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On April 11, 2011, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint which is set	
for hearing on July 21, 2011. Pursuant to the briefing schedule set by the Court, Plaintiff's	
opposition was due June 9, 2011. On that day, rather than filing an opposition, Plaintiff filed an	
administrative motion to file a First Amended Class Action Complaint ("FAC") under seal.	
Because the request to file the amended complaint under seal was filed more than 21 days after	
Defendant's motion to dismiss, the Court requested clarification as to whether Defendants had	
stipulated to the amendment. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a) (permitting amendment of the pleadings	
more than 21 days after service of a Rule 12 motion only with defendants' written consent or leave	
1 Case No.: 11-CV-00640-LHK	
ORDER PERMITTING FILING OF AMENDED COMPLAINT; DENYING MOTION TO DISMISS AS MOOT; GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING IN PART MOTION TO FILE UNDER SEAL	
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r t fornia	11	JOEL KRIEGER, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,
Cour	12	Plaintiff,
es Distric 1 Distric	13	V.
	14	ATHEROS COMMUNICATIONS, INC., DR. WILLY C. SHIH, DR. TERESA H.
	15	MENG, DR. CRAIG H. BARRATT, ANDREW S. RAPPAPORT, DAN A.
e d Si forthe	16	ARTUSI, CHARLES E. HARRIS, MARSHALL L. MOHR, CHRISTINE
Unit the N	17	KING, QUALCOMM INCORPORATED, and T MERGER SUB, INC.,
For	18	Defendants.

UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE	DIVISION
L KRIEGER, Individually and on If of All Others Similarly Situated, Plaintiff, v. EROS COMMUNICATIONS, INC., WILLY C. SHIH, DR. TERESA H. G, DR. CRAIG H. BARRATT, REW S. RAPPAPORT, DAN A. USI, CHARLES E. HARRIS,	 Case No.: 11-CV-00640-LHK ORDER PERMITTING FILING OF AMENDED COMPLAINT; DENYING MOTION TO DISMISS AS MOOT; GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING IN PART MOTION TO FILE UNDER SEAL

27	more than 21 days after service of a Rule 12 motion only with defendants' w
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of the court). In response, Plaintiff pointed to a stipulation filed by the parties on April 19, 2011, and approved by the Court, in which the parties requested a continuance in order to permit Plaintiff to file an amended complaint. *See* Stipulation and Order Regarding Stay of Discovery, Case Management, and ADR Deadlines, ECF No. 41. Considering the liberal standard for granting leave to amend under Rule 15, the Court agrees that this stipulation constitutes written consent by Defendants to the filing of an amended complaint. Accordingly, Defendants' motion to dismiss is denied without prejudice as moot, and the July 21, 2011 hearing is vacated.

Next, the Court must determine whether Plaintiff should be permitted to file under seal (1) the FAC, and (2) Exhibit A to the FAC. Generally, there is a strong presumption in favor of public access to court records. *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 2003). However, that presumption may be overcome, and court records may be sealed, upon a showing of "compelling reasons."¹ *Kamakana v. City and County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006). Plaintiff moves to file the amended complaint and Exhibit A under seal on grounds that certain financial information contained within them has been designed as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' and Experts' Eyes Only" pursuant to an Order of the Delaware Court of Chancery in *In re Atheros Communications, Inc. Shareholder Litigation*, Case No. 6124-VCN. Defendants have submitted a declaration, in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5(d), in support of Plaintiff's motion. In the declaration, counsel for the Atheros Defendants explains that Exhibit A is a presentation by Atheros's investment advisor, Qatalyst, that contains sensitive and confidential information, including long-term financial projections, discussions of business strategy, and competitive analyses. *See* Decl. of David M. Furbush ¶¶ 3-5, ECF No. 48. Counsel for the Atheros Defendants states that this document has been designated "Highly Confidential"

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¹ The Ninth Circuit applies a lower good cause standard to sealed discovery documents attached to non-dispositive motions. *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179. The rationale for this lower standard is that "the public has less of a need for access to court records attached only to non-dispositive motions because those documents are often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action." *Id.* In this case, the documents at issue are portions of Plaintiff's amended complaint and an attachment thereto. As such, unlike discovery documents attached to a non-dispositive motion, these documents are directly relevant to the merits of Plaintiff's claims. For this reason, the Court applies the "compelling reasons" standard to Plaintiff's motion to file under seal.

pursuant to the confidentiality order in the Delaware action. *Id.* \P 3. The Court agrees that the financial information and analysis contained in the Qatalyst Presentation appears to be highly sensitive and confidential. Accordingly, the Court finds compelling reasons justifying sealing of the presentation itself and GRANTS the motion to seal Exhibit A to the FAC.

In contrast, the redacted portions of Plaintiff's FAC merely reference sections of the Qatalyst Presentation and do not disclose any financial projections, business strategies, or competitive analysis. Defendants suggest that this information should be sealed because the protective order in the Delaware action requires sealing of any document that describes or characterizes documents designated "Highly Confidential." However, under Ninth Circuit precedent, a party seeking to seal documents must meet the "compelling reasons" standard even if the documents were previously subject to a protective order. See Kamakana, 447 F.3d 1179. In this case, the allegations contained in the redacted portions of the FAC appear to be critical to Plaintiff's claims. The "interest in ensuring the public's understanding of the judicial process and of significant public events," id., is not served if the basis for Plaintiff's claim is redacted from his complaint.² The redacted portions of the FAC appear to reference the Qatalyst Presentation without actually disclosing any confidential information. Neither Plaintiff nor Defendants has presented compelling reasons why these portions of the complaint must be filed under seal. Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion to file the First Amended Complaint under seal is DENIED without prejudice. If Defendants believe that there are compelling reasons to seal the references to the Qatalyst Presentation in the FAC, they must file an amended declaration, pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d), articulating "compelling reasons supported by specific factual findings" for sealing the designated portions of the FAC. Kamakana, 447 F.3d 1178. Any amended declaration must be filed by June 29, 2011. If no amended declaration is filed by that date, Plaintiff may file the First Amended Complaint without redactions.

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² Indeed, Defendants have insisted that Plaintiff is required to give public notice of his claims pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77z-1(3)(A)(i), as discussed below. If the basis of Plaintiff's claims is redacted from the complaint, the notice requirements of the PSLRA will have little meaning.

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Finally, Defendants have pointed out that Plaintiff's amended pleading is a class action complaint to which the provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act ("PSLRA") would seem to apply. Accordingly, Plaintiff must comply with the notice requirements set forth in 15 U.S.C. § 77z-1(a)(3) within 20 days after the date on which the FAC is filed. See 15 U.S.C. § 77z-1(a)(3)(A)(i) (requiring notice to the purported plaintiff class "[n]ot later than 20 days after the date on which the complaint is filed"). If the parties disagree as to whether the notice requirements of the PSLRA apply to this action, they shall meet and confer and file a statement with the Court outlining their respective positions by June 29, 2011.

In sum, the Court orders as follows:

- (1) Defendants' April 19, 2011 stipulation is deemed written consent to the filing of an amended complaint. Accordingly, Plaintiff may file an amended complaint, and Defendants' motion to dismiss (ECF No. 26) is denied without prejudice as moot. The July 21, 2011 hearing on Defendants' motion is vacated.
- (2) Plaintiff's motion to file Exhibit A under seal is GRANTED.
- (3) Plaintiff's motion to file the FAC under seal is DENIED without prejudice. If Defendants do not file an amended declaration by June 29, 2011, Plaintiff may file the FAC without redactions.
- (4) If the parties disagree as to whether the notice requirements of the PSLRA apply to this action, they must file a statement outlining their positions by June 29, 2011. Otherwise, Plaintiff shall provide notice as required by 15 U.S.C. § 77z-1(a)(3).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: June 25, 2011

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LUCY H. KO United States District Judge

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