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14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA							
16	SAN JOSE DIVISION							
17	PACEBOOK BIC	Case No. 5:08-cy-03468 JF						
18	FACEBOOK, INC.,							
19	Plaintiff,	[PROPOSED] STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER						
20	V. Doc. 52 Att. 3							
21	STUDIVZ LTD., HOLTZBRINCK NETWORKS GmBH, HOLTZBRINCK							
22	VENTURES GmBH, and DOES 1-25,							
23	Defendants.							
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STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER CASE NO.: 5:08-CV-03468

Disclosure and discovery activity in This Litigation (defined below) involves production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure is warranted. Accordingly, each of the parties, Plaintiff Facebook, Inc.("Plaintiff"), and Defendants StudiVZ, Ltd., Holtzbrinck Networks GmBH, Holtzbrinck Ventures GmBH and Does 1-25, (collectively "Defendants"), assert that the Parties to This Litigation possess information that one or more parties contends is confidential. The Parties wish to ensure that such Confidential Information shall not be used for any purpose other than litigation between the parties, shall not be made public, and shall not be disseminated beyond the extent necessary for any litigation between the parties. Accordingly, the following procedure shall be adopted for the protection of the parties' respective Confidential Information.

The Parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order ("Order"). The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The Parties further acknowledge that this Order creates no entitlement to file Confidential Information under seal; Civil L.R. 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a Party seeks permission from the Court to file material under seal.

## 1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 <u>Party</u>: any party to this action, including Plaintiffs and Defendants and all of their officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their respective support staffs).
- 1.2 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in This Litigation.
- 1.3 <u>"Confidential" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that contain trade secrets or other confidential

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witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a current employee of a Party or of a

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competitor of a Party's and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party. This definition includes any technical experts, discovery experts, and professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with This Litigation.

- 1.14 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (*e.g.*, photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.
- 1.15 <u>Return Material</u>: Protected Material, including all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.

## 2. <u>SCOPE</u>

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material, but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

## 3. DURATION

Even after the termination of This Litigation and all appeals therefrom, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

## 4. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

4.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

- 3 -

OHS West:260525493.3

Mass, indiscriminate, or mere boiler-plate designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the designation.

4.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order, or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) <u>for information in documentary form</u> (apart from transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" on each page that contains material to be protected.

A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only") on each page that contains material to be protected.

(b) <u>for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings</u>, that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, protected testimony, and further specify any

portions of the testimony that qualify as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to thirty (30) days after the receipt of the final written transcript to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of protection being asserted ("Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only"). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the thirty (30) days shall be covered by the provisions of this Order.

Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter, who must affix on each such page the legend "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only," as instructed by the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

- (c) <u>for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any other tangible items</u>, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only." If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only."
- (d) for information produced by former employees of a party, the Receiving Party shall treat all such information as "Confidential" unless and until:
  - (i) the information has been or is obtained through other proper means;
- (ii) the former employing Party agrees that the information is not "Confidential";
- (iii) the Receiving Party successfully challenges the "Confidential" designation under Section 5; or

- (iv) a court of competent jurisdiction decides that the information is not "Confidential."
  - 4.3 Computer Source Code and Similar Electronic Media.
- (a) As used herein, "Computer Source Code" shall mean statements for the programming of computers that is readable by humans. Any person may specially designate as "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" any Computer Source Code or other similar extremely sensitive technical materials (whether in electronic or hardcopy form) that it produces in the course of discovery in This Litigation when such person has a good faith belief that such material qualifies for such protection under this Order and that access to such materials would allow replication of an otherwise confidential computer program. Except as otherwise provided herein, "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" designation made for this reason shall be subject to all of the same restrictions as all other materials so designated with the following additional restrictions:
- (i) If a person is requested to produce electronic copies of Computer Source Code that is properly designated as "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" under Section 4.3(a), any such production shall be made on CD's or DVD's. The disclosing person shall produce the Computer Source Code to the receiving party via two (2) identical sets of CD's or DVD's containing the requested materials.
- (ii) For Computer Source Code properly designated as "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" under Section 4.3(a) that is stored in a non-executable format such as, without limitation, PDF or hard copies ("Non-executable Computer Source Code"), the Receiving Party shall not make any copies in any medium except as follows:
- (1) The Receiving Party may copy Non-executable Computer Source Code onto one or more computers at any given time, without restriction as to whether such computers are connected to a network. Any computer to which Non-executable Computer Source Code is copied must remain in the direct control only of those persons specified in Section 6.3 of this Order as properly having access to "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" material.

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(2)The Receiving Party may copy Non-executable Computer Source Code to one or more databases including, without limitation, Concordance, without restriction as to whether such databases are networked. Direct control over, and access to, any databases in which Non-executable Computer Source Code is copied must be restricted to only those persons specified in Section 6.3 of this Order as properly having access to "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" material.

Non-executable Computer Source Code may be copied onto paper or electronic media for the purpose of preparing submissions to the Court or for presentation to the Court at hearings or at trial, and, once having been made, all such excerpts of such material shall be designated "Highly Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only" in the name of the disclosing person.

(4) The Receiving Party may provide one (1) copy of Nonexecutable Computer Source Code to Vendors for assistance with any activity permitted by Sections 4.3(a)(ii)(1)-(3). Vendors are permitted to process and/or reformat Non-executable Computer Source Code so long as such processing and/or reformatting complies with Sections 4.3(a)(ii)(3) and (6).

(5)The Receiving Party may provide electronic and/or hard copies of Non-executable Computer Source Code (including excerpts thereof) to Experts to whom disclosure of Non-executable Source Code is demonstrably necessary for This Litigation, and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A). The "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" attached to this Stipulated Protective Order must be executed, even if an Expert previously signed a similar Agreement. Experts' use of such Nonexecutable Computer Source Code shall be in accordance with Sections 4.3(a)(ii)(1)-(3) and (6). Non-executable Computer Source Code only may be sent to Experts via trackable means such as Federal Express or Express Mail. Upon conclusion of This Litigation, experts who have received Non-executable Computer Source Code must promptly return it, and any copies thereof, to the Receiving Party and delete it from any computer on which it was copied. Non-executable Computer Source Code returned from experts shall be part of the Return Material of the

Receiving Party under Section 11.

(6) The Receiving Party, Experts, Vendors and any other recipient of Non-executable Computer Source Code are prohibited from converting it to an executable format or deriving any executable code from the Non-executable Computer Source Code.).

(7) Notwithstanding the conditions of Section 11, within thirty (30) days after the final termination of all lawsuits and any appeals related to This Litigation, each Receiving Party must return all hard or electronic copies of Non-executable Computer Source Code to the Producing Party. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the copies of the Non-executable Computer Source Code, instead of returning it. Whether the copies of the Non-executable Computer Source Code are returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the thirty (30) day deadline that certifies all Non-executable Computer Source Code was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies of Non-executable Computer Source Code.

(iii) For Computer Source Code properly designated as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" under Section 4.3(a) that is produced in an executable format, i.e. native ("Executable Computer Source Code"), the Receiving Party shall not make copies in any medium except as follows:

(1) At any given time, the Receiving Party may copy

Executable Computer Source Code only onto a single computer. Without limiting the generality
of the foregoing, a particular copy may not be copied onto one computer and then, while leaving
that copy on the first computer, subsequently copied onto another computer without prior written
approval from counsel for the disclosing person.

(2) Any computer that Executable Computer Source Code is copied onto must be disconnected from any and all networks before the material is copied onto the computer and for the duration of the time the material remains on the computer. Only after all

such material is removed from that computer and that computer has been shut down may any network connection be made or restored.

- (3) Any computer that Executable Computer Source Code is copied onto must remain in the direct control only of those persons specified in Section 6.3 of this Order as properly having access to "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" material.
- of Executable Computer Source Code for use by Experts to whom disclosure of Executable

  Source Code is demonstrably necessary for This Litigation, and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A). The "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective

  Order" attached to this Stipulated Protective Order must be executed, even if an Expert previously signed a similar Agreement. Executable Computer Source Code only may be sent to Experts via trackable means such as Federal Express or Express Mail. Experts in receipt of Executable

  Computer Source Code must comply with the copy restrictions specified in Section 4.3(a)(iii)(1)
  (3). Upon conclusion of This Litigation, experts who have received Executable Computer Source

  Code must promptly return it to the Receiving Party and delete it from the RAM of any computer on which it was copied. Executable Computer Source Code returned from experts shall be part of the Return Material of the Receiving Party under Section 11.
- any transitory copies created in the RAM or other internal operating circuitry of a computer, excerpts of Executable Computer Source Code shall be copied onto paper or electronic media only for the purpose of preparing submissions to the Court or for presentation to the Court at hearings or at trial, and, once having been made, all such excerpts of such material shall be designated "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" in the name of the disclosing person. Any such excerpts may also be provided to Experts pursuant the procedures specified in, and subject to the return and other requirements imposed by, Section 4.3(a)(iii)(4).
- (6) Notwithstanding the conditions of Section 11, within thirty (30) days after the final termination of all lawsuits and any appeals related to This Litigation, each Receiving Party must return all executable copies of Computer Source Code to the Producing

Party. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the copies of the Executable Computer Source Code, instead of returning it.

Whether the copies of the Executable Computer Source Code are returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the thirty (30) day deadline that certifies all Executable Computer Source Code was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any Executable Computer Source Code.

- (7) Subject to the conditions of Section 11, upon conclusion of This Litigation, all Receiving Parties of any Executable Computer Source Code must promptly delete all copies of the Executable Source Code, including any copies of it retained in the RAM of any computer on which it was copied. Executable Computer Source Code returned shall be part of the Return Material of the Receiving Party under Section 11.
- 4.4 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. Notwithstanding Section 5.2 below, if timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## 5. CHALLENGING PROTECTED MATERIAL DESIGNATIONS

- 5.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's Protected Material designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a Protected Material designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.
- 5.2 <u>Meet and Confer.</u> A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a
   Designating Party's Protected Material designation, or who believes material should be permitted

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to be made public pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 9, must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly with Outside Counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the Protected Material designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it first has engaged in this meet and confer process and only after the Designating Party has been given five (5) calendar days to respond to the challenging Party's objection. In the case of materials subject to the procedures set forth in Section 9, the Party challenging confidentiality or who believes portions of the material may be filed with public documents must make such designations in manner set forth in that Section.

Judicial Intervention. Except as set forth in the procedures specifically 5.3 governed by Section 9, a Party that elects to address a challenge to a confidentiality designation after participating in the meet and confer required by Section 5.2 may file and serve a motion that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge or the designation. Absent good cause for extending the following deadlines, a Party's motion must be filed within fourteen (14) days of (a) the Designating Party's response to the challenge or, if no response, (b) the expiration of the five (5) days given to the Designating Party to respond. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the moving Party has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in Section 5.2. The burden of persuasion in any such proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until the Court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

#### ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL 6.

Basic Principles. The use of Protected Material disclosed or produced by 6.1 another Party or by a non-party is limited to use in litigations between the parties. Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When litigations between the parties have terminated, a Receiving Party must comply

Court;

and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

- (c) the Court, its personnel and any other person(s) designated by order of the
  - (d) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors;
- (e) any person(s) jointly designated by the parties who have executed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and
  - (f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.
- 6.4 <u>Disclosure of Agreement to Be Bound By Protective Order (Exhibit A).</u>

  Counsel for the Party retaining the expert or consultant ("Retaining Party") shall provide a copy of the executed Exhibit A to the Designating Party. The "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" attached to this Stipulated Protective Order must be executed, even if an Expert previously signed a similar Agreement.
- 6.5 <u>Use of Confidential Material in Depositions</u>. Whenever "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only" material is to be discussed or disclosed in a deposition: (a) any person who has produced or will produce such material may require the exclusion from the room of any person who is not entitled to receive such material under this Order; and (b) any Party who will disclose material previously designated pursuant to Section 5, above, shall first exclude from the room any person who is not entitled to receive such material under this Order.

# 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in This Litigation as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing immediately and in no event more than three (3) court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the party who caused the

subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Order promptly to the party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Order and to afford the Designating Party in This Litigation an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in This Litigation to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

## 8. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A).

### 9. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

- 9.1 The Court's adoption of this Order does not create any right to file Protected Material under seal. No Protected Material may be filed in This Litigation unless the parties comply with Civil L.R. 79-5. The deadlines established by this Section 9 shall be calculated in accordance with Rule 6(a)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

  Notwithstanding Sections 5.2 and 5.3, this Section 9 shall govern all procedures, including procedures for the meet-and-confer process, associated with the filing with the Court of copies of Protected Material in conjunction with motions and similar pleadings.
- 9.2 If a party wishes to file a motion, opposition, reply brief or other request or statement that references any Protected Material, the following procedure shall apply:

- (a) The party shall e-file a redacted version of the pleading on the date on which it is due (if any) pursuant to the relevant rule, court order, agreement of the parties or otherwise. If the inclusion of Protected Material necessitates redaction of the entire document, the filing party shall e-file a Notice of Manual Filing for the document. If the pleading is supported by a declaration that includes any Protected Material, either in the declaration or in any exhibit attached thereto, the filing party shall not e-file a redacted version of the declaration and exhibits until the time specified in Section 9.2(e).
- (b) By no later than the same day as each e-filing pursuant to Section 9.2(a), the filing party shall serve to all parties:
- (i) an unredacted version of the motion, opposition, reply brief or other request or statement for which a redacted version or Notice of Manual Filing was e-filed, which shall bear the designation "SUBMITTED UNDER SEAL -- CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER."
- (ii) unredacted and redacted versions of any declaration in support of the pleading that includes any Protected Material, either in the declaration or in any exhibit attached thereto. The declaration and each exhibit that contains Protected Material shall bear the designation "SUBMITTED UNDER SEAL -- CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER."
- (iii) Service pursuant to this Section 9.2(b) shall be accomplished by: (1) electronic mail, (2) overnight delivery for receipt the day following the effiling pursuant to Section 9.2(a) of a CD bearing the designation "SUBMITTED UNDER SEAL CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER," or (3) a combination thereof. Any electronic documents that exceed four (4) MB in size, and any unredacted documents that contain excerpts of Computer Source Code, must be served via CD.
- (c) By no later than one (1) day following each e-filing pursuant to Section 9.2(a), the filing party shall deliver a CD to Chambers that contains electronic copies of all unredacted document(s) that contain Protected Material served in accordance with Section 9.2(b), which CD shall bear the designation "SUBMITTED UNDER SEAL -- CONFIDENTIAL

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INFORMATION SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER." The filing party also shall deliver a separate CD to Chambers that contains electronic copies of all nonprotectable documents related to the filing pursuant to Section 9.2(a) that the party is required or requested to provide to Chambers. The filing party also shall deliver a printed copy of briefs or other pleadings to Chambers. The CDs and printed copies shall be marked "Chambers Copy" and shall be submitted to the Clerk's Office, in an envelope clearly marked with the judge's name, case number and "E-filing Chambers Copy."

Section 9.2(a), the parties must meet and confer concerning the redacted portions of the subject document(s), specifically, the extent to which the redacted portions and the underlying source documents in part or in whole, should be considered Protected Material pursuant to this Order. Any agreements to change confidentiality designations under this Order shall be confirmed, in writing via fax or electronic mail, either by or to the Designating Party within one (1) day following the meet and confer, and shall be binding for the remainder of This Litigation. The Designating Party may respond to such confirmation, in writing via fax or electronic mail, to clarify the scope of its agreement within twenty-four (24) hours of transmission of the confirmation. Such clarification shall be binding upon transmission by the Designating Party. Absent any such clarification by the Designating Party, the confirmation shall be binding on all parties twenty-four (24) hours after its transmission.

- (e) By not less than five (5) days before any hearing related to documents e-filed pursuant to Section 9.2, the parties shall comply with Civil L.R. 79-5 as follows:
- (i) If the parties' meet and confer efforts remove the protected status of any Protected Material for which a redacted version was filed pursuant to Section 9.2(a), the filing party shall e-file a revised version of the document previously filed pursuant to Section 9.2(a), which unredacts the relevant portion(s).
- (ii) For any declaration and exhibits served but not filed pursuant to Section 9.2(b) that continue to include Protected Material despite the parties' meet

and confer efforts, the serving party shall e-file a redacted version of the declaration and exhibits. For any declaration and exhibits served but not filed pursuant to Section 9.2(b) that no longer include any Protected Material as a result of the parties' meet and confer efforts, the serving party shall e-file an unredacted version of the declaration and exhibits.

(iii) For any motion, opposition or reply brief e-filed pursuant to Section 9.2(a), and for any declaration and exhibit(s) served pursuant to Section 9.2(b), that continues to contain Protected Material despite the parties' meet and confer efforts, the filing party shall e-file an Administrative Motion to File Under Seal. If the document includes Protected Material designated by the filing party, the filing party also shall e-file a declaration in support of sealing those portions of the document that contain its own Protected Material, as well as a proposed order. The filing party also shall lodge with the Clerk unredacted versions of the documents for which sealing is requested, pursuant to Civil L.R. 79-5.

(iv) If any document e-filed pursuant to Section 9.2(a), or served pursuant to Section 9.2(b), includes Protected Material designated by any party other than the filing party, the other party shall e-file a declaration in support of sealing those portions of the document that contain the Protected Material of that party, as well as a proposed order.

(v) Each party shall e-file no more than one Administrative Motion to File Under Seal, and no more than one declaration in support thereof, concerning all related documents subject to compliance with Section 79-5. For example, if party A e-files a motion and reply brief pursuant to Section 9.2(a), and party B files and/or serves an opposition brief and declaration pursuant to Sections 9.2(a) and (b), and all such filings continue to contain Protected Material after the parties meet and confer, the parties shall comply with Section 9.2(e) as follows:

Party A shall e-file: (1) one Administrative Motion to File
 Under Seal regarding its motion and reply brief, (2) a proposed order, and (3) one declaration in support of sealing its own
 Protected Material contained in the motion and reply brief, as well its own Protected Material contained in the opposition brief

and declaration filed by Party B.

- Party B shall e-file: (1) one Administrative Motion to File Under Seal regarding its opposition brief and declaration, (2) a proposed order, and (3) one declaration in support of sealing its own Protected Material contained in the opposition brief and declaration, as well as its own Protected Material contained in the motion and reply brief filed by Party A.
- (vi) For any document filed and/or served pursuant to Sections 9.2(a) or (b) for which there is no related hearing, or regarding which the Court rules without hearing, the parties shall comply with this Section 9.2(e) by no later than five (5) days following the meet and confer conducted pursuant to Section 9.2(d) as to the last pleading in the related filings (e.g. following the filing of a reply brief), or five (5) days following the court's ruling on the related pleadings, whichever is later.
- 9.3 Except for the requirements concerning Chambers copies specified in Section 9.2(c), this Section 9 shall not govern the filing of, or other applicable requirements concerning, any document that does not include references to Protected Material.

## 10. OTHER LITIGATION

All materials produced by the Parties in any litigation between the Parties ("Other Litigation Materials"), shall be considered produced in This Litigation and can be used to the same extent as any material originally produced in This Litigation. This Order shall govern the treatment of Other Litigation Materials in connection with This Litigation. As a result, Other Litigation Materials with confidentiality designations shall have the same effective designation for purposes of This Litigation.

## 11. FINAL DISPOSITION

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within thirty (30) days after the final termination of all lawsuits related to This Litigation, each Receiving Party must return all Return Material to the Producing Party. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Return Material instead of

returning it. Whether the Return Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the thirty (30) day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Return Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any Return Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Return Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Return Material remain subject to this Order.

## 12. PRIVILEGED INFORMATION

If Disclosing Party unintentionally discloses to Receiving Party information that the Disclosing Party believes is privileged or otherwise immune from discovery, the Disclosing Party shall promptly upon discovery of the unintentional disclosure advise the Receiving Party in writing and request that the information be returned. The Receiving Party shall return such information (and any and all copies thereof) within ten (10) calendar days after the receiving a written request from the Disclosing Party. By returning such information, the Receiving Party does not waive its rights to challenge the Disclosing Party's assertion of any privilege or immunity.

## 13 MISCELLANEOUS

- 13.1 <u>Right to Further Relief.</u> Nothing in this Order limits the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.
- 13.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Order.
- 13.3 <u>Right to Advise Parties.</u> Nothing in this Order shall prevent Counsel from advising their respective Parties in any way relating to This Litigation, provided that Counsel does not expressly disclose to its clients any information designated by the other Party as Protected Material.

1	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.			
2	Dated: October, 2008	ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP		
3				
4		Name Of Attorney		
5		Attorneys for Plaintiff Facebook, Inc.		
6	Dated: October, 2008	GREENBERG GLUSKER FIELDS CLAMAN &		
7		MACHTINGER, LLP		
8				
9		William M. Walker Attorneys for Defendant StudiVZ, Ltd.		
10				
11	Dated: October, 2008	GREENBERG GLUSKER FIELDS CLAMAN & MACHTINGER, LLP		
12				
13		William M. Walker		
14		Attorneys for Defendant Verlagsgruppe Georg Von Holtzbrinck GmBH		
15	Dated: October, 2008	GREENBERG GLUSKER FIELDS CLAMAN &		
16	Build. 500000 2000	MACHTINGER, LLP		
17				
18 19		William M. Walker Attorneys for Defendant Holtzbrinck Networks		
20		GmBH		
21	Dated: October, 2008	GREENBERG GLUSKER FIELDS CLAMAN & MACHTINGER, LLP		
22		THE COUNTY DATE		
23		William M. Walker		
24		Attorneys for Defendant Holtzbrinck Ventures GmBH		
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STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER CASE No.: 5:08-CV-03468

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER CASE No.: 5:08-CV-03468

- 21 -

OHS West:260525493.3

## **EXHIBIT A**

## AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND BY PROTECTIVE ORDER 2 I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, declare under penalty of perjury the following. 3 I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued 4 by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on \_\_\_\_\_, 5 200 in Case No. 5:08-CV-03468 currently pending in the United States District Court for the 6 Northern District of California, between Facebook, Inc. and StudiVZ, Ltd., Holtzbrinck Networks 7 8 GmBH, Holtzbrinck Ventures GmBH, and Does 1-25. 9 I have been provided with, carefully read, and understand the Stipulated Protective Order. I will comply with and agree to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order. I 10 understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and 11 punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner 12 any confidential information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order prepared or 13 disclosed to me, including any abstracts, extracts, excerpts, and summaries thereof, to any person 14 or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order and will return said 15 confidential information or items in my possession to counsel for the party by whom I am 16 designated, employed, or retained. 17 I hereby submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern 18 District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, 19 even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. 20 I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of 21 [print or 22 type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in 23

My present employer is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

CASE No.: 5:08-CV-03468

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I am a citizen of the United States.

Order.

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connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective

My address is

1	My present occupation or job description is
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3	Date:
4	City and State where sworn and signed:
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6	Printed name:
7	Signature:
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STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER CASE NO.: 5:08-CV-03468

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE					
2	I hereby certify that this document(s) filed through the ECF system will be sent electronically to the registered participants as identified on the Notice of Electronic Filing (NEI					
3	and paper copie	f Electronic Filing (NEF) pants on October 21,				
4	2008.			•		
5	Dated:	, 2008.	Respectfully submitted,			
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