1	John A. Stottlemire 33103 Lake Garrison Street			
2	Fremont, CA 94555 Telephone: (614) 358-4185			
3	Email: jstottl@comcast.net Defendant, <i>pro se</i>			
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5	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
6	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
7	SAN JOSE DIVISION			
8	COUPONS, INC., a California corporation	Case No. 5:07-CV-03457 HRL		
9		MOTION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE		
10	Plaintiff,	RELIEF PURSUANT TO CIVIL L.R. 7-11		
11	V.	REQUESTING THAT THE COURT SET A STATUS CONFERENCE FOR		
12	JOHN STOTTLEMIRE	DECEMBER 16, 2008 OR AS SOON THEREAFTER AS IS POSSIBLE		
13	Defendant.	Courtroom: 2, 5 th Floor		
14		Judge: Hon. Howard R. Lloyd		
15				
16	I. <u>REQUESTED RELIEF</u>			
17	Pursuant to Civil L.R. 7-11, John Stottlemire ("Stottlemire") respectfully requests that the			
18	Court set a status conference on December 16, 2008 or as soon thereafter as is practicable.			
19	Stottlemire requests a status conference to discuss and resolve existing breakdown of			
20	communication between Coupons, Inc. ("CI") and Stottlemire.			
21	The existing breakdown of communication that requires resolution is as follows: On			
22	November 13, 2008 CI and Stottlemire entered into a Memorandum of Settlement. As a result of			
23	the Memorandum of Settlement, the press has published information which CI believes is based			
24	upon a breach of the Memorandum of Settlement by Stottlemire. Consequently, CI has stated to			
25	Stottlemire they have no intention of executing a more detailed settlement agreement and they			
26	will not file the notice of dismissal.			
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II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

On November 13, 2008 CI and Stottlemire participated in Early Neutral Evaluation. As a
result of Early Neutral Evaluation, CI and Stottlemire signed a Memorandum of Settlement which
holds, in part, that the terms of the settlement will remain confidential.

On November 14, 2008 CI sent a letter to the Court to inform the Court that CI and
Stottlemire have signed a Memorandum of Settlement and that CI and Stottlemire plan to execute
a more detailed settlement agreement shortly. This letter is currently on the docket and available
for the public to view.

9 On November 17, 2008 CI emailed two documents to Stottlemire. One of these
10 documents is entitled "Stipulation for Dismissal with Prejudice Pursuant to Settlement
11 Agreement" ("Stipulation"). CI has made no indication that the Stipulation would be filed under
12 seal and considering the contents of the Stipulation it is doubtful the Court would allow the
13 document to be filed under seal.

14 On November 19, 2008 the agreed upon language for the documents pertaining to 15 settlement were received by Stottlemire. In CI's communication to Stottlemire, CI stated that as 16 soon as CI received Stottlemire's signature they would file the Stipulation. CI has always given 17 Stottlemire the impression that the Stipulation would be filed through the Court's ECF and no 18 signature was every requested of Stottlemire on the Stipulation so that the Stipulation could be 19 filed manually. 20 On November 19, 2008 Stottlemire posted a comment to his blog which states: 21 "Coupons, Inc. dismisses with prejudice. As long as Coupons, Inc. complies with

- 22 Coupons, Inc. distinsses with prejudice. As long as Coupons, Inc. complex with the confidential settlement agreement, the action against me will be dismissed with prejudice. Dismissal with prejudice means that Coupons, Inc. will be unable to file this action again. The letter Coupons, Inc. sent to the Court to confirm the above can be viewed here: Link (PDF)"
- Any visitor to Stottlemire's blog who clicked on the word "Link" would have seen the letter CIfiled with the Court on November 14, 2008.
- 26 On November 20, 2008, as a result of Stottlemire's blog posting, Wired Magazine
- 27 telephoned and emailed Stottlemire requesting Stottlemire release a statement in regards to the
- 28 planned settlement agreement. Stottlemire informed Wired Magazine that the terms of the

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1	settlement are confidential and released a statement which did not disclose the terms of the			
2	settlement. Stottlemire's released statement was:			
3 4	"Without being represented by an attorney, I defended myself in Federal Court against a company who solicited the services of two separate law firms, and in my			
5	opinion I kicked their ass. By refusing to succumb to their bullying tactics, I continued to assert my innocence and fought the claims Coupons, Inc. filed against me. Eventually, terms were agreed upon that resulted in Coupons, Inc. dismissing			
6	the pending lawsuit. This entire experience leads me to believe that a self- represented litigant can defend himself in Federal Court."			
7	Consequently, Wired Magazine published an article and reported that Stottlemire "Defeat[ed the]			
8	DMCA Suit" Stottlemire made clear to Wired Magazine that the issues raised in the Complaint			
9	filed by CI against Stottlemire were unresolved and there has been no ruling from the Court on			
10	those issues and Wired Magazine reported that "Despite the settlement, the legal question at issue			
11	remains unsettled – whether Stottlemire's actions were unlawful under the DMCA."			
12	On November 21, 2008 CI's attorney, Neil Goteiner, emailed Stottlemire. He stated			
13	Stottlemire breached the confidentiality term of the settlement agreement. He said unless			
14	Stottlemire agreed to repair damage caused to CI by agreeing to a laundry list of statements that			
15	Stottlemire would agree to and publish, that CI would not file the notice of dismissal. The precise			
16	language of the statement would be drafted by CI and include, but not limited to, Stottlemire			
17	accepting liability for violations of the DMCA. CI then threatened Stottlemire and claimed CI			
18	would either have no choice but to "sue to enforce the settlement agreement and seek relief			
19	outlined above, looking to [Stottlemire] for the costs of such a law suit, or to withdraw from the			
20	settlement and proceed with the case." Stottlemire was given 48 hours to decide if he would			
21	agree to CI's new terms of settlement.			
22	On November 21, 2008 Stottlemire replied to CI's new demands and stated: "There has			
23	been no breach. The terms of the settlement agreement have not been disclosed."			
24	III. <u>DISCUSSION</u>			
25	CI and Stottlemire executed a Memorandum of Settlement during Early Neutral			
26	Evaluation on November 13, 2008. The Memorandum of Settlement provides in part that the			
27	terms of the Settlement would remain confidential. Five days after CI filed a public document			
28	with the Court claiming that the parties had executed the Memorandum of Settlement, Stottlemire			
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published on his website that CI will dismiss the action against Stottlemire with prejudice.
Stottlemire's statement is based upon a stipulation provided by CI which will be filed by the
parties and available to the public through the Court's docket, PACER and various websites that
republish the Court's docket. Stottlemire also stated that in his opinion he defeated two separate
law firms while making clear that the claims CI brought against Stottlemire were not ruled on by
the Court and that Stottlemire's liability under the DMCA was left unresolved.

CI's claims are misguided and have resulted in the parties not being able to communicate.
Failure to communicate prevents CI and Stottlemire from executing the Settlement Agreement the
parties agreed to during the ENE session. CI claims Stottlemire violated the confidential clause
of the Memorandum for Settlement for disclosing facts that CI had previously stated they would
file with the Court and allow the entire world to have access to. CI now claims Stottlemire is
required to repair damage to CI for CI to proceed with the Settlement Agreement.

13 A contract is an offer, an acceptance, and consideration. The offer and acceptance was in 14 the settlement agreement. The consideration – doing something which you would otherwise not 15 have to do – is spelled out in the Memorandum of Settlement signed by CI and Stottlemire. In the 16 Stipulation, CI offered to make public the "dismissal with prejudice" part of the agreement, and 17 with Stottlemire's signature, he agreed. The consideration is that both Stottlemire and CI can 18 now state publicly that the action ended as a result of dismissal with prejudice whereas, per the 19 agreement, neither Stottlemire nor CI could before. In refusing to sign and file the Stipulation, 20 CI has breached the agreement to settle.

21 IV. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

22

Stottlemire and CI have entered into an agreement, and thus a contract was formed.

23 Because of CI's revision of terms through the Stipulation, that constituted an alteration of the

24 contract. Stottlemire accepted the alteration with his signature.

Stottlemire respectfully requests that the Court schedule a status conference for December
16, 2008 or as soon thereafter as is practicable. As a part of the status conference, Stottlemire
respectfully asks the Court to enforce the contract and to order CI to sign the stipulation, as they
had promised.
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3	Dated: November 22, 2008		
4		/s/ John Stottlemire Defendant, pro se	
5		Defendant, pro se	
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