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15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
16	SAN JOSE DIVISION		
17			
18	EBAY INC.,	) CASE NO. CV 08-4052 JF (PVT)	
	701 · . · · · · · · · · · ·	)	
19	Plaintiff,	RESPONSE TO OBJECTION OF EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE	
19 20	vs.	EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE  JUDGE TRUMBULL'S ORDER OF  NOVEMBER 19, 2009 ON EBAY'S	
	vs. DIGITAL POINT SOLUTIONS, INC.; SHAWN HOGAN; KESSLER'S FLYING	EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE JUDGE TRUMBULL'S ORDER OF NOVEMBER 19, 2009 ON EBAY'S MOTIONS TO COMPEL	
20	vs.  DIGITAL POINT SOLUTIONS, INC.; SHAWN HOGAN; KESSLER'S FLYING CIRCUS; THUNDERWOOD HOLDINGS, INC.; TODD DUNNING; DUNNING	EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE JUDGE TRUMBULL'S ORDER OF NOVEMBER 19, 2009 ON EBAY'S MOTIONS TO COMPEL  DATE: None Set TIME: None Set	
20 21	vs. DIGITAL POINT SOLUTIONS, INC.; SHAWN HOGAN; KESSLER'S FLYING CIRCUS; THUNDERWOOD HOLDINGS,	EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE JUDGE TRUMBULL'S ORDER OF NOVEMBER 19, 2009 ON EBAY'S MOTIONS TO COMPEL  DATE: None Set	
20 21 22	vs.  DIGITAL POINT SOLUTIONS, INC.; SHAWN HOGAN; KESSLER'S FLYING CIRCUS; THUNDERWOOD HOLDINGS, INC.; TODD DUNNING; DUNNING ENTERPRISES, INC.; BRIAN DUNNING;	EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE  JUDGE TRUMBULL'S ORDER OF  NOVEMBER 19, 2009 ON EBAY'S  MOTIONS TO COMPEL  DATE: None Set  TIME: None Set  JUDGE: Hon. Jeremy Fogel	
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RESPONSE TO OBJECTIONS TO MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S ORDER OF NOVEMBER 19, 2009

Defendants Brian Dunning ("Mr. Dunning"), BrianDunning.com ("BD.com"), Thunderwood Holdings, Inc. ("THI") and Kessler's Flying Circus ("KFC") (collectively, "Defendants"; THI, KFC and BD.com shall collectively be referred to as the "Entity Defendants") respond to the Objection filed by Plaintiff eBay Inc. ("Plaintiff" and/or "eBay") to Magistrate Judge Trumbull's Order of November 19, 2009 (the "Objection") as follows:

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The irony of eBay's Objection to Judge Trumbull's Order on its motions to compel is that eBay argued vigorously (over Defendants' objections) that Judge Trumbull hear its motions to compel prior to this Court's hearing of Defendants' motion to stay the action pending resolution of the criminal proceeding against Mr. Dunning. Now because in deciding eBay's motions to compel Judge Trumbull has effectively stayed all discovery in this action pending the criminal proceeding, eBay seeks the aid of this Court. eBay's Objection, however, serves only to highlight what became clear to Judge Trumbull – the particular facts of this case (and to some extent the unsettled state of the law as applied to such facts) require a stay of discovery (if not the entire action) pending the criminal proceedings in order to preserve and protect Mr. Dunning's Fifth Amendment rights. As recognized by Judge Trumbull, a stay of discovery in this case will not prejudice eBay and is the only guarantee to safeguarding Mr. Dunning's Constitutional right against self-incrimination.

Notwithstanding the propriety of a stay of this action (the motion for which is scheduled to be heard by this Court on January 22, 2009), Judge Trumbull got it right on the subject motions to compel and eBay's objections to the Order are not well taken. More specifically, Judge Trumbull's decision regarding Mr. Dunning obligation to produce documents previously obtained by the Government is grounded in law, particularly as applied to the facts of this case. In addition, Judge Trumbull properly determined that Mr. Dunning's Fifth Amendment rights are protected only in the event THI, KFC and BD.com are not compelled to respond to the subject discovery. Finally, Judge Trumbull correctly ruled that piecemeal discovery would not advance the litigation and that all discovery as to Defendants

should be deferred pending resolution of the Government's criminal proceeding against Mr. Dunning.

Judge Trumbull's Order should not be disturbed.

## 2. STATEMENT OF FACTS

By its motions to compel, and as to Defendants, eBay sought to compel (1) Mr. Dunning to produce all documents responsive to eBay's document requests which had previously been obtained by the Government pursuant to search warrant, (2) KFC to respond to interrogatories; (3) THI and BD.com to respond to interrogatories and requests for admissions, and (4) Mr. Dunning, THI, KFC and BD.com (as well as Todd Dunning) to "exercise any and all rights they may have to obtain [responsive] documents from Rackspace US, Inc." (See, eBay's Notice of Motion at 1:6-24).

The motions to compel were fully briefed by the parties and a hearing on the motions took place before Judge Trumbull on November 13, 2009. The hearing on the motions was approximately 1 hour and 20 minutes long and the parties were given every opportunity to fully exhaust their arguments, points and authorities. <sup>1</sup>

Judge Trumbull issued her ruling on the motions on November 19, 2009. As to Defendants, Judge Trumbull found, *inter alia*, that (1) Mr. Dunning may invoke his Fifth Amendment rights against self-incrimination (Order at 4:15-17), (2) Mr. Dunning is the founder and sole shareholder of THI (Order at 2:15-16; 4:6-7), (3) Defendant BD.com is not a business entity, but rather a name under which Mr. Dunning does business (Order at 4: 9-10), and (4) Mr. Dunning is the only individual or potential representative that can act on behalf of KFC (Order at 4:17-18). Based on these facts and the law cited and argued by Defendants, Judge Trumbull determined and ordered that ruling on the motions be deferred (in effect - stayed) as to Defendants pending the criminal proceedings against Mr. Dunning, with an

A true and correct copy of the Transcript of Proceedings as to the hearing on eBay's motions to compel ("Transcript") has been docketed in this action as Document 169. A true and correct copy of the Transcript is attached hereto for the convenience of the Court.

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update as to the progress of such proceedings to be given to the Court at the next status conference in the case which is currently set for January 22, 2009. (Order at 4:21-25)

In addition, Judge Trumbull ruled that "eBay may move to compel further discovery from third parties, including the co-location known as Rackspace US, Inc. and NetHere, Inc." (Order at 6:7-9) Judge Trumbull further ruled that Todd Dunning and/or his wife shall sign any waivers as to Rackspace's ability to comply with the subpoena served on it by eBay. (Order at 6:10-12)

## 3. ARGUMENT

A. Mr. Dunning Is not Required to, And Cannot, Produce Documents Previously
Obtained By The Government

eBay concedes and Judge Trumbull acknowledged that Mr. Dunning may invoke his Fifth Amendment rights against self-incrimination. (Objection at 4:15-17) eBay also concedes that the Fifth Amendment privilege applies to the act of production of documents where the act of producing documents is "testimonial." (Objection at 4:22-23) What eBay contests is Judge Trumbull's decision to defer ruling on eBay's motion to compel Mr. Dunning to produce documents pending the criminal proceedings against Mr. Dunning.

First, it is important to point out the fallacy of eBay's contention that Judge Trumbull ignored the issue of the individual defendants' obligation to produce documents responsive to eBay's document requests. In fact, the issue was well briefed by all parties and addressed at length by all counsel at the 1 hour and 20 minute hearing on the motions. Ultimately, the Court chose to defer (effectively stay) any ruling on the motions while the criminal proceeding was ongoing. As such, Judge Trumbull either (1) concluded that the act of producing the documents requested by eBay would be testimonial and, as such, violative of Mr. Dunning Fifth Amendment rights, or (2) as argued by Defendants as part of their opposition to eBay's motions, a stay of this action (or at least a stay of discovery) is required pending resolution of the criminal proceedings against Mr. Dunning. Either way, Judge Trumbull got it right.

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eBay misapplies the law regarding the privilege against self incrimination and the production of documents. More specifically, in *In re Grand Jury Proceedings*, 759 F. 2d 1418 (9th Cir. 1985), the court specifically acknowledges that the act of producing documents is privileged because such act amount to "testifying" as to the existence of the documents, possession and control over the documents and the authenticity of the documents:

"[T]he teachings of United States v. Doe suggests that '[a]lthough the contents of a document may not be privileged, the act of producing the document may be.' 104 S.Ct. at 1242 (citing Fisher, 425 U.S. at 410, 96 S.Ct. at 1580); accord In re Grand Jury Proceedings, 745 F.2d 1250, 1251 (9th Cir.1984). In Doe, the district court found that enforcement of the subpoena would force the respondent to admit the existence of the records demanded, his possession of them, and their authenticity. These tacit communications, if compelled by subpoena, would constitute testimonial self-incrimination. Id., 104 S.Ct. at 1242-43. The Supreme Court refused to overturn the district court's findings, and, on this basis, concluded that the respondent could not be compelled to produce the subpoenaed documents. Id. at 1243." Grand Jury, supra, 759 F. 2d at 1419; cites in quote refer to Fisher v. United States, 425 U.S. 391(1976); United States v. Doe, 465 U.S. 605 (1984); and Doe v. United States, 487 U.S. 201 (1988) (the line of cases in which the Supreme Court emphasized that the act of producing potentially incriminating documents has impermissible testimonial aspects.)

As argued to Judge Trumbull, in this case production by Mr. Dunning would be testimonial as to Mr. Dunning in the manner acknowledged by the Supreme Court in *United States v. Doe*:

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"MR. PRESIADO: Well, the production of documents would in this case be testimonial in three ways.

THE COURT: Of the corporation.

MR. PRESIADO: No. It would be testimonial -- production by the corporation would be testimonial as to the individual in three ways. It would be testimonial as to their existence, the possession, and their authenticity.

I think I heard Mr. Eberhart say that because the government has them those issues no longer exist, and that just isn't the case. Just because the FBI came into a residence where Mr. Dunning was at the time, seized documents and took them doesn't establish that those were in Mr. Dunning's possession.

Now eBay's arguing that we have to produce them, which the act of production would establish possession, custody or control? That is the incriminating aspect of the testimonial aspect -- I'm sorry -- the testimonial aspect of production.

Same thing -- the only thing that the government having these documents established is that they exist."2/

It is not reasonably disputed that in the context of a criminal proceeding the Government has the burden on establishing the scope and extent of Mr. Dunning's relationship to the subject documents, if any. Mr. Dunning cannot be compelled to establish any such facts for the Government, as Mr. Dunning production in this case could aid in doing. eBay's argument that the Fifth Amendment protections do not apply to Mr. Dunning because he "already produced" the subject documents to the Government is based on the obvious false premise that the Government's possession of documents was a result of Mr. Dunning's voluntary production of documents in his possession and control. Judge Trumbull correctly

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>/ See, Transcript at 16:19 to 17:13.

"Documents sufficient to identify software used to clean, reformat or erase hard drives used by Brian Dunning or any equipment used or owned by Briandunning.com."4/

Were Mr. Dunning to produce documents in response to eBay's requests, Mr. Dunning would necessarily be admitting to incriminating facts such as his receipt of money based on the manipulation of eBay's Affiliate Program, his knowledge of technology and techniques to manipulate eBay's Affiliate Program, and his knowledge of software used to erase electronic records and information. It is undisputed that Mr. Dunning cannot be compelled to incriminate himself, in this case the act of producing the documents requested by eBay has the potential to just that.

Finally, eBay's complaint regarding Mr. Dunning's failure to produce the document seized by the Government does not make sense considering that eBay is well aware that even if Mr. Dunning were required to produce the documents (which he is not), the Defendants do not have access to the documents and the Government will not return the documents despite Mr. Dunning's repeated requests. Defendants made this clear in each of their responses to eBay's document demands by specifically stating that "the Federal Bureau of Investigation has seized all documents and computers, disk drives, hard drives, cell phones and servers containing information potentially related to this matter." Assistant United States Attorney Kyle F. Waldinger in charge of this investigation has refused all requests to provide defendants with a copy of the material seized by the FBI.<sup>5/</sup> In any event, with respect to any documents maintained by Rackspace, Judge Trumbull ruled that eBay is free to pursue the subpoena it served on Rackspace and "either Todd Dunning or his wife shall execute the appropriate waivers to Rackspace consenting to release responsive discovery." (Order at 6:10-13) Brian Dunning has no obligation as to the Rackspace documents.

<sup>4&#</sup>x27; See, Exhibits "10", "11", "13", "18", "19", and "20" filed by eBay in support of the Motions to Compel.

<sup>5/</sup> See, the Declaration of William J. Kopeny filed in support of Defendants' opposition to eBay's motions to compel.

As such, Judge Trumbull's Order should not be disturbed as to eBay's motion to compel Mr. Dunning to produce documents in response to eBay's document requests.

B. Mr. Dunning's Invocation Of His Fifth Amendment Privilege Against

Self-Incrimination Extends To The Entity Defendants Since Any Response By

The Entity Defendants Would Necessarily Implicate Mr. Dunning

Based on the evidence submitted, Judge Trumbull found that Mr. Dunning is the founder and sole shareholder of Defendant THI. (Order at 2:15-16; 4:6-7) Judge Trumbull also concluded that Defendant BD.com is not a business entity, but rather a name under which Mr. Dunning does business. (Order at 4: 9-10) Judge Trumbull further determined that Brian Dunning is the only individual or potential representative that can act on behalf of KFC. (Order at 4:17-18). Finally, Judge Trumbull ruled that to require counsel to act on behalf of the Entity Defendants in connection with responding to discovery requests is "untenable." (Order at 6:2-4)

The information which eBay seeks from THI and BD.com is known only (to the extent it is known at all) by Mr. Dunning. The information which eBay seeks from KFC is known only (if known at all) by Mr. Dunning and/or his brother Todd Dunning. Judge Trumbull correctly determined that both Mr. Dunning and his brother have asserted their Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination as to eBay's requests and cannot be compelled to respond to the subject requests propounded on the Entity Defendants which seek information relating to the conduct alleged by eBay against Mr. Dunning of which a parallel criminal investigation is pending – at least until such proceeding is resolved.

Again, eBay ignores the over-reaching form its discovery requests. For example, based on the form of the discovery requests at issue, Mr. Dunning would have to identify all persons with knowledge of, and internet forums through which the Entity Defendants discussed, "[The Entity Defendants'] participation, manipulation or interaction in any Affiliate Program including eBay's Affiliate Program . . . including all methods, techniques, and technologies . . . used by [the Entity Defendants] to obtain revenue from, or

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otherwise interact with, participate in or manipulate any Affiliate Marketing Program." Aside from the fact that these interrogatories as drafted improperly assume that there was "manipulation" of the eBay Affiliate Program by the Entity Defendants, these interrogatories specifically pertain to the conduct alleged by eBay against Mr. Dunning of which a parallel criminal investigation is pending. Indeed, as argued to Judge Trumbull, responses to the discovery propounded on the Entity Defendants necessarily implicated Mr. Dunning since the Entity Defendants are defined as including Mr. Dunning as an individual. eBay, has not (because it cannot) rebutted this inescapable fact.

As argued to Judge Trumbull, if the information sought could, conceivably, form a single evidentiary or factual link in a chain of circumstantial evidence which chain of evidence could support an inference that the person is culpable for any criminal offense, in violation of any state or federal law, that person cannot be compelled by legal process, subpoena or court order to provide such information, upon his or her invocation of the protection of the Fifth Amendment. Hoffman v. United States, 341 U.S. 479, 486 (1951); U.S. v. Neff, 615 F.2d 1235, 1239 (9th Cir. 1980); Prudhomme v. Sup. Ct. (1970) 2 Cal.3d 320, 325-326; In re Misener (1985) 38 Cal.3d 543, 546-551. Indeed, "[I]n order to approve invocation of the privilege 'it need only be evident from the implications of the question, in the setting in which it is asked, that a responsive answer to the question or an explanation of why it cannot be answered might be dangerous because injurious disclosure could result." Cudjo, supra, 6 Cal.4th at p. 617, 25 Cal.Rptr.2d 390, 863 P.2d 635, quoting Hoffman, supra, 341 U.S. at 486. (Underlining and italics supplied.) It cannot be reasonably disputed that the information sought by eBay (the same information that underlies the Government's criminal investigation of Mr. Dunning) could, conceivably, form a single evidentiary or factual link in a chain of circumstantial evidence which chain of evidence could support an inference that the person is culpable for any criminal offense, in violation of any state or federal law.

See, Exhibits "2," "3" and "5" filed by eBay in support of the Motion to Compel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> eBay ignores the form of its requests. The Entity Defendants objected to the subject interrogatories on this basis as well.

Likewise, by its Requests for Admission served on the Entity Defendants, eBay requests that the Entity Defendants admit to each and every allegation of wrongdoing alleged in the SAC including "cookie stuffing," techniques to avoid detection of "cookie stuffing," improperly accessing "Users" computers, receiving commissions as a result of "cookie stuffing," and otherwise "defrauding" eBay. Ecrtainly, responses to these requests for admission could, conceivably, form a single evidentiary or factual link in a chain of circumstantial evidence which chain of evidence could support an inference that the person is culpable for any criminal offense, in violation of any state or federal law.

Based on the fact that Mr. Dunning is the sole owner shareholder, employee and officer of THI and BD.com, it is inconceivable that the Entity Defendants could provide responses to the interrogatories and requests without involving Mr. Dunning. There simply is no other representative of the Entity Defendants other than Mr. Dunning (and Todd Dunning as to KFC) that can provide (and verify to the extent required) the information requested by eBay. As determined by Judge Trumbull, the case cited by eBay in support of the Motion to Compel actually support Defendants' argument that Mr. Dunning's invocation of his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination extends to the Entity Defendants.

First, Navel Orange Admin. Comm. V. Exeter Orange Co., 722 F.2d 449 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1983), is not on point as to the argument asserted by eBay since it did not involve an entity defendant having only a single representative. What is instructive from the Navel Orange case is the court's acknowledgment that the "individual [officers] themselves may not be compelled to produce any information that they allege is incriminating . . . ." Navel Orange, supra, 722 F.2d at 454. Next, United States v. 3963 Bottles, More Or Less, 265 F.2d 332 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1959), likewise does not involve an entity defendant having only a single representative. However, 3963 Bottles establishes that to the extent a corporation is required to provide responses to discovery, "[i]t is the duty of [the] corporate claimant to select an agent who, without fear of self-incrimination, could provide the information requested." 3963 Bottles, supra, at 336

<sup>8/</sup> See, Exhibits "8," and "9" filed by eBay in support of the Motion to Compel.

(emphasis added). As such, like *Navel Orange*, *3963 Bottles* affirms that a representative of a corporation cannot be compelled to respond to discovery where the representative asserts his Fifth Amended privilege against self-incrimination. In addition, *Priebe v. World Ventures*, *Inc.*, 407 F.Supp. 1244 (C.D. Cal 1976), strongly supports Defendants' position. The *Priebe* court first affirms that an individual who asserts his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination in a civil action can make a blanket refusal to answer questions where "the civil charges dovetail with those that could give rise to the risk of criminal prosecution . . . any questions that could lead to discoverable evidence admissible in the civil proceeding could also provide 'a link in the chain of evidence' needed in a criminal prosecution." *Priebe*, *supra*, 407 F.Supp. at 1245-1246, citing *Blau v. United States*, 340 U.S. 159, 161 (1950). It cannot be reasonably disputed that eBay's claims "dovetail" with the facts underlying the pending criminal proceedings against Mr. Dunning.

The case of *Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Fund, supra*, 1998 WL 413490, provides ample support for Defendants' argument that the Entity Defendants cannot be compelled to respond to eBay's discovery requests since Mr. Dunning is the sole shareholder, officer and employee of THI and BD.com, and Mr. Dunning and his brother (who also asserts the Fifth Amendment privilege) are the sole individual representatives of KFC with knowledge of the alleged facts which underlie the SAC. More specifically, the *Central States* court, citing the Supreme Court, acknowledged that in such a situation the civil action should be stayed pending resolution of the criminal proceedings:

"The court did not address the situation where a corporation only has one agent, who acts as the sole employee, shareholder and officer for the corporation. The Supreme Court in Kordel noted 'this troublesome question' and said that 'in such a case the appropriate remedy would be a protective order . . . , postponing civil discovery until termination of the criminal action.'"

Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Fund v.

Carstengen Freight Lines, Inc., 1998 WL 413490 (N.D. III.

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1998), citing, *United States v. Kordel*, 397 U.S. 1, 9 (1970) (cited by eBay in the Motion to Compel at pp. 5, 6 and 7).

Judge Trumbull found the language of the Supreme Court in *Kordel* particularly persuasive and expressly adopted it in the Order. (Order at 3:27 to 4:5). eBay's argument that "no case rebuts the proposition that a corporation must appoint an agent to respond to discovery" (Objection at 7:1-2) is belied by the unambiguous statement of the Supreme Court in *Kordel*, dicta or not. Judge Trumbull's adoption of the Supreme Court position is not contrary to law.

Finally, contrary to eBay's contention, the Entity Defendants' attorneys cannot, and are not required to, provide responses to the subject requests. The Entity Defendants' attorneys have no knowledge of the information sought by eBay other than what has been told to them by Mr. Dunning. The Entity Defendants had no attorney representation prior to the FBI investigation of June 2007. Aside from the obvious attorney/client privilege implications of eBay's position, any information given by, or attested to by, the Entity Defendants' attorneys would directly implicate Mr. Dunning since he would be the only source of such information. eBay's argument in this regard is nonsensical. Indeed, the case cited by eBay in support of this argument is inapposite. In SEC v. Leach, 156 F.Supp.2d 491 (2001), the court's reference to the appointment of the defendant's attorney to respond was to "corporate counsel" whom presumably has knowledge of the pertinent facts. As such, Judge Trumbull properly ruled that requiring the attorneys for the Entity Defendants to answer discovery responses on behalf of such Defendants is "untenable."

In sum, Judge Trumbull properly concluded that Mr. Dunning's invocation of his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination extends to the Entity Defendants since any response by the Entity Defendants would necessarily implicate Mr. Dunning. As held by the Supreme Court in Kordel, the appropriate remedy would be a protective order..., postponing civil discovery until termination of the criminal action.'" United States v. Kordel, 397 U.S. 1, 9 (1970). Judge Trumbull ruled just as such.

# C. The Order Was Not Based On Clearly Erroneous Factual Conclusions With Regard to These Defendants

eBay argues that "the Order failed to address the existence of responsive documents provided by Rackspace to counsel for Brian Dunning, THI and BrianDunning.com." (Objection at 10:16-17). However, just because Judge Trumbull did not address the issue in the Order doesn't mean that Judge Trumbull made an erroneous factual conclusion as to the matter. Indeed, eBay failed to meet its evidentiary burden as to the alleged fact that any documents held by Rackspace are responsive to eBay's document requests to any Defendant. Any document produced by Rackspace would be in response to the subpoena served by eBay on Rackspace, not the discovery served on Defendants. Judge Trumbull specifically acknowledged this, ruling that "eBay may move to compel further discovery from third parties, including the co-location known as Rackspace US, Inc. and NetHere, Inc." (Order at 6:7-9) Judge Trumbull further ruled that Todd Dunning and/or his wife shall sign any waivers as to Rackspace's ability to comply with the subpoena. Indeed, it is unclear what eBay's complaint is as to Judge Trumbull's ruling on the Rackspace documents since Judge Trumbull cleared the way for eBay to obtain the documents subpoenaed from Rackspace. Why jeopardize Mr. Dunning's Fifth Amendment rights?

In addition, Judge Trumbull did not treat KFC inconsistently by finding that Brian Dunning is the only person that can respond to discovery on behalf of KFC, while also ruling that Todd Dunning or his wife can execute any waivers required for Rackspace to release documents. Responding to discovery is fundamentally different than having the mere capacity to sign a waiver on behalf of KFC as a partner of KFC. There was no finding, and eBay offered no evidence, that Todd Dunning's wife was involved in KFC to the extent she would have any knowledge of the information requested by eBay by it discovery requests. There simply is no inconsistency.

Finally, the fact that KFC served denials to Requests for Admissions served by eBay prior to the filing of the Second Amended Complaint in this case does not impact Judge Trumbull's ruling. The Requests for Admissions referenced by eBay are not at issue by the

motion. Moreover, such responses were unverified and simply contained denials of eBay's allegations made in its First Amended Complaint which was dismissed by this Court. In addition, the denials were made with the express notification to eBay that Brian Dunning was not involved in the preparation of the response or the information contained therein. (See, Exhibit "12" to the BD Motion). It is unclear why eBay believes this helps its cause. None of the requests at issue can be responded to (if at all) without Mr. Dunning's involvement. Is eBay asking for a series of responses indicating that no responsive information is known to the Entity Defendants? Such responses certainly would not advance the litigation.

Judge Trumbull Did Not Incorrectly Rule That Engaging In Discovery D. Piecemeal Would Not Advance The Litigation

eBay incorrectly argues that Judge Trumbull based her determination that document discovery should not proceed in this case because "engaging in the process piecemeal would not appear to advance the litigation in any significant manner." (Objection at 13:7-9, citing Order at 4:18-20). Although the inefficiency of proceeding piecemeal was considered by Judge Trumbull, it certainly was not the basis of the Order as argued by eBay. In fact, just before the statement regarding proceeding piecemeal, Judge Trumbull re-states the primary determination that Mr. Dunning is the only person that can act on behalf of the Entity Defendants for the purposes of responding to eBay's discovery requests. This determination is the basis of Judge Trumbull's ruling. As such, any conclusion as to proceeding piecemeal would not have altered the Order.

eBay's argument regarding the language in the Order as to proceeding piecemeal is a red-herring and does not otherwise warrant a reversal of the Order.

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1	4. <u>CONCLUSION</u>	
2	For all of the foregoing reasons, Defendants respectfully request that the Court	
3	deny eBay's objections to the Order.	
4		
5	DATED: December 21, 2009	Respectfully submitted,
6		RUS, MILIBAND & SMITH A Professional Corporation
7		
8		By:
9 10		LEO J. PRESIADO Attorneys for Defendants THUNDERWOOD HOLDINGS, INC.,
11		BRIAN DUNNING AND BRIANDUNNING.COM
12		
13	DATED: December 21, 2009	Respectfully submitted,
14	,	LAW OFFICES OF PATRICK K. McCLELLAN
15		Data Mall
16		PATRICK K. McCLELLAN Attorney for Defendant
17		KESSLER'S FLYING CIRCUS
18		
19 20		
21	·	
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		16

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

#### NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

BEFORE THE HONORABLE PATRICIA V. TRUMBULL, JUDGE

EBAY, INC.,

Plaintiff,

v.

NO. C 08-04052 JF PVT

DIGITAL POINT SOLUTIONS, INC.,)
SHAWN HOGAN, KESSLER'S FLYING )
CIRCUS, THUNDERWOOD HOLDINGS, )
INC., TODD DUNNING, DUNNING )
ENTERPRISE, INC., BRIAN )
DUNNING, BRIANDUNNING.COM, )
and DOES 1-20, )

Defendants.

San Jose, California Friday, November 13, 2009

### TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

## APPEARANCES:

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KFC:

BY: LEO J. PRESIADO, ESQ.

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Enterprise, Inc::

BY: STEWART H. FOREMAN, ESQ.

Reported By:

CHRISTINE TRISKA, CSR, RPR

Pro-Tem Reporter

Friday, November 13, 2009 1 2 10:23 A.M. 3 PROCEEDING S 4 THE COURT: Why don't you come to the podium and 5 make your appearances for me? 6 This is Ebay, Inc. versus Digital Point Solutions, 7 Inc.; Shawn Hogan; Kessler's Flying Circus; Thunderwood Holdings, Inc.; Todd Dunning; Dunning Enterprises; Brian 8 9 Dunning; Briandunning.com. 10 MR. EBERHART: Good morning, your Honor, David 11 Eberhart along with my college, Colleen Kennedy on behalf of 12 eBay. 13 THE COURT: Thank you. 14 MR. PRESIADO: Good morning, your Honor. 15 Presiado of Rus, Miliband and Smith for Brian Dunning, 16 Briandunning.com, Thunderwood Holdings, Inc., and specially 17 appearing for Kessler's Flying Circus. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. 19 Counsel? 20 Good morning, your Honor. MR. KOURETCHIAN: 21 Seyamack Kouretchian on behalf of defendants Shawn Hogan, Digital Point Solutions and Digital Point Solutions, Inc. 22 23 THE COURT: Thank you. 24 So why don't we start with eBay's Notice of Motion 25 and Motion to Compel Responses to Requests for Production,

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Interrogatories and Requests for Admissions?
 1
 2
              MR. FOREMAN: Excuse me, your Honor, may I --
 3
              THE COURT: On the phone.
 4
              So why don't you make an appearance for me?
 5
            It's hard me for me to remember.
    sorry.
 6
              You can sit down. I'm letting counsel sit down
 7
    while you make your appearance.
 8
              Go ahead.
 9
              MR. FOREMAN:
                            Thank you for letting me appear by
10
    telephone. I'm Stewart Foreman of Freeland, Cooper and
11
    Foreman on behalf of defendants Todd Dunning and Dunning
12
    Enterprises.
13
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you. Sometimes it's easy to
14
    forget you because you're out there where we can't see you
15
    and when we get rolling, so you might have to yell at me if
16
    you find there's a point at which you want to say something
17
    and I haven't actually asked you yet.
18
              So be proactive; okay?
19
                           Thank you very much, your Honor,
              MR. FOREMAN:
20
    will.
21
              THE COURT: Okay. Let's start with eBay -- again,
.22
    with the motion that I've indicated, the Motion to Compel
23
    Responses to the Request for Production and Interrogatories
24
    and Requests for Admissions,
25
              And why don't you come to the podium?
```

1 MR. EBERHART: Thank you. 2 THE COURT: It's easier for me if you do that: 3 MR. EBERHART: With respect to each of the 4 motions, your Honor, it is undisputed that responsive documents exist and have not been produced. 5 6 With respect to DPS and Mr. Hogan, it's undisputed 7 that Mr. Hogan and DPS, Inc. have control over documents that are physically located at a company called "NetHere." a company that provides hosting space, or actually 9 10 co-location space: 11 With respect to the Dunning defendants, that is, 12 Brian Dunning, Todd Dunning, Thunderwood, KFC, also known as 13 Kessler's Flying Circus, and DEI, the only question is which of those defendants has control over the documents. 14 is undisputed that the documents exist and are physically 16 located at a hosting company called "Rackspace." 17 The answer to that question is knowable, your Honor -- the question of who controls those documents. 18 19 we don't know the answer because counsel for Brian Dunning 20 has refused to turn over the account statements from 21 Rackspace that would establish who has control over that 22 account. 23 That issue should be resolved against Mr. Brian 24 Dunning as well as his related entities, Thunderwood 25 Holdings and KFC.

It is also undisputed that all the documents are in the hands of the government already. The government has copies of all of the documents at issue.

And under controlling law there is nothing incriminating about producing these documents in this civil litigation, where the government already has possession of the documents.

And there's no question as to where they obtained the documents. They obtained them from Brian Dunning and from Shawn Hogan, and as to their -- whether those individuals possess the documents or whether they are authentic. So under controlling law there's nothing testimonial about ordering production here.

The defendants argue that nonetheless it would be testimonial because the selection of documents would involve some sort of testimonial act. No case recognizes that theory. But putting that aside, that theory fails for three independently sufficient reasons.

First, defendants have made no showing that in fact the individuals would be required to select the documents. They provide no declaration that says only the individuals could select, and the normal course of the document production suggests otherwise. Typically counsel has the documents from their client, determines what's responsive and what is privileged, and produces the

non-privileged responsive documents.

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Nor would the act of selection — second, the act of selection here would not be incriminating in any event. EBay has propounded several-dozen document requests to each of these defendants, and those defendants have the right to produce the documents in the form they are kept in in the ordinary course of business. So they need not segregate them by document request.

And so given the broad scope of eBay's request, whatever is selected from the materials that have already been provided to the government would not in any way provide some additional testimony that aids the government's case.

Third, the defendants haven't established that there would be some form of incrimination if the entity defendants produced.

Even if the individuals are not compelled to produce, the entity defendants can produce the documents. And the law is very clear that even if those individuals are the persons taking some act on behalf of the entity, they are only doing so in a representative capacity, and those acts cannot be used against them as evidence of criminal liability.

In short, none of those entities has established that they have some sort of Fifth Amendment protection against producing the documents to eBay.

With respect to the written discovery requests, the issues on KFC, Kessler's Flying Circus, and Thunderwood, Thunderwood Holdings are fairly simple. Those entities simply do not possess a Fifth Amendment right, and their Fifth Amendment objection should be overruled.

With respect to DPS, its argument is that the definition of DPS in the interrogatories renders -- somehow forces them to provide a response on behalf of Shawn Hogan.

But that is simply not the way in which the document requests are framed. They require DPS, Inc. to provide whatever information it has or can obtain through, for instance, reviewing documents that is responsive to eBay's request.

Finally, Mr. Todd Dunning claims that his declaration establishes that he has no documents and has no control over any documents. It does not establish those propositions, your Honor:

First of all, it does not establish that he didn't give documents to the government on some occasion other than his meeting on June 18, 2007. It also does not establish that he does not possess documents other than corporate records of Kessler's Flying Circus.

His declaration is very narrowly tailored to talk about documents that are the records of KFC, not documents in general. He could have personal documents. He could have

records of his own corporation, that is, Dunning Enterprise 2 Inc., all of which are responsive to eBay's request. 3 Nor has he established that the corporation that he controls, DEI, Dunning Enterprise Inc., has made sufficient 5 demand on the general partnership of which Dunning Enterprise 6 Inc. is a general partner, that is KFC, Kessler's Flying 7 Circus. Under controlling law he's required to cause that 8 9 corporation to make a demand for KFC's documents. He has not established that he has done that, and he should be required 10 11 to do so: 12 In sum, the defendants bear the burden of proving 13 that the discovery here would be somehow incriminating to 14 them, and they have utterly failed to meet that burden. 15 THE COURT: Thank you. Let's start with the 16 people in the courtroom first. 17 MR. PRESIADO: I guess, your Honor, I'll start 18 with Mr. Eberhart's first statement, and that is that it's 19 undisputed that responsive documents exists 20 I'm not sure where that comes from, because that is 21 not the case \*\* All that my clients have asserted in this case 22 in response to the request is the assertion of the Fifth 23 Amendment, I'm not sure where it is coming from that there 24 are, in fact, responsive documents. 25 As a matter of fact, if you look at the requests --

and I think what has been overlooked, at least in eBay's

papers, are the forms of the request. The forms of the

request in and of themselves are troublesome, but more

particularly, because they assume a manipulation or a fraud

in their form.

For example:

"All documents relating to payment of

"All documents relating to payment of commissions or other revenue obtained by Brian Dunning through participation or interaction with or manipulation by eBay's affiliate marketing program."

It's not undisputed that documents exist. Mr.

Dunning hasn't said that documents exist. All he has done
is asserted the Fifth Amendment. And if you look at the
form of that question you understand why the Fifth Amendment
would be asserted. That is, the form throughout the
requests for admissions, the interrogatories, the document
demands, even the subpoena on Rackspace, such that --

THE COURT: So if they -- if they formulated the question in a different way, in a broader, very usual kind of request in the civil litigation part of this, then there wouldn't be Fifth Amendment issues? It's because you think they are asking for very specific things that would implicate the criminal side of this?

MR. PRESIADO: No, not at all, your Honor. I'm

pointing out what is being contested here today, and what we argued with respect to the particular request before the Court.

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But no. The Fifth Amendment would still apply to the extent they weren't as incriminating in their content as they actually are.

And the Fifth Amendment applies with respect —
it's true that corporate entities don't have a Fifth

Amendment right, But it is also true — and there's case
law as we presented — that individuals by extension, or
corporations by extension do inherit the Fifth Amendment
right of their sole proprietor.

It is undisputed in this case, and Mr. Eberhart agreed is undisputed, and there's evidentiary declaration to the effect that Mr. Dunning -- Mr. Brian Dunning is, in fact, the sole representative of Thunderwood. Briandunning.com is not a business entity; it's merely a fictitious business name for Mr. Dunning as an individual. And with respect to Kessler's Flying Circus, Thunderwood Holdings, which Mr. Dunning is the sole proprietor, and his brother are partners with respect to that. And as the Court is aware, his brother, Todd Dunning also asserts the Fifth Amendment.

So there simply is no breathing -- living, breathing person that can respond to these requests, because no one else has the information requested, even if the

1 requests were properly phrased and not incriminating in 2 nature. 3 And also with respect to the form of the requests, 4 I don't want it to get lost that the corporate entities in 5 these requests are all defined as including the individual 6 officers, shareholders, representatives. So when eBay argues that a corporation does not 8 have a Fifth Amendment right, well, to the extent the interrogatories and the requests are phrased and defined such 10 that the corporate entities include by definition the 11 individuals, well, there could be no --12 THE COURT: So there's no way they could frame it 13 to get the corporation to respond to it, because anything 14 that they would ask would implicate the individuals? 1.5 In other words, it can't be parsed. 16 MR. PRESIADO: Well, if you look at the case law, 17 your Honor, I think that's the conclusion. The conclusion 18 is with respect --19 THE COURT: And the reason I'm asking this is it looked to me like you were trying to parse it, because there 20 21 are certain kinds of requests that seem more much specific 22 than other kinds of requests. 23 And the specific ones may very well go directly to 24 Fifth Amendment issues, depending on what you're asking,

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where broader requests may or may not include things that

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would be Fifth Amendment but would include things that 1 2 wouldn't be Fifth Amendment that should be produced, and 3 that's what I'm trying to figure out. 4 You're saying that nothing can be produced because 5 there are Fifth Amendment issues all the way through this, or 6 that there are some things that would implicate the Fifth 7 Amendment and could be produced in civil discovery? MR. PRESIADO: There may be in the context of 8 9 civil discovery. But in the context of the requests that 10 are before this Court and in these papers, every one --11 every one of them is subject to the Fifth Amendment because of their -- because of the chain of evidence that would be 12 13 invoked with respect to answering even the most basic of the 14 requests. 15 But going back to --16 THE COURT: I take it that that's not been 17 presented to Judge Fogel yet. 18 MR. PRESIADO: No, no. And that --19 THE COURT: The whole thing should be stayed 20 because we can't do this until the U.S. Attorney's done? 21 MR. PRESIADO: Well, in our opposition to the 22 motion, your Honor, we requested that your Honor not rule on 23 this until after next week when my client's motion to stay the entire action is heard by Judge Fogel. 25 They have objected to that, and we're here, so I

thought I would go ahead and argue the merits that are before 1 2 the Court. 3 But your Honor raises a good point. At the root of 4 this is what is set forth in the United States Supreme Court 5 in Kordel: Should the action -- should the discovery if not 6 the entire action be stayed based on the relationship between 7 the individual defendants and the corporate entities -- the 8 fact that they are the sole representatives, the only people 9 that can speak with respect to these entities? 10 And there's some argument that the corporate entity 11 defendants -- I'm sorry -- corporate -- the individual 12 defendant attorneys can answer these questions. 13 I just cannot for the life of me understand that, 14 your Honor. First of all, to the extent the case law is 15 presented ---16 THE COURT: You only know what your client's 17 telling you; right? 18 MR. PRESIADO; We only know what our client's 19 telling us. There's an obvious attorney-client relationship 20 there, and to have to divulge that as an attorney, what I 21 have learned from my client violates that. 22 Beyond that, the case law that is cited, to the 23 extent counsel were required to respond, is because they were 2.4 corporate counsel. They were involved in the underlying 25

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facts.

1 We were not hired -- as a matter of fact, Mr. 2 Dunning and my clients did not have attorneys, corporate 3 counsel or otherwise, until eBay terminated the relationship in June of '07. That's when we became involved, but by that 5 time everything had ceased, and everything based in the Second Amended Complaint has to do with facts preceding that 6 7 point in time. 8 So the idea that we as attorneys would have to 9 respond to interrogatories, particularly ones in this form -as incriminating in this form, and particularly with respect 10 to requests for admissions, it just isn't in the law, and it 11 12 just does not make any sense. 13 THE COURT: How about production of documents? 14 MR. PRESIADO: Production of documents -- I heard 15 Mr. Eberhart say that because the government has documents, 16 whether or not they are responsive -- I don't know -because we don't have them. 17 We haven't seen them for 18 two-and-a-half years. We're not even sure what was taken, 19 but everything was taken --20 THE COURT: But a corporation doesn't have a Fifth 21

Amendment right.

MR. PRESIADO: A corporation does not. But we run into the same problem. Does the production by any of the corporations implicate and eventually incriminate Mr.

25 Dunning?

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23

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Well, he was the sole proprietor --2 THE COURT: So you're talking about -- let's parse 3 this down. 4 MR. PRESIADO: Sure. 5 THE COURT: You're talking about the individual 6 corporate -- related to the corporation producing documents 7 based upon document request. 8 The way those people, or that person would pick out 9 the documents would have Fifth Amendment problems -- issues? 10 MR. PRESIADO: No. Mr. Eberhart --11 THE COURT: 'Cause it seems to me that just the 12 moving through of documents, unless you have confessions or something else, I'm not sure how the Fifth Amendment would 13 apply to all corporate -- all the documents that they are 14 15 seeking. It would seem to me that would be easier to parse if at all. I mean, obviously, he's writing letters of an 16 17 individual that may be looked at by the U.S. Attorney's 18 office. 19 MR. PRESIADO: Well, the production of documents 20 would in this case be testimonial in three ways. 21 THE COURT: Of the corporation. 22 MR. PRESIADO: No. It would be testimonial --23 production by the corporation would be testimonial as to the 24 individual in three ways. It would be testimonial as to 25 their existence, the possession, and their authenticity.

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I think I heard Mr. Eberhart say that because the
 2
   government has them those issues no longer exist, and that
 3
    just isn't the case. Just because the FBI came into a
   residence where Mr. Dunning was at the time, seized
 4
 5
    documents and took them doesn't establish that those were in
 6
   Mr. Dunning's possession.
 7
              Now eBay's arguing that we have to produce them,
 8
   which the act of production would establish possession,
 9
    custody or control? That is the incriminating aspect of the
10
    testimonial aspect -- I'm sorry -- the testimonial aspect of
11
   production.
12
              Same thing -- the only thing that the government
13
   having these documents established is that they exist.
14
              THE COURT: Have a search warrant --
15
              MR. PRESIADO: I can see that.
16
              THE COURT:
                         -- walked in, seized them --
17
              MR. PRESIADO:
                             I can see that:
18
              THE COURT:
                          -- took them outs
19
              MR. PRESIADO:
                             I can see that. But there's still
20
    the possession issue and there's the authenticity issue:
21
              THE COURT: But we're talking about corporate
22
   entities; right?
23
              MR. PRESIADO: We are in the context of the sole
24
   proprietorships where it is --
25
              THE COURT:
                          Well, let's break it down.
                                                       There's a
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1 I can see where there might be a difference 2 between a sole proprietorship and a corporation. Ż If -- if defendants in a case that are being sued civilly in corporate litigation, which is what this is --4 this isn't the United States Attorney. 5 This isn't U.S. 6 versus yet. So it's a civil case. I think everybody agrees 7 it is a civil case, and there may be criminal implications, because obviously the United States has already been involved 8 in this to some extent. 10 But if there is a document request on the corporation, obviously there is no such thing as a 11 12 corporation sifting through cupboards to find paper. 13 Individuals have to do that 14 So if individuals have to go through and produce 15 documents pursuant to a request for the production of 16 documents, I don't understand how that implicates the Fifth 17 Amendment: MR. PRESIADO: Well, it does in this respect -- in 18 19 this case, your Honor. 20 The evidence set forth establishes that Mr. Dunning 21 is the sole representative of Thunderwood Holdings. It's a 22 one-man show; the only man that ever did anything with 23 respect to that corporation; the only man that has knowledge 24 with respect to what that corporation did and did not do. 25 So when a document request is propounded that

1	reads bear with me, your Honor
2	"all documents relating to payment
3	of commissions or other revenue obtained
4	by Brian Dunning through participation
5	in" I'm sorry. I have the wrong one.
6	This one was propounded by Mr. Dunning, the same
7	one that was propounded on Thunderwood, which read:
8	"All documents relating to payment of
9	commissions or other revenues obtained by
10	Thunderwood through participation in,
11	interaction with or manipulation of eBay's
12	affiliate market program."
13	Because Mr. Dunning is the only one that can
14	determine what documents relate to the manipulation of eBay's
15	affiliate program, and that is undisputed and an
16	easily-established fact
17	THE COURT: Thunderwood Holdings, Inc. is small
18	enough that we're talking about one or two people?
19	MR. PRESIADO: We're talking about one.
20	THE COURT: Okay: So this may apply to something
21	like Thunderwood, but not necessarily to the larger
22	corporations
23	MR. PRESIADO: Right, which aren't involved here.
24	With respect to my clients, we have Mr. Dunning,
25	Thunderwood and then his fictitious business name. Kossleria

Flying Circus, which is the same relationship. 2 THE COURT: Right. Okay. 3 MR. PRESIADO: And I believe I have addressed all of Mr. Eberhart's points. If the Court has other questions 5 with respect to other issues that it would like me to argue 6 I'd be happy to argue. 7 THE COURT: Not at this point, 8 I'd like a response, 9 MR. EBERHART: Okaya 10 THE COURT: With regard to Thunderwood. 11 MR. EBERHART: I'm sorry, your Honor? 12 THE COURT: With regard to Thunderwood Holdings 13 Inc. he says that I can't compel production under these 14 circumstances because it implicates the Fifth Amendment. 15 MR. EBERHART: All right. In the case law that 16 we've cited in our reply brief, your Honor, makes very clear 17 that there is no exception for a one-person corporation --18 to the rule that a corporation has no Fifth Amendment --19 Fifth Amendment immunity, and that the acts of individuals, 20 who are acting as officers or employees of that corporation, 21 are not imputed to the individuals. Those are the acts of 22 the corporation. 23 THE COURT: So what you're saying is that he 24 produces because it's the corporation producing, not the person producing.

That is correct, your Honor. 1 2 THE COURT: And the U.S. Attorney who will be Ż sitting there when they charge them can't use that, and --4 MR. EBERHART: Can't use it against the 5 individual. That's correct. Not against the individual, 6 because it is the act of the corporation. 7 THE COURT: You want to come up next to him and 8 argue that? I mean, I don't know the answer to the question: 10 MR. PRESIADO: Well, that is the case, your Honor 11 when you're talking about your normal 50-person corporation. 12 THE COURT: No, no. But he's saying that the rule 13 applies to a one-person corporation; that the United States 14 Attorney is not going to be able to try and admit into 15 evidence in a criminal case to the jury that what one person 16 in a one-person corporation incorporated properly, that no 17 matter what he says the government can't use that against 18 him; can only use it to the extent you would ever use it 19 against a party. 20 MR. PRESIADO: That simply isn't the law, your 21 Honor, and I'll just quote one section from my paper. 22 United States Supreme Court, as cited by the Central States 23 Case. 24 "The Court did not address the 25 situation where a corporation only has one

1 agent who acts as the sole employee, 2 shareholder and officer of the Ź corporation. The Supreme Court in Kordel 4 noted this troublesome question, and said, 5 quote, 'in such a case the appropriate 6 remedy would be a protective order 7 postponing civil discovery until 8 termination of the criminal action." 9 That is a direct quote from the Supreme Court: 10 understand there's lower cases -- lower court cases and 11 perhaps even circuit court cases that do not -- that nuance 12 that point. But that is, in fact, straight from the court. 13 There is not a lot of law on this particular issue, as I'm sure the Court is aware. But if you take a step back 14 15 and look at the practicalities of it, I think it's pretty 16 clear. 17 These corporations are corporate entities in name 18 This is against individual -- an individual in my 19 case, and individuals -- this individual is the only one 20 with knowledge, the only one involved with respect to those 21 corporations So I think it is, and especially with respect 22 to the Rackspace subpoena, I think it is an end-run on my particular individual clients' Fifth Amendment rights. 23 24 MR. EBERHART: Your Honor, with respect to the 25 Kordel case, it's important to note that that case deals

with the government being both the civil litigant and the 1 2 criminal prosecutor. In that case the government had 3 brought a civil case against defendant and was also 4 prosecuting a criminal case against that defendant. 5 In addition, the language he cites is dicta from 6 Kordel; it's not, in fact, the holding or what the Court 7 did. And we've cited in our reply brief at page four a 8 number of cases that establish that there is no exception to 10 the rule that a corporation has no Fifth Amendment right, 11 There's no exception for a one-person corporation. 12 think that law is clear. 13 THE COURT: So your position is, is that as the 14 only representative of a corporation that he should be able 15 to provide that information, and that the government will 16 never be able to use that against him? 17 MR. EBERHART: That is correct. But there's one 18 caveat, your Honor. He is not the only person who can 19 provide the information. His lawyers can take possession of 20 those documents, go through and determine what is 21 responsive. He does not have to do it. He has not 22 established that by declaration, and that is not how 23 document requests -- document productions normally take

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place.

correct.

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So there's an assumption here that simply is not

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And just one last thing, your Honor, which is that
 1
 2
    Judge Fogel made it very clear that he wants this Court to
    decide this motion, because it will inform his decision on
 3
 4
    the stay motions to be heard next week.
 5
              THE COURT: Well, I understand.
                                               He thinks I
 6
    should be doing something about this.
 7
              MR. PRESIADO: I'm sorry I lost my train of
 8
    thought with that Judge Fogel comment.
 9
              THE COURT: Judge Fogel said, "Trumbull does it --
    makes the decision," is what he actually said. And that's
10
11
    fine.
           That's fine.
12
              MR. PRESIADO: He made it very clear he didn't
13
    want anything to do with the discovery dispute:
14
              THE COURT:
                         I can see why.
15
              MR. PRESIADO: Nonetheless, your Honor -- oh, with
16
   respect to the individual, Kordel -- I hope the Court has a
17
    chance to look at Kordel. It is not dicta in that respect.
18
   And this is --
19
              THE COURT: Right
20
              MR. PRESIADO: -- this is an area of uncertain
21
    law, particularly with respect to the issue of a single
22
    individual who is, in fact, the corporation ...
23
   corporation is not anything but a name,
24
              Other than that I think I would submit on that,
25
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
                                 It's submitted.
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1 So next issue? 2 MR. EBERHART: I think --Э MR. FOREMAN: Your Honor, this is Stewart Foreman. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Foreman. 5 MR. FOREMAN: Just a comment. Since part of this motion was directed at my client, would you like to hear 6 from me since we're on the Dunning issues, or would you like to hear from other counsel in the court? 8 9 THE COURT: Okay So why don't we -- don't why don't you go ahead and indicate what your position is? 10 11 It's really hard when you're coming out of a black 12 We do that to accommodate you, but I think that you 13 always know that unless you're standing at the podium it's a 14 little bit more difficult. 15 MR. FOREMAN: Yes. And I very much appreciate your willingness to let me appear in this manner. 17 it's better to be in court, but as I explained in my letter 18 the financial burden is such --19 THE COURT: No. I understand that And that's 20 why we did this. 21 MR. FOREMAN: In any case, going to the merits, 22 however -- again, I represent Todd Dunning and Dunning Enterprises, which is also a single-purpose entity, I guess 23 is the technical term that business lawyers use to describe 24 25 a corporation that is formed for the purpose of doing one

thing and one thing only.

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And in this case DEI, if I can refer to it that way, was formed merely to own a partnership interest in Kessler's Flying Circus. It was formed for that purpose. It simply held that partnership interest, and it has never conducted any other business; in fact, it is the proverbial silent partner in Kessler's Flying Circus.

However DEI and Todd Dunning are in a little bit different position with respect to these motions to compel, and I would like to -- and I think it's important to for purposes of our responsive motion to explore that.

EBay's motion as it relates to Todd Dunning and DEI is directed really at only two points.

As I think you mentioned earlier in the hearing one of the unusual things about this motion to compel is it is not presented in a way to compel responses to any specific requests that have been propounded. It's kind of an omnibus motion to compel, which makes it a bit different and a little difficult to deal with.

But nevertheless, we're here. And what eBay is asking for is an order that both Todd Dunning and DEI obtain documents from Rackspace, Inc. which is the entity down in Texas that provides essentially, I guess, computer space.

And they are also asking for an order that Todd

Dunning obtain and produce documents that were seized from

Brian Dunning's home by the FBI.

2.

There has never been a seizure of any documents from Todd Dunning, and that's a very important distinction, I believe, in this motion:

Now, Todd Dunning responded to the document request propounded by eBay by asserting his Fifth Amendment privilege, which I believe is completely appropriate.

He also stated in his declaration that he does not possess any documents, and I -- in my declaration accompanying this opposition I have further confirmed that based upon my representation of him after June of 2007.

DEI responded to eBay's document request, not by asserting a Fifth Amendment privilege on behalf of a corporation. It was a little different situation from DEI, because as it turns out, when DEI was formed Mrs. Dunning was named as secretary of the corporation. I would imagine as an individual that's not uncommon in these kinds of things, and therefore — and I learned this later — and therefore, there was somebody other than Mrs. Dunning who could at least act to respond on behalf of that entity to the document request.

And DEI responded to all the document requests in its exhibits before you, and it has stated, as the corporate entities all request, that it possesses no documents. It has stated that clearly and unequivocally.

Ebay, nevertheless, claims that Todd Dunning's Fifth Amendment privilege is not applicable to the documents it received by the FBI from a third party. And eBay claims that DEI should do something more to obtain documents from this Rackspace.

What that "something more" is is kind of unclear.

But what they seem to be saying is that DEI as a general

partner of KFC should make a demand on KFC.

Frankly, our position is that I don't think we should support, nor the Court has the time, nor should we all be engaged in a motion to compel when KFC is in front of the Court.

All eBay is asking for is a symbolic act, which maybe in some future course of the civil litigation will somehow try to use that in some way. But it's really nonsense quite frankly.

KFC is here. KFC is supposed to produce documents, and eBay will get whatever is produced. DEI doing anything further to meet that demand is truly a meaningless gesture.

So as to the request for DEI to obtain documents, I think it should be denied. Both DEI and Todd Dunning have requested from Rackspace that documents be provided. And they have been told, and there is an exhibit that's been part of my declaration that's been signed by the counsel for Rackspace, that says DEI and Todd Dunning are not authorized

representatives on the account at Rackspace.

We don't know, or at least I don't know because Rackspace's representatives have declined to tell me -- we don't know who the authorized representatives are. We've simply been told it's either Todd Dunning or DEI, and therefore they won't provide any documents to us. There's nothing more we can do.

And the law that's been cited on both the motion to compel and the opposition doesn't indicate that we have any legal obligation to do anything further. We have made a demand, and the demand has been refused. That should really end the matter.

As to the FBI documents, those were received from Brian Dunning's home -- not from Todd Dunning. And the question of whether requiring today -- well, let me back up for a moment.

We have also requested through counsel copies of the documents that were seized by the FBI. We felt -- we did that early on when there was this other parallel litigation that's been mentioned in these papers.

But the FBI has refused to produce copies of those documents to Todd Dunning's counsel, claiming that they weren't seized from us and they are not our documents.

There's nothing further we can do to get those documents from the FBI, and yet eBay's motion seeks to compel us to do

something in that regard. 2 But it -- this would, in fact, implicate Todd 3 Dunning's Fifth Amendment privilege if you were to order that he do something further, whatever that in theory might 5 be with respect to either the FBI or the Rackspace 6 documents. 7 Precisely because, since they weren't seized from him, if you were ordered -- to order him to produce documents, it would be tantamount to an admission that he had possession, control, and that he is authenticating those 10 11 documents. That is precisely what the case law says that's 12 been cited to you. 13 And at the moment neither possession, control nor 14 authenticity of those documents with respect to Todd Dunning 15 has been established, because nothing has been seized from him. 16 17 EBay is trying to get those facts established with 18 respect to Todd Dunning by this motion, and that would be potentially incriminating, because it would establish 19 20 potentially that those documents were authenticated as to 21 him or were in his possession and control. 22 It's kind of like, "Well, did you have the gun in 23 your possession or not?" We don't know what's in those 24 documents. 25 But until we know what those documents are, I

certainly believe that Todd has a right to assert his Fifth Amendment privilege to be sure that no government agency, or certainly not eBay later in this case can argue that because he produced them in this civil litigation they were under his possession, control and therefore, he has authenticated them and they can be used against him. That's precisely what the case law says shouldn't be done in this situation.

So I think eBay's motion with respect to DEI and Todd Dunning in trying to seek orders that these defendants do something, to get documents either from Rackspace or the FBI must be denied. This issue about DEI making a formal request on KFC I've addressed earlier, but that also should be denied.

And I'd like to point out, at least just for the record, your Honor, that that particular aspect of the motion was never really made in eBay's original motion. It was only argued in their reply and I think should be disregarded for that reasons

So finally, your Honor, I do make a request under the provision of Rule 37 for our attorneys fees, and in opposition to this motion all of the facts that I've argued were known to eBay before they filed the motion, and certainly after they filed the motion during our meet and confer. They refused to withdraw it. I think that's without substantial justification, and we request our attorneys fees,

and I've set forth the basis for that in my declaration. 2 THE COURT: Response? З MR. EBERHART: First of all, your Honor, the 4 notion that we are asking Todd Dunning to get documents from the FBI is a red herring. That is not what we're 5 6 requesting. 7 We are requesting that Mr. Dunning be compelled to 8 provide whatever it is he has provided to the government. don't know -- eBay does not know whether documents were 9 10 seized from Todd Dunning. Todd Dunning's declaration does 11 not establish one way or the other whether documents were 12 seized from him, and I encourage the Court to look closely at 13 14 Mr. Dunning's declaration has no broad statement 15 saying, "I never gave nor had seized from me any documents 16 by the government." Instead he has a very narrow statement, 17 where he states there was an interview on June 18th, 2007, 18 by the FBI, and quote, "The FBI did not request or receive 19 any documents during this interview." 20 It leaves open the possibility of other 21 interviews. It leaves open the possibility of warrants. 22 leaves open the possibility of voluntary production at some 23 other time. 24 We don't know what Todd Dunning has given the

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government, but to the extent that he has given them anything

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we're entitled to have responsive material to our document requests from that universe produced to us. Because having provided it to the government it is not testimonial to provide it now.

It is not merely ministerial or symbolic to require DEI to seek documents from KFC. KFC is a partnership, and I'm sure that some of the defendants are going to argue that there are different rules that apply to partnerships. But DEI is a corporation, and the rules are very clear as to corporations.

So asking for requiring that the corporation take the acts that it's able to do under California law to put documents into its possession such that they can be produced because that corporation has no Fifth Amendment rights is far from a symbolic or ministerial act.

In addition, Mr. Dunning -- Mr. Todd Dunning's declaration does not establish that he's made any sort of demand on KFC for those documents.

Finally, this notion that quote, "EBay knew of the facts before it filed its motion" is not true.

First of all, as I've discussed, the facts are not as Mr. Foreman would have them. The facts that are set forth in Mr. Todd Dunning's declaration do not establish that he does not have documents that were given to the government or that he's made a demand. And that declaration, moreover, was

provided after eBay filed its motion. 1 2 THE COURT: Respond to that? 3 MR. FOREMAN: Yes, your Honor. First of all, with 4 respect to the issue of has Todd Dunning provided any 5 documents to the FBI, this is -- this is really sort of 6 making up things. 7 He -- Mr. Eberhart quoted from Mr. Dunning's 8 declaration, as of June 18th he did not provide any documents to the FBI. That's very clear; 10 Then in my declaration, to which Mr. Dunning's 11 declaration is an exhibit, I state in paragraph 16 on page 12 five that I was retained by Mr. Dunning three weeks after 13 that interview. And I go on to say that I have not produced 14 any documents on behalf of my clients to the FBI. And 15 I -- my clients have not had any contact with the FBI 16 subsequent to the time of Mr. Dunning's interview on 17 June 18. So what we're talking about -- I mean, I think it 18 19 makes very clear between what Mr. Dunning said in his 20 declaration based on his personal knowledge as counsel to 21 him that no documents have been produced to the FBI. 22 What we seem to be talking about here, Mr. Eberhart 23 would like all of that said in his words rather than in the words that I have said and that Mr. Dunning has said. 24 25 I mean, it's kind of a -- what are we arguing about

here? It's quite clear from this record that no documents from Mr. Dunning have ever been supplied to the FBI.

THE COURT: So Mr. Dunning was not requested to

provide documents. Mr. Dunning did not provide documents.

They did not come in with a search warrant and take

documents. So there has been no contact between Mr. Dunning

and the FBI at all concerning the movement of the documents.

MR. FOREMAN: That is absolutely correct, your Honor, and I would just like to supplement, that at the time of the interview on June 18th Mr; Dunning was not served with any search warrant. He was simply interviewed.

And that doesn't change anything of what you said or what I said, but I just want to make sure you understand that that is an important distinction as to the origin of the first facts in this case between Todd Dunning, my client and Mr. Presiado's client, Brian Dunning.

THE COURT: And I want to note for the record just so that everybody knows that, that I actually issued that search warrant when I was on criminal duty, so I don't know that that makes any difference, but it seems to me when I was preparing for this it became clear that that was when I was on criminal duty and I did the search warrant.

Because this is down in the Santa Cruz-beyond area,

1 down there is where that search warrant was? 2 MR. PRESIADO: Orange County, your Honor. 3 MR. FOREMAN: It was actually down in Orange 4 County. 5 THE COURT: Then that's not the one. 6 another one -- was there another search warrant in this? 7 MR. KOURETCHIAN: There is, your Honor, That was 8 in San Diego. 9 THE COURT: Then I'm misbelieving that I was involved in this; It seemed to me I just recently came 10 11 across something that indicated that there was some service that was in our district, and it sounds like it isn't. 12 13 to the extent it's out of district I don't do it. 14 MR. FOREMAN: And your Honor, if I may be allowed to continue to respond to Mr. Eberhart's point, and I'll 15 16 make it brief. 17 At one point during his counter-argument he may 18 have inadvertently said this, and if he said this I want to 19 correct it. 20 THE COURT: Okay. .21 MR. FOREMAN: He indicated that Todd Dunning is a 22 partner of KFC. That is not correct. It's DEI that is the 23 partner. So I just wanted to make sure that we're all clear 24 about that, There are a lot of names floating around here. 25 THE COURT: Right.

MR. FOREMAN: And there's nothing further I can say about this request of DEI with respect to KFC. It just mystifies me what this is supposed to accomplish.

2.0

And KFC is here before you -- if you decide, which I'm not saying you should, but if you decide that KFC has possession, custody or control of documents responsive to the requests that it should produce, then it -- you know, then that's the end of it.

What does DEI's request add to this? And I don't think it's in the interest of justice or appropriate for the Court to order something that is really meaningless.

And I've seen that eBay is extremely resourceful in using courts' orders and statements of counsel and other things in very creative ways, and I think we should be very careful about ordering things that are unnecessary, because they do lead to mischief.

As far as eBay's knowledge of the facts, your Honor, as has been pointed out I believe in these papers prior to eBay filing this case in August of 2008, its agent, Commission Junction, the company that was actually providing the computer services for this affiliate marketing program — Commission Junction had sued the Dunning defendants, shall we say, in Orange County on substantially the same theories, but for a claim that it was owed money as opposed to eBay claiming money.

And during the course of that case declarations were provided that established -- that said the same thing; because Commission Junction had also requested documents from these clients.

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Todd Dunning's declaration was substantially similar to the one here, was placed into the record there, as was Robert Breakstone, the criminal counsel's declaration with respect to the request for FBI records was also placed into the record in that case;

And all of those documents and the pleading records, these declarations were subpoenaed by eBay early on in this case. So they have had them prior to this motion. They are substantially the same declarations, and so it is true when I say that they knew about all of these facts before filing this motion because they had all of those pleadings.

And if you review the e-mail exchange between Colleen Kennedy and myself when we were meeting and conferring regarding this motion, I pointed out to her that they already had those declarations, and those declarations made these same points clear.

She came back and said, "No, it's not clear enough." So I agreed to provide new declarations, but tried to clarify some points.

I feel like the goal line keeps getting moved

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                I keep clarifying these points and she keeps
 2
    saying it's not clear enough; Well, you know, we have a
 3
    different way of writing, but I think the facts are very
 4
    clear.
 5
              Thank you, your Honor,
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              MR. EBERHART: One last point, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: You may,
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              MR. EBERHART: I think despite the number of times
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   Mr. Foreman says the record is clear, I think it behooves
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    the Court to look at Mr. Dunning's declaration.
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              He does not exclude the possibility that he gave
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    documents to the government, and you can't combine that --
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    nor can you combine that with Mr. Foreman's declaration and
    come to the conclusion that there is no chance that Mr.
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15
    Dunning provided documents to the government,
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              And in the meet and confer we asked, "Just give us
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    a simple statement: Todd Dunning gave no documents to the
18
    government and no documents were seized from him by the
19
    government."
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              And Mr. Foreman wouldn't give us that. We wouldn't
21
   be here on this particular issue had we gotten that clear
22
    statement from Todd Dunning.
23
              MR. FOREMAN: Your Honor, if I just may respond --
24
    I'm sorry -- just briefly.
25
              I would have been happy to give that clear
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1 statement if what has already been said has not been clear 2 enough for eBay's counsel. However, they tied that request 3 to some very onerous conditions which I could not accept, and 4 that is set forth in the e-mails. That is why we're here 5 It's not because I refused to do what Mr. Eberhart just indicated. 6 7 I would have gladly avoided this motion, and I tried mightily to do that, but they continued to ask for more 8 and more things that ultimately became both irrelevant and 10 too onerous, and I couldn't accept them. 11 THE COURT: So if what you deemed to be requests 12 for more than that particular issue, if it were divided up into different pieces you might be able to respond to 13 14 certain ones and then not be able to respond to others? 15 MR. FOREMAN: Well --16 THE COURT: In other words, you're telling me that 17 you think he was asking more than just that. If he was 18 asking just that that would have been easy enough, but it 19 was complicated. 20 So if it was asked -- if it was asked in pieces, where one of the pieces would be just that, then that would 22 work? 23 MR. FOREMAN: Your Honor, just so that I'm sure 24 I'm answering what I'm answering here, if -- if standing 25 alone, if somehow it needs to be clarified that Todd Dunning

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has provided -- has never provided any documents to the FBI,
    I am willing to clarify that even for standing by itself.
 2
 3
          Because that's a true statement.
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              THE COURT: Does that give anything to anybody,
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    Counsel?
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              MR. EBERHART: Your Honor, I think it would
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    resolve the piece of our motion that is directed to Todd
 8
    Dunning.
 9
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
10
              MR. EBERHART: Because the document -- the motion
    that is directed to Todd Dunning only seeks for him to
11
12
   produce responsive material that falls within the universe
13
    of material that he produced to the FBI, and if, in fact,
    there is nothing, then that does resolve the motion against
14
15
   Todd Dunning.
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              THE COURT: Does it work to do it right here, or
17
   do you need to do it in some other context?
18
              MR. EBERHART: I think Todd Dunning needs to be
19
   the one that provides the declaration that says he never
20
    provided anything to the government.
21
              THE COURT: So Counsel, can you go ahead and do
22
   that?
23
              MR. FOREMAN:
                           I'm sorry. Mr. Eberhart, could you
24
   just repeat that point?
25
              THE COURT:
                          Say it again.
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Todd Dunning needs to be the one
 1
              MR. EBERHART:
 2
    who provides the declaration stating that he never provided
 ã
   any documents to the government, whether voluntarily or by
 4
    seizure.
 5
              THE COURT:
                         So it seems if that can be provided
 6
    that that would end that issue.
 7
              MR. EBERHART:
                             (Nods head.)
 8
              THE COURT: So I will leave it up to the two of
 9
   you to figure that out;
10
                            Well --
              MR. FOREMAN:
11
              THE COURT: Go ahead.
12
                            I'd be happy to do that, your Honor
              MR. FOREMAN:
13
   I mean, I'd be happy to talk to Mr. Eberhart about resolving
    that, and I don't see a problem with that.
14
15
              My only question is, given what I think is eBay's
16
   counsel's view of the limited application of the Fifth
17
   Amendment in these situations, I would want to be assured
   that in Todd Dunning stating this, that that is not going to
18
19
   be used as some argument that he's waived his Fifth Amendment
20
    privilege 🚁
21
              Now, I don't think that's the case I don't think
22
    it's the case with the declaration that he's already
23
    provided, but I would just like some clarification of where
24
   we stand on that issue with eBay's counsel.
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              THE COURT:
                          Well, given that statement that you
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said and given the response, then, you know, I think it's 2 appropriate, if you need time to figure out if there are З other implications of doing anything, that you consider 4 that. 5 But if it can be resolved and there's no harm to 6 your client in resolving it, then do that. If it can't be 7 resolved because of potentially ramifications on the criminal 8 side, then I guess it leaves it as an unresolved issue. MR. FOREMAN: If I may just follow up on that 9 10 point. 11 If Mr. Eberhart -- if he can address this question but if you would just -- does he view that if I were to --12 13 if Mr. Dunning were to provide the declaration with the words 14 that he just stated, what -- would he agree that that is not any waiver of Mr. Dunning's Fifth Amendment privilege? 16 THE COURT: Well, I'm not sure that he's in a --17 I -- you know, I'm going to leave that up to your I'm not 18 going to weigh in # 19 MR. FOREMAN: He and I can discuss that. 20 THE COURT: I'm not going to give any legal advice 21 on any of those issues. 22 So is there anything further on that issue that we 23 need to do? 24 MR. EBERHART: Your Honor, there is nothing 25 further on the motion against Todd Dunning and his related

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companies.
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 2
              But I just want to be clear that that declaration
 Š
    only resolves the portion of the motions that is directed at
 4
    Todd Dunning.
 5
                                 And I understand that.
              THE COURT: Okay.
 6
    that -- and it's submitted as to that portion which involves
 7
    Todd Dunning.
 8
              So next issue.
 9
              And Counsel, I don't know if you want to -- I mean,
10
    if you're happy to sit on the telephone for the rest of this
11
    or not.
12
              MR. FOREMAN:
                            If you don't mind, your Honor, I
13
   will stay on --
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              THE COURT: That's fine.
15
              MR. FOREMAN: -- in case something comes up.
16
              THE COURT: Okay. You know, you're going to have
17
    to yell if you want to say something because I'm going to
18
   presume you're probably not as involved in the rest of this ...
19
                            I -- I will make myself heard.
              MR. FOREMAN:
20
              THE COURT: Okaya
                                 Thank you.
21
              Go ahead.
              MR. KOURETCHIAN: Great, your Honor.
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23
              I'm here to address the three issues related to
24
   Shawn Hogan and Digital Solutions, Inc., the first issue
25
    being the production of documents by Shawn Hogan
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individually.

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Counsel for eBay has indicated that there really is nothing incriminating involved. I think the opposition that we provided which makes reference to the *Hubbell* decision by the Supreme Court would tend to indicate otherwise. That is especially true here.

If it were simply a request, not that we're conceding that such a request would be in and of itself otherwise not objectionable — but if it were simply a request to produce all documents that had been produced or seized by the FBI, then that would give some probative weight to eBay's argument that there is essentially little or no value in producing the documents such that there isn't this testimonial aspect to the act of production.

In this case, however, the devil really is in the details, and the details with respect to eBay's request for production to Shawn Hogan is where we seem to be at odds with eBay.

They are asking ultimately for Shawn Hogan to exercise a great deal of discretion and to make certain decisions that ultimately are testimonial in responding to the request for production.

We cite to the one specific question but there are several, the request being:

"All documents sufficient to identify

the source of any technology, technique or method used by Hogan or Hogan entities to participate in, manipulate or interact with eBay's affiliate marketing program."

They are essentially asking Mr. Hogan to testify, by producing documents, providing specific documents that will respond as to the issues of manipulation or interaction. That goes well beyond the case the government may already have.

An easy way at least for me to understand it, because frankly, I believe a lot of these issues are fairly complicated, if the government had a copy of Mr. Hogan's diary, and eBay, assuming, again, other objections don't apply, was simply asking for him to produce a copy of the diary, that act of production is nothing other than the act of surrender that Justice White had referred to in the Hubbell case. There is nothing inherently testimonial to that.

But had eBay have asked, which they are doing here in many different ways, "to identify all sections of the diary related to your contact in the affiliate program," or "all sections in your diary or passages in the diary related to this manipulative technology," well, they are now going well beyond what the government may already have,

The government may have the material but may not

know how to interpret the material. And now the questions by eBay ultimately will require my client to interpret the material that the government may very well have, and that in and of itself is testimonial.

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Mr. Hogan would ultimately be providing information to the government that the government does not have, whether certain passages, certain information is related to eBay or related to this affiliate marketing program.

It may be unclear by the information alone that the government has whether it is in fact related to this or to that. And by asking Mr. Hogan to decide and to identify which pieces are related to the specific requests, there is the type of testimonial aspect that is protected by the Fifth Amendment.

The -- I also wanted just at the outset to make note of the fact that counsel's statements -- counsel by eBay's statements that there are a variety of indisputable facts here we take -- we don't agree with. There are frankly quite a bit of disputable facts, including whether or not the various parties are in possession of documents that are responsive and have yet to be produced.

The second issue here, your Honor, is the issue of the production of the documents by Digital Point Solutions.

I think the -- I think the discussion that took place earlier between counsel for eBay and Mr. Presiado covered

1 the topic fairly extensively.

I do wish to point out that Shawn Hogan in the declaration that's been provided confirmed as much, was the sole shareholder, officer, directer and representative of Digital Point Solutions, and this was an entity that was formed in May of 2007, and may — to the extent there was any interaction may have been involved by eBay's own admission for no more than — well, I won't say by eBay's own admission, but according to the documents we've seen by no more than one month at most.

In neither case there is nobody other than Mr;
Hogan who would be able to provide any information related
to -- DPS, Inc. is the sole shareholder, the sole officer and
the sole director.

And the suggestion that the distinction between DPS Inc. and Mr. Hogan somehow gives eBay the ability to sidestep Mr. Hogan's individual rights to Fifth Amendment protection against self-incrimination is an end-run around the Fifth Amendment. Ultimately Mr. Hogan, and only Mr. Hogan will be able to provide responses on behalf of DPS, Inc.

And frankly, we've stated in our papers that the only real solution here is the stay. We've asked that this Court on this issue stay the proceedings, and we've pointed to some cases here in the Northern District that support the stay, because there isn't anybody other than Mr. Hogan who

can provide the responses. 1 2 There are also issues relating to the form of the 3 responses. EBay is not asking DPS, Inc. to provide responses related to DPS, Inc. 's actions, whether DPS, Inc. 4 5 did this or did that. They are asking DPS, Inc. to provide information 6 7 related to DPS, Inc. quote, "related entities," and 8 ultimately, by calling the officer, director, et cetera, 9 Shawn Hogan 10 So they are asking through the artifice of, or the 11 shield of DPS, Inc. Shawn Hogan to answer questions about 12 Shawn Hogan. And that too is the proper subject of a motion 13 to stay, and we had asked this Court not to hear the motion as to these two issues until the Court had resolved the issue 14 15 on the motion to stay. We take exception to counsel's --16 17 THE COURT: The motion to stay is pending before 18 Judge Fogel: 19 MR. KOURETCHIAN: That is correct. That is 20 correct, your Honor. It is due to be heard next week. 21 There was some question earlier from the Court 22 whether if it was a specific or a broader question would it 23 have somehow changed the application of the Fifth Amendment 24 to the individual defendant Shawn Hogan, 25 And I do wish to point out that it isn't the

question of specificity or breadth; it's going to boil down to the specific question asked.

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If, for example, assuming that the government had possession of certain e-mails, if the question was -- the request from eBay was, "Produce all e-mails between party X and party Y," and these e-mails had been previously produced to the government, then it might very well be that the Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination would be implicated but it might very well fall within that forgone conclusion doctrine, such that the production of that type of information doesn't offer any discernment other than information the government presumably already has. It would be able to identify party X and party Y.

But again, the devil here is in the details. The questions asked go far beyond that. They are asking Shawn Hogan ultimately to make decisions and to provide testimony.

And in their reply they suggest that we might have been nitpicking by picking out one of the questions, the one that I had already read to the Court, and they talk about a request for "all documents related to eBay," as if somehow that would have been better, or that somehow there isn't a testimonial aspect to that. And we beg to differ that there is a testimonial aspect to "all documents related to eBay."

Again, if the government has seized all sorts of documents it may not know what document relates to eBay. If

1 the question were all documents identifying eBay and the 2 documents had been produced or been seized by the 3 government, then it may very well be less of a testimonial 4 or incriminating aspect to the question. 5 But as these questions stand, in every single one of them -- and it's unfortunate that none of them have really 6 7 been referenced in the plaintiff's moving papers, They have 8 addressed this issue generally, and I could see why they would do that. 10 But if you read the questions individually, in each 11 one they are asking ultimately Shawn Hogan to provide some 12 testimony, to apply his knowledge, the contents of his own 13 mind, information that the government simply does not have in 14 order to respond. 1.5 Does the Court have any questions? 16 THE COURT: No. 17 MR. KOURETCHIAN: Okay. 18 MR. EBERHART: Your Honor, I'd like to start with 19 two of the last points that Mr. Kouretchian made. 20 First of all, all of eBay's requests are before the 21 Court. As the Court's rules require we have of course the 22 chart that shows the relevant requests and responses. 23 also put in the specific requests. 24 Mr. Kouretchian said, "Well, perhaps if we were 25 seeking communications between X and Y that might not

implicate the Fifth Amendment because it would not have any 2 testimonial aspect to it due to the forgone conclusion 3 doctrine." 4 I would invite the Court to look at Request For 5 Production Number Two that we've issued to DPS and Mr. Hogan, which asks for "all documents relating to or communications 6 7 with eBay or any current or former employee of eBay." I believe that falls directly within the 8 9 hypothetical that Mr. Kouretchian set out. 10 As I argued in my -- in my initial statement, the 11 requests which are before the Court are quite broad when 12 taken together, and the notion that they require specific 13 testimony by Mr. Hogan is not, in fact, the case. 14 Let's take even one of the particular requests 15 that they call out. 16 They are concerned about the language that asks 17 for "methods and technologies used by DPS to obtain revenue 18 from, manipulate or otherwise interact with eBay's affiliate 19 marketing program." 20 If Mr. Hogan or DPS produces a document in 21 response to that, it does not tell the government that he 22 manipulated or DPS manipulated the program. The question is 23 in -- or the request is in the disjunctive. Simply 24 interacted with, otherwise interacted with the program, has 25 no testimonial or incriminating aspect to it.

1 EBay absolutely is seeking whatever information is within the possession, custody or control of DPS, Inc. And 2 3 DPS, Inc. has control over the documents that were seized by 4 the government. And DPS, Inc. through its agents, whether 5 Mr. Hogan or its counsel or some other agent it may appoint, can review that material, both for production and to provide 7 answers to eBay's requests for admissions. As we have discussed with some of the other 8 9 defendants there's an assumption here that has not been 1.0 proven, which is, it has not been proven that only Shawn Hogan can conduct the review of documents that are sought by 11 12 eBay's document requests. 13 In the normal course counsel would take possession 14 of the documents, conduct a review to determine what is 15 responsive and non-privileged and produce that material. 16 And finally, we would be happy to simply accept

the production en mass of whatever was provided to the FBIx EBay would have no problem with that, and if that's a way, as Mr. Kouretchian suggested, to resolve the motion, eBay is certainly open to that option.

> THE COURT: Is that helpful?

MR. PRESIADO: I wish it were, your Honor.

Unfortunately -- I'm going to start with Question Number Two that counsel has referred to.

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There is a testimonial aspect to this question.

is asking ultimately for Mr. Hogan to identify the current or former employees of eBay. This is not a question as to a communication between X and Y. This is something a little bit broader than that and does require ultimately Mr. Hogan to exercise some discretion — discretion that he has and information that frankly the government may not have.

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This also ties into the final comment counsel made suggesting that as a practical matter counsel would be reviewing the information and providing the response.

I don't know how -- how Mr. Eberhart's office practice is, but we leave the responses for discovery and document demands to our clients.

If a document demand requests that our client produce a specific document — in this case I'll refer again to Question Number Two, the Request For Production, "All documents relating to or communications with eBay or any current or former employee of eBay," it's unclear to me how, for example, I would be able to answer that question on behalf of DPS, Inc. without consulting with my client, or again, if it were simply production of document e-mail between X and Y I'd be willing to concede that that is at least something that I might be able to provide a response to.

But again, the response shouldn't be coming from counsel for DPS, Inc. or any counsel for anybody for that

It should be coming from the client directly. 1 matter. 2 Also they make reference to the passage I quoted З in my opposition regarding "manipulate" or they say -- they make reference to "interact," as if "interact" in and of 4 5 itself doesn't offer any testimonial component to it. 6 Unfortunately, I don't have a copy of the 7 Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint in my stack over there, 8 but I do recall that the user agreement that they are 9 referring to relates to interactions with the eBay Web site, 10 and so the suggestion that because the word "interact" is there and we can ignore "manipulate" somehow that makes this 11 12 a less-stinging request just simply cannot be believed. 1.3 contrary to what they've filed in their Second Amended 14 Complaint as well, 15 THE COURT: Response to that? 16 MR. EBERHART: Yes, your Honor. There is no 17 particular term of art applied to "interact" within either 18 these requests or within our Second Amended Complaint, so 19 the notion that it somehow sweeps in wrongdoing and 20 supplants the normal definition of "interact" is simply not 21 correct. 22 Finally, what we are suggesting is that the 23 material that was provided to the FBI can be provided to 24 There's no selection by Mr. Hogan involved in 25 that, and indeed DPS, Inc. has that material, and that

1 counsel can then review that material for responsive 2 documents.

If they claim they don't know who the current or former employees of eBay are, I would suggest that e-mail addresses at eBay.com might give them some insight on that.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Is that helpful?

MR. KOURETCHIAN: It might be helpful as to the current employees of eBay. I don't know if it's helpful as to the former, and that's frankly beside the point.

I did want to point out that one of the theories of liability here is the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act that is going to require reference by this Court to the user agreement.

And to the extent the word "interact" is being used in the user agreement and is, frankly, a big part, as I understand of the plaintiff's case, the suggestion that the one request that I had identified in my opposition is somehow non-testimonial, just -- we question that. We leave it to the Court to make that final decision.

Ultimately, your Honor, it's -- we've been talking again in broad context as to the Fifth Amendment right. We wouldn't have this issue if the plaintiff's case wasn't the exact parallel type of case that as I understand the U.S. Attorney's ultimately seeking to pursue against my client.

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    We wouldn't be dealing with these issues.
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              As it is, we are. That with respect to the Fifth
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   Amendment it is from our perspective impossible for the Court
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    to piecemeal and decide Mr. Hogan's Fifth Amendment right
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    will be respected, and DPS, Inc. will be required
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   nevertheless to produce or to respond.
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              And we suggest that that is ultimately an untenable
   situation, because it leaves DPS, Inc. -- it prejudices the
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 9
   DPS, Inc, Ultimately DPS, Inc, is not able to defend itself
    if Shawn Hogan, who is still subject to criminal prosecution,
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11
   is unable to or unwilling to provide responses that might
12
   very well serve to defend DPS, Inc.
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              THE COURT: I take it -- and clarify, 'cause I'
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   didn't go look for this -- that when you have appeared
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   before Judge Fogel -- why don't you just come up to the
16
   podium?
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              Has there been a request to stay this pending the
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   completion of the criminal stuff?
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              MR. KOURETCHIAN: That is what is pending next
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   week, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: And you haven't argued it yet?
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              MR. KOURETCHIAN:
                                We have not:
                                              It has been
23
   briefed and --
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              THE COURT:
                          It seems to me after having listened
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   to you that that's --
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              MR. PRESIADO:
                              The hearing is on Friday, your
 2
    Honor.
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              THE COURT: -- sort of the logical place to go,
    and I'm not sure why I'm doing this, when there is
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 5
    potentially a pending motion before Judge Fogel to stay the
    entire civil case pending the completion of the criminal
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    case, which isn't unusual in these circumstances,
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              MR. EBERHART: Judge Fogel indicated that he
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    believed that your ruling on these motions to compel would
    be informative to him on the motion to stay.
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              In fact, the defendants had asked Judge Fogel to
    either hear this motion or to put these motions to compel off
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    until after Judge Fogel had heard the motion to stay.
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    declined to do that. He said, "No. I think it will be
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    instructive for me to know what Judge Trumbull does."
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              THE COURT:
                          That's interesting that that's what he
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    said.
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              Is there anything further that anybody wants to say
    about anything further at this point?
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              MR. KOURETCHIAN: Just, your Honor, what they are
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    calling the order by Judge Trumbull, or -- excuse me -- by
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              THE COURT: Judge Fogel.
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              MR. KOURETCHIAN: Thank you. By Judge Fogel.
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    That was part of all the briefing here,
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1 THE COURT: Right. 2 MR. KOURETCHIAN: So -- and it was a statement 3 that was made. I'm not sure it was quite in the order. 4 THE COURT: Right Right. Okay. 5 MR. PRESIADO: If I can concur with that, your 6 Honor. There was no order --7 THE COURT: And I know that it was sent to me 8 because he wanted me the deal with this --9 MR. PRESIADO: Yes: 10 THE COURT: It wasn't so obvious to me as to 11 why he wanted me to deal with this, and now it is more 12 obvious to me why he wanted me to deal with this. 13 MR. PRESIADO: There was no order, and the issue 14 was not, in fact, argued strenuously in front of him. 15 was more of his understanding without having read any of 16 these papers obviously --17 THE COURT: Right. 18 MR. PRESIADO: -- and without having read the 19 motion to stay his understanding of how he thought things 20 should progress, and because you have different calendars --21 THE COURT: Because I do the discovery he was 22 going to leave it to me to decide if there was any way for 23 this to go forward as long as there was a pending criminal case, and what the implications would be in the criminal 24 25 case.

1 MR. PRESIADO: And because there were different calendars he thought, it seemed to me, that he should just 2 3 let it proceed as is, and to the extent this could be 4 helpful to him, to the extent it could, he couldn't have known at the time that this would. 5 6 But to the extent it could be helpful I'm sure he 7 thought he could take advantage of that. But I don't think 8 it was set in stone, and certainly not an order that he 9 needed this to be done first. 10 THE COURT: Go fight your discovery problems in front of Judge Trumbull and tell her that the Fifth 11 12 Amendment is all over this place, and then let me figure out 13 what to do depending on what she says? 14 MR. PRESIADO: Let her recommend a stay. 15 MR. EBERHART: I'll just read to you, your Honor, 16 what he said. 17 He said: 18 "The motion to stay seems to me, just 19 thinking about it logically, is going to 20 be informed by the result of the motion to 21 compel: I'd like to see what Judge 22 Trumbull's take is on the matter before 23 deciding whether a stay is required." 24 That's what he said. 25 MR. PRESIADO: And I think it was that simple,

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your Honor, yes.
 2
                           Okay, Is there anything else?
 3
               Okay.
                      This matter is submitted and you will hear
    shortly what my position is a
 5
             MR. EBERHART: Thank you, your Honor.
              MR. PRESIADO: Thank you, your Honor.
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 7
              MR. FOREMAN:
                             Thank you, your Honor,
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              THE COURT:
                           Thank you.
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              (The proceedings concluded at 11:41 a.m.)
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## CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, CHRISTINE TRISKA, Pro-Tem Reporter for the United States Court, Northern District of California, San Jose Division, hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings in Case No. C 08-04052, EBAY INC. versus DIGITAL POINT SOLUTIONS, et al. were reported by me, a certified shorthand reporter, and were thereafter transcribed under my direction into typewriting; that the foregoing is a full, complete and true record of said proceedings as bound by me at the time of filing.

The validity of the reporter's certification of said transcript may be void upon disassembly and/or removal from the court file.

/S/ Christine Triska

Christine Triska, CSR 12826, CSR, RPR
Monday, November 30, 2009

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 I. Rhonda Radford, declare as follows: 2 I am employed in the County of Orange, State of California; I am over the age of eighteen years and am not a party to this action; my business address is 2211 Michelson Drive, Seventh Floor, 3 Irvine, California 92612, in said County and State. On December 21, 2009, the document(s) entitled: 4 RESPONSE TO OBJECTION OF EBAY INC. TO MAGISTRATE JUDGE TRUMBULL'S ORDER OF NOVEMBER 19, 2009 ON EBAY'S MOTIONS TO COMPEL 5 was/were served as follows: 6 CM/ECF ELECTRONIC SERVICE: The following are registered as CM/ECF Users with the Court, and have consented to service through the Court's automatic transmission of a notice of 7 electronic filing: 8 David R. Eberhart Attorneys for Plaintiff eBay, Inc. Sharon M. Bunzel 9 Colleen M. Kennedy O'Melveny & Myers 10 Two Embarcadero, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor San Francisco, CA 94111 11 Tel: (949) 984-8700 / Fax: (949) 984-8701 Email: deberhart@omm.com. 12 sbunzel@omm.com 13 Stewart H. Foreman Attorneys for Defendants Todd Dunning and Freeland, Cooper & Foreman, LLP Dunning Enterprises, Inc. 14 150 Spear Street, Suite 1800 San Francisco, CA 94105 15 Tel: (949) 541-0200 / Fax: (949) 495-4332 Email: foreman@freelandlaw.com 16 Seyamack Kouretchian Attorneys for Digital Point Solutions, Inc. and 17 Ross M. Campbell Shawn Hogan Coast Law Group. LLP 18 1140 S. Coast Hwy. 101 Encinitas, CA 92024 19 Tel: (760) 942-8505 / Fax: (760) 942-8515 Email: seyamack@coastlawgroup.com 20 Rcampbell@coastlawgroup.com 21 Patrick K. McClellan Attorney for Kessler's Flying Circus Law Offices of Patrick K. McClellan 22 2211 Michelson Drive, Suite 700 Irvine, California 92612 23 Tel: (949) 261-7615 / Fax: (949) 851-2772 Email: pkellymc@pacbell.net 24 I am employed in the office of Rus, Miliband & Smith, APC, a member of the bar of this Court, and the foregoing document(s) was/were printed on recycled paper. 25 26 FEDERAL I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct Executed on December 21, 2009, at Irvine, California. 2.7

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