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United States District Court
For the Northern District of California

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE DIVISION

Securities and Exchange Commission,

NO. C07-06122 JW

Plaintiff,

**FINAL PRETRIAL
CONFERENCE ORDER - JURY TRIAL**

v.

Carl W. Jasper,

Defendant.

On March 22, 2010, the Court conducted a Final Pretrial Conference. Counsel for the respective parties were present. In light of the discussion at the conference, the Court orders as follows:

- (1) On or before **March 26, 2010**, the parties shall lodge with the Court all Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B) expert witness reports. Once the reports have been lodged, the Court will address the appropriate scope of the testimony of each expert witness that is in contention.
- (2) On or before **March 31, 2010**, the parties shall complete their deposition of witness James Long. The deposition shall be videotaped.
- (3) On or before **March 31, 2010**, the parties shall file a list of the exhibits they intend to use and a list of witnesses they intend to call at trial.
- (4) The Court GRANTS Plaintiff's request in part to extend the trial schedule. The Court adds two additional sessions for evidence presentation to the current trial schedule as follows:

TRIAL SCHEDULE

Jury Selection	April 6, 2010 at 9 a.m.
Session 1 Sessions 2-5	April 6, 2010; 1 p.m. - 4 p.m. April 7, 2010; 9 a.m. - 12 p.m., 1 p.m. - 4 p.m.
NO SESSION	April 9, 2010
Sessions 6-13 Sessions 14-17	April 13-16, 2010; 9 a.m. - 12 p.m., 1 p.m. - 4 p.m. April 20-21, 2010; 9 a.m. - 12 p.m., 1 p.m. - 4 p.m.
Argue & Submit	April 22, 2010 at 9 a.m.
Jury Deliberations	April 22-23, 2010; and April 26-28, 2010 as needed.

Jury Selection

1. The entire panel will be sworn. The Court will inform the panel of the nature and duration of the case and ask any panel member to identify himself or herself if, due to the nature or duration of the case or any physical or personal problem, service would impose an extreme hardship. The Court will examine panel members claiming hardship and issue appropriate excuses.

2. The Clerk will call the names of all prospective jurors. Fourteen jurors will be seated in the jury box, and the others will be seated in the courtroom in the order in which their names are called.

3. The Court will conduct voir dire of the prospective jurors, including any Court-approved questions which have been previously submitted by counsel.

4. After the Court has completed voir dire, counsel shall ask for permission to approach the bench to inform the Court if counsel wish to challenge a particular juror or jurors for cause. If counsel wish to challenge for cause, the Court will determine a procedure for hearing the challenge. If parties do not indicate a desire to make legal challenges, the jury panel is deemed passed for cause, and the parties will be allowed to exercise any peremptory challenges.

5. Parties are required to responsively indicate any peremptory challenges. In multiple party cases, counsel are directed to elect and designate one of their number as "lead" counsel for the purpose of exercising joint challenges. The first 8 prospective jurors remaining after exercise of

1 challenges shall be seated as jurors. If more than 8 jurors are to be chosen pursuant to Rule 48,
2 Fed.R.Civ.P., prior to jury selection, the Court will advise the parties of the number of jurors to be
3 chosen and the number of additional peremptory challenges to be allowed. For cases where eight (8)
4 jurors are impaneled, each side (individually or jointly) will be allowed four (4) peremptory
5 challenges.

6 6. Before the remaining panel is excused, the Court will ask counsel if there is any legal
7 cause why the panel should not be sworn as the jury for the case. If a party should indicate a desire
8 to state legal cause, the Court will determine a time and procedure for ruling on those objections.
9 Any objections not stated are deemed waived.

10 Exhibits

11 7. On the day before the first day of trial, each party shall lodge with Chambers an exhibit
12 binder for the Court.

13 8. Unless otherwise ordered, all exhibits shall be in a format compatible with either the
14 video or digital evidence presentation system utilized by the Court for display after it is received into
15 evidence.

16 9. The parties are encouraged to stipulate to the admission into evidence of all exhibits. If
17 the parties stipulate to admissibility, the parties shall indicate, "I am going to show you Exhibit __,
18 which is in evidence by stipulation." The exhibit may be shown to the witness and the trier of fact
19 without being formally offered into evidence.

20 10. The proffering party shall retain custody of all exhibits, schedules, summaries, diagrams
21 or charts to be used at the trial.

22 Trial Procedure

23 11. In opening statements and in arguments to the jury, counsel shall not express personal
24 knowledge or opinion concerning any matter in issue; and shall not suggest to the jury directly or
25 indirectly, that it may or should request transcripts or the reading of any testimony by the reporter.

26 12. Counsel must question witnesses from the podium, using the microphone. Without
27 requesting permission, counsel may approach witnesses for any proper purposes.

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1 13. Address all remarks to the Court, not to opposing counsel.

2 14. Refer to all persons, including witnesses, other counsel and the parties by their surnames
3 and not by their first or given names.

4 15. No demonstrative exhibits, charts, diagrams or enlargements shall be placed within sight
5 of the jury unless previously disclosed to opposing counsel.

6 16. In examining a witness, counsel shall not repeat or echo the answer given by the witness.

7 17. Counsel must stand when making an objection. Arguments on points of law or
8 evidentiary matters shall be made out of the presence of the jury. Thus, when objections or
9 responses to objections are made, only the legal basis of the objections and responses may be stated.

10 18. Offers of, or requests for, a stipulation should be made privately, not within the hearing
11 of the jury.

12 19. Conferences at the bench or sidebar are not favored by the Court. Counsel are
13 responsible for bringing any matters which require hearing out of the presence of the jury to the
14 attention of the Court during a time when the jury is not in session. Any sidebar conferences which
15 are allowed will be off the record. If any counsel wishes to place matters on the record, he or she
16 may so request, and the Court will make a responsive order.

17 20. Counsel have full responsibility to arrange for the appearance of witnesses during the
18 presentation of their case so as to eliminate delay caused by waiting for witnesses who have been
19 placed on call by counsel.

20 21. Unless an agreement to the contrary is entered into by opposing counsel, all nonparty or
21 nonexpert witnesses will be excluded from the courtroom when not testifying. When a witness has
22 completed his or her testimony, the witness is excused unless counsel indicates that he or she wishes
23 the witness to remain subject to being recalled. Any witness who has been excused from further
24 testimony may remain as a spectator. It will be the responsibility of counsel to make an
25 announcement at the time the witness steps down that he or she should remain in the environs of the
26 Court for a reasonable time to permit such counsel an opportunity to secure and serve a subpoena

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1 upon the witness and assume responsibility for his or her per diem and other expenses as provided
2 by governing rule or statute.

3 22. Counsel shall admonish all persons at counsel table that gestures, facial expressions,
4 audible comments, or the like, as manifestations of approval or disapproval during the testimony of
5 witnesses, or at any other time, are prohibited.

6 23. Counsel should never, in the presence of the jury, ask the Court reporter to mark or flag
7 a witness's answer to a particular question. Instead, make a note of the time and subject matter of
8 the testimony you want marked, and inform the reporter unobtrusively at the next recess. This is to
9 avoid the use of "marking" as a device for attracting the jury's attention to certain testimony.

10 24. Witness examination shall consist of direct examination, cross-examination and re-direct
11 examination. No recross-examination will be allowed without prior approval of the Court
12 specifically indicating the area for recross-examination. When there are multiple defense counsel,
13 they are directed to confer and designate to the Court the sequence in which they wish to be
14 recognized during trial for purposes of presenting opening statements and conducting cross-
15 examination of witnesses. If one counsel conducts the direct examination of a witness, that same
16 counsel must make objections when the witness is cross-examined. Counsel who will conduct the
17 cross-examination should object while the witness is on direct.

18 25. From and after the moment the case is called for trial, any objection, motion or other
19 application for relief made by any defense counsel, orally or in writing, shall be deemed to be
20 adopted and joined in by every other defendant, without announcement by counsel to that effect, and
21 the rulings of the Court shall be deemed applicable to each defendant unless otherwise stated at the
22 time the ruling is made. Accordingly, it shall be regarded as unnecessary and improper for counsel
23 to rise to "join in" an objection or motion. Rather, counsel should rise to be heard only for the
24 purpose of expressly opting out of an objection or motion if that is his or her position.

25 26. Counsel are directed to deliver to opposing counsel at the end of each trial day (if not
26 earlier) a list of witnesses counsel anticipates calling the next trial day.

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Jury Deliberations

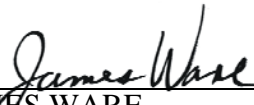
32. Counsel and litigants are not required to remain in the courtroom during jury deliberations; however, it is counsel's responsibility to keep the clerk fully informed as to counsel's whereabouts at all times, including the noon hour. Counsel are expected to return to the courtroom within five minutes after being notified to do so. Failure to be available will be deemed waiver of the right to be present.

33. The jury will be permitted to take a noon recess or other rest breaks without the necessity of reconvening, and to retire for the evening and resume their deliberations the next morning without reconvening.

Daily Trial Transcript

34. Any counsel desiring daily or expedited transcripts during trial should make immediate arrangements with the court reporter and should inform the Court and other counsel of such intentions.

Dated: March 23, 2010



JAMES WARE
United States District Judge

1 **THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT COPIES OF THIS ORDER HAVE BEEN DELIVERED TO:**

- 2 Bill James Symes bsymes@foley.com
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Dated: March 23, 2010

Richard W. Wieking, Clerk

**By: /s/ JW Chambers
Elizabeth Garcia
Courtroom Deputy**