Exhibit "1"

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| 1 | IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | |
| 2 | FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | |
| 3 | SAN JOSE DIVISION | |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | GOMELSKY, ET AL) CV-08-4969-JF VAIL,) CV-09-1649-JF | |
| 6 | HUF,) CV-09-1-64-JF HOVSEPIAN,) CV-08-5788-JF | |
| |) | |
| 7 | PLAINTIFF,) SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA | |
| 8 | VS.) AUGUST 14, 2009 | |
| 9 . | APPLE, INC.,) PAGES 1-34 | |
| 10 | DEFENDANT.) | |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE HONORABLE JEREMY FOGEL | |
| 13 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE | |
| 14 | | |
| | APPEARANCES: | |
| 15 | | |
| 16 | FOR THE PLAINTIFF: MEISELMAN DENLEA GOMELSKY, HUF BY: CHRISTINE FORD | |
| 17 | 1311 MAMARONECK AVENUE WHITE PLAINS, NY 10605 | |
| 18 | WILLIE LIMITACY III 2000 | |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | FOR THE DEFENDANT: MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP | |
| 21 | APPLE BY: PENELOPE PREOVOLOS 425 MARKET STREET | |
| 22 | SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 | |
| 23 | (APPEARANCES CONTINUED ON THE NEXT PAGE) | |
| | The second secon | |
| 24 | | |
| 25 | OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER: SUMMER CLANTON, CSR, RPR CERTIFICATE NUMBER 13185 | |

| 1 | FOR THE PLAINTIFF: | | |
|----|------------------------------|---|--|
| 2 | VAIL | BY: DOUGLAS MCNAMARA 1100 NEW YORK AVE, N.W. | |
| 3 | | SUITE 500, WEST TOWER WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005 | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | FOR THE PLAINTIFF: | GIRARD GIBBS, LLP | |
| | | BY: GEOFFREY MUNROE 601 CALIFORNIA ST., 14TH FL | |
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| 11 | | MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP | |
| 12 | APPLE | BY: ANDREW MUHLBACH 425 MARKET STREET | |
| 13 | | SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 | |
| 14 | FOR THE PLAINTIFF: | FREED & WEISS, LLC | |
| 15 | HOVSEPIAN | BY: JEFFREY LEON 111 WEST WASHINGTON STREET | |
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| | | , | |
| 17 | | | |
| 18 | FOR THE PLAINTIFF: HOVSEPIAN | SEEGER SALVAS, LLP BY: KENNETH SEEGER | |
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| 20 | | | |
| 21 | FOR THE PLAINTIFF: | SEEGER WEISS, LLP BY: JONATHAN SHUB | |
| 22 | HOVSEPIAN | 1515 MARKET STREET, STE 1380 PHILADELPHIA, PA 19102 | |
| 23 | | EUTPWheneuty, EV 19107 | |
| 24 | 1 | PAUL, HASTINGS LLP | |
| 25 | APPLE | BY: ERIC LONG 55 SECOND STREET, 24TH FL SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 | |

| 1 | SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA AUGUST 14, 2009 |
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| 2 | PROCEEDINGS |
| 3 | (WHEREUPON, COURT CONVENED AND THE |
| 4 | FOLLOWING PROCEEDINGS WERE HELD:) |
| 5 | THE COURT: THE LAST MATTER AT 9:00 IS |
| 6 | ACTUALLY FOUR RELATED CASES. THEY ALL INVOLVE |
| 7 | APPLE LAPTOPS AND DESKTOPS. |
| 8 | GOMELSKY, VAIL, HUF AND HOVSEPIAN VERSUS |
| 9 | APPLE. |
| 10 | THE COURT: WHENEVER YOU ARE READY. |
| 11 | MS. FORD: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. I'M |
| 12 | CHRISTINE FORD FROM MEISELMAN DENLEA. I REPRESENT |
| 13 | THE PLAINTIFFS IN THE GOMELSKY BERENBLAT MATTER AS |
| 14 | WELL AS THE PLAINTIFF IN THE HUF MATTER. |
| 15 | MR. LEON: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. |
| 16 | JEFF LEON. I REPRESENT THE PLAINTIFFS IN THE |
| 17 | HOVSEPIAN MATTER. |
| 18 | MR. SHUB: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. |
| 19 | JONATHAN SHUB, SEEGER WEISS, REPRESENTING |
| 20 | PLAINTIFFS IN THE HOVSEPIAN MATTER AS WELL. |
| 21 | MR. SEEGER: ANOTHER HOVSEPIAN, |
| 22 | YOUR HONOR. THIS IS KEN SEEGER FROM SEEGER SALVAS. |
| 23 | THE COURT: GOOD MORNING. |
| 24 | MR. MCNAMARA: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. |
| 25 | DOUG MCNAMARA, COHEN MILSTEIN, WASHINGTON, D.C. |

| 1 | REPRESENTING MS. VAIL IN THE VAIL CASE. |
|----|--|
| 2 | MR. MUNROE: GOOD MORNING. |
| 3 | GEOFFREY MUNROE FROM GIRARD GIBBS, ALSO |
| 4 | REPRESENTING PLAINTIFF VAIL. |
| 5 | MS. PREOVOLOS: YOUR HONOR, PENELOPE |
| 6 | PREOVOLOS FROM MORRISON FOERSTER FOR DEFENDANT |
| 7 | APPLE IN GOMELSKY WHICH IS NOW BERENBLAT, THE CASE |
| 8 | FORMERLY KNOWN AS GOMELSKY, AND IN VAIL. |
| 9 | THOSE TWO CASES ARE RELATED TO EACH |
| 10 | OTHER. THE OTHER TWO CASES, ALTHOUGH THEY INVOLVE |
| 11 | APPLE, ARE RELATED TO EACH OTHER BUT NOT THE |
| 12 | BERENBLAT AND VAIL, JUST SO WE ARE ALL CLEAR. |
| 13 | THE COURT: UNDERSTOOD. THANK YOU FOR |
| 14 | THE CLARIFICATION. |
| 15 | MR. MUHLBACK: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. |
| 16 | ANDREW MUHLBACH, ALSO MORRISON & FOERSTER, FOR |
| 17 | DEFENDANT APPLE IN THE VAIL AND GOMELSKY MATTERS. |
| 18 | MR. WALSH: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. |
| 19 | DAVID WALSH OF PAUL HASTINGS ON BEHALF OF APPLE ON |
| 20 | THE HUF AND HOVSEPIAN MATTERS. |
| 21 | MR. LONG: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. |
| 22 | ERIC LONG FROM THE SAME FIRM, AND I'M ALSO ON THE |
| 23 | HUF AND HOVSEPIAN MATTERS. |
| 24 | THE COURT: THANK YOU. |

COUNSEL, PLEASE MAKE YOURSELVES

COMFORTABLE. I APPRECIATE COUNSEL'S CLARIFICATION.

THE FOUR CASES ARE NOT ALL RELATED. THERE ARE TWO

SETS OF RELATED CASES; HOWEVER, I HAVE CHOSEN

CONSCIOUSLY TO HEAR ARGUMENT AT THE SAME TIME

BECAUSE THERE ARE SOME OVERLAPPING ISSUES, EVEN

THOUGH THEY INVOLVE DIFFERENT PRODUCTS.

AND ONE OF THE ISSUES -- WELL, ACTUALLY

SINCE SOMETHING I NEED TO START WITH IS A QUESTION,

MY HOUSEHOLD OWNS ONE APPLE LAPTOP, I WANT TO MAKE

SURE I'M NOT A CLASS MEMBER. IT WAS PURCHASED IN

2008 -- IT'S AN, I'M NOT SURE THE EXACT APPELLATION

OF THE EQUIPMENT, BUT IT IS A POWERBOOK. I BELIEVE

IT'S A POWERBOOK G4, BUT IT WAS PURCHASED IN 2008.

I WANT TO MAKE SURE THAT'S NOT GOING TO CREATE A PROBLEM.

MS. FORD: YOUR HONOR, CHRISTINE FORD, I
DON'T BELIEVE THAT WITH THAT PURCHASE DATE IT WOULD
BE A MEMBER OF THE CLASS.

ON BEHALF OF THE PLAINTIFFS IN THE GOMELSKY/BERENBLAT MATTER AND THE HUF MATTER, WE WOULD BE WILLING TO FRAME A CLASS DEFINITION THAT WOULD EXCLUDE MEMBERS OF THE FEDERAL JUDICIARY.

THE COURT: I DON'T HAVE ANY PROBLEM
HEARING THE CASE, I JUST WANT TO MAKE SURE YOU ARE
AWARE THAT I OWN SOME APPLE PRODUCTS.

AND I'M PRESIDING OVER A NATIONWIDE CLASS ACTION INVOLVING HP PRINTERS, AND I SUSPECT MOST PEOPLE IN THIS ROOM HAVE HP PRINTERS. AND I WANT TO MAKE THE SAME DISCLOSURE.

MS. FORD: YES, YOUR HONOR.

MR. MCNAMARA: DOUG MCNAMARA. OUR CLASS
DEFINITION SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED THE JUDGE. SO YOU
WOULD NOT BE A CLASS MEMBER.

THE COURT: THEN WE ARE FINE.

NOW TO GET TO THE SUBSTANCE, ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT I THINK IS COMMON IN ALL THE CASES IS WHETHER RULE 9(B) APPLIES TO THE CLRA CLAIMS AND THE UCL CLAIMS.

AND MY VIEW IS THAT IT DOES BECAUSE THE NATURE OF THE CLAIMS IN BOTH, ACTUALLY ALL FOUR ACTIONS, SUGGEST THERE WAS AN INTENTIONAL CONCEALMENT OR FRAUDULENT NON-DISCLOSURE ON THE PART OF APPLE ON THE DEFECT. THAT'S THE ONLY WAY YOU GET AROUND THE WARRANTY.

AND THAT BEING THE CASE, I THINK THE WAY

THAT THE AUTHORITY IN THE NINTH CIRCUIT IS YOU HAVE

TO MEET THE PLEADING STANDARDS OF RULE 9(B). AND I

DON'T THINK ANY OF THE COMPLAINTS DO.

I DON'T MEAN TO SUGGEST THEY COULDN'T,
BUT I THINK THERE IS MORE PARTICULARITY REQUIRED AS

TO ALL OF THE ELEMENTS OF FRAUD THAN IS PROVIDED HERE.

YOU CAN'T -- PARTICULARLY, I THINK UNDER THE IQBAL STANDARD, YOU CAN'T SAY APPLE MUST HAVE KNOWN OR APPLE MUST HAVE DONE THIS OR THAT. THERE HAS TO BE SOME TYPE OF PARTICULARITY AS TO EACH OF THE ELEMENTS, AND I DON'T THINK THAT'S HERE.

SO THAT'S A GLOBAL OBSERVATION I WOULD MAKE ABOUT ALL THE COMPLAINTS. AND I THINK THEY ALL NEED TO BE AMENDED TO REFLECT 9(B) PLEADING STANDARDS AND THE HEIGHTENED PLEADING STANDARD, GENERALLY, THAT WE ARE NOW LIVING WITH.

I THINK WITH REGARD TO WHETHER IMPLIED
WARRANTY CLAIMS SURVIVE THE EXPLICIT LIMITATION
THAT'S INCLUDED IN THE EXPRESS WARRANTY, THAT'S AN
INTERESTING QUESTION AND I WOULD RESERVE JUDGMENT
ON THAT UNTIL I SEE WHAT THE PARTICULARITIES ARE IN
THE FRAUD/CONCEALMENT CLAIMS THAT THE PLAINTIFFS
ARE MAKING.

THE MEXIA CASE, WHICH IS THE ONE
DISCUSSED IN SOME LENGTH IN THE HUF AND HOVSEPIAN
CASES, I DON'T THINK THAT'S PERSUASIVE AUTHORITY AS
TO WHAT THE LAW IS.

I THINK IT'S BEEN POINTED OUT, AND DEFENDANTS MAKE THIS POINT, THAT IF YOU LOOK AT

THAT CASE LITERALLY, IT WOULD MEAN THAT ANY TIME
YOU HAVE A LATENT DEFECT YOU DON'T HAVE A ONE YEAR
LIMITATION, AND THAT CAN'T BE RIGHT. THERE HAS TO
BE SOMETHING MORE TO IT THAN THAT, OTHERWISE
THERE'S NOTHING LEFT OF THE ONE YEAR LIMITATION.
SO THERE HAS TO BE SOMETHING MORE THAN THE FACT
THAT THE DEFECT WAS LATE.

SO I THINK THIS ALL GOES TO THE IDEA THAT BEFORE I'M REALLY READY TO WEIGH IN WITH A SUBSTANTIVE OPINION AS TO THE MERITS OF CLAIMS, I WOULD LIKE TO SEE MORE DETAIL FROM THE PLAINTIFFS THAN IS PROVIDED IN THE PLEADINGS, AND I'M HAPPY TO GIVE THEM LEAVE TO PROVIDE THAT.

HAVING SAID THAT, LET ME HEAR FROM PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL. I THINK IT MAY END UP SHORTENING TODAY'S PROCEEDING CONSIDERABLY.

GO AHEAD.

MS. FORD: YOUR HONOR, IF I MAY. I DO
REPRESENT PLAINTIFFS IN THE BERENBLAT AND HUF
CASES, SO WE REPRESENT BOTH PRODUCTS, PLAINTIFFS IN
BOTH PRODUCTS.

THE COURT: BOTH SIDES.

MS. FORD: AS AN INITIAL MATTER I WANTED

TO POINT OUT TO YOUR HONOR WE DON'T ASSERT ANY CLRA

CLAIMS. AND ON THE UCL CLAIM WE ASSERT CAUSE OF

ACTION UNDER THE UNFAIR/UNLAWFUL PRONGS, NOT THE 1 FRAUDULENT PRONGS, AS WELL AS THE APPLIED WARRANTY 2 3 CASE. SO IT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED UNDER RULE 8 4 STANDARD, BUT I UNDERSTAND YOUR HONOR'S CONCERNS. 5 THE COURT: IN REGARDS TO WHAT LABEL YOU 6 ATTACH TO THESE THINGS, I'M TRYING TO LOOK AT THIS 7 IN A VERY PRACTICAL -- WHAT YOU ARE SAYING IS NOT 8 SIMPLY THAT THERE WAS A LATENT DEFECT, BUT APPLE 9 KNEW THERE WAS A LATENT DEFECT. 10 AND FRANKLY, THAT'S THE ONLY WAY YOU GET 1.1 AROUND THE EXPRESS WARRANTY. WHETHER YOU WANT TO 12 CALL IT FRAUD OR NOT, YOU HAVE A ONE YEAR 13 LIMITATION. 14 SO THE ONLY WAY YOU CAN SAY THAT ONE YEAR 15 LIMITATION DOESN'T BAR YOU IS TO SAY THAT APPLE . 16 KNEW THEY HAD A DEFECTIVE PRODUCT AND DIDN'T TELL 17 YOU. 18 SO REGARDLESS OF WHAT STATUTE YOU ARE 19 PLEADING UNDER, THAT'S WHAT YOUR CLAIM IS ABOUT. 20 THINK THE RECENT CASES I'VE SEEN ON THIS ARE IF 21 THAT'S WHAT YOUR CLAIM IS, YOU GOT TO BEAT A 9(B) 22 -PLEADING STANDARD. 23

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MS. FORD: I UNDERSTAND, YOUR HONOR.

WITH RESPECT TO THE MEXIA CASE AND THE

ONE YEAR LIMITATION, THERE IS THE CALIFORNIA CASE

LAW THAT SAYS THAT THE DEFECT -- THE INHERENT

DEFECT HAS TO EXIST AT THE TIME OF MANUFACTURE.

AND WE'VE ALLEGED THAT. WE'VE ALLEGED

AND WE'VE ALLEGED THAT. WE'VE ALLEGED

THAT, AND THE MEXIA CASE SAYS SONG-BEVERLEY EXPANDS

THAT. UNDER THE UCC IT MUST EXIST AT THE TIME OF

DELIVERY. SONG-BEVERLEY EXPANDS THAT, PERIOD.

SO THERE'S A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AN
INHERENT DEFECT IN A PRODUCT AND SAY, WHAT'S AT
ISSUE IN THE STEARNS V. SELECT COMFORT CASE WHICH
IS A MOLD PROBLEM THAT DEVELOPS OVER TIME --

THE COURT: THAT'S MY CASE. I WILL SEE THOSE PEOPLE NEXT WEEK.

MS. FORD: I UNDERSTAND, YOUR HONOR. I DID CHECK YOUR DOCKET.

BUT THAT'S A DIFFERENT CASE WHERE THE DEFECT DEVELOPS OVER TIME. WE ALLEGED THE DEFECT EXISTS AT THE TIME THE PRODUCT WAS DELIVERED.

AND I WOULD LIKE TO POINT OUT IN THAT

RESPECT THAT THE DAUGHERTY CASE IS AN EXPRESS

WARRANTY CASE, THAT LINE OF AUTHORITY. AND TO THE

EXTENT IT INFORMS YOUR HONOR'S CONSIDERATION, I

WOULD LIKE TO POINT OUT THE CLEMENS CASE DECIDED BY

THE NINTH CIRCUIT DID NOT, COULD EASILY HAVE

EXPANDED THE RATIONAL OF DAUGHERTY TO IMPLIED

WARRANTY CLAIMS AND IT DIDN'T.

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THE COURT: WELL, I UNDERSTAND, BUT LET ME JUST TURN THAT INSIDE OUT. THAT'S A GOOD POINT.

IF I READ MEXIA THE WAY THAT YOU ARE ALL ASKING ME TO DO IT, IT JUST MEANS ANY TIME YOU HAVE AN INHERENT DEFECT YOU CAN'T HAVE A LIMITATION ON IMPLIED WARRANTY.

MS. FORD: I THINK THE MEXIA CASE DID

ADDRESS THIS POINT AND SAID, WITH A CLAIM WHERE YOU

HAVE A DEFECT THAT EXISTS AT THE TIME OF DELIVERY,

THE CAUSE OF ACTION UNDER THE UCC ACCRUES AT

DELIVERY, AND THEN YOU HAVE A FOUR-YEAR STATUTE OF

LIMITATIONS.

YOU CAN'T BRING A CLAIM AFTER THE

FOUR-YEAR STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS. AND THE MEXIA

COURT SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSED THIS ISSUE AND SAID

THAT THAT WAS WHAT THE LEGISLATURE WAS LOOKING AT,

THE CONCERN OF CORPORATE RECORD KEEPING AND

EXTENDING WARRANTIES INDEFINITELY.

THE COURT: BUT IF YOU -- I WANT TO MAKE SURE I GET THIS. THE EXPRESS WARRANTY SAYS WE ARE WARRANTING A PRODUCT FOR A YEAR. THAT'S IT, THERE AREN'T ANY OTHER WARRANTIES.

YOU ARE SAYING UNDER THE UCC -MS. FORD: WHERE THE WARRANTY ARISES BY

1 OPERATION OF LAW.

THE COURT: RIGHT. BECAUSE THE UCC IS AN IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, AND THAT IS A FOUR-YEAR STATUTE. THAT CANNOT BE ABROGATED, WAIVED, SHORTENED OR LIMITED BY AN EXPRESS WARRANTY.

SO YOU'VE GOT FOUR YEARS TO BRING A CLAIM FOR INHERENT DEFECT NO MATTER WHAT THE EXPRESS WARRANTY SAYS.

MS. FORD: BECAUSE THE INHERENT DEFECT EXISTS WITHIN THAT ONE YEAR PERIOD BECAUSE IT EXISTS AT THE TIME OF MANUFACTURER.

SO THE DEFECT EXISTS WITHIN THE ONE YEAR PERIOD AND YOU HAVE THE FOUR YEARS FROM DELIVERY TO BRING A CLAIM.

SO THERE'S TWO SEPARATE POINTS. WHEN THE DEFECT EXISTS, WHICH HAS TO BE WITHIN ONE YEAR, AND WHEN YOU CAN BRING A CLAIM, THE FOUR-YEAR STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

THE COURT: I GOT IT.

AS TO THAT, IT DOESN'T MATTER WHETHER YOU CAN SHOW FRAUD OR NOT BECAUSE IT'S NOT A CLAIM THAT SOUNDS LIKE FRAUD OR IS BASED ON FRAUD.

MS. FORD: EXACTLY, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: THANK YOU.

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ANYONE ELSE WANT TO BE HEARD? MR. MCNAMARA: IF I MAY, JUDGE.

DOUG MCNAMARA ON BEHALF OF MS. VAIL, SINCE I ALSO HAVE A LAPTOP G4 POWERBOOK CASE.

WE BELIEVE WE WILL BE ABLE TO MEET YOUR HONOR'S REQUIREMENTS OF THE 9(B) PLEADING STANDARD. WE BELIEVE WE DID PLEAD SPECIFICALLY THAT MS. VAIL SAW REPRESENTATIONS, RELIED UPON THEM, WHEN SHE SAW THEM, WHAT APPLE KNEW AND WHEN. WE WILL GO BACK AND MAKE SURE WE CROSSED THE T'S AND DOTTED ALL THE I'S.

THE ONLY THING I WANT TO RAISE WITH YOUR HONOR NOW BECAUSE OF WHAT APPLE RAISED, APPLE SAYS IN ORDER TO SURVIVE OUR CLRA CLAIMS AND UCL CLAIMS, WE HAVE TO ESTABLISH APPLE MADE A REPRESENTATION ABOUT LIFE SPAN OR THAT THERE'S SOME TYPE OF SAFETY DEFECT AT ISSUE FOR IT TO BE MATERIAL.

WE BELIEVE THAT'S A MISREADING OF DAUGHERTY AND BARDIN. IN FACT, BARDIN ITSELF IS A CASE WHERE IT TALKED ABOUT SAFETY ISSUES. TALKED ABOUT THEM VIS A VI THE UCL CLAIM AND THE UNFAIRNESS PRONG THAT IT WASN'T UNFAIR TO NOT TELL PEOPLE YOU USED TUBULAR STEEL EXHAUST MANIFOLD BECAUSE IT WOULDN'T NECESSARILY AFFECT ANY SAFETY.

THERE WAS NO ALLEGATIONS OF THE SECOND AMENDED
COMPLAINT IN THAT CASE.

THE COURT: THAT'S SORT OF THE ESSENCE OF
THE COMPUTER IS YOU WANT TO BE ABLE TO SEE WHAT'S
ON THE SCREEN.

MR. MCNAMARA: TRUE.

THE COURT: YEAH.

MR. MCNAMARA: IN OUR CASE WITH THE EXPANSION SLOT IS ONE WHERE BECAUSE IT'S AN EXPANSION SLOT, THE EXPECTATION IS YOU ARE NOT GOING USE IT RIGHT AWAY.

OUR CLASS IS FOLKS WHO BOUGHT IT WITH THE EXPANSION SLOT EMPTY. APPLE MADE REPRESENTATIONS ABOUT FUTURE UPGRADES, AND WITH THAT IN MIND HAVING WHAT BARDIN AND DAUGHERTY USES AS THE DEFAULT, WELL, THERE'S NO SPECIFIC REASONABLE EXPECTATION OF USE OF THIS PRODUCT, WE ARE GOING TO GO WITH THE ONE YEAR WARRANTY BECAUSE THAT'S THE ONLY THING AVAILABLE. IT'S INCONSISTENT WITH THIS CASE LAW.

I ALSO POINT OUT THE IDEA OF
REPRESENTATIONS ABOUT THE LIFE SPAN BEING REQUIRED.
AGAIN, I WOULD ASK YOUR HONOR TO REVIEW BARDIN AND
SPECIFICALLY AT PAGE 1274 WHERE IT TALKED ABOUT,
WITH REGARDS TO THE FRAUD PRONG, THAT THE PROBLEM
IN THAT CASE IS THE MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HAD NO

| 1 | EXPECTATIONS OR ASSUMPTIONS REGARDING EXHAUST |
|-----|---|
| 2 | MANIFOLDS. |
| 3 | THE PUBLIC HAD NO EXPECTATIONS ABOUT LIFE |
| 4 | SPAN, THE PUBLIC HAD NO EXPECTATIONS OR THERE |
| 5 ` | WERE FACTS WHERE DAIMLER CHRYSLER HAD MADE |
| 6 | REPRESENTATIONS. |
| 7 | THERE'S NOT A REQUIREMENT IN THE CASE LAW |
| 8 | IN CALIFORNIA THAT THERE HAS TO BE SPECIFIC |
| 9 | REPRESENTATION REGARDING LIFE SPAN. |
| 10 | THE QUESTION IS: WAS THERE A REASONABLE |
| 11 | EXPECTATION OR ASSUMPTION AMONG THE PUBLIC? WE |
| 12 | BELIEVE WITH THE RAM MEMORY SLOT, THERE IS, WHEN |
| 13 | YOU HAVE TO EXPAND YOUR MEMORY. HERE, THERE'S |
| 14 | ACTUALLY SPECIFIC REPRESENTATIONS THAT THERE'S TWO |
| 15 | GIGABYTE CAPACITY IN FUTURE USE. |
| 16 | THERE'S NOT A REQUIREMENT OF SPECIFIC |
| 17 | REPRESENTATION LIFE SPAN IN ORDER TO AVOID THE |
| 18 | DISMISSAL IN THE BARDIN AND DAUGHERTY. |
| 19 | THE COURT: THANK YOU. SIR. |
| 20 | MR. LEON: YOUR HONOR, JEFF LEON ON |
| 21 | BEHALF OF THE HOVSEPIAN PLAINTIFFS. |
| 22 | WE BROUGHT OUR CLIENT'S COMPUTER TO LOOK |
| 23 | AT IF YOU HAVE THE MORBID CURIOSITY TO SEE WHAT THE |
| 24 | PROBLEM IS. |

THE COURT: I THINK YOU DESCRIBED IT

ADEQUATELY IN YOUR PAPERS.

MR. LEON: THE 9(B) STANDARDS, WE

PATTERNED OUR COMPLAINT TO SOME EXTENT AFTER THE

FALK COMPLAINTS. FALK HELD, WHICH IS A SISTER

COURT HERE, EXPLICITLY THAT 9(B) DOES APPLY TO

FRAUDULENT OMISSIONS CASES BUT IN A RELAXED MANNER.

BY ITS NATURE, IT'S AN OMISSION. TO

QUOTE WHAT FALK SAID, "CLEARLY A PLAINTIFF IN A

FRAUD BY OMISSION SUIT WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO SPECIFY

THE TIME AND PLACE AND SPECIFIC CONTENT OF THE

OMISSION AS PRECISELY AS WOULD A PLAINTIFF IN A

FALSE REPRESENTATION CLAIM."

WHAT WE'VE DONE IN OUR COMPLAINT,

YOUR HONOR, IS POINT OUT WITH SPECIFICITY AN ONLINE

PETITION WHERE APPLE KNOWS ABOUT THOUSANDS OF

COMPLAINTS. WE POINTED OUT WITH SPECIFICITY

SPECIFIC COMPLAINT FORMS WHERE THOUSANDS OF

COMPLAINTS HAVE BEEN POSTED.

SO APPLE HAS KNOWLEDGE OF THE DEFECT, AND IT'S A DEFECT. WE'VE ALSO PLED SPECIFIC FACTS THAT THIS VERTICAL SCREEN LINE DEFECT IS NOT AN EXPECTED SYMPTOM OF AN AGING COMPUTER MONITOR.

WE HAVE VERY SPECIFIC FACTS ON THIS THAT
THE WAY THE MONITOR AGES, THE BACKLIGHT DIMS, THE
SCREEN IS NOT AS SHARP AS IT USED TO BE, SOME OF

THE PIXELS MAY POP. THOSE ARE EXPECTED WAYS THAT 1 MONITORS AGE AND DIE. 2 IF YOU GO AND LOOK AT OTHER COMPUTER 3 MAKERS' MONITOR COMPLAINT FORMS, YOU DO NOT SEE FOR

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ANY OF THEM A VERTICAL SCREEN DEFECT ISSUE. WE'VE PLED ALL THESE THINGS AND THEY'RE ALL IN THE CONTEXT OF WHAT YOU HAVE TO SHOW TO GET

A DUTY TO DISCLOSE IN A FRAUD BY OMISSION CASE.

IN OUR CASE WE ARE RELYING ON THE SECOND AND THIRD PRONG OF THE LIMANDRI CASE. AND THE SECOND PRONG IS EXCLUSIVE KNOWLEDGE. STANDING HERE TODAY I STILL CAN'T TELL YOU EXACTLY WHY THAT HAPPENS BECAUSE I'M NOT AN ENGINEER.

APPLE HAS EXCLUSIVE KNOWLEDGE OF THE PROBLEM. AND IT IS INCONCEIVABLE TO ME OR ANYBODY ELSE THAT UNDER A 9(B) STANDARD WHERE YOU HAVE TO TAKE THE REASONABLE INFERENCES THAT FLOW FROM THE COMPLAINT IN FAVOR OF THE PLAINTIFF, THAT APPLE HAS NOT STUDIED THIS PROBLEM AND REACHED A CONCLUSION.

THIS IS NOT NORMAL. THAT'S WHAT OUR COMPLAINT SAYS, AND WE HAVE FACTS.

THE COURT: OKAY.

SO BASICALLY WHAT YOU ARE SAYING IS IF I LOOK CAREFULLY AT THIS, YOU REALLY -- YOU DON'T REALLY HAVE TO DO ANYTHING ELSE TO MEET 9(B)

STANDARD, IN YOUR INSTANCE.

MR. LEON: WE DON'T BELIEVE SO,

3 YOUR HONOR.

AND ALSO SINCE WE STARTED GETTING INTO

THE DAUGHERTY LINE OF CASES, I HAVE TO AGREE WITH

WHAT OTHER PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL HAVE SAID ABOUT WHAT

DAUGHERTY MEANS.

IN SOME CASES YOU HAVE BROADER STATEMENTS
OF LAW THAT REALLY HAVE A DIFFERENT MEANING UNLESS
YOU APPLY THEM TO THE FACTS OF THE CASE FROM WHICH
THEY FLOW.

THAT'S A CASE WHERE WE HAD A SIMILAR CASE
IN THE SEVENTH CIRCUIT, YOUR HONOR, WHERE
JUDGE POSNER JUST RIPPED A PLAINTIFF BECAUSE HE
FILED A CASE -- THIS IS THE <u>CARNIGE</u> VERSUS <u>SEARS</u>
CASE (SIC) WHERE THERE WAS NOT ALL STAINLESS STEEL
DRUMS IN A WASHING MACHINE.

THE JUDGE SAYS, DOES ANYBODY BELIEVE THAT

THIS IS A MATERIAL THING OTHER THAN THE PARTICULAR

PLAINTIFF? HE POSTED HIS COMPLAINT ON A COMPLAINT

SITE, AND IN THAT CASE NOBODY ELSE POSTED A SIMILAR

COMPLAINT.

THERE'S BROADER STATEMENTS OF LAW THAT FLOW FROM THAT CASE, BUT AGAIN, YOU HAVE THE SAME ISSUE.

IF YOU LOOK THE AT LIMANDRI CASE WHICH IS
THE CALIFORNIA LEADING CASE FOR A FRAUDULENT
OMISSIONS CLAIM, ONE OF THE FOUR -- ALL YOU HAVE TO
DO IS MEET ONE OF THE FOUR -- NONE OF THEM SAY
ANYTHING ABOUT SAFETY.

JUDGE PATEL IN THE ALIENWARE CASE, IN THE

OESTRICHER CASE, READ IN THAT REQUIREMENT. THE

REAL QUESTION, YOUR HONOR, IS: WHAT WOULD THE

CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT DO? AND IF ANYTHING,

SOMETHING THAT WASN'T AVAILABLE TO JUDGE PATEL, OR

FRANKLY, THE NINTH CIRCUIT.

THE COURT: AS I SAID EARLIER, AND I WAS COMMENTING ABOUT THE WRONG CASE BUT IT WAS MEANT TO ADDRESS YOUR CASE, YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT A TYPE OF FAILURE THAT GOES TO THE VERY HEART OF WHAT YOU BUY A COMPUTER FOR.

MR. LEON: RIGHT.

THE POINT I WAS GOING TO MAKE, YOUR HONOR, IS THE TOBACCO II CASE WAS DECIDED SUBSEQUENT TO THE OESTRICHER CASE.

IF YOU WANT TO TRY TO DEFINE WHERE THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT IS GOING WITH REGARD TO THE UCL AND THE CLRA, THAT TELLS YOU THEY ARE ERRING ON THE SIDE OF EXPANSIVENESS.

THE COURT: THEY ALWAYS HAVE WITH REGARD

1 TO THE UCL.

MR. LEON: THERE'S ONE OTHER THING I WANT TO POINT OUT BECAUSE I DON'T WANT IT TO BE LOST.

WE HAVE A COMMON LAW FRAUD CLAIM UNDER
THE EXACT SAME FACTS. AND AS JUDGE PATEL NOTED IN
HER DISTRICT COURT OPINION, THE CLRA IS NARROWER,
IN HER PERSPECTIVE.

WE ARE NOT AGREEING WITH THAT, BUT SHE EVEN CONCEDES THAT THE CLRA IS NARROWER THAN IS THE COMMON LAW FRAUD, FRAUDULENT OMISSION CLAIM IN CALIFORNIA.

AND SHE NOTES THE KHAN V. SHILEY CASE
WHICH INVOLVED A HEART PACEMAKER -- I BELIEVE IT
WAS A HEART PACEMAKER. BUT THAT COURT SAID IN A
TORT ACTION FOR DECEIT, WHICH IS WHAT THEY CALL THE
FRAUD BY OMISSION CLAIM IN THAT CASE, A
MANUFACTURER OF A PRODUCT MAY BE LIABLE FOR FRAUD
WHEN IT CONCEALS MATERIAL PRODUCT INFORMATION FROM
POTENTIAL USERS.

THIS IS TRUE WHETHER THE PRODUCT IS A MECHANICAL HEART VALVE OR FROZEN YOGURT. THAT'S WHAT A CALIFORNIA COURT SAID.

NOW JUDGE PATEL SAYS, PLAINTIFF ARGUES

THAT CALIFORNIA LAW HAS NO REQUIREMENT OF A SAFETY

HAZARD BEFORE DUTY TO DISCLOSE MATERIAL FACTS

| 1 | BEFORE A PRODUCT ARISES. THOUGH THIS IS CORRECT |
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| 2 | WITH RESPECT TO COMMON LAW, IT DOES NOT DEMONSTRATE |
| 3 | WHY THE CLRA MUST BE EXPANDED FROM ITS PRESENT |
| 4 | SCOPE. |
| 5 | SO JUDGE PATEL EVEN ACKNOWLEDGES THAT |
| 6 | THIS "SAFETY REQUIREMENT" DOES NOT EXIST IN |
| 7. | CALIFORNIA COMMON LAW. WE HAVE A COMMON LAW CLAIM. |
| 8 | THE COURT: YOU ARE A LEVEL AHEAD OF ME |
| 9 | IN THE SENSE THAT I'M STILL BACK ON THE PLEADING |
| 10 | STANDARD. |
| 11 | AND THE PLEADING STANDARD, EVEN THOUGH |
| 12 | THE ELEMENTS OF WHATEVER THE CLAIM IS ARE DEFINED |
| 13 | BY, IN THIS CASE, STATE LAW, THE PLEADING STANDARDS |
| 14 | IS A PROCEDURAL MATTER THAT'S DEFINED BY THE |
| 15 | FEDERAL RULES. |
| 16 | SEE, I THINK MY INITIAL INQUIRY WITH |
| 17 | REGARD TO EVEN THAT CLAIM IS GOING TO BE WHETHER |
| 18 | YOU'VE GOT ENOUGH UNDER RULE 9(B). |
| 19 | MR. LEON: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR. |
| 20 | THE COURT: ANYONE ELSE ON THE |
| 21 | PLAINTIFF'S SIDE BEFORE I GIVE APPLE A CHANCE TO BE |
| 22 | HEARD? |
| 23 | OKAY, COUNSEL. |
| 24 | MS. PREOVOLOS: YOUR HONOR, |
| 25 | PENELOPE PREOVOLOS WITH MORRISON & FOERSTER FOR |

APPLE. I WILL BE VERY BELIEF.

I HAVE NO INTENTION OF ATTEMPTING TO SEIZE DEFEAT FROM THE JAWS OF EVEN TEMPORARY VICTORY.

THE COURT: THAT'S VERY SMART.

MS. PREOVOLOS: AT THE SAME TIME I THINK THERE'S THINGS I CAN'T GO AWAY LEAVING UNSAID AND PERHAPS FESTERING IN THE COURT'S MIND.

THE FIRST IS WITH RESPECT TO THE MEXIA

CASE. I SHARE THE COURT'S VIEW THAT THAT CASE IS

JUST NOT INFORMATIVE HERE, BUT I WANT TO EMPHASIZE

THERE ARE A COUPLE OF REASONS FOR THAT.

FIRST, IF YOU READ THE CASE IT IS

STRICTLY ABOUT SONG-BEVERLY, AT LEAST AS TO VAIL

AND BERENBLAT THERE IS NO SONG-BEVERLY CLAIM.

THERE IS ONLY A UCC CLAIM. THEY ARE NOT CALIFORNIA

PLAINTIFFS AND THERE'S OTHER ISSUES.

SO SONG-BEVERLY IS NOT AT ISSUE. SO I
THINK IT'S A HUGE LEAP TO SAY THAT THE CALIFORNIA
COURT OF APPEAL CAN JUMP IN AND CHANGE A STATUTE --

THE COURT: I THINK THERE'S SOME LOOSE

LANGUAGE IN THERE. AND I DON'T MEAN TO BE CRITICAL

OF THE COURT, THEY DID WHAT THEY HAD TO DO TO

DECIDE THAT CASE, BUT I DON'T THINK THEY INTENDED

TO WIPE OUT THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

MS. PREOVOLOS: NO. I DON'T THINK THAT. 1 I DON'T THINK THEY INTENDED TO WIPE OUT THE ABILITY 2 OF A MANUFACTURER TO LIMIT IMPLIED WARRANTIES TO 3 THE TERM OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY FOR A COUPLE OF 4 REASONS. 5 ONE, THE CALIFORNIA COMMERCIAL CODE 6 SPECIFICALLY GIVES A MANUFACTURER THAT ABILITY. 7 SONG-BEVERLY ITSELF SPECIFICALLY SAYS --8 THE COURT: SO LIVE BY THE UCC, DIE BY 9 10 THE UCC. MS. PREOVOLOS: NO. WELL, YES. 11 I MEAN, I THINK YOU CAN'T TAKE PART OF 12 THE UCC AND NOT TAKE THE OTHER PART. BUT I WOULD 13 14 15 16 17 18 EXPRESS WARRANTY. 19 20 21 22 CASE.

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ALSO SAY IF YOU WANT TO TALK ABOUT SONG-BEVERLY LIVE BY SONG-BEVERLY AND DIE BY SONG-BEVERLY BECAUSE SONG-BEVERLY SAYS THE MAXIMUM TERM OF AN IMPLIED WARRANTY IS ONE YEAR, AND IT'S ALSO AUTOMATICALLY LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE SO I WOULD ARGUE THIS IS WHEN WE ARE KIND OF HEADS, WE WIN; TAILS, WE WIN, IN TERMS OF THAT IN TERMS OF THE ARGUMENT THAT THE DAUGHERTY RULE, I WILL CALL IT THAT FOR CONVENIENCE, ONLY APPLIES IN EXPRESS WARRANTY

CASES. I WANT TO RESPOND TO THAT QUICKLY.

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FIRST OF ALL, YOUR HONOR HAS REJECTED

THAT VIEW, I THINK, IN BOTH STEARNS AND TIETSWORTH.

I ALSO THINK IT'S JUST AN ARGUMENT THAT DOESN'T MAKE ANY SENSE. BECAUSE IF YOU SAY, WELL, THE WHOLE DAUGHERTY LOGIC ONLY APPLIES TO EXPRESS WARRANTIES, THEN YES, I WOULD ARGUE THE DAUGHERTY LOGIC IS DEAD.

BECAUSE YOU ARE SAYING, CONGRATULATIONS

APPLE, YOU CAN ENFORCE YOUR ONE-YEAR EXPRESS

WARRANTY, BUT THAT DOESN'T MEAN ANYTHING BECAUSE

THE IMPLIED WARRANTY WILL LAST FOUR YEARS, OR IF

YOU READ MEXIA, FOREVER.

ADOPTED IN DAUGHERTY THAT THIS COURT HAS ADDRESSED THAT JUDGE PATEL ADDRESSED I THINK VERY THOROUGHLY AND THOUGHTFULLY IN THE OESTRICHER CASE, HAS TO DO WITH THE CONTRACTURAL BARGAIN A MANUFACTURER CAN STRIKE. IT HAS TO DO WITH SOUND ECONOMIC POLICY. WHICH IS, IF WE HAVE INDEFINITE WARRANTIES, THE COST OF CONSUMER PRODUCTS WILL GO UP.

THE COURT: THAT'S WHY I'M FOCUSSING ON FRAUD THIS MORNING.

MS. PREOVOLOS: I KNOW.

SO MY POINT IS, I DON'T THINK YOU CAN SAY

THE RULE IS DIFFERENT FROM IMPLIED WARRANTIES, I
DON'T THINK THAT MAKES SENSE.

YOU KNOW, THE POINT THAT THIS CASE IS

SOMEHOW MAGIC AND DIFFERENT BECAUSE OF THE

EXPANSION SLOT, NOW I'M FOCUSSING ON OUR CASE,

BERENBLAT AND VAIL. I WANT TO TAKE UP QUICKLY FOR

A COUPLE OF MINUTES.

FIRST OF ALL, THE NOTION THAT THAT'S SOMETHING THE CONSUMER DOESN'T USE UNTIL LATER, THIS GETS INTO THE FACTS A BIT, BUT I THINK THOSE FACTS ARE CLEAR FROM THE COMPLAINTS AND SUBMISSIONS OF THE PLAINTIFFS, AND I WILL EXPLAIN WHY, IS JUST NOT TRUE.

LOTS OF PEOPLE, I BEING ONE OF THEM, IS SAYING, I WANT ALL THE MEMORY I CAN GET,

MR. MANUFACTURER, AND MR. RETAILER, PLEASE FILL

BOTH THOSE SLOTS AT ONCE.

THE SECOND FACT IS, IF YOU LOOK AT THE COMPLAINTS, THE POSTINGS, VAIL PLAINTIFFS REFER TO IN THEIR COMPLAINT AND ARGUMENT, PEOPLE TALK ABOUT HOW, WELL, THE SECOND MEMORY SLOT WORKED FINE FOR A YEAR AND THEN IT DIDN'T WORK ANYMORE.

IT'S FAIRLY CLEAR WE AREN'T TALKING ABOUT
A PRODUCT THAT IT CAN ONLY APPEAR AFTER THE
WARRANTY EXPIRES.

IN TERMS OF CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS, I
THINK THERE IS NOTHING HERE THAT WOULD TELL A
CONSUMER OKAY, THERE'S A ONE YEAR EXPRESS WARRANTY,
YOU READ IT, THERE'S A FINITE TERM TO THE IMPLIED
WARRANTY, BUT YOUR WARRANTY AS TO THE SECOND MEMORY
SLOT OR THE OTHER MEMORY SLOT LASTS FOR 2 YEARS,
3 YEARS, 5 YEARS, 7 YEARS, BECAUSE IF THAT'S THE
LAW THERE IS NO DAUGHERTY RULE.

SO I THINK <u>OESTRICHER</u> IS STILL GOOD LAW.

I THINK THAT THE MANUFACTURER HAS TO MAKE AN

EXPRESS REPRESENTATION ABOUT DURATION OR SOMETHING

THE COURT READS AS CREATING A CONSUMER EXPECTATION

IN THAT RESPECT. I DON'T THINK WE HAVE THAT HERE.

SO I THINK FOR ALL THOSE REASONS, EVEN

APART FROM WHAT THE COURT DECIDES UNDER RULE 9, I

THINK THE PLAINTIFFS DON'T PREVAIL BECAUSE I DON'T

THINK THE FACT THAT A MANUFACTURER HAS SOME

KNOWLEDGE TRUMPS DAUGHERTY OR THE DAUGHERTY RULE.

THE COURT: BUT IF YOU KNOW, I MEAN, I
THINK, AND I HAVE NOT HAD TO DECIDE THIS IN ANY OF
THE CASES WE HAVE BEEN TALKING ABOUT.

IF YOU KNOW THAT SOMETHING ISN'T GOING TO WORK WHEN YOU PUT IT ON THE MARKET AND YOU DON'T TELL THE PUBLIC, I SUPPOSE YOU COULD BE LIABLE NOTWITHSTANDING WHATEVER YOU PUT IN THE CONTRACT.

THAT'S -- AT LEAST I CAN ENVISION A SET

OF FACTS THAT WOULD SUPPORT THAT CONCLUSION.

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MS. PREOVOLOS: LET ME RESPOND QUICKLY TO THAT AND THEN I WILL SIT DOWN BECAUSE THAT REALLY KIND OF -- IF YOUR HONOR VIEWS IT THAT WAY, IT'S AT THE CRUX OF THIS CASE.

OESTRICHER TALK TO THAT PRECISE ISSUE. I THINK

OESTRICHER IS THE MOST HELPFUL CASE BECAUSE IT SAYS

LOOK, A MANUFACTURER IS ALWAYS GOING TO HAVE

EXPECTATIONS ABOUT THE LIFE SPAN OF COMPONENT

PARTS. BECAUSE THEY HAVE TO DO THAT, THEY HAVE TO

KNOW WHAT SUPPLIES TO HAVE POST 1-YEAR WARRANTY,

THEY HAVE TO KNOW WHAT PARTS TO HAVE. SO THE

NOTION -- AND THE MANUFACTURER IS GOING TO GET

PRODUCT COMPLAINTS.

SO I THINK AS A MATTER OF LAW THAT'S PROBABLY NOT RIGHT. COULD YOU ENVISION SOME CIRCUMSTANCES? MAYBE. I DON'T THINK THOSE ARE PLEAD HERE.

THE COURT: THEY MAY OR MAY NOT BE. AND ACTUALLY, THIS IS KIND OF SOUNDING LIKE THE ARGUMENT THAT GOT MADE IN THE FRASER CASES, BUT MY HYPOTHETICAL STATEMENT WASN'T PRECISE ENOUGH.

IF YOU THINK IT'S GOING TO FAIL WITHIN

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THE IMPLIED WARRANTY PERIOD, OR LIKELY TO, THEN
WHAT'S THE IMPLIED WARRANTY WORTH, OR WHAT'S THE
EXPRESS WARRANTY WORTH?

IN OTHER WORDS, IF YOU'RE SELLING A BAD PRODUCT, YOU KNOW IT'S A BAD PRODUCT, IT MAY NEVER GET TO THE END OF THE REPRESENTATION YOU ARE MAKING; AND NONETHELESS, YOU PUT IT ON THE MARKET AND SAY WELL, I WILL TAKE MY CHANCES. AT SOME POINT, IT SEEMS TO ME, THAT MENTAL STATE COULD SUBJECT SOMEONE TO LIABILITY.

WHETHER THAT'S WHAT'S BEING ALLEGED HERE
IS SOMETHING I DON'T KNOW BECAUSE I DON'T HAVE
ENOUGH PARTICULARITY.

MS. PREOVOLOS: I WOULD SAY TWO THINGS.

ONE, I DON'T THINK IT IS OR COULD BE
ALLEGED HERE. BUT YOUR HONOR IS TALKING ABOUT A
SUBSTANTIAL CERTAINTY TO FAIL NOTION, I THINK. AND
WHAT I WOULD SAY IS THE LONG CASE AT LEAST
EXPRESSLY SAID NO, THAT'S NOT AN EXCEPTION TO
DAUGHERTY BECAUSE IF IT IS IT'S AWFULLY EASY TO
ALLEGE.

THE COURT: I DON'T WANT TO GO OFF TOO MUCH.

IF I SOLD YOU A KIT THAT SAID, THIS KIT WILL PREDICT THE SEX OF YOUR BABY AND IT'S GOING TO

BE WRONG, IT'S TOTALLY RANDOM, THE KIT IS A 1 COMPLETE SHAM. 2 TT'S GOING TO BE WRONG 50 PERCENT OF THE 3 TIME. AND IT'S GOING TO BE RIGHT 50 PERCENT OF THE 4 TIME. THE ONLY PEOPLE COMPLAINING ARE THE PEOPLE 5 WHO ARE ON THE WRONG SIDE OF THE 50 PERCENT. 6 SO I'M STILL MAKING A PRETTY GOOD PROFIT 7 WITH THIS PRODUCT. THAT'S CLEARLY FRAUD AND IT 8 WOULD BE AN UNFAIR PRACTICE. 9 SO I THINK THERE'S GOTTA BE SOME ZONE FOR 10 WHICH THERE'S A REMEDY, I'M JUST NOT SURE THAT'S 11 THIS CASE. AND I WANT MORE IN THE PLEADINGS THAN 12 13 I'VE GOT. MS. PREOVOLOS: I THINK THAT'S SAYING A 14 LOT MORE THAN SUBSTANTIALLY CERTAIN TO FAIL. 15 THAT'S SAYING YOU KNEW IT DIDN'T WORK WHEN YOU SOLD 16 . 17 IT. AND IF WE REDUCE IT TO THAT AND YOUR 18 HONOR DOESN'T GO WITH US ON THAT, I THINK WE HAVE A 19 VERY QUICK SUMMARY JUDGEMENT. 20 THE COURT: THANK YOU. 21 COUNSEL, ANYONE ELSE WANT TO WEIGH IN ON 22 THE APPLE SIDE? 23 DAVID WALSH: YOUR HONOR, MY LEARNED 24

CO-COUNSEL COVERED EVERY POINT I COULD HAVE

IMAGINED AS MAKING.

I WILL JUST CONFIRM THAT -- I'M SORRY,

DAVE WALSH, PAUL HASTINGS, ON BEHALF OF APPLE FOR

THE HUF AND HOVSEPIAN CASES.

NEITHER OF OUR CASES IS SONG-BEVERLY ACT, SO THE SAME ANALYSIS APPLY.

AND TO COUNSEL'S ARGUMENT REGARDING
WHETHER OR NOT HE HAS ADEQUATELY PLED FRAUD
UNIQUELY IN HOVSEPIAN, THE FACTS LEADING TO THE
DUTY TO DISCLOSE ARE IMPORTANT AND INHERENT AND
CRITICAL TO FRAUD, HOWEVER HE WANTS TO PLEAD IT,
AND THAT HASN'T BEEN PLEAD.

THE COURT: I THINK I'VE GOT ENOUGH FOR WHAT I WANT TO DO THIS MORNING.

I THINK WE WILL REVISIT A LOT OF THIS

AGAIN, SO I DON'T WANT TO LEAVE THE FEELING THAT

COUNSEL WON'T HAVE A RIGHT TO SAY ANYTHING FURTHER,

BUT IF THERE'S ANYTHING ELSE YOU FEEL YOU MUST SAY

THIS MORNING, PLEASE GO AHEAD.

THE COURT: IF YOU COULD KEEP IT BRIEF.

MR. SHUB: YOUR HONOR, JONATHAN SHUB OF SEEGER WEISS ON THE HOVSEPIAN CASE. THERE IS A MOTION TO STRIKE CLASS ALLEGATIONS HERE.

THE COURT: I'M SORRY, I SHOULD'VE ~

ADDRESSED THAT. I'M NOT GOING TO DEAL WITH THAT

1 UNTIL I SEE WHETHER WE HAVE A COMPLAINT OR NOT.

THE COURT: ANYONE ELSE, COUNSEL?

GO AHEAD.

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MS. FORD: YOUR HONOR, I'M SORRY. I WANT TO MAKE TWO BRIEF POINTS AND ASK ONE QUESTION.

JUST MY QUESTION FIRST, WITH RESPECT TO THE IMPRESS WARRANTY, IS IT THE COURT'S POSITION THAT IT WOULD CONSIDER THE TERMS OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY? WE WOULD ARGUE THE COURT SHOULDN'T CONSIDER IT AT THIS STAGE. OR IS THAT SOMETHING THE COURT IS GOING TO RESERVE UNTIL --

THE COURT: I'M RESERVING. AND AS I SAID
TO YOUR CO-COUNSEL, I WANT TO SEE -- BASICALLY,
GIVE ME THE NUTS AND BOLTS, THE DETAILS OF THE
FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT SO I CAN THEN STACK THAT UP
AGAINST THE CASE LAW AND THE TERMS OF THE EXPRESS
WARRANTY AND THE UCC AND SAY, DOES THIS FIT? DOES
THIS GET THROUGH THE KEYHOLE YOU HAVE TO GET
THROUGH TO GET AROUND THOSE WARRANTIES?

MS. FORD: OKAY, YOUR HONOR. IF I COULD MAKE TWO BRIEF COMMENTS WITH THE RESPECT TO THE COMMENTS MS. PREOVOLOS MADE. THE MEXIA CASE RELIES ON LANGUAGE THAT GOES WELL BEYOND SONG-BEVERLY ACT GOING BACK TO BURR V. SHERWIN WILLIAMS --

THE COURT: IF IT'S A SONG-BEVERLY CASE,

SHE'S RIGHT ABOUT THAT. BUT THERE'S DICTA IN THERE
THAT WHEN I'M TRYING TO PREDICT WHERE CALIFORNIA
COURTS ARE GOING TO GO, I OBVIOUSLY HAVE TO
CONSIDER.

MS. FORD: AND WITH RESPECT TO THE POLICY ARGUMENTS RAISED IN THE OESTRICHER CASE, I JUST POINT OUT THEY ARE BASED UPON THE ABRAMS CASE WHICH IS A 1986 CASE OUT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, WHICH LIKE THE NINTH CIRCUIT IN CLEMENS DREW A VERY SHARP DISTINCTION IN THEIR ANALYSIS BETWEEN THE EXPRESS WARRANTY CLAIMS AND IMPLIED WARRANTY CLAIMS. SO IT'S CONSISTENT WITH THAT DIFFERENTIATION.

SO WITH THAT I WILL SIT DOWN, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: I THINK I'VE GOT THE PICTURE.

YES, COUNSEL, A SURREPLY TO THE SURREPLY,

AND I WANT TO TALK CASE MANAGEMENT.

MR. WALSH: THAT'S WHAT I WAS GOING ADDRESS. MOST OF US ARE HERE FOR A CMC.

THE COURT: RIGHT. I THINK WE OUGHT TO WAIT UNTIL WE GET THE PLEADING SETTLED. SO I WAS GOING TO SUGGEST PUSHING THE CMC'S EITHER 60 OR 90-DAYS IN ALL OF THE CASES.

AND PROBABLY 90 JUST GIVEN THE COMPLEXITY
OF THE LEGAL ISSUES. AND I HAVE TO GET A RULING
OUT TO YOU, AND THEN YOU'VE GOT TO FIGURE OUT WHAT

| 1 | YOU ARE GOING TO DO, AND THERE'S PROBABLY ANOTHER |
|----|---|
| 2 | 12(B)(6) MOTION. |
| 3 | SO HOW ABOUT NOVEMBER 13TH FOR A CMC? |
| 4 | MS. FORD: THAT'S FINE. |
| 5 | THE COURT: NOVEMBER 13TH, 10:30, FOR |
| 6 | CASE MANAGEMENT IN ALL FOUR CASES. |
| 7 | THANKS VERY MUCH. IT'S ALWAYS |
| 8 | INTERESTING. THANK YOU. |
| 9 | (WHEREUPON, THE PROCEEDINGS IN THIS |
| 10 | MATTER WERE CONCLUDED.) |
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, THE UNDERSIGNED OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, 280 SOUTH

FIRST STREET, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA, DO HEREBY

CERTIFY:

THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT, CERTIFICATE INCLUSIVE, CONSTITUTES A TRUE, FULL AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPT OF MY SHORTHAND NOTES TAKEN AS SUCH OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER OF THE PROCEEDINGS HEREINBEFORE ENTITLED AND REDUCED BY COMPUTER-AIDED TRANSCRIPTION TO THE BEST OF MY ABILITY.

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SUMMER A. CLANTON, CSR, RPR CERTIFICATE NUMBER 13185