated to support the construction of border barrier are solely projects with award dates after September 30, 2019.

For comprehensiveness, attached is a complete pool of all projects that were unawarded as of December 31, 2018. Once the above criteria is applied, the pool has a total value that is in excess of the amount needed to source potential section 2808 projects. The appearance of any project within the pool does not mean that the project will, in fact, be used to source section 2808 projects.

Total DoD MILCON Unawarded Projects (\$ in thousands)

(Organized by appropriation, component, state, location, projected award date, and project title)

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment
Military Construction, Army	20,500	140,500	54,800	650,900	1,020,051
Department of the Army	20,500	140,500	54,800	650,900	1,020,051
ALABAMA	-	-	-	38,000	5,200
Anniston Army Depot	-	-	-	-	5,200
March 2020	-	-	-	-	5,200
Weapon Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	-	5,200
Fort Rucker	-	-	-	38,000	-
April 2019 Training Support Facility	-	-	-	38,000	-
ARIZONA	-	-	-	38,000 30,000	-
Fort Huachuca	-	-	-	30,000	-
May 2020	-		-	30,000	-
Ground Transport Equipment Building				30,000	
BULGARIA	-	-	-	-	5,200
Nevo Selo Fos	-	-	-	-	5,200
October 2020	-	-	-	-	5,200
EDI: Ammunition Holding Area	-	-	-	-	5,200
CALIFORNIA	9,900	_	12,600	3,000	29,000
Concord	9,900	-	12,600	-	
September 2019	9,900	-	-	-	-
Access Control Point	9,900	-	-	-	-
September 2019	-	-	12,600	-	-
Access Control Point	-	-	12,600		
Fort Irwin	-	-		3,000	29,000
August 2019				_	29,000
Multipurpose Range Complex					29,000
September 2019				3,000	-
Land Acquisition				<mark>3,000</mark>	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	-	77,000
Fort Carson, Colorado	-	-	-	-	77,000
June 2019	-	-	-	-	77,000
Vehicle Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	-	77,000
GEORGIA	-	-	-	10,800	99,000
Fort Benning	-	-	-	10,800	-
March 2019	-	-	-	10,800	-
Air Traffic Control Tower	-	-	-	10,800	-
Fort Gordon	-	-	-	-	99,000
May 2019	-	-	-	-	99,000
Cyber Instructional Fac and Network Ctr	-	-	-	-	99,000
GERMANY	-	51,000	19,200	83,000	31,000
East Camp Grafenwoehr	-	-	-	-	31,000
January 2020 Mission Training Complex	-		-	-	31,000
Grafenwoehr	-	- 51,000	-	-	31,000
August 2019	-	51,000		-	-
Vehicle Maintenance Shop	-	51,000	-	-	-
Stuttgart		-	-	40,000	_
April 2019			-	40,000	
Commissary	-			40,000	
Weisbaden		_		43,000	
May 2019	-	-	-	43,000	-
Administrative Building	-	-	-	43,000	-
Wiesbaden Army Airfield	-	-	19,200	-	-
August 2019	-	-	16,500	-	-
Controlled Humidity Warehouse	-	-	16,500	-	-
November 2019	-	-	2,700	-	-
Hazardous Material Storage Building	-	-	2,700	-	-
GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA	-	-	-	115,000	-
Guantanamo Bay Naval Station	-	-	-	115,000	-
December 2019	-	-	-	115,000	-
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OCC: Barracks - - 115.000 HAWAII - - 25.000 50.000 Pehakuka Training Area - - 25.000 - Stoptentber 2019 - - 25.000 - Wheelar Army Air Field - - 50.000 - Wheelar Army Air Field - - 50.000 Fobruary 2020 - - - 50.000 Barracks - - 21.000 Sto Chan Ab - - 16.000 Drank Army Ammunition Plant - - 16.000 More Army Ammunition Plant - - 16.000 Mark 2020 - - 16.000 Mark 2019 10.0600 - - Magazine 10.0600 - - Mark 2019 10.0600 - - Mark 2019 - - 16.000 Fort Kentacky - - 16.000	Row Labels	FY 2015 Enactment	FY 2016 Enactment	FY 2017 Enactment	FY 2018 Enactment	FY 2019 Enactment
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Parking Structure - - - 65,000 NORTH CAROLINA - - - 10,000 Fort Bragg - - - 10,000	Engineering Center	-	-	-	-	
NORTH CAROLINA - - - 10,000 Fort Bragg - - - 10,000	Parking Structure	-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
September 2019 10.000		-	-	-	-	
	September 2019	-	-	-	-	10,000

Developed.	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels Dining Facility	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment 10,000
POLAND	-	-	-	-	144,400
Poland	-	-	-	-	109,400
April 2020	-	-	-	-	6,400
EDI: Rail Extension and Railhead	-	-	-	-	6,400
June 2020	-	-	-	-	52,000
EDI: Ammunition Storage Facility	-	-	-	-	52,000
September 2020	-	-	-	-	51,000
EDI: Staging Areas	-	-	-	-	51,000
Powidz Air Base	-	-	-	-	35,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	14,000
EDI: Rail Extension & Railhead	-	-	-	-	14,000
November 2020 EDI: Bulk Fuel Storage	-	-	-	-	21,000 21,000
ROMANIA	-	-	-	-	21,000
Mihail Kogalniceanu		-	_	-	21,651
November 2019	-	-	-	-	21,651
EDI: Explosives & Ammo Load/Unload Apron	-	-	-	-	21,651
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	85,000	52,000
Fort Jackson	-	-	-	60,000	52,000
May 2019	-	-	-	60,000	-
Reception Barracks Complex, Ph1	-	-	-	60,000	-
August 2019	-	-	-	-	52,000
Trainee Barracks Complex 3, Ph2	-	-	-	-	52,000
Shaw AFB	-	-	-	25,000	-
March 2019	-	-	-	25,000	-
Mission Training Complex	-	-	-	25,000	-
TEXAS	-	-	-	66,600	33,600
Camp Bullis	-	-	-	13,600	-
July 2019 Vehicle Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	13,600 13,600	-
Fort Bliss	-	-	-	20,000	- 24,000
March 2019				- 20,000	24,000
Supply Support Activity	-	-	-	-	24,000
January 2020	-	-	-	20,000	-
Defense Access Roads	-	-	-	20,000	-
Fort Hood, Texas	-	-	-	33,000	9,600
September 2019	-	-	-	33,000	-
Vehicle Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	33,000	-
December 2019	-	-	-	-	9,600
Supply Support Activity	-	-	-	-	9,600
VIRGINIA	-	-	23,000	34,000	30,000
Arlington					30,000 30,000
January 2020 Cantonment Area Roads, Paved					30,000
Fort Belvoir		_	23,000	-	30,000
July 2019	-	-	23,000	-	-
Vehicle Maintenance Shop		-	23,000		
Joint Base Langley-Eustis	-	-	-	34,000	-
April 2019	-	-	-	34,000	-
Aircraft Maintenance Instructional Bldg	-	-	-	34,000	-
WASHINGTON	-	-	-	85,500	-
Joint Base Lewis-Mcchord	-	-	-	66,000	-
August 2019	-	-	-	66,000	-
Confinement Facility	-	-	-	66,000	-
Yakima	-	-	-	19,500	-
September 2019	-	-	-	19,500	-
Fire Station	-	-	-	19,500	-
Military Construction, Navy	-	23,300	121,355	701,965	2,336,858
Department of the Navy ARIZONA	-	23,300	121,355	701,965	2,336,858 14,800
Camp Navajo	-	-	48,355	-	14,800
August 2019		-	-	-	14,800
MIssile Motor Magazines and U&SI	-	-	-	-	14,800
Yuma	-	-	48,355	-	-
March 2019	-	-	48,355	-	-
			,		

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment
VMX-22 Maintenance Hangar BAHAMAS	-	-	48,355	-	- 31,050
Andros Island	-	-	-	-	31,050
September 2019	-	-	-	-	31,050
AUTEC Austere Quarters	-	-	-	-	31,050
BAHRAIN ISLAND	-	-	-	-	26,340
SW Asia February 2020	-	-	-	-	26,340 26,340
Fleet Maintenance Facility & TOC	-	-	-	-	26,340
CALIFORNIA	-	-	-	_	689,507
Camp Pendleton, California	-	-		-	142,680
March 2019					<mark>53,430</mark>
AAV-ACV Maintenance & Warehouse Facility					49,410
Electrical Upgrades May 2019	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>Z</u>	4,020 10,670
Full Motion Trainer Facility	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>_</u>	10,670
August 2019					16,600
Supply Warehouse SOI - West	-	-	-	-	16,600
September 2019					61,980
Fire Emergency Response Station					14,750
Potable Water Distribution Improvements Coronado					47,230 77,780
August 2019			<u> </u>		77,780
CMV-22B Airfield Improvements					77,780
Lemoore	-	-		-	127,590
July 2019	_	_			14,900
Communications Line (Ops to Admin)					14,900
September 2019					112,690
F-35 Maintenance Hangar Miramar					112,690 31,980
March 2019					31,980
Airfield Security Improvements			<u>_</u>		11,500
F-35 Vertical Landing Pads and Taxiway	-	-	-	-	20,480
Point Mugu					22,150
July 2019					22,150
Directed Energy Systems Intergration Lab San Diego					22,150 116,687
May 2019			<u>_</u>		67,940
Harbor Drive Switching Station					48,440
LCS Mission Module Readiness Center	_			-	19,500
July 2019					48,747
Pier 8 Replacement (INC)					48,747
San Nicolas Island May 2019					31,010 31,010
Missile Assembly Build & High Explosive Mag	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>X</u>	31,010
Seal Beach			_	_	139,630
July 2019	-	-			117,830
Causeway, Boat Channel & Turning Basin	-	_	-	_	117,830
August 2019	-				21,800
(Missile Magazines) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	-		-		21,800
Naval Observatory	-	-	-	-	40,000 40,000
August 2019	-	-	-	-	40,000
Master Time Clocks & Operations Fac (INC)	-	-	-	-	40,000
FLORIDA	-	-	-	203,694	92,350
Key West	-	-	-	128,700	-
	-	-	-	128,700	-
NAVY GATEWAY INN AND SUITES FACILITY REPLACE AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	-	-	-	68,200	-
TRUBMO POINT ANNEX FIRE STATION	-	-	-	52,000 8,500	-
Mayport	-	-	-	74,994	- 82,350
September 2019	-	-	-	74,994	82,350
Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant (AWWTP)	-	-	-	74,994	-
LCS Support Facility	-	-	-	-	82,350
Whiting Field	-	-	-	-	10,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	10,000

Row Labels E Air Traffic Control Tower (North Field) GEORGIA Albany February 2019 Combat Vehicle Warehouse July 2019 Welding and Body Repair Shop Facility GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021 MARFOREUR HQ Modernization and Expansion	_nactment - - - - - - -	Enactment - - - -	Enactment - - -	Enactment - 43,300 43,300	Enactment 10,000 31,900
GEORGIA Albany February 2019 Combat Vehicle Warehouse July 2019 Welding and Body Repair Shop Facility GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021		-	-	,	31,900
Albany February 2019 Combat Vehicle Warehouse July 2019 Welding and Body Repair Shop Facility GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021	-			,	
February 2019 Combat Vehicle Warehouse July 2019 Welding and Body Repair Shop Facility GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021	-	-		+3.300	31,900
July 2019 Welding and Body Repair Shop Facility GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021	-		-	43,300	-
Welding and Body Repair Shop Facility GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021	-	-	-	43,300	-
GERMANY Panzer Kaserne June 2021		-	-	-	31,900
Panzer Kaserne June 2021	-	-	-	-	31,900
June 2021	-	-	-	-	43,950
	-	-	-	-	43,950
MAREOREUR HO Modernization and Expansion	-	-	-	-	43,950
GREECE	-	-	-	-	43,950
Souda Bay	-	-	-	-	47,850 47,850
October 2019		-	-	-	41,650
EDI: Joint Mobility Processing Center				-	41,650
November 2019	-	-	-	-	6,200
EDI: Marathi Logistics Support Center	-	-	-	-	6,200
GUAM	-	-	-	93,268	188,370
Joint Region Marianas	-	-	-	93,268	188,370
August 2019	-	-	-	-	36,170
Unaccompanied Enlisted Housing	-	-	-	-	36,170
September 2019	-	-	-	-	49,930
ACE Gym & Dining	-	-	-	-	27,910
Ordnance Ops	-	-	-	-	22,020
March 2020	-	-	-	-	50,000
Machine Gun Range (INC)	-	-	-	-	50,000
June 2020	-	-	-	37,180	-
Navy-Commercial Tie-In Hardening July 2020	-	-	-	37,180 56,088	-
Water Well Field		-	-	56,088	
December 2020				-	52,270
Earth Covered Magazines		-	-	-	52,270
GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA	-	-	-	-	109,500
Guantanamo Bay Naval Station	-	-	-	-	109,500
September 2019	-	-	-	-	109,500
Consolidated Fire Station	-	-	-	-	24,500
Solid Waste Management Facility	-	-	-	-	85,000
HAWAII	-	-	-	165,556	189,420
Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam		-	-	73,200	45,000
March 2019	-	-	-	73,200	-
Sewer Lift Station & Relief Sewer Line	-	-	-	73,200	-
September 2019 Drydock Waterfront Facility	-	-	-	-	45,000 45,000
Kaneohe Bay	-	-	-	- 26,492	45,000
April 2019	-	-	-	- 20,492	66,100
Corrosion Control Hangar				-	66,100
May 2020	-	-	-	26,492	-
Security Improvements Mokapu Gate	-	-	-	26,492	-
Pearl City	-	-	-	-	78,320
May 2019	-	-	-	-	78,320
Water Transmission Line	-	-	-	-	78,320
Wahiawa	-	-	-	65,864	-
July 2019	-	-	-	65,864	-
Communications/Crypto Facility	-	-	-	65,864	-
ITALY	-	-	-	-	66,050
Sigonella	-	-	-	-	66,050
August 2020	-	-	-	-	66,050
EDI: P-8A Taxiway and Apron Upgrades	-	-	-	-	66,050
JAPAN Kadena AB	-	-	-	-	9,049 9,049
April 2019	-	-	-	-	9,049
Tactical Operations Center	-	-			9,049
MAINE				61,692	149,685
Kittery	-	-	-	61,692	149,685
		-	-	61,692	-
February 2019				,	

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment		Enactment
July 2019	-	-	-	-	149,685
Dry Dock #1 Superflood Basin Extend Portal Crane Rail	-	-	-	-	109,960 39,725
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	22,300
Gulfport		-			22,300
June 2019	-	-	-	-	22,300
Expeditionary Combat Skills Student Berthing	-	-	-	-	22,300
NORTH CAROLINA	-	23,300	-	81,455	140,650
Camp Lejeune, North Carolina	-	-	-	65,784	25,650
May 2019	-	-	-	65,784	-
Water Treatment Plant Replacement Hadnot Pt	-	-	-	65,784	-
April 2020	-	-	-	-	25,650
2nd Radio BN Complex, Phase 2 (INC)	-	-	-	-	25,650
Cherry Point Marine Corps Air Station	-	23,300	-	15,671	115,000
March 2019	-	23,300	-	-	-
Airfield Security Improvements	-	23,300	-	-	-
September 2019	-	-	-	15,671	115,000
Aircraft Maintenance Hangar (INC)	-	-	-	-	60,000
F-35B Vertical Lift Fan Test Facility	-	-	-	15,671	-
Flightline Utility Modernization (INC) PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	-	55,000
PENNSTLVANIA Philadelphia	-	-	-	-	71,050
July 2019	-	-	-	-	71,050
Submarine Propulsor Manufacturing Support Fac		-		-	71,050
SOUTH CAROLINA					61,757
Beaufort	_	-	-	-	26,567
August 2019	-	-	-	-	9,517
Recycling/Hazardous Waste Facility	-	-	-	-	9,517
September 2019	-	-	-	-	6,300
Cryogenics Facility	-	-	-	-	6,300
April 2020	-	-	-	-	10,750
Laurel Bay Fire Station Replacement	-	-	-	-	10,750
Parris Island	-	-	-	-	35,190
April 2019	-	-	-	-	35,190
Range Improvements & Modernization, Phase 2	-	-	-	-	35,190
SPAIN	-	-	-	-	21,590
Rota	-	-	-	-	21,590
January 2020	-	-	-	-	21,590
EDI: Port Operations Facilities	-	-	-	-	21,590
UNITED KINGDOM	-	-	-	-	79,130
Lossiemouth	-	-	-	-	79,130
May 2020	-	-	-	-	79,130 79,130
EDI: P-8 Base Improvement	-	-	-	-	55,000
Hill AFB	-	-	-	-	55,000
March 2020		-	-	-	55,000
D5 Missile Motor Receipt/Storage Fac (INC)	-	-	-	-	55,000
VIRGINIA	-	-	-	53,000	39,220
Dam Neck	-	-	-	29,262	-
August 2019	-	-	-	29,262	-
ISR Operations Facility Expansion	-	-	-	29,262	-
Portsmouth	-	-	-	-	26,120
January 2020	-	-	-	-	26,120
Ships Maintenance Facility	-	-	-	-	26,120
Quantico	-	-	-	23,738	13,100
May 2019	-	-	-	23,738	-
TBS Fire Station	-	-	-	23,738	-
June 2019	-	-	-	-	13,100
Ammunition Supply Point Upgrade, Phase 2	-	-	-	-	13,100
WASHINGTON	-	-	73,000	-	116,340
Bangor	-	-	73,000	-	88,960
December 2019	-	-	73,000	-	-
SEAWOLF Class Service Pier	-	-	73,000	-	-
February 2021	-	-	-	-	88,960
Pier and Maintenance Facility	-	-	-	-	88,960
Whidbey Island		-	-	-	27,380

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment
February 2019	-	-	-	-	7,930
Next Generation Jammer Facility March 2019	-	-	-	-	7,930
Fleet Support Facility	-	-	-	-	19,450 19,450
Military Construction, Air Force	-	78,450	709,637	1,161,737	1,490,958
Department of the Air Force	-	78,450	709,637	1,161,737	1,490,958
ALABAMA	-	-	15,500	-	18,000
Maxwell AFB	-	-	15,500	-	18,000
March 2019	-	-	15,500	-	-
JAG School Expansion	-	-	15,500	-	-
September 2019	-	-	-	-	18,000
Air Traffic Control Tower	-	-	-	-	18,000
ALASKA	-	34,400	41,800	41,000	63,800
Eielson AFB	-	34,400	12,800	41,000	63,800
March 2019	-	-	-	-	6,800
F-35 Aircraft Maintenance Unit Admin Facility	-	-	-	-	6,800
May 2019	-	-	12,800	-	-
F-35A Missile Maintenance Facility	-	-	12,800	-	-
July 2019	-	-	-	-	22,500
F-35A School Age Facility	-	-	-	-	22,500
August 2019	-	-	-	-	15,500
F-35 Conventional Munitions Maintenance Fac	-	-	-	-	15,500
January 2020	-	34,400	-	-	19,000
F-35A CATM Range	-	-	-	-	19,000
Repair Central Heat & Power Plant Boiler Ph3	-	34,400	-	-	-
February 2021	-	-	-	41,000	-
Repair Central Heat/Power Plant Boiler PH 4 Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	-	-	- 29,000	41,000	-
October 2019	-	-	29,000	-	-
Add/Alter AWACS Alert Hangar	-	-	29,000	-	-
ARIZONA	-	-	29,000	-	- 55,000
Davis-Monthan AFB		-	-	-	15,000
September 2019	-	-	-		15,000
AGE Facility	-	-	-	-	15,000
Luke AFB	-	-	-	-	40,000
June 2019	-	-	-	-	23,000
F-35A Aircraft Maintenance Unit Facility	-	-	-	-	23,000
June 2019	-	-	-	-	17,000
F-35A Squad Ops #6	-	-	-	-	17,000
ARKANSAS	-	-	-	20,000	-
Little Rock AFB	-	-	-	20,000	-
October 2020	-	-	-	20,000	-
DORMITORY - 168 PN	-	-	-	20,000	-
AUSTRALIA	-	-	-	76,000	-
Darwin	-	-	-	76,000	-
August 2019	-	-	-	76,000	-
APR - Bulk Fuel Storage Tanks				76,000	
CALIFORNIA				107,000	
Travis AFB				107,000	
June 2019				107,000	
KC-46A Aircraft 3-Bay Maintenance Hangar				107,000	-
COLORADO	-	-	-	30,000	-
U.S. Air Force Academy	-	-	-	30,000	-
July 2019	-	-	-	30,000	-
Air Force CyberWorx DELAWARE	-	-	- 39,000	30,000	-
Dover AFB	-	-	39,000	-	-
April 2019	-		39,000	-	-
Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	-	-	39,000	-	-
Estonia	-	-	6,500	- 4,700	-
Amari Air Base	-	-	6,500	4,700	-
July 2019	-		6,500	4,700	-
Construct Bulk Fuel Storage	-	-	6,500	-	-
ERI: POL Capacity Phase II	-	-	-	4,700	-
FLORIDA	-	-	75,000	107,100	74,963
Eglin AFB	-	-	75,000	82,000	62,863
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	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
ow Labels March 2019	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment -	Enactment	Enactment 28,000
F-35A Student Dormitory II				_	28,000
March 2019	-	-	75,000	-	-
Advanced Munitions Technology Complex	-	-	75,000	-	-
May 2019	-	-	-	38,000	-
Long-Range Stand-Off Acquisition Fac	-	-	-	38,000	-
June 2019	-	-	-	-	34,863
F-35A Integrated Trng Center Academics Bldg	-	-	-	-	34,863
August 2019	-	-	-	44,000	-
Dormitories Replace Dorm 19	-	-	-	44,000	-
Macdill AFB July 2019	-	-	-	8,100	3,100
	-	-	-	-	3,100 3,100
KC-135 Beddown Add Flight Simulator Training September 2019	-	-	-	- 8,100	3,100
KC-135 Beddown OG/MXG HQ				8,100	
Patrick AFB	-	-	-	-	9,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	9,000
Main Gate & Commercial Inspection Facility	-	-	-	-	9,000
Tyndall AFB	-	-	-	17,000	-
January 2020	-	-	-	17,000	-
Fire/Crash Rescue Station	-	-	-	17,000	-
GEORGIA	-	-	30,900	9,800	-
Moody AFB	-	-	30,900	-	-
October 2019	-	-	30,900	-	-
Personnel Recovery 4-Bay Hangar/HMU	-	-	30,900	-	-
Robins AFB	-	-	-	9,800	-
May 2019	-	-	-	9,800	-
Commercial Vehicle Visitor Control Facility	-	-	-	9,800	-
GERMANY	-	-	77,602	-	119,000
Ramstein AB	-	-	13,437	-	119,000
September 2020	-	-	13,437	-	119,000
37 AS Squadron Operations/AMU EDI - KMC DABS-FEV/RH Storage Warehouses	-	-	13,437	-	- 119,000
Spangdahlem AB	-	-	- 64,165	-	119,000
March 2020		-	2,700	-	
Upgrade Hardened Aircraft Shelters for F/A-22	_	-	2,700	-	-
July 2020	-	-	18,000	-	-
F/A-22 Low Observable/Composite Repair Fac	-	-	18,000	-	-
August 2021	-	-	43,465	-	-
EIC - Site Development and Infrastructure	-	-	43,465	-	-
GUAM	-	2,500	49,500	-	9,800
Joint Region Marianas	-	2,500	49,500	-	9,800
January 2020	-	-	14,200	-	-
APR - SATCOM C4I Facility	-	-	14,200	-	-
February 2020	-	-	35,300	-	-
APR - Munitions Storage Igloos, Ph 2	-	-	35,300	-	-
February 2020	-	-	-	-	9,800
Hayman Munitions Storage Igloos MSA 2	-	-	-	-	9,800
September 2020	-	2,500	-	-	-
PRTC Roads	-	2,500	-	-	-
HUNGARY	-	-	-	55,400	-
Kecskemet AB	-	-	-	55,400	-
April 2020	-	-	-	12,500	-
ERI: Increase POL Storage Capacity October 2020	-	-	-	12,500 42,900	-
ERI: Airfield Upgrades	-	-	-	12,900	-
ERI: Construct Parallel Taxiway		-	-	30,000	-
			41,000	-	
ILLINOIS			,		
ILLINOIS Scott AFB	-	-	41 000	-	-
Scott AFB	-	-	41,000	-	-
Scott AFB October 2019			41,000	-	-
Scott AFB			41,000 41,000		-
Scott AFB October 2019 Consolidated Communications Facility Add/Alt	-	-	41,000	-	-
Scott AFB October 2019 Consolidated Communications Facility Add/Alt JAPAN	-	-	41,000 41,000 51,835 19,815	-	-
Scott AFB October 2019 Consolidated Communications Facility Add/Alt JAPAN Kadena AB	- - -	-	41,000 41,000 51,835	- -	

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment
January 2020	-	-	8,243	-	-
Construct CATM Facility	-	-	8,243	-	-
February 2020 C-130J Corrosion Control Hangar	-	-	23,777	-	-
Jordan	-	-	23,777	- 82,940	-
	-	-	-	82,940	-
Azraq April 2019	-	-	-	8,003	-
OCO: OIR: Dormitory	-	-	-	8,003	
September 2019	-	-	-	74,937	-
OCO: OIR: Airfield Pavements	-	-	-	52,735	-
OCO: OIR: Cargo Marshalling Yard Facility				1,034	_
OCO: OIR: CAS Revetments/Sunshades				11,168	_
OCO: OIR: ISR Shelters	-	-	-	10,000	-
LOUISIANA			21,000	-	12,250
Barksdale AFB		-	21,000	-	12,250
May 2019		-	21,000	-	-
Consolidated Communication Facility	-	-	21,000	-	-
August 2019	_	-	-	-	12,250
Entrance Road and Gate Complex	-		-	-	12,250
LUXEMBOURG	-	-	-	67,400	-
Sanem	-	-	-	67,400	-
April 2021	-	-	-	67,400	-
ERI: ECAOS Deployable Airbase System Storage	-	-	-	67,400	-
MARIANA ISLANDS	-	-	-	-	50,700
Tinian	-	-	-	-	50,700
September 2019	-	-	-	-	50,700
APR - Cargo Pad with Taxiway Extension	-	-	-	-	46,000
APR - Maintenance Support Facility	-	-	-	-	4,700
MARYLAND	-	-	50,000	17,500	58,000
Joint Base Andrews	-	-	50,000	17,500	58,000
June 2019	-	-	-	17,500	-
PAR Land Acquisition	-	-	-	17,500	-
July 2019	-	-	50,000	-	-
Consolidated Communications Center	-	-	50,000	-	-
October 2019	-	-	-	-	8,000
Military Working Dog Kennel	-	-	-	-	8,000
January 2020	-	-	-	-	13,000
Child Development Center	-	-	-	-	13,000
June 2020	-	-	-	-	37,000
PAR Relocate Haz Cargo Pad and EOD Range	-	-	-	-	37,000
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	11,400	90,000
Hanscom AFB	-	-	-	11,400	90,000
April 2019	-	-	-	11,400	-
Vandenberg Gate Complex	-	-	-	11,400	-
September 2019	-	-	-	-	90,000
MIT-Lincoln Lab (West Lab CSL/MIF) Inc 2	-	-	-	-	90,000
MONTANA	-	-	14,600	-	-
Malmstrom AFB	-	-	14,600	-	-
June 2019	-	-	14,600	-	-
Relocate Missile Maintenance Facility	-	-	14,600	-	-
NEBRASKA	-	-	-	-	9,500
Offutt AFB	-	-	-	-	9,500
April 2019	-	-	-	-	9,500
Parking Lot, USSTRATCOM	-	-	-	-	9,500
NEVADA	-	3,450	-	23,000	64,900
Creech AFB	-	-	-	-	59,000
August 2019	-	-	-	-	59,000
MQ-9 CPIP GCS Operations Facility	-	-	-	-	28,000
MQ-9 CPIP Operations & Command Center Fac.	-	-	-	-	31,000
Nellis AFB	-	3,450	-	23,000	5,900
March 2019	-	-	-	23,000	-
Red Flag 5th Gen Facility Addition	-	-	-	23,000	-
March 2019	-	3,450	-	-	-
F-35A Munitions Maintenance Facilities	-	3,450	-	-	-
May 2019 CRH Simulator	-	-	-	-	5,900 5,900
Unit Ontridiator	-	-	-	-	5,300

David akala	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment		Enactment
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	81,000	9,900
Joint Base Mcguire-Dix-Lakehurst September 2019	-	-	-	-	9,900
	-	-	-	-	9,900
Commerical Gate Security Improvements	-	-	-	-	9,900
Mcguire AFB March 2019	-	-	-	81,000	-
	-	-	-	72,000	-
KC-46A Two-Bay General Purpose MX Hangar April 2019	-	-	-	72,000 9,000	-
KC-46A Alter Bldgs for Ops and TFI AMU-AMXS	-	-	-	9,000	-
NEW MEXICO	-	-	-	55,550	- 92,000
Cannon AFB	-	-	-	42,000	92,000
August 2019	-		-	42,000	-
Dangerous Cargo Pad Relocate CATM	-	-	-	42,000	-
Holloman AFB		-	-	42,000	- 85,000
May 2019	-	-	-	4,250	
RPA Fixed Ground Control Station Facility	-	-	-	4,250	-
March 2020	-	-	-	4,230	- 85,000
MQ-9 FTU Ops Facility	-	-	-	-	85,000
Kirtland AFB	-	-		9,300	7,000
July 2019	-		-	,	7,000
	-	-	-	-	,
Wyoming Gate Upgrade for AT Compliance	-	-	-	-	7,000
August 2019	-	-	-	9,300	-
Replace Fire Station 3 NEW YORK	-	-	-	9,300	-
	-	-	-	-	14,200
Rome Research Site	-	-	-	-	14,200
September 2019	-	-	-	-	14,200
AT Perimeter Security/ECP	-	-	-	-	14,200
	-	17,100	-	-	6,000
Seymour Johnson AFB	-	17,100	-	-	6,000
March 2019	-	17,100	-	-	6,000
Air Traffic Control Tower/Base Ops Facility	-	17,100	-	-	6,000
NORTH DAKOTA Minot AFB	-	-	-	27,000	66,000
	-	-	-	27,000	66,000
May 2019	-	-	-	27,000	-
Indoor Firing Range	-		-	27,000	
October 2019 Consolidated Helo/TRF Ops/AMU and Alert Fac	-	-	-	-	66,000
NORWAY	-	-	-	-	66,000
	-	-		10,300	13,800
Rygge September 2019	-	-	-	10,300	<u>13,800</u> 13,800
EDI - Construct Taxiway	-	-	-	-	13,800
November 2020	-	-	-	- 10,300	13,000
ERI: Replace/Expand Quick Reaction Alert Pad	-	-	-	10,300	-
OHIO	-	-	-		-
	-		-	6,800	61,000
Wright-Patterson AFB November 2019	-	-	-	6,800	61,000
Fire/Crash Rescue Station	-	-	-	6,800	-
	-	-	-	6,800	-
March 2020	-	-	-	-	61,000
ADAL Intelligence Prod. Complex (NASIC) INC	-				61,000 192,000
Altus AFB	-	18,000	-	16,000	
April 2019		18,000	-	16,000	12,000
		-			
KC-46A FTU/FTC Simulator Facility Ph 3	-		-	-	12,000
October 2019	-	18,000 18,000	-	-	-
Dormitory (120 RM) October 2019	-	-	-		-
	-		-	16,000	-
Fire Rescue Center	-	-	-	16,000	-
Tinker AFB March 2019	-	-	-	-	180,000
	-	-	-	-	81,000
KC-46A Depot Maintenance Hangar	-	-	-	-	81,000
April 2019	-	-	-	-	85,000
KC-46A Depot Fuel Maintenance Hangar	-	-	-	-	85,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	14,000
Commerical Vehicle Inspection Facility	-	-	-	-	14,000
QATAR	-	-	-	15,000	70,400
Al Udeid, Qatar	-	-	-	15,000	70,400

Row Labels	FY 2015	FY 2016 Enactment	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Enactment
August 2019	Enactment	Enaciment	Enactment	Enactment 15,000	-
Consolidated Squadron Operations Facility	-	-	-	15,000	-
September 2019	-	-	-	-	- 70,400
Flightline Support Facilities					30,400
Personnel Deployment Processing Facility					40,000
SLOVAKIA				46,000	59,000
Malacky		_	_	24,000	59,000
November 2019		-	-	4,000	-
ERI: Airfield Upgrades	-	-	-	4,000	-
February 2020	-	-	-	20,000	-
ERI: Increase POL Storage Capacity	-	-	_	20,000	-
December 2020	-	-	_	-	59,000
EDI - Regional Munitions Storage Area	-	-	_	-	59,000
Sliac Airport	-	_	_	22,000	-
November 2019		-	-	22,000	
ERI: Airfield Upgrades	-	-	-	22,000	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	17,000	-	53,000
Joint Base Charleston		_	17,000	-	-
January 2019	-	-	17,000	-	-
Fire & Rescue Station		-	17,000	-	
Shaw AFB		_	-	_	53,000
May 2019	-	-	-	-	53,000
CPIP MQ-9 MCE GROUP	-	-		-	53,000
TEXAS	-	-	67,300	- 66,500	25,000
Joint Base San Antonio	-	-	67,300	66,500	25,000
June 2019	-				
	-	-	67,300	-	25,000
BMT Recruit Dormitory 6 October 2019	-	-	67,300	-	25,000
	-	-	-	10,000	-
Air Traffic Control Tower	-	-	-	10,000	-
December 2019	-	-	-	38,000	-
BMT Classrooms/Dining Facility 4	-	-	-	38,000	-
February 2020	-	-	-	18,500	-
Camp Bullis Dining Facility	-	-	-	18,500	-
TURKEY	-	-	-	48,697	-
Incirlik AB	-	-	-	48,697	-
March 2019	-	-	-	8,100	-
OCO: Replace Perimeter Fence	-	-	-	8,100	-
August 2020	-	-	-	14,600	-
OCO: Relocate Base Main Access Control Point	-	-	-	14,600	-
September 2020	-	-	-	25,997	-
Dormitory - 216 PN	-	-	-	25,997	-
United Arab Emirates	-	-	35,400	-	-
Al Dhafra	-	-	35,400	-	-
July 2019	-	-	35,400	-	-
Large Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	-	-	35,400	-	-
UNITED KINGDOM	-	-	16,500	45,650	144,745
Croughton RAF	-	-	16,500	-	-
October 2019	-	-	16,500	-	-
Main Gate Complex	-	-	16,500	-	-
Raf Fairford	-	-	-	-	106,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	19,000
EDI - Munitions Holding Area	-	-	-	-	19,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	87,000
EDI - Construct DABS-FEV Storage	-	-	-	-	87,000
Royal Air Force Fairford	-	-	-	45,650	-
November 2019	-	-	-	45,650	-
EIC RC-135 Infrastructure	-	-	-	2,150	-
EIC RC-135 Intel and Squad Ops Facility	-	-	-	38,000	-
EIC RC-135 Runway Overrun Reconfiguration	-	-	-	5,500	-
Royal Air Force Lakenheath	-	-	-	-	38,745
September 2019	-	-	-	-	9,204
F-35A ADAL Conventional Munitions MX	-	-	-	-	9,204
October 2019	-	-	-	-	29,541
F-35A Dorm	-	-	-	-	29,541
UTAH	-	-	-	28,000	26,000
Hill AFB	-	-	-	28,000	26,000
				20,000	20,000

Row Labels	FY 2015 Enactment	FY 2016 Enactment	FY 2017 Enactment	FY 2018 Enactment	FY 2019 Enactment
January 2020	Lhacthent			28.000	
UTTR Consolidated Mission Control Center		-	-	28,000	
August 2020	-	-	-	-	26,000
Composite Aircraft Antenna Calibration Fac	-	-	-	-	26,000
VIRGINIA	-	-	59,200	-	-
Joint Base Langley-Eustis	-	-	59,200	-	-
May 2019	-	-	14,200	-	-
Fuel System Maintenance Dock	-	-	14,200	-	-
July 2019	-	-	45,000	-	-
Air Force Targeting Center	-	-	45,000	-	-
WASHINGTON	-	-	-	-	14,000
Fairchild AFB	-	-	-	-	14,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	14,000
JPRA C2 Mission Support Facility	-	-	-	-	14,000
WORLDWIDE CLASSIFIED	-	3,000	-	-	18,000
Classified Location	-	3,000	-	-	18,000
June 2019	-	3,000	-	-	-
Munitions Storage	-	3,000	-	-	-
January 2020	-	-	-	-	18,000
TACMOR - Utilities and Infrastructure Support	-	-	-	-	18,000
WYOMING	-	-	-	62,000	-
F. E. Warren AFB	-	-	-	62,000	-
October 2019	-	-	-	62,000	-
Consolidated Helo/TRF Ops/AMU and Alert Fac	-	-	-	62,000	-
Military Construction, Defense-Wide	152,201	65,320	337,922	1,008,093	1,542,617
Defense Health Agency	-	-	-	93,400	41,660
CALIFORNIA				26,400	
Camp Pendleton, California				26,400	
April 2019				26,400	-
Ambulatory Care Center Replacement		-		26,400	-
GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA	-	-	-	-	9,080
Guantanamo Bay Naval Station	-	-	-	-	9,080
September 2019	-	-	-	-	9,080
Working Dog Treatment Facility Replacement	-	-	-	-	9,080
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	58,700	32,580
Camp Lejeune, North Carolina	-	-	-	58,700	-
March 2019	-	-	-	43,400	-
Ambulatory Care Center/Dental Clinic Ambulatory Care Center/Dental Clinic	-	-	-	22,000	-
January 2020	-	-	-	21,400	-
Ambulatory Care Center Addition/Alteration	-	-	-	15,300	-
New River	-	-	-	15,300	- 32.580
September 2019					32,580
Amb Care Center/Dental Clinic Replacement	-	-	-	-	32,580
TEXAS				8,300	52,500
Fort Bliss	-			8,300	_
July 2019		-		8,300	
Blood Processing Center			-	8,300	
Defense Logistics Agency		17,700		157,100	250,800
ALASKA		-	-	-	14,000
Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	-	-	-	-	14,000
July 2019		-	-	-	14,000
Operations Facility Replacement	-	-	-	-	14,000
ARKANSAS	-	-	-	-	14,000
Little Rock AFB	-	-	-	-	14,000
September 2019			-	-	14,000
Hydrant Fuel System Alterations	-	-	-	-	14,000
CALIFORNIA	_	10,700	_	_	18,800
Defense Distribution Depot-Tracy		-			18,800
November 2019					18,800
Main Access Control Point Upgrades				_	18,800
Fresno Yosemite IAP ANG		10,700			-
September 2019	-	10,700		-	_
Replace Fuel Storage and Distrib. Facilities	<u> </u>	10,700	-	-	-
ITALY	-	-	-	22,400	-
Sigonella	-	-	-	22,400	-

Dowlabela	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enaciment	Enaciment	Enactment	Enactment 22,400	Enactment
May 2019 Construct Hydrant System	-	-	-	22,400	-
JAPAN	-	-	-	30,800	- 54,600
lwakuni	-	-	-	30,800	33,200
September 2019		-	-		33,200
Fuel Pier				-	33,200
January 2020		-		30,800	-
Construct Bulk Storage Tanks PH 1		-		30,800	
Kadena AB	-	-	-	-	21,400
June 2020		-	-		21,400
Truck Unload Facilities	-	-	-	-	21,400
MAINE	-	-	-	-	11,600
Kittery	-	_	-	-	11,600
May 2019		-	-	-	11,600
Consolidated Warehouse Replacement	-	-	-	-	11,600
NEW JERSEY	-	-	-	-	10,200
Joint Base Mcguire-Dix-Lakehurst	-	-	-	-	10,200
May 2019		-	-	-	10,200
Hot Cargo Hydrant System Replacement	-	-	-	-	10,200
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	20,000	-
Seymour Johnson AFB		_	_	20,000	_
May 2019			-	20,000	-
Construct Tanker Truck Delivery System				20,000	-
OKLAHOMA			-	20,000	7,000
Mcalester		-		-	7,000
November 2019	-	-	-	-	7,000
Bulk Diesel System Replacement	-	-	-	-	7,000
OREGON	-	2,500	-	-	7,000
Klamath Falls IAP	-		-		-
	-	2,500	-	-	-
January 2020	-	2,500	-	-	-
Replace Fuel Facilities	-	2,500	-	-	-
SOUTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	22,900	-
Shaw AFB	-	-	-	22,900	-
March 2019	-	-	-	22,900	-
Consolidate Fuel Facilities	-	-	-	22,900	-
TEXAS	-	-	-	-	81,700
Joint Base San Antonio	-	-	-	-	10,200
April 2019	-	-	-	-	10,200
Energy Aerospace Operations Facility	-	-	-	-	10,200
Red River Army Depot	-	-	-	-	71,500
April 2019	-	-	-	-	71,500
General Purpose Warehouse	-	-	-	-	71,500
UTAH	-	-	-	20,000	-
Hill AFB	-	-	-	20,000	-
March 2019	-	-	-	20,000	-
Replace POL Facilities	-	-	-	20,000	-
VIRGINIA	-	4,500	-	41,000	12,700
Fort Belvoir	-	4,500	-	-	-
May 2019	-	4,500	-	-	-
Replace Ground Vehicle Fueling Facility	-	4,500	-	-	-
Joint Base Langley-Eustis	-	-	-	-	12,700
June 2019	-	-	-	-	12,700
Fuel Facilities Replacement	-	-	-	-	6,900
Ground Vehicle Fueling Facility Replacement	-	-	-	-	5,800
Norfolk	-	-	-	18,500	-
January 2020	-	-	-	18,500	-
Replace Hazardous Materials Warehouse	-	-	-	18,500	-
Portsmouth	-	-	-	22,500	-
January 2020	-	-	-	22,500	-
Replace Harardous Materials Warehouse	-	-	-	22,500	-
WASHINGTON	-	-	-	-	26,200
Joint Base Lewis-Mcchord	-	-	-	-	26,200
August 2019	-	-	-	-	26,200
Refueling Facility	-	-	-	-	26,200
Department of Defense Education Agency	137,101	47,620	116,645	249,227	367,793
BELGIUM	-	-	-	-	14,305

David also	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels Chievres AB	Enactment		Enactment	Enaciment	Enactment 14,305
September 2020	-	-		-	14,305
Europe West District Superintendent's Office	-	-	-	-	14,305
GERMANY	-	14,676	45,221	125,750	156,003
Garmisch	-	14,676	-	-	-
March 2019	-	14,676	-	-	-
Garmisch E/MS-Addition/Modernization	-	14,676	-	-	-
Kaiserlautern AB	-	-	45,221	-	99,955
April 2019	-	-	-	-	99,955
Kaiserslautern Middle School	-	-	-	-	99,955
December 2019	-	-	45,221	-	-
Sembach Elementary/Middle School Replacement	-	-	45,221	-	-
Spangdahlem AB	-	-	-	79,141	-
March 2020	-	-	-	79,141	-
Spangdahlem Elementary School Replacement	-	-	-	79,141	-
Stuttgart June 2022		-	-	46,609 46,609	-
Robinson Barracks Elem. School Replacement	-	-	-	46,609	-
Weisbaden		_		+0,003	56,048
December 2022		-	-	-	56,048
Clay Kaserne Elementary School	-	-	-	-	56,048
ITALY	-	-	-	62,406	-
Vicenza	-	-	-	62,406	-
September 2019	-	-	-	62,406	-
Vicenza High School Replacement	-	-	-	62,406	-
JAPAN	137,101	-	-	-	134,851
Camp Mctureous	-	-	-	-	94,851
April 2020	-	-	-	-	94,851
Bechtel Elementary School	-	-	-	-	94,851
Okinawa	99,420	-	-	-	-
cancelling	99,420	-	-	-	-
Kubasaki High School Replacement/Renovation	99,420	-	-	-	-
Sasebo	37,681	-	-	-	-
September 2019	37,681	-	-	-	-
E.J. King High School Replacement/Renovation	37,681	-	-	-	-
Yokosuka September 2019	-	-	-	-	40,000 40,000
Kinnick High School Inc 1	-	-	-	-	40,000
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	62,634
Fort Campbell, Kentucky		-	_		62,634
February 2020	-	-	-	-	62,634
Ft Campbell Middle School	-	-	-	-	62,634
NORTH CAROLINA	-	32,944	-	-	-
Fort Bragg	-	32,944	-	-	-
cancelling	-	32,944	-	-	-
Butner Elementary School Replacement	-	32,944	-	-	-
PUERTO RICO	-	-	-	61,071	-
Punta Borinquen	-	-	-	61,071	-
December 2019	-	-	-	61,071	-
Ramey Unit School Replacement	-	-	-	61,071	-
UNITED KINGDOM	-	-	71,424	-	-
Croughton RAF	-	-	71,424	-	-
January 2020	-	-	71,424	-	-
Croughton Elem/Middle/High School Replacement	-	-	71,424	-	-
Missile Defense Agency	-	-	-	-	182,000
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	182,000
Clear AFS March 2019	-	-	-	-	<u>174,000</u> 174,000
Long Range Discrim Radar Sys Complex Ph2	-	-	-	-	174,000
Fort Greely	-	-			8,000
January 2021	-	-	-	-	8,000
Missile Field #1 Expansion	-	-	-	-	8,000
National Geospatial Intelligence Agency	-	-	-	- 200,000	291,000
MISSOURI	-	-		200,000	291,000
St Louis	-	-	-	200,000	291,000
March 2019	-	-	-	200,000	291,000
				,	,

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment		Enactment
Next NGA West (N2W) Complex Phase 1 INC	-	-	-	200,000	181,000
Next NGA West (N2W) Complex Phase 2 INC National Security Agency	-	-	- 21,000	- 11,000	110,000 90,000
MARYLAND	-	-	21,000	-	30,000
Fort Meade	-	-	21,000	-	30,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	30,000
Mission Support Operations Warehouse Facility	-	-	-	-	30,000
October 2019	-	-	21,000	-	-
Access Control Facility	-	-	21,000	-	-
QATAR	-	-	-	-	60,000
Al Udeid, Qatar	-	-	-	-	60,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	60,000
OCO: Trans-Regional Logistics Complex	-	-	-	-	60,000
	-	-	-	11,000	-
Menwith Hill Station February 2020	-	-	-	<u>11,000</u> 11,000	-
RAFMH Main Gate Rehabilitation	-	-	-	11,000	-
U.S., Special Operations Command	-	-	- 180,061	247,266	283,514
CALIFORNIA		-	- 100,001	113,319	83,684
Camp Pendleton, California				17,242	12,596
April 2019				-	9,049
SOF Human Performance Training Center-West	<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>		9,049
May 2019	_	_		7,284	-
SOF Motor Transport Facility Expansion	-	-	-	7,284	-
September 2019	-	-	-	9,958	3,547
SOF EOD Facility - West	-	-	-		3,547
SOF Marine Battalion Company/Team Facilities	-	-	-	<mark>9,958</mark>	
Coronado				96,077	71,088
June 2019					58,320
SOF ATC Applied Instruction Facility					14,819
SOF ATC Training Facility					18,329
SOF NSWG-1 Operations Support Facility					25,172
August 2019 SOF Close Quarters Combat Facility	<u>7</u>		<u>Z</u>		12,768 12,768
September 2019				96,077	-
SOF Basic Training Command	<u>Z</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	96,077	
COLORADO	-	-		-	24,297
Fort Carson, Colorado	-	-	-	-	24,297
April 2019	-	-	-	-	24,297
SOF Human Performance Training Center	-	-	-	-	15,297
SOF Mountaineering Facility	-	-	-	-	9,000
CONUS CLASSIFIED	-	-	-	-	49,222
Classified Location	-	-	-	-	49,222
September 2019	-	-	-	-	49,222
Battalion Complex, PH2	-	-	-	-	49,222
Estonia	-	-	-	-	15,700
Unspecified Estonia	-	-	-	-	15,700
December 2020	-	-	-	-	15,700
EDI: SOF Operations Facility EDI: SOF Training Facility	-	-	-	-	6,100 9,600
FLORIDA	-	-	-	- 39,700	9,000
Eglin AFB		-		5,000	_
June 2019	-	-	-	5,000	-
SOF Simulator Facility	-	-	-	5,000	-
Hurlburt Field	-	-	-	34,700	-
June 2019	-	-	-	34,700	-
SOF Combat Aircraft Parking Apron	-	-	-	34,700	-
GERMANY	-	-	-	-	11,504
Baumholder	-	-	-	-	11,504
April 2021	-	-	-	-	11,504
SOF Joint Parachute Rigging Facility	-	-	-	-	11,504
JAPAN	-	-	169,156	62,908	-
Kadena AB	-	-	55,425	3,972	-
June 2019	-	-	12,602	-	-
SOF Simulator Facility (MC-130)	-	-	12,602	-	-
May 2020	-	-	42,823	3,972	-

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment		Enactment
SOF Maintenance Hangar	-	-	42,823	3,972	-
Torri Commo Station	-	-	-	25,323	-
April 2019	-	-	-	25,323	-
SOF Tactical Equipment Maintenance Fac	-	-	-	25,323	-
Yokota AB	-	-	113,731	33,613	-
August 2019	-	-	47,555	12,989	-
Airfield Apron	-	-	41,294	10,800	-
Simulator Facility	-	-	6,261	2,189	-
December 2019	-	-	66,176	20,624	-
Hangar/Aircraft Maintenance Unit	-	-	-	12,034	-
Hangar/AMU	-	-	39,466	-	-
Operations and Warehouse Facilities	-	-	26,710	8,590	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	-	19,664
Fort Campbell, Kentucky	-	-	-	-	19,664
March 2019	-	-	-	-	19,664
SOF Air/Ground Integ. Urban Live Fire Range	-	-	-	-	9,091
SOF Logistics Support Operations Facility	-	-	-	-	5,435
SOF Multi-Use Helicopter Training Facility NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	-	5,138
	-	-	10,905	31,339	32,366
Camp Lejeune, North Carolina	-	-	-	31,339	-
May 2019	-	-	-	31,339	-
SOF Human Performance Training Center	-	-	-	10,800	-
SOF Motor Transport Maintenance Expansion	-	-	-	20,539	-
Fort Bragg	-	-	10,905	-	32,366
April 2019	-	-	10,905	-	-
SOF Combat Medic Training Facility	-	-	10,905	-	-
July 2019	-	-	-	-	12,109
SOF Replace Training Maze and Tower	-	-	-	-	12,109
September 2019	-	-	-	-	20,257
SOF SERE Resistance Training Lab. Complex	-	-	-	-	20,257
VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	47,077
Dam Neck June 2019	-	-	-	-	8,959 8,959
SOF Magazines	-	-	-	-	8,959
Fort A.P. Hill	-	-	-	-	11,734
September 2019	-	-	-	-	11,734
Training Campus	-	-	-	-	11,734
Fort Belvoir	-	-	-	-	6,127
August 2019	-				6,127
Human Performance Training Center					6,127
Humphreys Engineer Center		_	-	-	20,257
September 2019	-	-		-	20,257
Maintenance and Supply Facility	-	-	-	-	20,257
Washington Headquarters Services	15,100	_	20,216	50,100	35,850
VIRGINIA	15,100	-	20,216	50,100	35,850
Pentagon	15,100	-	20,216	50,100	35,850
cancelling	-	-	12,111	-	-
Pentagon Metro Entrance Facility	-	-	12,111	-	-
March 2019	15,100	-	-	8,140	-
Pentagon Corr 8 Pedestrian Access Control Pt	-	-	-	8,140	-
Redundant Chilled Water Loop	15,100	-	-	-	-
April 2019	-	-	-	28,700	-
S.E. Safety Traffic and Parking Improvements	-	-	-	28,700	-
June 2019	-	-	8,105	13,260	-
Security Updates	-	-	-	13,260	-
Upgrade IT Facilities Infrastructure-RRMC	-	-	8,105	-	-
July 2019	-	-	-	-	12,200
North Village VACP & Fencing	-	-	-	-	12,200
November 2019	-	-	-	-	23,650
Exterior Infrastruc. & Security Improvements	-	-	-	-	23,650
Mil. Con., Army National Guard	-	-	-	480,875	93,400
Department of the Army	-	-	-	480,875	93,400
ALASKA	-	-	-	-	27,000
Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	-	-	-	-	27,000
March 2019	-	-	-	-	27,000
United States Property & Fiscal Office	-	-	-	-	27,000

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	
ILLINOIS	-	-	-	-	5,000
Marseilles	-	-	-	-	5,000
August 2019	-	-	-	-	5,000
Automated Record Fire Range	-	-	-	-	5,000
NORTH DAKOTA	-	-	-	-	32,000
Fargo	-	-	-	-	32,000
March 2019	-	-	-	-	32,000
National Guard Readiness Center	-	-	-	-	32,000
OHIO	-	-	-	-	7,400
Camp Ravenna	-	-	-	-	7,400
August 2019	-	-	-	-	7,400
Automated Multipurpose Machine Gun (MPMG) Ran	-	-	-	-	7,400
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	-	11,000
Lexington	-	-	-	-	11,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	11,000
Aircraft Vehicle Storage Building	-	-	-	-	11,000
OREGON	-	-	-	-	11,000
Boardman	-	-	-	-	11,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	11,000
Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Hangar	-	-	-	-	11,000
PUERTO RICO	-	-	-	453,500	-
Arroyo	-	-	-	30,000	-
January 2021	-	-	-	30,000	-
Readiness Center	-	-	-	30,000	-
Camp Santiago	-	-	-	331,500	-
September 2020	-	-	-	159,500	-
Engineering/Housing Maintenance Shops (DPW)	-	-	-	11,000	-
Maneuver Area Training Equipment Site	-	-	-	80,000	-
National Guard Readiness Center	-	-	-	50,000	-
Power Substation/Switching Station Building	-	-	-	18,500	-
March 2021	-	-	-	172,000	-
Company Headquarters Bldg -Transient Training	-	-	-	47,000	-
Dining Facility, Transient Training	-	-	-	13,000	-
Enlisted Barracks, Transient Training	-	-	-	112,000	-
Gurabo	-	-	-	28,000	-
January 2021	-	-	-	28,000	-
Vehicle Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	28,000	-
San Juan	-	-	-	64,000	-
January 2021	-	-	-	64,000	-
Aircraft Maintenance Hangar (AASF)	-	-	-	64,000	-
VIRGIN ISLANDS	-	-	-	27,375	-
St. Croix	-	-	-	23,500	-
September 2020	-	-	-	3,500	-
Power Substation/Switching Station Building	-	-	-	3,500	-
January 2021	-	-	-	20,000	-
Vehicle Maintenance Shop	-	-	-	20,000	-
St. Thomas	-	-	-	3,875	-
September 2020	-	-	-	3,875	-
National Guard Vehicle Maintenance Shop Add/A	-	-	-	3,875	-
Mil. Con., Air National Guard		5,100	34,600	136,300	141,000
Department of the Air Force	-	5,100	34,600	136,300	141,000
CALIFORNIA	-	-	-	-	8,000
Channel Islands ANGS	-	-	-	-	8,000
July 2020	-	-	-	-	8,000
Construct C-130J Flight Simulator Facility	-	-	-	-	8,000
COLORADO	-	5,100	-	8,000	-
Buckley Air Force Base	-	5,100	-	-	-
June 2019	-	5,100	-	-	-
ASE Maintenance and Storage Facility	-	5,100	-	-	-
Peterson AFB	-	-	-	8,000	-
September 2020	-	-	-	8,000	-
Space Control Facility	-	-	-	8,000	-
HAWAII	-	-	-	-	17,000
Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	-	-	-	-	17,000
July 2019	-	-	-	-	17,000
Construct Addition to F-22 LO/CRF B3408	-	-	-	-	17,000
					,

Dowlabela	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enaciment	Enaciment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment 9,000
Greater Peoria Regional Airport	-	-	-	-	9,000
September 2019				-	9,000
Construct New Fire Crash/Rescue Station				-	9,000
INDIANA				8,000	5,000
Hulman Regional Airport	_	-	-	8,000	-
February 2020	-	-	-	8,000	-
Construct Small Arms Range	-	-	-	8,000	-
KENTUCKY	-	-	-	9,000	-
Louisville IAP	-	-	-	9,000	-
May 2019	-	-	-	9,000	-
Add/Alter Response Forces Facility	-	-	-	9,000	-
LOUISIANA	-	-	-	-	39,000
Joint Reserve Base New Orleans	-	-	-	-	39,000
43.831	-	-	-	-	39,000
NORTHCOM - Construct Alert Apron	-	-	-	-	15,000
NORTHCOM - Construct Alert Facilities	-	-	-	-	24,000
MARYLAND	-	-	5,000	-	-
Joint Base Andrews	-	-	5,000	-	-
May 2019	-	-	5,000	-	-
Munitions Load Crew Training	-	-	5,000	-	-
MINNESOTA	-	-	-	-	8,000
Duluth IAP	-	-	-	-	8,000
July 2019	-	-	-	-	8,000
Construct Small Arms Range	-	-	-	-	8,000
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	8,000	-
Jackson IAP	-	-	-	8,000	-
August 2020	-	-	-	8,000	-
Construct Small Arms Range	-	-	-	8,000	-
MISSOURI	-	-	-	10,000	-
Rosecrans Memorial Airport	-	-		10,000	-
November 2019	-	-	-	10,000	-
Replace Communications Facility	-	-	-	10,000	-
MONTANA	-	-	-	-	9,000
Great Falls IAP	-	-	-	-	9,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	9,000
Construct Aircraft Apron	-	-	-	-	9,000
NEW YORK	-	-	-	6,800	20,000
Francis S. Gabreski Airport	-	-	-	-	20,000
June 2019	-	-	-	-	20,000
Security Forces/Comm.Training Facility	-	-	-	-	20,000
Hancock Field	-	-	-	6,800	-
July 2019	-	-	-	6,800	-
Add To Flight Training Unit, Building 641	-	-	-	6,800	-
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	29,600	-	-
Charlotte/Douglas IAP	-	-	29,600	-	-
March 2019	-	-	29,600	-	-
C-17 Corrosion Control & Fuel Cell Hgr	-	-	29,600	-	-
OHIO Mansfield Lahm Airport	-	-	-	15,000	13,000 13,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	
Replace Fire Station	-	-	-	-	13,000 13,000
	-	-	-		-
Toledo Express Airport	-	-	-	15,000	
April 2019	-	-	-	15,000	-
NORTHCOM - Construct Alert Hangar	-	-	-	15,000	-
OKLAHOMA	-	-	-	8,000	-
Tulsa lap	-	-	-	8,000	-
May 2020	-	-	-	8,000	-
Construct Small Arms Range	-	-	-	8,000	-
OREGON	-	-	-	18,500	-
Klamath Falls IAP	-	-	-	18,500	-
February 2019	-	-	-	10,500	-
Construct Corrosion Control Hangar	-	-	-	10,500	-
February 2020	-	-	-	8,000	-
Construct Indoor Range PENNSYLVANIA	-	-	-	8,000	- 8,000
FLININGTLVAINIA	-	-	-	-	6,000

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment		Enactment	Enactment	Enactment
Fort Indiantown Gap November 2019	-	-	-	-	8,000 8,000
Replace Operations Training/Dining Hall	-	-	-	-	8,000
SOUTH DAKOTA				12,000	0,000
Joe Foss Field	-	-	-	12,000	-
June 2019	-	-	-	12,000	-
Aircraft Maintenance Shops	-	-	-	12,000	-
TENNESSEE	-	-	-	25,000	-
Mcghee-Tyson Airport	-	-	-	25,000	-
May 2019	-	-	-	25,000	-
Replace KC-135 Maintenance Hangar and Shops	-	-	-	25,000	-
VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	10,000
Joint Base Langley-Eustis	-	-	-	-	10,000
January 2020	-	-	-	-	10,000
Construct Cyber Ops Facility WISCONSIN	-	-	-	- 8,000	10,000
Truax Field	-	-	-	8,000	-
March 2020	-	-	-	8,000	-
Construct Small Arms Range	-	-	-	8,000	-
Mil. Con., Army Reserve	-	14,300	-	42,400	46,000
Department of the Army	-	14,300	-	42,400	46,000
MISSISSIPPI	-	9,300	-	-	-
Starkville	-	9,300	-	-	-
August 2019	-	9,300	-	-	-
Army Reserve Center	-	9,300	-	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	-	5,000	-	-	-
Conneaut Lake	-	5,000	-	-	-
April 2019	-	5,000	-	-	-
DAR Highway Improvement	-	5,000	-	-	-
PUERTO RICO	-	-	-	42,400	-
Aguadilla	-	-	-	14,400	-
April 2019	-	-	-	14,400	-
Army Reserve Center	-	-	-	14,400	-
Fort Buchanan September 2019	-	-	-	28,000 28,000	-
Army Reserve Center	-	-	-	28,000	-
WASHINGTON				-	23,000
Yakima		_	_	-	23,000
December 2019	-	-	-	-	23,000
ECS Modified TEMF	-	-	-	-	23,000
WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	23,000
Fort Mccoy	-	-	-	-	23,000
January 2020	-	-	-	-	23,000
Transient Training Barracks	-	-	-	-	23,000
Mil. Con., Naval Reserve	17,650	18,443	19,621	17,330	13,630
Department of the Navy	17,650	18,443	19,621	17,330	13,630
CALIFORNIA				17,330	
Lemoore				17,330	
March 2019				17,330	
Naval Operational Support Center, NAS Lemoore	-		-	17,330	-
GEORGIA Benning	-	-	-	-	13,630 13,630
August 2019	-	-	-	-	13,630
Reserve Training Center	-	-		-	13,630
LOUISIANA			11,207		13,030
New Orleans	-	-	11,207	-	-
January 2020	-	-	11,207	-	-
Joint Reserve Intelligence Center	-	-	11,207	-	-
PENNSYLVANIA	17,650	-	-	-	-
Pittsburgh	17,650	-	-	-	-
September 2019	17,650	-	-	-	-
Reserve Training Center - Pittsburgh, PA	17,650	-	-	-	-
TEXAS	-	-	8,414	-	-
Galveston	-	-	8,414	-	-
March 2019	-	-	8,414	-	-
Reserve Center Annex	-	-	8,414	-	-

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Row Labels	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment	Enactment
VIRGINIA	-	18,443	-	-	-
Dam Neck	-	18,443	-	-	-
September 2019	-	18,443	-	-	-
Reserve Training Center Complex	-	18,443	-	-	-
Mil. Con., Air Force Reserve	-	-	-	59,100	115,450
Department of the Air Force	-	-	-	59,100	115,450
FLORIDA	-	-	-	-	24,000
Patrick AFB	-	-	-	-	24,000
September 2019	-	-	-	-	24,000
HC-130J General Maintenance Hangar	-	-	-	-	24,000
GEORGIA	-	-	-	32,000	-
Robins AFB	-	-	-	32,000	-
July 2019	-	-	-	32,000	-
Consolidated Mission Complex Phase 2	-	-	-	32,000	-
GUAM	-	-	-	5,200	-
Joint Region Marianas	-	-	-	5,200	_
July 2019	-	-		5,200	-
Reserve Medical Training Facility				5,200	
HAWAII				5,500	
Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	-	-	-	5,500	-
September 2020	-			5,500	-
	-		-		-
Consolidated Training Facility	-	-	-	5,500	-
	-	-	-	-	21,500
Grissom ARB	-	-	-	-	21,500
August 2019	-	-	-	-	21,500
Add/Alter Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	-	-	-	-	12,100
Aerial Port Facility	-	-	-	-	9,400
MASSACHUSETTS	-	-	-	10,000	42,600
Westover ARB	-	-	-	10,000	42,600
July 2019	-	-	-	10,000	-
Indoor Small Arms Range	-	-	-	10,000	-
September 2019	-	-	-	-	42,600
Regional ISO Maintenance Hangar	-	-	-	-	42,600
MISSISSIPPI	-	-	-	-	4,550
Keesler AFB	-	-	-	-	4,550
August 2019	-	-	-	-	4,550
Aeromedical Staging Squadron Facility	-	-	-	-	4,550
NEW YORK	-	-	-	-	14,000
Niagara Falls IAP	-	-	-	-	14,000
July 2019	-	-	-	-	14,000
Physical Fitness Center	-	-	-	-	14,000
NORTH CAROLINA	-	-	-	6,400	-
Seymour Johnson AFB	-	-	-	6,400	-
April 2020	-	-	-	6,400	-
KC-46A ADAL for Alt Mission Storage	-	-	-	6,400	-
OHIO	-	-	-	-	8,800
Youngstown Map	-	-	-	-	8,800
September 2019	-	-	-	-	8,800
Relocate Main Gate	-	_	_		8,800
Grand Total	190,351	345,413	- 1,277,935	4,258,700	6,799,964
	130,331	5-5,413	1,211,355	-+,200,700	0,100,004

EXHIBIT 53

WILLIAM STATE		THINK IN THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF
	The Legislature	TARALLY
	of the	In the second
	State of New Mexico	INTERESTORY
AND LANKING	Legislature,Session	
UTIMU	LAWS	BABABA
	CHAPTER 92 SENATE BILL 228, as amended	
INTERESTICATION OF THE OWNER OF T	Introduced by SENATOR MIMI STEWART REPRESENTATIVE JOANNE J. FERRARY REPRESENTATIVE GEORGENE LOUIS	
THE STATUTE STATEMENT AND	THE STORE	11202112) 251313136 1121311111213255

PTER AN ACT

RELATING TO WILDLIFE; ENACTING THE WILDLIFE CORRIDORS ACT; IDENTIFYING AND PROTECTING WILDLIFE CORRIDORS; REQUIRING A WILDLIFE CORRIDORS ACTION PLAN TO BE CREATED THAT PROVIDES COMPREHENSIVE GUIDANCE TO STATE AGENCIES FOR IDENTIFYING, PRIORITIZING AND MAINTAINING IMPORTANT AREAS FOR WILDLIFE MOVEMENT; PROVIDING POWERS AND DUTIES; DIRECTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF A LIST OF PRIORITY PROJECTS BASED ON THE ACTION PLAN.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.--This act may be cited as the "Wildlife Corridors Act".

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the WildlifeCorridors Act:

A. "human-caused barrier" means a road, culvert, commercial or residential development or other human-made structure that has the potential to affect the natural movement of wildlife across the landscape;

B. "large mammal" includes mule deer, elk, pronghorn antelope, bighorn sheep, black bear and mountain lions;

C. "species of concern" means a wildlife species
identified by the department of game and fish as being
adversely affected by habitat fragmentation exacerbated by

human-caused barriers and the high potential of wildlife-vehicle collisions; and

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D. "wildlife corridors" means those areas used routinely by wildlife to travel through their habitat and includes corridors used by migrating wildlife.

SECTION 3. WILDLIFE CORRIDORS ACTION PLAN--CREATION--DEPARTMENT COORDINATION.--

A. The department of game and fish, in coordination with the department of transportation, shall create a state "wildlife corridors action plan".

B. The wildlife corridors action plan shall contain:

(1) identification of existing highway crossings that pose a risk to successful wildlife migration or that pose a risk to the traveling public because large mammals use the crossing;

(2) identification of other human-causedbarriers, especially road segments that negatively affectwildlife habitat and movement;

(3) information about the habitat and
movement needs of species of concern with particular
attention to large mammals or other species that pose a risk
to the traveling public;

 (4) projections of anticipated effects that
 drought and other stressors will have on wildlife habitat, SB 228 Page 2

1 dispersal and movement; 2 (5) information about the habitat quality 3 needed to support and maintain viable populations of 4 wildlife; 5 information about how increased movement (6)of species could benefit overused and highly impacted habitat 6 7 areas; (7) maps that identify locations of: 8 9 (a) existing populations of species of 10 greatest concern; 11 (b) existing wildlife crossings; and areas requiring additional 12 (c) 13 monitoring or research; 14 (8) protocols for post-completion monitoring 15 of wildlife corridors projects in order to assess their 16 effectiveness in establishing, maintaining and promoting 17 wildlife movements; (9) economic benefits anticipated from 18 preserving wildlife movement patterns, including the 19 potential impact of reduced wildlife-vehicle collisions; 20 21 (10) opportunities to collaborate with and 22 enter into joint powers agreements as provided in the Joint Powers Agreements Act as necessary with New Mexico Indian 23 24 nations, tribes or pueblos; relevant agencies or Indian 25 nations, tribes or pueblos in neighboring states; and

relevant federal agencies to protect wildlife corridors that cross state or tribal lines;

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(11) the wildlife corridors project list; and

(12) additional information that the department of game and fish and the department of transportation deem necessary and appropriate to carry out the intent and purposes of the Wildlife Corridors Act.

C. The department of game and fish and the department of transportation shall consult with and actively seek the involvement of tribal governments in the development of the wildlife corridors action plan.

D. The initial wildlife corridors action plan shall be:

(1) open for public comment before being finalized; provided that, once finalized, the department of game and fish and the department of transportation shall publish the initial action plan on their websites and shall submit the action plan to the governor and the legislature on or before January 15, 2020; and

(2) updated at least every ten years and may be amended prior to a full update as new research and data become available or changes in conditions affecting wildlife and wildlife-human interactions arise.

E. The wildlife corridors action plan or the

provisions of the Wildlife Corridors Act do not apply to private property or private property owners, unless private property owners choose to participate voluntarily.

SECTION 4. PRIORITIZED WILDLIFE CORRIDORS PROJECT LIST--PUBLICATION.--

A. As part of the wildlife corridors action plan, the department of game and fish and the department of transportation shall publish a prioritized "wildlife corridors project list" of projects to be undertaken.

B. The department of game and fish and the department of transportation shall prioritize projects within the wildlife corridors project list by assessing the following criteria, listed in order of importance:

(1) the potential to reduce wildlife-vehicle collision and enhance safety to the traveling public;

(2) the relative current population size of select large mammal species and species of concern or the value of proposed infrastructure that will improve wildlife corridors;

(3) the feasibility and constructability of wildlife corridors infrastructure;

(4) the potential costs and economics of wildlife corridors infrastructure, including benefits or other effects on local communities;

> (5) local community support for proposed SB 228 Page 5

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wildlife corridors infrastructure;

(6) the value of the project to native large mammals and other native species; and

(7) surrounding land-use and ownership, especially tribal lands, and an evaluation of the need for conservation easements or other real estate instrument necessary to maintain the viability of a proposed wildlife corridor.

C. On an annual basis following the issuance of the first wildlife corridors project list, the department of game and fish and the department of transportation shall issue a report to the governor and the legislature stating the progress toward completing the enumerated projects as of the current fiscal year. The report shall represent progress toward completion of a project as a percentage, with a corresponding explanation for the represented number and plans for future progress._______ SB 2

~ C. Moule

Howie C. Morales, President Senate

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Lenore M. Naranjo, Chief Clerk D Senate

Brian Egolf, Speaker

House of Representatives

Ortiz McCutcheon, Chief Clerk

Lisa M. Ortiz McCutcheon, Chief Clerk House of Representatives

Approved by me this 28 day of March, 2019

Governor Michelle Lujan Grisham State of New Mexico