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OCT 19 2010

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CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE DIVISION

Cutler

FACEBOOK, INC., a Delaware corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

Steven Richter,

Defendant.

Case No. **CV 10-4710**

HRL

COMPLAINT FOR:

- 1) VIOLATION OF 15 U.S.C. § 7701, *et seq.*, CONTROLLING THE ASSAULT OF NON-SOLICITED PORNOGRAPHY AND MARKETING ACT OF 2003 ["CAN-SPAM"];
- 2) VIOLATION OF 18 U.S.C. § 1030, THE COMPUTER FRAUD AND ABUSE ACT;
- 3) FRAUD;
- 4) TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH CONTRACT;
- 5) BREACH OF CONTRACT;
- 6) VIOLATION OF 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c), FEDERAL TRADEMARK DILUTION; AND
- 7) VIOLATION OF 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a); FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN;

[DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL]

ORIGINAL

1
2 For its complaint, Facebook, Inc. ("Facebook") alleges as follows:

3 **I. INTRODUCTION**

4 1. Defendant Steven Richter ("Defendant") launched a sustained and multi-pronged
5 attack on Facebook and its users in an effort to unfairly profit from the fame and enormous
6 popularity of Facebook's social networking platform, services and trademarks. Defendant
7 fraudulently created numerous fake and deceptive Facebook Pages that purportedly advertised
8 legitimate services for the sole purpose of luring unsuspecting Facebook users to take actions that
9 redirected their computer browsers through a series of commercial websites that paid Defendant
10 for Internet traffic. Not only did Defendant infringe Facebook's trademarks in perpetrating his
11 scheme, but he also tricked users into using malicious computer code that allowed him to spam
12 the Facebook user's friends with commercial messages that appeared to come from the user when
13 in fact they were sent by Defendant. The direct consequence of Defendant's actions, for which he
14 received significant profits, was an almost immediate and viral spreading of his scheme
15 throughout a significant portion of Facebook's user base, tarnished Facebook's brand, damaged its
16 goodwill and required it to expend significant efforts to educate its users, respond to their
17 concerns and identify and weed out Defendant's fake profiles and Pages. Facebook brings this
18 lawsuit to stop Defendant's fraudulent and abusive use of its services and to recover
19 compensatory, statutory, aggravated and punitive damages, disgorgement of the proceeds of
20 Defendant's scheme and its reasonable costs and attorneys' fees associated with this lawsuit.

21 **II. PARTIES**

22 2. Plaintiff Facebook is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in
23 Palo Alto, California.

24 3. On information and belief, Defendant Steven Richter is a resident of Kings Park,
25 NY.

26 **III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

27 4. This Court has federal question jurisdiction of this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331
28 because the action alleges violations of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §§ 1125(a) and (c)), the CAN-

1 SPAM Act of 2003 (15 U.S.C. § 7701 *et seq.*) and the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act (18 U.S.C.
2 § 1030). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the remaining claims under 28 U.S.C.
3 § 1367.

4 5. This Court also has federal jurisdiction of this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332,
5 because the action is between citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds
6 \$75,000, excluding costs and interest.

7 6. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial
8 part of the events giving rise to the claims raised in this lawsuit occurred in this district and
9 because Defendant agreed to comply with Facebook's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities
10 ("Statement"), which provides that any dispute arising out of or related to the Statement shall be
11 resolved by a court located in Santa Clara County.

12 7. During all relevant times, Defendant repeatedly, knowingly and intentionally
13 accessed or permitted access to Facebook servers located in California in furtherance of his
14 deceptive and fraudulent marketing scheme and to induce users to unknowingly send spam to
15 their Facebook friends. In the course of his conduct, Defendant had systematic and continuous
16 contacts with California and targeted his wrongful acts at Facebook.

17 8. Defendant agreed to comply with the Statement and thereby has agreed to submit
18 to the personal jurisdiction of the courts located in Santa Clara County, California for the purpose
19 of litigating these claims.

20 IV. INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

21 9. Assignment to the San Jose Division of this Court is appropriate under Civil
22 L.R. 3-2 because the claims asserted herein arose in the county of Santa Clara. Facebook is
23 headquartered in the county of Santa Clara and has servers located at several locations in this
24 county. Assignment to the San Jose Division of this Court is also appropriate because the parties
25 have agreed that all claims between them would be resolved in Santa Clara County.

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V. FACTS AND BACKGROUND

A. Facebook Background and Service

10. Founded in February 2004, Facebook is a "social utility"—a network that helps people communicate more efficiently and effectively with their friends, family and co-workers. The company develops and provides online networking services that facilitate the sharing of information through the "social graph"—the digital mapping of people's real world social connections. Through Facebook's website, the Facebook Platform, Social Plugins and other tools, hundreds of millions of Facebook users enjoy personalized and relevant Internet experiences. As of the filing of this Complaint, more than 500 million active Facebook users spend more than 700 billion minutes per month on <http://www.facebook.com>, making the website the second most trafficked website in the United States. More than 150 million Facebook users also engage with Facebook through external, third-party websites every month. And more than one million websites have implemented tools made available by Facebook that engage users and make their websites more social and relevant. Through Facebook, users can interact with over 900 million objects (individual and community pages, groups and events) and 30 billion pieces of content (web links, news stories, blog posts, notes, photo albums, etc.).

11. One of the defining features of Facebook is that users are required to use their real identities. Facebook users rely on the fact that users are required to use their actual identities such that they trust the authenticity of the communications coming from their Facebook friends.

12. In order to access Facebook information and features available to Facebook users, a person must sign up for Facebook using his or her real name, select a unique password and agree to the terms and conditions contained in Facebook's Statement before being granted authorization to access the protected information areas of Facebook.

13. Once a user obtains a Facebook account, the user obtains a "profile" that may be populated with information about the user such as where he or she lives, his or her interests, biography, current and past education and work history. Facebook users may connect their profiles to the profiles of other persons that they "friend" on Facebook. A Facebook friendship is mutual. Both users must agree to be friends before a friend connection is established.

1 14. Business or other commercial, political or charitable organizations can create
2 "Pages" that allow them to establish a presence on Facebook. Facebook users can also connect
3 their "profiles" to "Pages." The administrator of the Page must be an authorized representative of
4 the subject of the Page.

5 15. Facebook users may connect their profiles to Facebook Pages by clicking on the
6 "Like" button that is located at the top of each Page. Clicking on the "Like" button connects the
7 Page to the user's profile. A link to the Page is displayed on the users' profile in a list under the
8 category "Likes," and the user's name and profile picture appear on the Page's list of "Friends" or
9 "People" that Like the Page.

10 16. Once a Facebook user connects his or her profile to his or her friends' profiles and
11 desired commercial Pages, Facebook facilitates and enables connected profiles and Pages to
12 communicate with each other.

13 17. Secure communication among Facebook users is vital to the integrity of
14 Facebook's computer network as well as to the level of confidence that Facebook users have in
15 using Facebook.

16 18. Each user profile and each Facebook Page has a "Wall," which is an area where
17 registered users with access to the profile or Page may post content, including messages, links,
18 pictures and videos. Each profile and Facebook Page prominently displays the "Facebook"
19 trademark, referenced in paragraph 24 of this complaint in the upper left-hand corner of the
20 webpage. The wall functions as a virtual bulletin board where recent posts are arranged
21 chronologically with the most recent post appearing on the top.

22 19. In addition to the user profile, which contains the "Wall," Facebook provides each
23 Facebook user with a "News Feed" or "home" page, which is the first page shown to Facebook
24 users when they log into their Facebook accounts. Like profiles and Pages, the News Feed
25 prominently displays the "Facebook" trademark, referenced in paragraph 24 of this complaint in
26 the upper left-hand corner of the webpage. The News Feed displays, among other things,
27 activities performed by the user's friends and Facebook Pages to which the user has connected his
28 or her profile. For example, a user's News Feed on a given day could include updates posted by

1 the user's friends or Pages to which the user has connected, notices that friends became friends
2 with other Facebook users, that a particular friend connected a Facebook Page to his or her
3 profile, that new content was added to a Facebook Page's Wall, or that a link, photo or video was
4 posted on a profile or Page Wall. The activities that appear on the News Feed are arranged
5 chronologically with the most recent events posted at the top of the feed. This feature enables
6 users to instantly view the activities occurring on the various profiles and Pages to which they are
7 connected without visiting each and every profile or Page.

8 20. A registered user may share a Facebook Page by clicking on the "Share" button on
9 the Page. Clicking on this button brings up a window where the user can type a short note and
10 then publish the note, a link to the Page and the picture icon of the Page to his or her Wall, which
11 may then appear automatically in the News Feeds of all of that user's friends. This function
12 enables users to share a link to the Page with a large number of users with minimal effort. Using
13 the "Share" button often causes the user's friends to view the shared Facebook Page.

14 21. For more targeted sharing, registered users may also suggest a Facebook Page to
15 particular friends by clicking on the "Suggest to Friends" button. When a user clicks on the
16 "Suggest to Friends" button, a message containing a link, icon, short description and an optional
17 message is sent to selected friends inviting them to connect to the Page. A Page suggestion often
18 causes the recipients of the message to view the suggested Facebook Page to determine whether
19 the user would like to connect to the Page. Provided the sending user's privacy settings are not
20 adjusted to prohibit it, the fact that a user suggested a Page is published to the user's Wall and also
21 to the News Feeds of that person's friends.




22 22. Facebook provides its users with tools that allow the customization of the ability to
23 share or restrict certain information based on specific friends or friend lists on Facebook's
24 network as well as the ability to have certain Facebook communications delivered to them by
25 other messaging options, such as email.

26 23. Facebook devotes significant resources to combat unauthorized use of its website
27 and service. In addition to Facebook employees that continuously work to monitor and improve
28

1 Facebook security, Facebook also provides users with tools that help them ensure that their
2 accounts are not used by others.

3 **B. Facebook's Trademarks Are Famous**

4 24. Facebook is the owner of the entire right, title and interest in and to a number of
5 trademarks and service marks, including the following, for which Facebook owns federal
6 applications or registrations covering a wide variety of goods and services:

- 7  Pending Applications: Serial Numbers 77896325 and 77896323,
8 (both intent-to-use)
9
10  Registrations: Reg. No. 3801147 (first use for Classes 38, 41, and 42
11 February 28, 2004, first use for Class 9 August 31, 2006)
12
13  Pending Application: Serial Number, 77273570 (intent-to-use)

14 25. Attached to this Complaint as Exhibit A are true and correct copies of the United
15 States Patent and Trademark Office printouts of the online status pages for these trademarks. All
16 of the registrations noted in Exhibit A are valid, subsisting, unrevoked and uncanceled. These
17 registered trademarks are referred to collectively as the "Facebook Trademarks."

18 26. Facebook has continuously used the Facebook Trademarks in interstate commerce
19 in the United States since the date listed in paragraph 24, above, in connection with its goods and
20 services.

21 27. The Facebook Trademarks are highly distinctive with regard to Facebook's online
22 networking services.

23 28. As a result of Facebook's widespread use of the Facebook Trademarks worldwide,
24 its prolific presence on third party websites, the continuous and unsolicited media coverage of
25 Facebook, the high degree of consumer recognition of the Facebook Trademarks and the strong
26 and loyal base of customers that regularly use and enjoy Facebook's services, the Facebook
27 Trademarks are famous within the meaning of Section 43(c) of the United States Trademark Act,
28 15 U.S.C. §1125(c).

1 **C. Facebook Statement of Rights and Responsibilities**

2 29. In order to obtain authorization to access user information maintained by
3 Facebook, users must agree to comply with the requirements set forth in the Statement and
4 incorporated documents. Facebook has established the Statement and associated guidelines in
5 order to limit access and use of its network to permissible uses. Facebook has determined that
6 this is necessary to protect Facebook users from abuse, protect the privacy of their personal
7 information, protect the security of user content and protect the Facebook brand.

8 30. Facebook's Statement includes, among other things, specific terms for Facebook
9 profiles, Pages ("Pages Terms") and for advertising ("Advertising Guidelines").

10 31. All Facebook users, including Defendant, affirmatively agree to comply with the
11 Statement before Facebook creates an account for them or allows them access to certain features
12 of the Facebook website. The Statement sets forth acceptable uses of Facebook and prohibits
13 users from conducting certain activities. A true and correct copy of Facebook's Statement (that
14 was in force during all relevant time periods) is attached as Exhibit B.

15 32. Facebook's Statement prohibits Facebook users from:

- 16 a. using Facebook to do anything unlawful, misleading or malicious;
- 17 b. using Facebook's trademarks without Facebook's written permission;
- 18 c. sending or otherwise posting unauthorized commercial communications (such
19 as spam) on Facebook;
- 20 d. collecting users' content or information or otherwise accessing Facebook using
21 automated means without Facebook's permission;
- 22 e. using Facebook in any unlawful manner or in any other manner that could
23 damage, disable, overburden or impair the Facebook website;
- 24 f. facilitating and encouraging violations of the Statement; and
- 25 g. uploading malicious code.

26 33. The Statement also addresses the permissible use of Facebook Pages by expressly
27 referencing and incorporating Facebook's Pages Terms, which contain the following restrictions:
28

1 a. Pages may only be used to promote a business or other commercial, political or
2 charitable organization or endeavor (including nonprofit organizations, political campaigns, bands
3 and celebrities);

4 b. Only an authorized representative of the subject of the Page may administer
5 the Page;

6 c. Pages can only post content and information under the "everyone" setting; and

7 d. If the Page contains any form of advertising, then Section 11 of the Statement,
8 and also the Advertising Guidelines apply to the Page and its administrator.

9 34. Facebook's Pages Terms that were in force during all relevant times are attached as
10 Exhibit C.

11 35. The Statement also includes reference to Facebook's Advertising Guidelines,
12 which apply to all advertisements appearing on Facebook, including advertisements in Facebook
13 Pages.

14 36. Facebook's Advertising Guidelines include the following restrictions:

15 a. Advertisers cannot create or manage multiple Facebook accounts for
16 advertising purposes unless given permission by Facebook to do so;

17 b. Advertisements that contain a URL or domain in the body must link to that
18 same URL or domain;

19 c. Advertisements must not be false, misleading, fraudulent or deceptive;

20 d. Advertisements cannot be deceptive or fraudulent about any offer made;

21 e. Advertisements must clearly represent the company, product or brand that
22 is being advertised;

23 f. Products or services promoted in the advertisement must be directly
24 available on the landing page;

25 g. Advertisements must not include unsubstantiated claims, including but not
26 limited to prices, discounts or product availability;

27 h. If an advertisement includes a price, discount or "free" offer, (1) the
28 destination URL for the ad must link to a page that clearly and accurately offers the exact deal the

1 advertisement has displayed, and (2) the advertisement must clearly state what action or set of
2 actions is required to qualify for the offer;

3 i. Advertisements may not contain, promote or reference get rich quick and
4 other money making opportunities that offer compensation for little or no investment, including
5 "work from home" opportunities positioned as alternatives to part-time or full-time employment
6 or promises of monetary gain with no strings attached;

7 j. Advertisements cannot contain, facilitate or promote "spam" or other
8 advertising or marketing content that violates applicable laws, regulations or industry standards;

9 k. If obtaining the benefit of the advertisement requires the user to subscribe
10 to a service, the service and offer requirements must both be stated in the advertisement and on
11 the Facebook Page;

12 l. If obtaining the benefit of the advertisement requires a recurring
13 subscription, the benefit to be obtained must be consistent with what is promoted in the
14 advertisement copy;

15 m. With respect to subscription services, the promoted website must clearly
16 and accurately display the price and billing interval on the landing page as well as on any page
17 that prompts a user for personally identifiable information or billing information (including a
18 mobile phone number or credit card number); and

19 n. If the service is a subscription, the website must provide a prominent opt-in
20 checkbox or other clear mechanism indicating that the user knowingly accepts the price and
21 subscription service.

22 37. Facebook's Advertising Guidelines for all relevant periods are attached as
23 Exhibit D.

24 **D. Defendant's Unauthorized and Fraudulent Activities**

25 38. Defendant is a registered Facebook user and during all relevant times has been and
26 is bound by his express agreement to abide by Facebook's Statement, Pages Terms, and
27 Advertising Guidelines.
28

1 39. Upon information and belief, Defendant created and administered more than 43
2 fake Facebook profiles and more than 40 fake Facebook Pages.

3 40. Defendant engaged in advertising activities on the Facebook website.

4 41. At no time has the Defendant received permission from Facebook to conduct any
5 commercial activity on Facebook's website that exceeds the authorization provided in the
6 Statement and incorporated guidelines.

7 42. Defendant signed up as an "affiliate" with one or more advertising companies that
8 operate affiliate marketing programs. The advertising company assigns each affiliate with a
9 unique identification number, which is used to track the affiliate responsible for referring user
10 traffic to Internet websites that have contracted with the affiliate advertiser.

11 43. Upon information and belief, Defendant was registered as an affiliate marketing
12 agent of CPAlead, an affiliate marketing company, to receive payments generated by the traffic
13 he routed from Facebook.

14 44. Upon information and belief, from at least December 2009 through March 2010,
15 Defendant used servers and/or computers under his control to create more than 40 fraudulent and
16 deceptive Facebook Pages that violated Facebook's Statement, Pages Terms and Advertising
17 Guidelines.

18 45. Upon information and belief, during this same period of time, Defendant also
19 controlled and administered webpages located at Internet domains outside of the Facebook
20 Platform or network that were used to either funnel traffic to or receive traffic from his
21 unauthorized and deceptive Facebook Pages. Upon information and belief, these intermediary
22 pages were used to assign Defendant's affiliate identification number to traffic coming from his
23 deceptive Facebook Pages so that he would be paid for referring users to the affiliate advertisers'
24 websites.

25 46. For example, one of Defendant's Pages, "Upgrade your account to Gold today!
26 (beta)," displayed a gold-colored Facebook trademark "f" entitled "Facebook Gold Account" and
27 falsely promised that if users upgraded to the "Facebook Gold Account," the "perks" would
28 include "video chat," "group chat," "profile view notifications," "themes" and "no ads." The Page

1 also stated, "Don't forget to update your account to gold and apply for the beta at
2 <http://zi.ma/FBGold>." The Page appeared to be operated and authorized by Facebook itself,
3 offering users an opportunity to upgrade their Facebook accounts to some special form of "Gold"
4 account. Defendant's representations were false, and he knew they were false. Defendant did not
5 represent Facebook, and Facebook did not then, and does not now, offer an "upgraded" account.
6 Defendant's statements that clicking on the link would take them to an application for a "gold"
7 account were also false and misleading. Upon information and belief, when users clicked on
8 <http://zi.ma/FBGold>, they were not directed to an application for an upgraded Facebook account,
9 but rather were sent to a domain registered to and managed by Defendant
10 (<http://bonuspayoff.com/fb-gold/>) that then redirected users to a third-party commercial website
11 that both paid the Defendant for the traffic and also tricked Facebook users into spending money
12 on commercial products and services that were totally unrelated to the original "upgraded
13 Facebook account" promise on Defendant's Facebook Page.

14 47. On another of his fraudulent and unauthorized Facebook Pages, "FarmVille:
15 Limited Edition Large Horse Stable! Hurry before it's too late!," which necessarily displayed the
16 Facebook Trademarks, Defendant promised visitors that by clicking the "Like" button on the
17 Page, and by clicking on a link he posted on the page (<http://bit.ly/doQqHj>), they would receive
18 credits in the Facebook-based third-party game FarmVille worth 500 FarmVille Dollars and a
19 "FarmVille Limited Edition Large Horse Stable." When users clicked on the link, however, they
20 were taken to Defendant's "bonuspayoff.com" site, which was used to redirect their browsers to
21 third-party commercial websites operated by affiliate advertisers who paid Defendant for the
22 traffic and marketed products and services that were unrelated to the original Facebook Page that
23 users had visited.

24 48. Upon information and belief, in order to spread the impact of his scheme as widely
25 as possible on Facebook, Defendant deceptively induced Facebook Users into sending unsolicited
26 commercial messages (spam) to their friends suggesting that they also visit Defendant's Facebook
27 Pages. Defendant accomplished this by both encouraging users to send messages themselves, and
28

1 by providing them with malicious code that would automate the spam messages with JavaScript
2 software code.

3 49. For example, upon information and belief, Defendant created a Facebook Page that
4 promised visitors "UNLIMITED GAS FOR ALL VEHICLES*** 100% WORKING & FREE."
5 This Facebook Page, which necessarily displayed the Facebook Trademarks, also referred to the
6 third-party game FarmVille, and told visitors that they had to (1) become a fan, (2) send
7 unsolicited invitations to all of their Facebook friends to visit the Page, and (3) visit a third-party
8 site and provide their Facebook ID number in order to obtain the code to unlock "unlimited gas
9 for your vehicle." Upon information and belief, when users clicked on the link in step (3), they
10 were not taken to a site for free "gasoline," but rather were directed through third-party
11 commercial websites operated by affiliate advertisers who paid Defendant for the traffic and
12 marketed products and services that were unrelated to the "gasoline" offer in Defendant's
13 Facebook Page.

14 50. Defendant's Facebook Pages and deceptive advertising campaigns violated
15 Facebook's Advertising Guidelines in multiple ways, including but not limited to inducing
16 Facebook users to send unsolicited commercial messages (spam) to other Facebook users, failing
17 to provide notice of paid subscription offers and failing to offer the same products on the
18 Facebook Pages that were offered to the user on the commercial website landing pages.

19 51. Upon information and belief, through just one affiliate marking account,
20 Defendant earned approximately \$0.44 for each of more than 388,000 Facebook users that he
21 successfully directed away from the Facebook website to third-party commercial websites.

22 **E. Harm to Facebook**

23 52. Defendant's misleading and deceptive advertising scheme has tainted the Facebook
24 experience for the affected Facebook users and caused many of them real economic loss in the
25 form of undisclosed subscription fees.

26 53. Facebook has suffered and continues to suffer significant harm to its reputation
27 and goodwill due to Defendant's actions. Facebook has suffered more than \$5,000 in economic
28 damages attributable to its efforts and resources used to combat Defendant's spam, to combat

1 Defendant's unauthorized access to Facebook accounts and servers, to respond to user complaints
2 and provide assistance in preventing Defendant from continued unauthorized use of Facebook's
3 services, and to identify and locate Defendant.

4 54. Upon information and belief, Defendant has engaged, willfully and maliciously, in
5 unauthorized access to and misappropriation of Facebook computers, servers, systems, networks
6 and data, including network information, and Facebook user information.

7 55. Upon information and belief, Defendant has used automated means to initiate and
8 send, willfully and maliciously, unsolicited commercial messages in order to defraud Facebook
9 users and profit from his illegal and improper spamming and advertising campaigns.

10 56. Defendant has been unjustly enriched by his activities at the expense of Facebook
11 and its users.

12 VI. CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

13 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION – VIOLATION OF CONTROLLING THE ASSAULT OF** 14 **NON-SOLICITED PORNOGRAPHY AND MARKETING ACT OF 2003 ("CAN-** 15 **SPAM"),** 16 **15 U.S.C. § 7701, et seq.**

17 57. Plaintiff Facebook realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth
18 herein, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56.

19 58. Facebook is an Internet access service as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 7702(11) because
20 it provides a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail or other
21 services offered over the Internet and may also include access to proprietary content, information
22 and other services as part of a package to consumers.

23 59. Facebook's website and computers operate in interstate and foreign commerce and
24 communication and are therefore protected computers under 15 U.S.C. § 7702(13).

25 60. Upon information and belief, Defendant induced Facebook users to utilize
26 automated scripts that caused commercial electronic messages to be sent to all of their friends on
27 Facebook. The electronic messages initiated by Defendant were "commercial" electronic
28 messages because their primary purpose was the commercial advertisement or promotion of a

1 commercial product or service (including content on an Internet website operated for a
2 commercial purpose) as provided in 15 U.S.C. § 7702(2)(A).

3 61. Defendant intentionally misled Facebook users by initiating the transmission of
4 commercial electronic messages through Facebook's computers to Facebook users that contain
5 header information that is materially false or misleading as to the true identity of the senders of
6 the messages in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 7704(a)(1).

7 62. Defendant initiated the transmission of commercial electronic messages, in a
8 pattern or practice, through Facebook's computers to Facebook users that do not contain a
9 functioning return electronic mail address or other Internet-based opt-out mechanism in violation
10 of 15 U.S.C. § 7704(a)(3).

11 63. Defendant initiated the transmission of commercial electronic messages, in a
12 pattern or practice, through Facebook's computers to Facebook users that do not contain clear and
13 conspicuous identification that the messages are advertisements or solicitations, clear and
14 conspicuous notice of the opportunity to decline to receive further commercial emails from the
15 sender or a valid physical postal address of the sender in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 7704(a)(5).

16 64. Defendant initiated the transmission of commercial electronic messages, in a
17 pattern or practice, through Facebook's computers to Facebook users that contain subject
18 headings that are misleading regarding the contents or subject matter of the message and
19 misleading regarding Facebook's connection to the messages in violation of 15 U.S.C.
20 § 7704(a)(2).

21 65. Facebook is informed and believes and, based thereon alleges, that Defendant
22 initiated the transmission of the misleading commercial electronic messages with actual
23 knowledge or knowledge fairly implied on the basis of objective circumstances that the messages'
24 subject heading is likely to mislead a recipient acting reasonably under the circumstances.

25 66. Facebook is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant
26 initiated the transmission of commercial electronic messages, in a pattern or practice, through
27 Facebook's computers to Facebook users, that are misleading and unlawful under 15 U.S.C.
28 § 7704(a), as alleged above, or assisted in the origination of such messages through the provision

1 or selection of addresses to which the messages are transmitted as defined in 15 U.S.C.
2 § 7704(b)(1).

3 67. Defendant caused Facebook harm by causing higher-bandwidth utilization, by
4 causing Facebook to expend significant employee time and sums of money combating the
5 Defendant's spam and responding to user complaints, by deterring users and potential users from
6 using Facebook, by damaging Facebook's goodwill and reputation with its customers; and by
7 causing other injuries to Facebook.

8 68. Facebook is entitled to the greater of its actual monetary loss or statutory damages
9 as provided by 15 U.S.C. § 7706(g)(1)(B), in an amount to be proven at trial.

10 69. Facebook is entitled to an award of aggravated damages in an amount equal to
11 three times the amount otherwise available pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7706(g)(3)(C) because
12 Defendant violated CAN-SPAM willfully and knowingly and because Defendant's unlawful
13 activity included one or more of the aggravated violations set forth in 15 U.S.C. § 7704(b).

14 70. Facebook is entitled to reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees as
15 provided by 15 U.S.C. § 7706(g)(4).

16 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION – COMPUTER FRAUD AND ABUSE ACT, 18 U.S.C.**

17 **§ 1030, et seq.**

18 71. Plaintiff Facebook realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth
19 herein, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56.

20 72. Facebook's computers are involved in interstate and foreign commerce and
21 communication and are protected computers under 18 U.S.C. § 1030(e)(2).

22 73. Upon information and belief, Defendant knowingly and with intent to defraud
23 accessed Facebook's computers without authorization or in excess of authorization as defined by
24 Facebook's Statement, Facebook's Pages Terms and Advertising Guidelines, and by means of
25 such conduct, furthered his intended fraud and obtained payment from affiliate marketers in
26 violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1030(a)(4).

27 74. Defendant's conduct caused a loss to Facebook during a one-year period in excess
28 of \$5,000.

1 83. At the time Facebook hosted Defendant's profiles and Pages on its platform, it did
2 not know that Defendant's representations were false but instead reasonably relied on Defendant's
3 representations that his use complied with Facebook's acceptable use. At the time Facebook users
4 clicked on the links, the users did not know that the Defendant's representations were false and
5 believed they were true.

6 84. Facebook and its users acted in justifiable reliance upon the truth of the
7 Defendant's representations.

8 85. Defendant concealed or suppressed material facts by telling Facebook that he was
9 complying with Facebook's Statement and by making statements to Facebook users on his
10 Facebook Pages that promised free goods and services that he could not provide and which he
11 had no intention of providing.

12 86. In justifiable reliance upon Defendant's conduct, Facebook allowed Defendant to
13 advertise on Facebook, and Facebook users were induced to leave the Facebook network to visit
14 third-party commercial websites and unknowingly perpetuate the Defendant's scheme.

15 87. Because of Facebook's and Facebook users' reliance upon Defendant's conduct,
16 Facebook has suffered and continues to suffer significant harm to its reputation and goodwill.
17 Facebook has already suffered significant economic damages attributable to the effort and
18 resources used to combat Defendants' spam, to combat Defendants' unauthorized access to
19 Facebook accounts and servers, to locate and communicate with the Defendant and to initiate this
20 lawsuit.

21 88. Facebook is entitled to injunctive relief, compensatory damages and punitive
22 damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

23 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION – TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH CONTRACT**

24 89. Plaintiff Facebook realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth
25 herein, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56.

26 90. Use of Facebook's site and services is governed by and subject to Facebook's
27 Statement.

1 91. At all times relevant to this dispute, users of Facebook's site and services have
2 been required to agree to Facebook's Statement in order to access Facebook's site and services.

3 92. Defendant affirmatively accepted and agreed to Facebook's Statement and knew or
4 should have known that all Facebook users were required to accept and agree to Facebook's
5 Statement in order to access Facebook's site and services.

6 93. Facebook's Statement prohibits users of Facebook from sending or otherwise
7 posting unauthorized commercial communications (such as spam) on Facebook, from misleading
8 Facebook users and from violating Facebook's Advertising Guidelines.

9 94. Defendant intended to induce users to breach Facebook's Statement by inducing
10 thousands of them to utilize an automated script that sent spam to their friends.

11 95. When Facebook users utilized Defendant's automated script to send spam to their
12 friends, they breached Facebook's Statement.

13 96. As a result of this breach, hundreds of thousands of Facebook users received
14 unwanted commercial communications from their friends that they otherwise would not have
15 received.

16 97. The breaches induced by Defendant directly and proximately harmed Facebook.
17 Facebook has suffered and continues to suffer significant harm to its reputation and goodwill.

18 98. Facebook is entitled to injunctive relief, compensatory damages and punitive
19 damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

20 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION – BREACH OF CONTRACT**

21 99. Plaintiff Facebook realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth
22 herein, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56.

23 100. Use of Facebook's site and services, the creation of Facebook Pages on the
24 Facebook network and the placement of advertisements on Facebook Pages are governed by and
25 subject to Facebook's Statement, Pages Terms and Advertising Guidelines.

26 101. At all times relevant to this dispute, users of Facebook's site and services have
27 been required to agree to Facebook's Statement in order to access Facebook's site and services,
28 create Facebook Pages on the Facebook network and place advertisements on Facebook Pages.

1 102. Defendant affirmatively accepted and agreed to Facebook's Statement.

2 103. Facebook's Statement is binding on Defendant.

3 104. Facebook has performed all conditions, covenants and promises required of it in
4 accordance with its Statement.

5 105. Defendant, through his actions as described above, knowingly, willfully,
6 repeatedly and systematically breached Facebook's Statement, Pages Terms and Advertising
7 Guidelines through his conduct as alleged in this Complaint.

8 106. Upon information and belief, Defendant's breaches include, but are not limited to,
9 initiation of spam messages, using automated scripts on Facebook's network, confusing,
10 misleading, surprising and defrauding Facebook users, placing advertisements on Facebook that
11 contain URLs that do not end at that same landing page, placing false, misleading, fraudulent and
12 deceptive advertisements on Facebook and offering recurring subscriptions without permission or
13 proper notice.

14 107. Defendant's breaches of Facebook's Statement, Pages Terms and Advertising
15 Guidelines directly and proximately caused and continue to cause Facebook irreparable and
16 incalculable harm and injury.

17 108. Facebook is entitled to injunctive relief, compensatory damages and punitive
18 damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

19 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION – FEDERAL TRADEMARK DILUTION – 15 U.S.C. §**
20 **1125(c)**

21 109. Plaintiff Facebook realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth
22 herein, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56.

23 110. As a result of the enormous publicity afforded the Facebook Trademarks and the
24 strong and loyal base of customers that enjoy Facebook's services, the Facebook Trademarks have
25 a high degree of consumer recognition, are widely recognized by the general consuming public of
26 the United States as a designation of Facebook's goods and services and are famous.

27 111. The Facebook Trademarks became famous before Defendant began his infringing
28 activities.

1 112. Defendant uses and causes to be displayed the Facebook Trademarks in the course
2 of his unauthorized activities. Defendant's unauthorized use of the Facebook Trademarks causes
3 dilution by tarnishment of the distinctive quality of the Facebook Trademarks when Facebook
4 users associate the negative experience of participating in Defendant's deceptive Facebook Pages
5 scheme with the goods and services normally offered by Facebook under those same marks.

6 113. Facebook is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that Defendant
7 intends to create an association with the Facebook Trademarks and to trade on the widespread
8 recognition of the Facebook Trademarks.

9 114. Defendant's unauthorized use of the Facebook Trademarks was achieved with
10 notice and full knowledge that such use was not authorized or licensed by Facebook.

11 115. Defendant's unauthorized use of the Facebook Trademarks was in direct violation
12 of Facebook's Statement, Pages Terms, and Advertising Guidelines.

13 116. Defendant's aforesaid acts are in knowing and willful violation of Facebook's
14 rights under section 43(c) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c).

15 117. The distinctive nature of the Facebook Trademarks is of enormous value, and
16 Facebook is suffering and will continue to suffer irreparable harm if Defendant's wrongful
17 conduct is allowed to continue.

18 118. Facebook is entitled to injunctive relief against Defendant, as well as all other
19 remedies available under the Lanham Act, including, but not limited to, damages in an amount to
20 be proven at trial consisting of, among other things, disgorgement of Defendants' profits,
21 diminution in the value of the goodwill associated with the Facebook Trademarks, and costs and
22 attorneys' fees.

23 119. Defendant's conduct has caused irreparable and incalculable harm and injuries to
24 Facebook and, unless enjoined, will cause further irreparable and incalculable injury for which
25 Facebook has no adequate remedy at law.

26 120. Defendant's wrongful use of the Facebook Trademarks is deliberate, willful,
27 fraudulent and without any extenuating circumstances and constitutes a willful intent to trade on
28 Facebook's reputation or to cause dilution of the famous Facebook Trademarks. It is an

1 exceptional case within the meaning of Lanham Act § 35, 15 U.S.C. § 1117. Facebook is
2 therefore entitled to recover three times the amount of its actual damages, attorneys' fees and
3 costs incurred in this action and prejudgment interest.

4 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION – FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, 15 U.S.C.**
5 **§ 1125(a)**

6 121. Plaintiff Facebook realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth
7 herein, the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56.

8 122. In connection with Defendant's services, Defendant has used in commerce, without
9 Facebook's authorization or consent the Facebook Trademarks.

10 123. Defendant's unauthorized use of the Facebook Trademarks is likely to cause
11 confusion, mistake or deception among the consuming public regarding the affiliation, connection
12 or association of Defendant with Facebook.

13 124. Defendant's unauthorized use of the Facebook Trademarks is likely to cause
14 confusion, mistake or deception among the consuming public that Facebook has authorized,
15 approved or in some way sponsored Defendant's services.

16 125. Defendant's unauthorized use of the Facebook Trademarks constitutes the use of a
17 false designation of origin and false description or representation of fact, all in violation of 15
18 U.S.C. § 1125(a).

19 126. Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief against Defendant, as well as all other
20 remedies available under the Lanham Act, including, but not limited to, damages in an amount to
21 be proven at trial consisting of, among other things, disgorgement of Defendant's profits, and
22 diminution in the value of the goodwill associated with the Facebook Trademarks, and costs and
23 attorney's fees.

24 127. Defendant's conduct has also caused irreparable and incalculable harm and injuries
25 to Facebook and, unless enjoined, will cause further irreparable and incalculable injury for which
26 Facebook has no adequate remedy at law.

27 128. Defendant's wrongful use of the Facebook Trademarks is deliberate, willful,
28 fraudulent and without any extenuating circumstances and constitutes a willful intent to trade on

1 Facebook's reputation or to cause dilution of the famous Facebook Trademarks. It is an
2 exceptional case within the meaning of Lanham Act § 35, 15 U.S.C. § 1117. Facebook is
3 therefore entitled to recover three times the amount of its actual damages, attorneys' fees and
4 costs incurred in this action and prejudgment interest.

5 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

6 **WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff Facebook prays for the following relief:

7 A. For injunctive relief, as follows: A preliminary and permanent injunction
8 enjoining and restraining Defendant from:

- 9 1. accessing or attempting to access Facebook's website, services and
10 computer systems;
- 11 2. engaging in any unlawful, misleading or malicious activities directed at or
12 relating to the Facebook network or Facebook users;
- 13 3. initiating unsolicited commercial electronic mail messages to Facebook
14 accounts;
- 15 3. procuring unsolicited commercial electronic mail messages to Facebook
16 accounts;
- 17 4. engaging in any activity that disrupts, diminishes the quality of, interferes
18 with the performance of or impairs the functionality of Facebook's site or
19 services;
- 20 5. engaging in any further infringing or diluting acts against the Facebook
21 Trademarks; and
- 22 6. engaging in any activity that violates Facebook's Statement.

23 B. An order requiring Defendant to account for, hold in constructive trust, pay over to
24 Facebook and otherwise disgorge all profits derived by Defendant from his unlawful conduct and
25 unjust enrichment, as permitted by law;

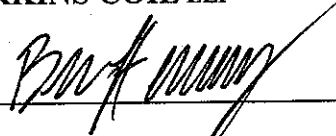
26 C. An award to Facebook of damages, including but not limited to, compensatory,
27 statutory, aggravate, and punitive damages, as permitted by law and in such amounts to be proven
28 at trial;

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- D. An award to Facebook of reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees;
- E. For pre- and post-judgment interest as allowed by law; and
- F. For such other relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

DATED: October 19, 2010

PERKINS COIE LLP

By:  _____

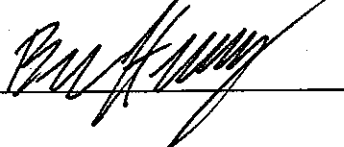
Attorneys for Plaintiff
FACEBOOK, INC.

JURY DEMAND

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), plaintiff demands a trial by jury as to all issues so triable in this action.

DATED: October 19, 2010

PERKINS COIE LLP

By:  _____

Attorneys for Plaintiff
FACEBOOK, INC.

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