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Apple Inc. v. Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd. et al.

Case No. 11-cv-01846-LHK (PSG)

Doc. 1275

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I, Diane C. Hutnyan, declare as follows:

- 1. I am a member of the bar of the State of California and a partner at Quinn Emanuel Urquhart & Sullivan LLP, attorneys for Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., Samsung Electronics America, Inc., and Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC (collectively, "Samsung"). I make this declaration of personal knowledge and could testify competently to the facts stated herein.
- 2. On July 11, 2012, this Court granted in part Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions for Apple's Violation of December 22, 2011 Court Order, and it awarded Samsung its "requested fees and costs." (*See* Dkt. No. 1213 at 11.) The "requested fees and costs" are the "attorney's fees and costs Samsung incurred in connection with bringing the relevant motions." (*Id.* at 2, *citing* Samsung's Mot. to Enforce.) This declaration details those fees.

I. INTRODUCTION

- 3. On December 12, 2011, Samsung filed a motion to compel Apple to produce certain categories of documents and other discovery materials, one of which was deposition testimony from Apple employees taken in cases in which the same patented technology or same products were at issue. (Dkt. 487 at 2.) This motion resulted in the Court's December 22, 2011 Order, which required Apple to produce all its employee deposition transcripts that had a "technological nexus" to this action by January 15, 2012. (Dkt. 536 at 5, hereinafter "December 22 Order.")
- 4. Apple did not comply with the Court's December 22 Order and, after an unsuccessful meet and confer process, Samsung filed a motion on March 6, 2012 to enforce the Court's December 22 Order with respect to the production of Apple employee deposition transcripts. (Dkt. 782.) The Court granted Samsung's motion to enforce on April 12, 2012, finding that Samsung was prejudiced by Apple's failure to produce all responsive deposition transcripts in a timely manner. (Dkt. No. 867 at 10.)
- 5. Apple subsequently produced 283 partial and complete employee deposition transcripts, which amounted to over 34,000 pages of deposition testimony. Samsung's counsel's review of those transcripts revealed that Apple had withheld numerous inventor transcripts and

more than 240 other relevant transcripts. Apple had also withheld from production, and had refused to deem produced – throughout the entire discovery period – deposition testimony taken from Apple inventors and employees in the 796 Investigation, which involved design patents closely related to those asserted by Apple in the present suit.

- 6. Based on Apple's belated production of hundreds of transcripts, Samsung brought a motion for Rule 37 Sanctions for Apple's Violation of the December 22, 2011 Court Order on the grounds that Apple's failure to produce those transcripts was both willful and prejudicial to Samsung. (Dkt. 968.) Samsung sought sanctions against Apple in the form of, *inter alia*, payment of its attorneys' fees and expenses it has incurred (and will incur) arising out of Apple's violations. (*Id.* at 1-2.) Specifically, Samsung sought fees and expenses incurred in connection with:
 - (a) Samsung's Motion to Compel that resulted in the December 22, 2011 Order to the extent it related to production of the Apple employee deposition transcripts at issue;
 - (b) Samsung's analysis of Apple's compliance with the December 22, 2011 Order, including Samsung's review of the documents that Apple produced from December 22 through the present, and Samsung's efforts to redress Apple's noncompliance with that Order through correspondence and meeting and conferring;
 - (c) Samsung's Motion to Compel Production of Materials From Related Proceedings and to Enforce the December 22 Order, to the extent it related to enforcement of the December 22 Order requiring production of the Apple employee deposition transcripts at issue; and
 - (d) Samsung's fees and expenses in connection with Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions for Apple's Violation of the December 22 Order. (See id. at 2.)
- 7. The Court granted Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 sanctions and awarded Samsung "its requested fees and costs." (See Dkt. No. 1213 at 11.)

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II. THE MOTION TO COMPEL THAT RESULTED IN THE DECEMBER 22 ORDER REQUIRING THE PRODUCTION OF THE TRANSCRIPTS AT ISSUE

- 8. In early October, 2011, Samsung requested that Apple produce the deposition transcripts of its employees in other cases. We wrote several meet and confer letters, and had 7 meet and confer calls with Apple to try to resolve this issue without the involvement of the Court.
- 9. Unable to reach agreement, we prepared the motion to compel that was granted on December 22, 2011. I managed this work. Associates Scott Hall, Marissa Ducca, Alex Hu, and Joby Martin and I were principally involved in preparing for and conducting these meet and confer efforts and in preparing the motion to compel.
- 10. At least 12 attorney hours were spent on meet and confer efforts concerning this issue, including analysis of Apple's production, legal research, preparation of meet and confer letters, and meeting and conferring with Apple's outside counsel. At least 10 attorney hours were spent preparing and filing the portion of the motion relating to this issue, including the supporting declaration and exhibits. An additional hour was spent by Victoria Maroulis to prepare and argue this aspect of the motion at the hearing.
- 11. Samsung incurred \$11,885 in fees in connection with the portion of its motion pertaining to the employee deposition transcripts. Although Samsung also incurred costs as a result of having to file its motion, no costs are included in this request.
- 12. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate chart prepared by individuals working under my direction that reflects the hours worked by each of the above individuals in connection with this portion of Samsung's motion to compel.

III. SAMSUNG'S MOTION TO ENFORCE THE DECEMBER 22, 2011 COURT ORDER

13. After the Court's January 15, 2012 deadline for Apple to produce the transcripts had passed, I directed a search through Apple's production to see if all responsive materials had been produced. Several contract attorneys were involved that search, which took more than 10 hours to complete. We were able to locate only a small number of responsive deposition transcripts, none of which had been produced after the Court's December 22 Order.

14. During February and March 2012, we made significant efforts to avoid motion practice by meeting and conferring with Apple in an effort to obtain its compliance with the Court's December 22 order. Although it had agreed to produce all deposition transcripts from cases meeting its requested "technological nexus" standard, Apple's counsel refused to provide any information that would facilitate the discussions. For example, although the Court order had contemplated Apple's assistance with identifying cases with a "technological nexus" to this one, Apple refused to identify a single case and, at one point, affirmed the supposed accuracy of a list of cases that it knew to be incomplete.

- 15. As a result, my team had to conduct research to determine which cases fell within the scope of the Court's order, and determine the scope of Apple's violation. Through these efforts, Quinn Emanuel attorneys Todd Briggs, Alex Hu, and I identified nine cases bearing a "technological nexus" to this action. We wrote several letters to Apple and discussed this issue in the lead counsel meet and confer on February 6, 2012 in an attempt to obtain Apple's cooperation in identifying these cases and bringing itself into compliance, all to no avail. We spent more than 22 attorney hours on this issue, preparing correspondence and discussing at the lead counsel meet and confer, and most of this work was also necessary for the preparation of the Motion to Enforce.
- 16. Marc Becker was primarily responsible for preparing the Motion to Enforce, but associates Kara Borden and James Ward assisted with the analysis and drafting of the motion, as well as the preparation of the supporting declarations and exhibits. Associates Brad Goldberg, Curran Walker and I were primarily responsible for the reply brief. I managed all of the work for both briefs and argued the motion. Curran Walker and I were primarily responsible for preparing my argument at the hearing. More than 130 attorney hours were spent on preparation of the motion, reply and supporting materials and in preparing for the hearing.
- 17. Samsung incurred \$104,519 in connection with the Motion to Enforce the December 22 Order. Although Samsung also incurred costs as a result of having to file its motion, no costs are included in this request. The time spent by contract attorneys ascertaining the status of Apple's production was not included in this request either.

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18. The second chart in Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate chart prepared by individuals working under my direction that reflects hours worked by each of the above individuals in support of Samsung's motion to enforce.

IV. SAMSUNG'S MOTION FOR RULE 37 SANCTIONS FOR APPLE'S VIOLATION OF DECEMBER 22, 2011 COURT ORDER

- 19. Following this Court's April 12 Order granting Samsung's Motion to Enforce, Apple produced (or deemed produced) more than 34,000 pages of Apple employee deposition transcripts from ten different cases with a technological nexus, including two cases Apple had never previously identified as having a technological nexus.
- 20. Samsung filed a Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions. Associates Curran Walker, Kara Borden, James Ward, and I were principally involved preparing the Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions and corresponding reply, as well as preparing the response to Apple's post-hearing supplemental brief (Dkt. 1119). Several contract attorneys also assisted in analyzing Apple's new production in support of the motion. My partner, Marc Becker, also worked on the motion for sanctions and reply brief. Associate Alex Hu assisted by identifying and preparing exhibits to support the motion. I managed all their work. Associate Curran Walker and I were primarily responsible for preparing for the hearing, with the support of several contract attorneys who pulled together the information supporting the factual metrics used in the argument. More than 262 attorney hours were spent on preparation of the motion, reply and supporting materials and in preparing for the hearing.
- 21. Samsung incurred \$141,796.50 in connection with the Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions for Apple's violation of the December 2011 Order. Although Samsung also incurred costs as a result of having to file its motion, no costs are included in this request. Only a small portion of the relevant contract attorney time is being charged, to ensure that all time claimed relates directly to the preparation of these three briefs and preparation for the hearing.
- 22. The third chart in Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate chart prepared by individuals working under my direction that reflects hours worked by each of the above individuals in support of Samsung's motion for sanctions. The total amount of fees claimed is \$258,200.50.

V. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF TIME CLAIMED IN CONNECTION WITH SAMSUNG'S MOTION TO COMPEL, MOTION TO ENFORCE AND MOTION FOR RULE 37 SANCTIONS IS REASONABLE

- 23. Considerable effort was required to develop and file the motions described in this declaration. Apple multiplied costs associated with these motions by refusing to meet and confer in good faith, for example, refusing to cooperate in identifying which of its cases have a technological nexus with the instant matter, or even in confirming its own production. Much of the information about Apple's actions in connection with the deposition transcripts were only revealed in oppositions filed in response to Samsung's motions.
- 24. As is well documented in the Court's April 12 and July 11 Orders, Apple not only "read self-serving limitations" into the Court's December 22 Order to avoid production, but also argued these same limitations in response to both the motion to enforce and motion for sanctions, unnecessarily multiplying the costs associated with these motions.
- 25. In addition, Apple's refusal to permit Samsung use of its employee deposition transcripts from the 796 Investigation made it necessary for Samsung to request leave to file those transcripts *in camera* rather than being able to file them under seal under the operative protective order in this case. Samsung is not requesting reimbursement for the costs associated with preparing that request.
- 26. Nor has Samsung claimed the costs it incurred as a direct result of Apple's successful concealment of relevant facts and sworn testimony of its employees throughout the pendency of discovery and in blatant violation of the Court's December 22 Order. The Court's April 12 Order granting five additional depositions for a total of ten hours was issued before Apple revealed the comprehensive scope of its noncompliance and thus did not address the prejudice caused by Apple's willful violation.
- 27. Samsung incurred significant fees in addition to the fees detailed in this motion. Samsung is not seeking reimbursement for most of the contract attorney time, or for the time of senior partners who reviewed and edited the briefs, or for paralegal time incurred. Also, the hours

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were specifically directed to the work for which reimbursement was requested by Samsung in its motion for sanctions, and granted by the Court in its July 11, 2012 Order.

that are claimed herein are limited to those that I was able to ascertain with reasonable precision

VI. THE RATES CHARGED IN CONNECTION BY QUINN EMANUEL ARE CONSISTENT WITH PREVAILING INDUSTRY RATES

- Α. **Quinn Emanuel Attorneys**
- 28. **Diane Hutnyan**. I received a JD/MBA from Stanford in 1997 and have been a partner at Quinn Emanuel for more than nine years. My practice focuses on intellectual property litigation, including patent, copyright and trade secret cases. I supervised the associates working on all of the above-mentioned discovery motions, as well as assisted in drafting these motions and preparing for their hearings. I argued Samsung's Motion to Enforce the Court's December 22 Order, as well as Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions.
- 29. <u>Victoria Maroulis</u>. Ms. Maroulis has been a partner at Quinn Emanuel for over nine years as well. She graduated from Yale Law School in 1995. She is the co-chair of the firm's National Life Science Practice, and her practice primarily focuses on intellectual property litigation. She argued the motion that led to the December 22 Order.
- 30. **Todd Briggs**. Mr. Briggs is a partner at Quinn Emanuel, and is registered to practice before the United States Patent and Trademark Office. His practice focuses on patent infringement and other intellectual property cases, and he has litigated cases throughout the United States relating to a wide variety of technologies including microprocessors, memory devices, and wireless communications. Mr. Briggs assisted with the preparation of Samsung's motion to enforce, as described above.
- 31. Marc Becker. Mr. Becker is a partner at Quinn Emanuel, and practices law in both the UK and the US. He graduated from Boalt Hall School of Law in 1988. He has extensive experience litigating intellectual property disputes, including patent, copyright, trademark, and trade secret matters. Mr. Becker was primarily responsible for Samsung's Motion to Enforce, and also assisted with preparation of Samsung's Motion for Sanctions.

32.	. <u>N</u>	<u>lelissa Dalziel</u>	. Ms. Dalziel has worked at Quinn Emanuel for seven years. She
supervised	d the ar	nalysis of Appl	le's production of deposition transcripts in connection with
Samsung's	s Moti	on to Enforce.	

- 33. <u>Curran Walker</u>. Mr. Walker has been an associate at Quinn Emanuel's Los Angele office for over five years, and his practice focuses on intellectual property litigation. He helped draft Samsung's Motion to Compel and to Enforce, as well as Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions. He also helped prepare for the hearings on these motions.
- 34. **Scott Hall.** Mr. Hall has been an associate at Quinn Emanuel since completing a federal clerkship in 2005 for the Hon. William Schwarzer in the Northern District of California. His practice is focused on intellectual property litigation. He assisted with the preparation of the motion that led to the December 22 Order.
- 35. <u>Marissa Ducca</u>. Ms. Ducca is an associate in the Washington, D.C. office of Quinn Emanuel. She participated in telephonic meet and confer efforts with Apple's counsel, and helped draft, review, and revise the motion leading to the December 22 Order.
- 36. <u>Kara Borden</u>. Ms. Borden is an associate in the Los Angeles office of Quinn Emanuel. She worked on both Samsung's Motion to Enforce and Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions.
- 37. Alex Hu. Mr. Hu is an associate in the Los Angeles office of Quinn Emanuel. He performed numerous tasks in connection with all of the motions described herein.
- 38. **Joby Martin**. Mr. Martin is an associate in the San Francisco office of Quinn Emanuel. He helped draft and review the declaration supporting the motion that led to the December 22 Order.
- 39. **James Ward**. Mr. Ward is an associate in the Chicago office of Quinn Emanuel. He assisted with researching, drafting and filing Samsung's Motion to Enforce and Samsung's Motion for Rule 37 Sanctions.
- 40. **Brad Goldberg**. Mr. Goldberg is a former associate in the Los Angeles office of Quinn Emanuel. He assisted with the drafting of Samsung's reply brief in support of its Motion to Enforce.

В. **Comparable Rates** Quinn Emanuel's hourly rates for Samsung are consistent with prevailing market 41. rates for attorneys of similar skill and expertise. As shown in the 2011 National Law Journal survey of billing rates across the nation, the hourly rates of these Quinn Emanuel attorneys are consistent with the hourly rates at large law firms in large metropolitan areas. 42. Quinn Emanuel's rates are comparable to the rates charged by Apple's outside counsel, Morrison & Foerster, based on the Declaration of Jason Bartlett in Support of Apple's Petition for Attorneys' Fees Pursuant to the Court's April 23 Order. (See Dkt. No. 906.) 43. As set forth in Exhibit 1, the median billing rate for partners who worked on these motions is \$821. The median rate for associates who worked on these motions is \$448. These numbers are consistent with the numbers Morrison & Foerster provided in support of Apple's Petition for Attorney's Fees. (Dkt. 906 at 6.) 44. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. 45. Executed July 22, 2012, at Los Angeles, California. /s/ Diane C. Hutnyan Diane C. Hutnyan

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GENERAL ORDER ATTESTATION

I, Victoria Maroulis, am the ECF user whose ID and password are being used to file the foregoing document. I hereby attest pursuant to General Order 45.X.B. that concurrence in the electronic filing of this document has been obtained from Diane Hutnyan.

/s/ Victoria Maroulis

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