

1 **1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action and likely to involve production of
3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure
4 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted.

5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated
6 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all
7 disclosurers or response to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited
8 information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as
9 confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated
10 Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule
11 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied
12 when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

13 **2. DEFINITIONS**

14 2.1 Party: Any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
15 consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

16 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: All items or information, regardless of the
17 medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
18 transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
19 discovery in this matter.

20 2.3 “Confidential” Information or Items: Information (regardless of how generated,
21 stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed under
22 F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

23 2.4 “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” Information or Items: Extremely
24 sensitive “Confidential Information or Items” whose disclosure to another Party or non-party would
25 create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

26 2.5 Receiving Party: A Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
27 Producing Party.

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1 2.6 Producing Party: A Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
2 Material in this action.

3 2.7 Designating Party: A Party or non-party that designates information or items that it
4 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential –
5 Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

6 2.8 Protected Material: Any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
7 “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

8 2.9 Outside Counsel: Attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to
9 represent or advise a Party in this action.

10 2.10 House Counsel: Attorneys who are employees of a Party.

11 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their
12 support staffs).

13 2.12 Expert: A person with specialize knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the
14 litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
15 consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of
16 a Party’s and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a
17 competitor of a Party’s. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in
18 connection with this litigation.

19 2.13 Professional Vendors: Persons or entities that provide litigation support services
20 (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing,
21 storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

22 **3. SCOPE**

23 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as
24 defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies,
25 excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by
26 parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

1 **4. DURATION**

2 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
3 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party Agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
4 otherwise directs. **For a period of six months after the final termination of this action, this court
will retain jurisdiction to enforce the terms of this order.**

5 **5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

6 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or
7 non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit
8 any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A
9 Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material, documents,
10 items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material,
11 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
12 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

13 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
14 shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
15 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses
16 and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

17 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it
18 designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of
19 protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is
20 withdrawing the mistaken designation.

21 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
22 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material
23 that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is
24 disclosed or produced.

25 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

26 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions
27 or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL"
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1 or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” at the top of each page that
2 contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
3 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
4 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection
5 being asserted (either “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES
6 ONLY”).

7 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for
8 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which
9 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of
10 the material made available for inspection shall be deemed “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –
11 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants
12 copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof,
13 qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the
14 Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
15 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”) at the top of each page that contains Protected
16 Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
17 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
18 markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted
19 (either “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”).

20 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings,
21 that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the
22 close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify any
23 portions of the testimony that qualify as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES
24 ONLY.” When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to
25 protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection,
26 the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before
27 the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to identify the specific
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1 portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of protection being
2 asserted (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”).
3 Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the 20
4 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.

5 Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by
6 the court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or
7 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” as instructed by the Party or
8 nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

9 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for
10 any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
11 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or
12 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” If only portions of the information
13 or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected
14 portions, specifying whether they qualify as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’
15 Eyes Only.”

16 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
17 designate qualified information or items as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’
18 Eyes Only” does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under
19 this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as “Confidential” or “Highly
20 Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party,
21 on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
22 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

23 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

24 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s
25 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
26 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive
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1 its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly
2 after the original designation is disclosed.

3 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's
4 confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring
5 directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with counsel
6 for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief
7 that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an
8 opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in
9 designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may
10 proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer
11 process first.

12 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality
13 designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a
14 motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) that
15 identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such
16 motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has complied
17 with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets forth with
18 specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating
19 Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

20 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
21 Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in
22 question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

23 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

24 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
25 produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
26 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
27 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
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1 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 11, below (FINAL
2 DISPOSITION). Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
3 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under
4 this Order.

5 7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
6 by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
7 information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

8 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
9 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
10 litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” that is attached
11 hereto as Exhibit A;

12 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
13 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed
14 the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

15 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
16 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be
17 Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

18 (d) the Court and its personnel;

19 (e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is
20 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by
21 Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

22 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
23 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order”
24 (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal
25 Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to
26 anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

27 (g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.
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1 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER**
2 **LITIGATION.**

3 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that
4 would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
5 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” the
6 Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately
7 and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification
8 must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

9 The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the
10 subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the
11 subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must
12 deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that
13 caused the subpoena or order to issue.

14 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this
15 Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its
16 confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating
17 Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential
18 material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a
19 Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

20 **9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

21 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
22 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,
23 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized
24 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the
25 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and
26 (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
27 that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

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1 **10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

2 Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after
3 appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action
4 any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply
5 with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

6 **11. FINAL DISPOSITION.**

7 Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after
8 the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the
9 Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts,
10 compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
11 Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy
12 some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is
13 returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party
14 (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that
15 identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed
16 and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations,
17 summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.
18 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings,
19 motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such
20 materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected
21 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

22 **12. MISCELLANEOUS**

23 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek
24 its modification by the Court in the future.

25 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order
26 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
27 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
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1 DATED: January 22, 2009

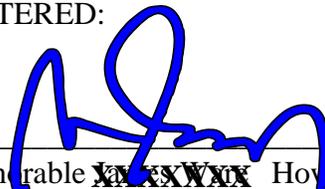
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3 By: /s/ Sunny S. Huo
4 Sunny S. Huo
5 Attorneys for Defendant
6 GreenPoint Mortgage Funding

7 (AS MODIFIED BY THE COURT),
8 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED:
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10 Dated: January 26, 2009

ENTERED:

11 
12 Honorable ~~XXXXXX~~ Howard R. Lloyd
13 United States ~~District~~ Judge
14 Magistrate

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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty or perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on _____, 2009 in the case of *Perez v. GMACM Mortgage USA Corporation, et al.*, Case No. C08-01972-JW. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of _____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____