1 2 3 4 5 6 7 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 9 SAN JOSE DIVISION 10 TRENT WEST, CASE NO. 5:10-CV-03124-EJD 11 Plaintiff / Counter-defendant, ORDER VACATING ORDER STRIKING PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION v. 12 QUALITY GOLD, INC., 13 Re: Docket Item Nos. 96, 97 Defendant / Counter-claimant, 14 AND RELATED COUNTERCLAIMS 15 16 Plaintiff Trent West ("West") seeks leave to file a motion for reconsideration of yesterday's 17 order striking his opposition to the summary judgment motion brought by third-party Defendant 18 Jewelry Innovations, Inc. ("JII") for failure to meet the deadline set by Civil L.R. 7-3(a). 19 20 I. BACKGROUND 21 On November 23, 2011, JII requested leave to file under seal a motion for summary 22 judgment. ECF No. 81. On December 6, the court granted that request. ECF No. 82. On December 23 9, JII filed its motion under seal, mailed a paper copy to West, and filed a certificate of service with 24 the court referencing the paper mailing. ECF Nos. 83, 85. 25 ¹ For the sake of clarity, all mentions of "requests" or "applications" refer to administrative 26 motions brought under Civil L.R. 7-11, while "motions" refer to noticed motions brought under Civil L.R. 7-2. Furthermore, even though the motion practice was executed by attorneys, the 27 atttorneys' actions are ascribed to the parties they represent to avoid the constant use of constructions like "West's lawyer" or "counsel for JII." 28 1 CASE NO. 5:10-CV-03124-EJD ORDER VACATING ORDER STRIKING PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

On December 27, West filed and served a request to file under seal its opposition to JII's summary judgment motion. ECF No. 93. On January 3, 2012, Defendant Quality Gold, Inc. ("QGI") opposed West's request on the grounds that West's opposition to JII's motion was late. ECF No. 95. On January 10, on the basis of the above facts, the court struck West's opposition and terminated its application to file that opposition under seal as moot. ECF No. 96.

On the instant request for leave to file a motion for reconsideration of the order striking West's opposition, it is apparent that JII failed to attach a copy of its summary judgment motion when it served Plaintiff with its application to file the motion under seal, in violation of Civil L.R. 79-5 and 7-11 and General Order 62. King Decl. Ex. A, Jan 10, 2012, ECF No. 98. On December 9, the same day it filed and mailed the summary judgment motion, JII also e-mailed West the motion in an attempt to rectify its earlier failure. Id. In that e-mail, JII expressed its belief that by sending the document electronically it had fulfilled its service responsibilities and that West's time had begun to run. Id.

II. DISCUSSION

As a preliminary matter, West contends that the court erred by failing to afford him the opportunity to file a reply in support of his December 27 application to file its opposition under seal. The local rules do not authorize replies in support of administrative motions. See Civil L.R. 7-11(b)–(c). Moreover, the court may strike late filings on its own.

Civil L.R. 7-3(a) provides that any opposition to a motion must be brought "not more than 14 days after the motion is served and filed." Had JII followed the procedures established by General Order 62, it would have served its summary judgment motion on November 23, and West's fourteen-day clock would have started upon the motion's filing on December 9. Instead, according to an e-mail first presented to the court yesterday, JII apparently first delivered the motion to West by e-mail on December 9.2

Civil L.R 5-6 requires that any paper required to be served must be accompanied by a

² Service of motion papers by e-mail is allowed by Civil L.R. 5-5(a)(1).

For the Northern District of California

certificate of service stating the date and manner of service.³ JII did not file a certificate of service simultaneously with its November 23 application to file its motion under seal; it is now clear that this is because it did not successfully complete service. The certificate of service it eventually filed along with the summary judgment motion indicated that it sent the motion to West by mail on December 9. West seeks to invoke Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(d), which adds three days to the time period to respond to a motion served by mail or e-mail.

General Order 45.IX, however, provides that service is effective upon receipt of the e-mail generated by the court's Electronic Case Filing system. The question of whether Rule 6(d) adds three days to the time to respond notwithstanding General Order 45 need not be reached here because the General Order plainly contemplates that the party would have immediate access to the document on ECF. Where, as here, the document is filed under seal, the only copy of the document the receiving party can read is the one that the moving party serves on it. The private transmission of that document by mail or e-mail does trigger Rule 6(d).

In opposing West's purportedly late brief, QGI complains that allowing late filings is "prejudicial to those who follow the rules." But West did follow the rules; moreover, it appears that QGI could have taken the extra three days also.

Rather than granting the instant application for leave to file a motion for reconsideration, the court will save all parties the trouble and vacate its earlier order improvidently striking West's opposition.

/ / /

³ Alternatively, the receiving party may acknowledge service.

III. CONCLUSION

The court struck West's reply because no objection was made to JII's failure to serve a copy of its summary judgment motion along with its application to file that motion under seal. Hearing no objection, the court could only conclude that the document was properly delivered. Deeming West's present objection to be timely, the court VACATES its order striking the opposition and REINSTATES West's request to file that opposition under seal.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January 11, 2012

United States District Judge