RE: INTERROGATORY NO. 13

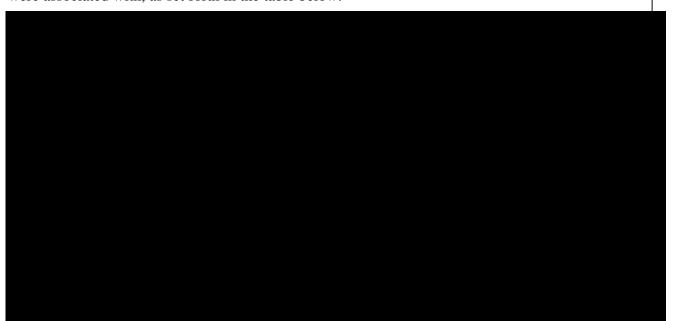
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11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
12	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
13	SAN JOSE DIVISION	
14	ELAN MICROELECTRONICS	Case No. C-09-01531 RS (PSG)
15 16	CORPORATION,  Plaintiff and Counterclaim Defendant,	APPLE INC.'S RESPONSE TO ELAN MICROELECTRONICS CORPORATION'S MOTION TO COMPEL APPLE TO SUPPLEMENT
17 18	V.	ITS RESPONSE TO ELAN'S INTERROGATORY NO. 13
19	APPLE INC.,	
20	Defendant and Counterclaim Plaintiff.	DATE: June 28, 2011 TIME: 10:00 a.m.
21		JUDGE: Hon. Paul S. Grewal CTRM: 5
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	APPLE'S RESPONSE TO ELAN'S MOTION TO COMPEL	

Case No. C-09-01531 RS (PSG)

Elan Microelectronics Corp. ("Elan") moves to compel Apple Inc. ("Apple") to supplement its response to Elan Interrogatory No. 13, which seeks inter alia information related to codenames and labels used to identify Apple products. See Dkt. No. 209. Apple has already provided extensive information in response to this Interrogatory. There is no dispute that separately for each accused product, Apple has already identified relevant internal Apple codenames, product names, model identification numbers, model numbers, and order numbers, and has identified on a per product basis the relevant chipsets they use. The foregoing information is more than Elan needs to pursue its case. Nevertheless, by its motion, Elan seeks to compel Apple to go to the burdensome task of providing a table that further correlates the internal engineering code names with the most granular level of Apple product number, which carries with it information regarding the configuration of the product at issue that is completely unrelated to the issues in this case (e.g., the size of a laptop, the amount of memory it has, its color, etc.). This is the only information that Apple has not provided and that Elan seeks with its motion, and, as set forth below, it is entirely irrelevant to this case. Nevertheless, to avoid troubling the Court, Apple has agreed to undertake a special investigation to collect and verify how internal development codenames correlate to these granular external order numbers. To the extent there is any correlation and to the extent Apple is able to verify the correlation, Apple will supplement its interrogatory response by June 22, 2011 to provide the information that Elan seeks. Elan's motion is thus moot.

Despite the mootness of Elan's motion, Apple provides the following explanation of the full scope of the information it has already provided to Elan and precisely why the additional information Elan seeks is irrelevant, should the Court wish to consider the relevant history. At the outset, Apple has collected and organized into tabular form model ID numbers, model numbers, and order numbers for 79 different accused Apple products—including 21 flavors of MacBook and 35 flavors of MacBook Pro. *See* Rathinasamy Decl., Exh. F [Apple's Supp. Resp.] at 5-7. Additionally, for eleven different categories of Apple accused products, Apple has directed Elan by Bates number to documents that state the relevant types of touchpad ASICs they contain. Because these ASICs are the devices that actually store and execute the allegedly

infringing functionality, this represents the core hardware information Elan needs to pursue its case. *See* Exh. 1 [Apple's 10/28 Response to Elan ITC Interrogatory No. 31] at 11-12. In addition, as noted above, Apple has specified for the internal engineering code names, the type of products they correspond to. For instance, for the accused MacBook, MacBook Air, MacBook Pro, iPhone 3G/3GS, iPod Touch, iPad, iPhone, and Magic Trackpad products, Apple identified total internal codenames and verified with an Apple employee the corresponding product they were associated with, as set forth in the table below:



See Exh. 2 [Apple 11/02/2010 Response to Elan ITC Supplemental Response to Interrogatory No. 1] at 8; see also id. at 32 (verification of Apple employee Stan Ng). Apple provided similar information for the accused iBook and PowerBook G4 products as well. See Rathinasamy Decl., Exh. B [Apple's Resp.] at 5. Elan has never identified to Apple a particular internal codename that it was unable to associate with an Apple product, or a particular Apple product for which it was unable to determine the type of ASIC it contains.

Despite having provided this information, Elan insists that Apple provide it with further information to correlate the internal engineering codes above with the most granular level of final product model number, which represents the final configuration of the product, including details

All exhibits cites are to exhibits attached to the Declaration of Derek Walter in Support of Apple Inc.'s Opposition to Elan Microelectronics Corporation's Motion to Compel Apple to Supplement its Response to Elan's Interrogatory No. 13, filed concurrently herewith.

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like its memory capacity, color, data carrier, etc. This information is irrelevant, as reflected in the minimal explanation Elan provides in its brief regarding why it allegedly needs such information.<sup>2</sup> First, Elan contends that the information is necessary so that it can "fully understand and analyze the documents Apple has produced." Motion at 6. On this issue, Elan states, at most, that this information is necessary for "tying externally described features with internal product numbers." Id. Yet, Elan does not state what features it allegedly needs to tie to internal product numbers. Elan identifies no such features because there are none; Elan needs to know little more than the type of touch ASIC each product contains, which Apple has already provided. Indeed, Elan even proclaims in its brief that "under the current state of affairs, Elan has the information necessary to prove infringement by the accused Apple products." Id. at 7. Next, Elan contends that the information it seeks is necessary to prove damages, because its infringement "proof would apply to the products listed under the internal project codes" and cannot be tied to external product codes. Id. at 7. But, as noted above, Apple has already told Elan whether a particular internal project codename corresponds to a MacBook Pro, iPad, iPhone, etc., and there is nothing about Elan's infringement case that should require further information beyond the type of touch ASIC each product contains, which Apple has already provided, let alone information about the size or color of the product. Moreover, in connection with damages discovery, Apple will provide full financial information for the different configurations of these products, a point Apple would have explained had Elan ever articulated during the meet and confer process any relevance justification related to damages. Simply put, Elan's position is based on a false and ill-informed presumption that to have complete financial information for the accused Apple products, it will need to correlate internal project codenames to the most granular level of Apple product number. Elan is simply wrong on this point.

Importantly, the information Elan seeks is not kept or generated by Apple in the ordinary course of business because, as Elan acknowledges, the codenames are internal engineering

APPLE'S RESPONSE TO ELAN'S MOTION TO COMPEL RE: INTERROGATORY NO. 13

Elan seeks this sort of irrelevant information while it at the same time withholds from Apple critical information necessary to its case, including information regarding the presence of Elan products in the United States, inventor depositions, and certain documents that have been improperly redacted on the basis of privilege, as explained fully in Apple's May 31, 2011 motion to compel.

designations while the granular model numbers are marketing designations. See Motion at 4-5. Indeed, in some cases, there may be no correlation at all between internal engineering designations and external model numbers. As such, the information truly is burdensome to collect and review for accuracy, and Apple has therefore repeatedly requested that Elan explain the relevance of the information to assess whether the burden in generating it outweighs its likely benefit. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(2)(C)(iii) ("On motion or on its own, the court must limit the frequency or extent of discovery otherwise allowed by these rules or by local rule if it determines that . . . the burden or expense of the proposed discovery outweighs its likely benefit . . ."). Unfortunately, as set forth above, despite repeated attempts by Apple to meet and confer on the relevance of the requested information, Elan never truly engaged on this issue, choosing instead to simply file a motion to compel. Despite these circumstances, in the interest of conserving the resources of both the parties and the Court, Apple will undertake the effort to identify for Elan the information it seeks by June 22, 2011.

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Dated: June 7, 2011 WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP

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17 By: /s/ Sonal N. Mehta Sonal N. Mehta 18 Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaim Plaintiff Apple Inc.

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