


EXHIBIT 14
FILED UNDER SEAL

Infringement Claim Chart for U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915 against the Samsung Galaxy S2 Mobile Phone

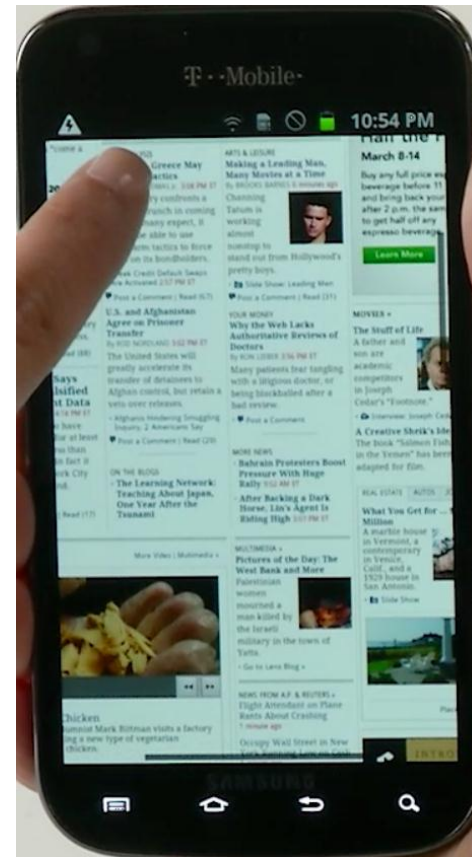
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 1	
<p>A machine implemented method for scrolling on a touch-sensitive display of a device comprising:</p>	<p>The Samsung device, which includes a touch-sensitive display, performs a machine implemented method for scrolling on the touch-sensitive display.</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;">  <p>A photograph of a Samsung Galaxy S2 smartphone held in a hand. The screen displays the mobile version of The New York Times website. The page shows the newspaper's masthead, the date 'Friday, March 9, 2012', and several news articles. A finger is visible at the bottom of the screen, touching the home button area, which illustrates the scrolling action described in the claim.</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling a webpage.)</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

receiving a user input, the user input is one or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display that is integrated with the device;

Samsung Galaxy S II

The Samsung device receives a user input. The user input includes one or more input points (one or more fingers) applied to the touch-sensitive display that is integrated with the Samsung device.



(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 receiving user input.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

creating an event object in response to the user input;

determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation;

Samsung Galaxy S II

The Samsung device, via the Android platform on which the device operates, creates an event object in response to the user input and determines whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point (single finger) applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points (two or more fingers) applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation.

As an example, under the Android platform, a MotionEvent object is created in response to a touch on the touchscreen. (Android Developers Site at Class MotionEvent) (Available at <http://developer.android.com/reference/android/view/MotionEvent.html>.)



(Screenshots of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling in response to a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display and scaling in response to two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Samsung Galaxy S II has source code that allows for “creating an event object in response to the user input.” • On the Galaxy S II, user input is processed by the device driver, which passes the input into user space and parses it into an event object referred to as the “MotionEvent” object. This object is an event object created by the method <code>InputConsumer::populateMotionEvent()</code>. (See frameworks/base/libs/ui/inputTransport.cpp:702-792 [SAMNDCA-C000005800 to -C000005802]; see also frameworks/base/libs/ui/input.cpp:128-159 [SAMNDCA-C000005783 to -C000005784] (<code>MotionEvent::initialize()</code> method)). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analogous code in Android 2.2, as exemplified by the Samsung Vibrant, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006088. ○ Analogous code in Android 2.1, as exemplified by the Samsung Captivate, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006258 to -C000006259. • The Samsung Galaxy S II has source code that allows for “determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation” • On the Galaxy S II, the <code>WebView</code> class’s <code>onTouchEvent()</code> method interprets the input points associated with the <code>MotionEvent</code> object it processes. The <code>onTouchEvent()</code> method distinguishes between a single input point (<code>ev.getPointerCount == 1</code>) and two or more input points (<code>ev.getPointerCount > 1</code>). (See <code>WebView.java:7476-7512</code> [SAMDNCA-C000005757 to -C000005758].) If one input point is detected, the contact is interpreted as a scroll operation in <code>onTouchEvent()</code>. (See <code>WebView.java:7514-8168</code> [SAMNDCA-C000005758 to -C000005772].) If two or more input points are detected, the contact is interpreted as a gesture operation via a call to <code>mScaleDetector.onTouchEvent()</code>. (See <code>WebView.java:7479</code> [SAMNDCA-

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
	<p>C000005758].)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Analogous code in Android 2.2, as exemplified by the Samsung Vibrant, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006138.○ Analogous code in Android 2.1, as exemplified by the Samsung Captivate, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006306.

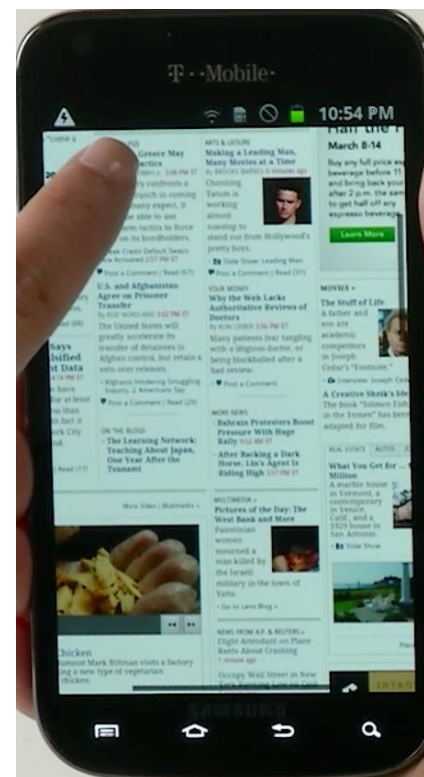
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

issuing at least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation;

responding to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object based on an amount of a scroll with the scroll stopped at a predetermined position in relation to the user input; and

Samsung Galaxy S II

The Samsung device issues at least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation. The Samsung device responds to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object based on an amount of a scroll with the scroll stopped at a predetermined position in relation to the user input.



(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling a webpage.)

- **The Samsung Galaxy S II has source code that is capable of “issuing at**

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
	<p>least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation.”</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On the Galaxy S II, if one input point is detected, WebView’s onTouchEvent() will issue a scroll call to doDrag() or doFling(). (WebView.java:7944, 8123 [SAMNDCA-C000005767, -C000005771]) If two or more input points are detected, the contact is interpreted as a gesture operation and issue a call to mScaleDetector.onTouchEvent(). (See WebView.java:7479 [SAMNDCA-C000005758].) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analogous code in Android 2.2, as exemplified by the Samsung Vibrant, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006138. ○ Analogous code in Android 2.1, as exemplified by the Samsung Captivate, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006306. • The Samsung Galaxy S II has source code that is capable of “responding to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object based on an amount of a scroll with the scroll stopped at a predetermined position in relation to the user input.” • On the Galaxy S II, the onTouchEvent() method calls doFling() for a scroll operation. (See WebView.java:8123 [SAMNDCA-C000005771].) doFling() then calls the OverScroller.fling() method. (See WebView.java:8784 [SAMNDCA-C000005775].) OverScroller.fling() itself calls mScrollerX and mScrollerY, each of which is responsible for scrolling in one axis (i.e., one scrolls horizontally and the other scrolls vertically). (See OverScroller.java:395-396 [SAMNDCA-C000005959].) The OverScroller class thus maintains state information for the fling. (See <i>id.</i>) • The mScrollerX and mScrollerY track the start points, start time, duration, total distance, and the final position for the scroll at the end of the fling operation. (OverScroller.java:681-754 [SAMNDCA-C000005965 to – C000005967].) The OverScroller.fling() function thus determines the final position of the fling before beginning the fling operation. • The actual rendering of the fling occurs subsequently as part of the drawing

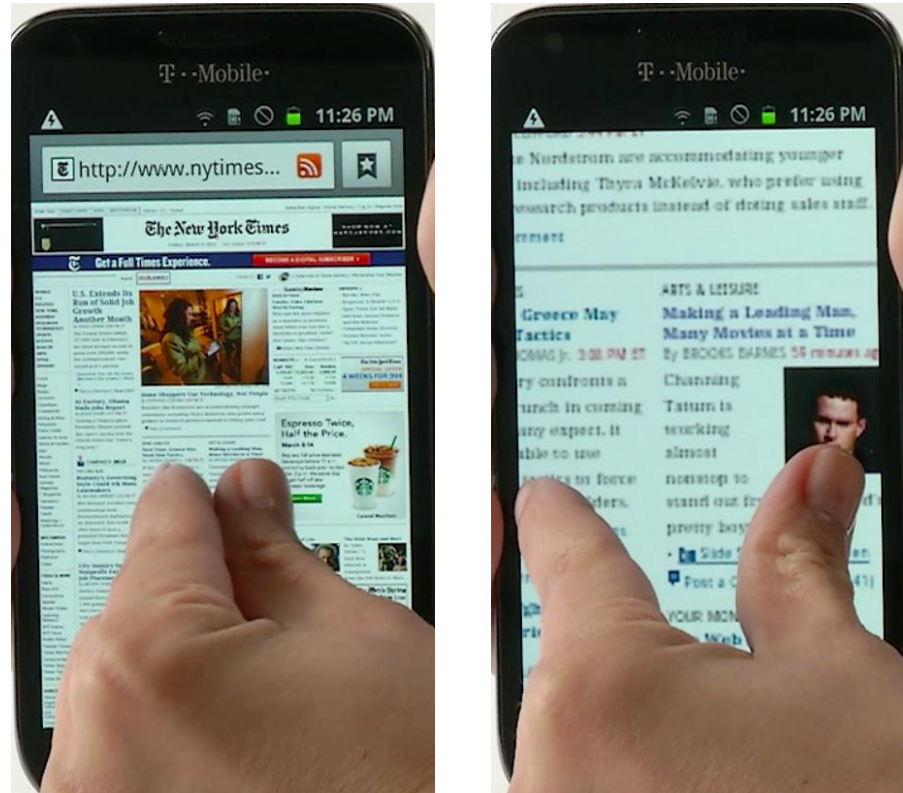
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
	<p>cycle. At the end of an event processing cycle, the method computeScroll() is called to compute which part of the view should be rendered to the user. (<i>See</i> WebView.java:3929-3983 [SAMNDCA-C000005728 to -C000005729].) The computeScroll() method uses the OverScroller class to extract the state information for the fling. (<i>See id.</i>) Afterwards, it calls WebView.overScrollBy() to scroll the content—this method calculates maximums for the distance the user can scroll beyond the edge of the content and whether content should be fixed to a particular axis. (<i>See id.</i>) onOverScrollBy() itself calls onOverScrolled() to ensure the intended scroll coordinates are valid and then calls View.scrollTo() to invoke the scroll operation. (<i>See</i> View.java:9004, 9053 [SAMNDCA-C000005835 to -C000005836].) View.scrollTo() scrolls the window (setting mScrollX and mScrollY) based on the amount of a scroll with the scroll stopped at a “predetermined position in relation to the user input.” (<i>See</i> WebView.java:3505, 3525 [SAMNDCA-5726].)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alternatively, the scroll stops at a “predetermined position in relation to the user input” because after the mScrollX and mScrollY fields are set (or determined), the WebView.onDraw() method is subsequently called to translate and draw the view shown to the user. (<i>See</i> WebView.java:4764-4918 [SAMNDCA-C000005732 to -C000005735].) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analogous code in Android 2.2, as exemplified by the Samsung Vibrant, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006115, SAMNDCA-C000006118, SAMNDCA-C000006128, SAMNDCA-C000006130, SAMNDCA-C000006135, SAMNDCA-C000006141 to -C000006147, SAMNDCA-C000006162, SAMNDCA-C000006163, SAMNDCA-C000006165. ○ Analogous code in Android 2.1, as exemplified by the Samsung Captivate, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006285, SAMNDCA-C000006288, SAMNDCA-C000006297, SAMNDCA-C000006300, SAMNDCA-C000006305, SAMNDCA-C000006309 to -C000006314, SAMNDCA-C000006326, SAMNDCA-C000006327, SAMNDCA-C000006329.

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

responding to at least one gesture call, if issued, by scaling the view associated with the event object based on receiving the two or more input points in the form of the user input.

Samsung Galaxy S II

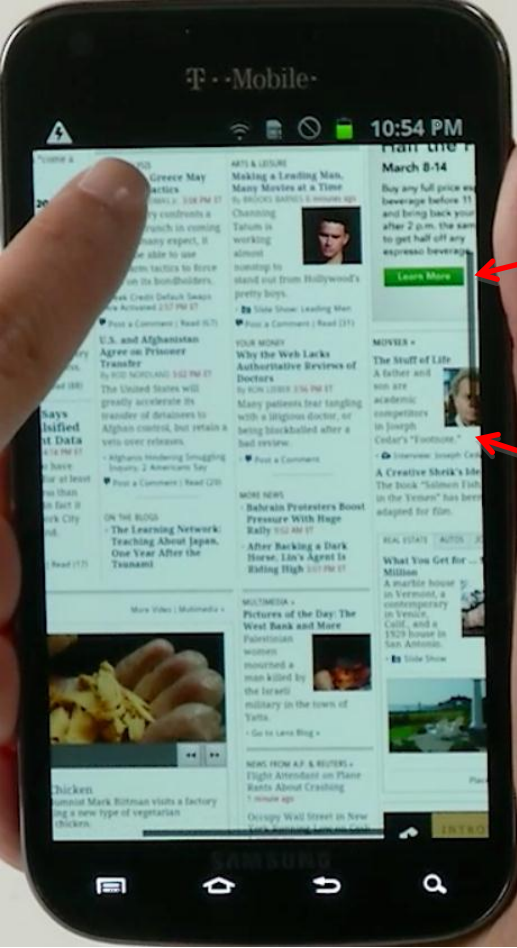
The Samsung device responds to issue at least one gesture call, if issued, by scaling the view associated with the event object based on receiving the two or more input points (two or more fingers) in the form of the user input.



(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scaling a webpage.)

- On the Galaxy S II, the onTouchEvent() method calls the mScaleDetector.onTouchEvent() method to perform the scaling (zoom) operation using the MotionEvent object information, which includes the two or

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
	<p>more input points touching the screen. (See WebView.java:7479 [SAMNDCA-C000005758].) onTouchEvent() calls setContext(), which records information about the position of the two input points corresponding, for example, to the user's fingers on the screen (WebviewScaleGestureDetector.java:323 [SAMNDCA-C000005824]). As the user moves his fingers relative to one another—as in, for example, a pinching or de-pinching gesture—the onScale() method of the WebView class calls the WebviewScaleGestureDetector's getScaleFactor() method to calculate the scale factor based on the ratio of the current distance between the fingers and the previous distance between them (as of the last time the touch screen was polled for input). (WebView.java:7230-7294 [SAMNDCA-C000005753 to -C000005755];) onScale() then calls setNewZoomScale(), which uses the calculated scale factor to scale the WebView and all of its child views. WebView.java:7289 [SAMNDCA-C000005755]; WebView.java:3091-3246 [SAMNDCA-C000005722 to -C000005725].)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analogous code in Android 2.2, as exemplified by the Samsung Vibrant, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006108, SAMNDCA-C000006110 to -C000006113, SAMNDCA-C000006137, SAMNDCA-C000006138. ○ Analogous code in Android 2.1, as exemplified by the Samsung Captivate, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMNDCA-C000006279, SAMNDCA-C000006281 to -C000006282, SAMNDCA-C000006284, SAMNDCA-C000006302, SAMNDCA-C000006303.

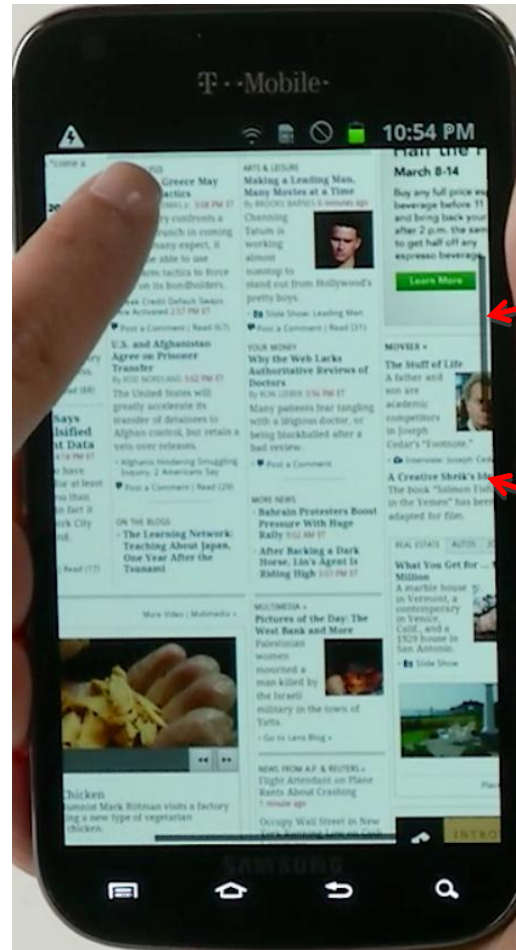
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
<p>Claim 3</p>	
<p>The method as in claim 1, further comprising:</p> <p>attaching scroll indicators to a content edge of the window.</p>	<p>The Samsung device attaches scroll indicators to the window edge.</p>  <p>The image shows a hand holding a Samsung Galaxy S2 smartphone. The screen displays a news application interface with various articles. Two red arrows point to small vertical bars on the right edge of the content area, labeled 'Scroll indicator' and 'Content edge of the window'.</p> <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 attaching a scroll indicator to a content edge of the window.)</p>

Claim 4

The method as in claim 1, further comprising:

attaching scroll indicators to the window edge.

The Samsung device attaches scroll indicators to the window edge.




Scroll indicator

Content edge of the window

(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 attaching a scroll indicator to the window edge.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 5	
<p>The method as in claim 1, wherein determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation is based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period.</p>	<p>The Samsung device determines whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Galaxy S II determines whether the event object invokes the scroll operation based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period. The onTouchEvent() method invokes the fling operation based on the user scrolling within a certain period of time. (<i>See</i> WebView.java:8107-8125 [SAMDNCA-C00005771].) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analogous code in Android 2.2, as exemplified by the Samsung Vibrant, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMDNCA-C00006147. ○ Analogous code in Android 2.1, as exemplified by the Samsung Captivate, appears in methods at the following Bates pages: SAMDNCA-C00006314.

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 7	
<p>The method as in claim 1, wherein the device is one of: a data processing device, a portable device, a portable data processing device, a multi touch device, a multi touch portable device, a wireless device, and a cell phone.</p>	<p>The Samsung device is a cell phone.</p> <div data-bbox="1079 337 1520 1149" data-label="Image">A screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 smartphone screen. The screen displays a call menu with a keypad and various call-related icons. At the top, the carrier is 'T-Mobile' and the time is '8:04 PM'. Below the carrier and time, there are four icons: 'Keypad', 'Logs', 'Contacts', and 'Favorites'. The keypad consists of numbers 1-9, *, 0, and #, each with its corresponding letters. At the bottom of the keypad are icons for Phone, Messages, and Browser. The Samsung logo is visible at the bottom of the screen.</div> <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 displaying a call menu.)</p>

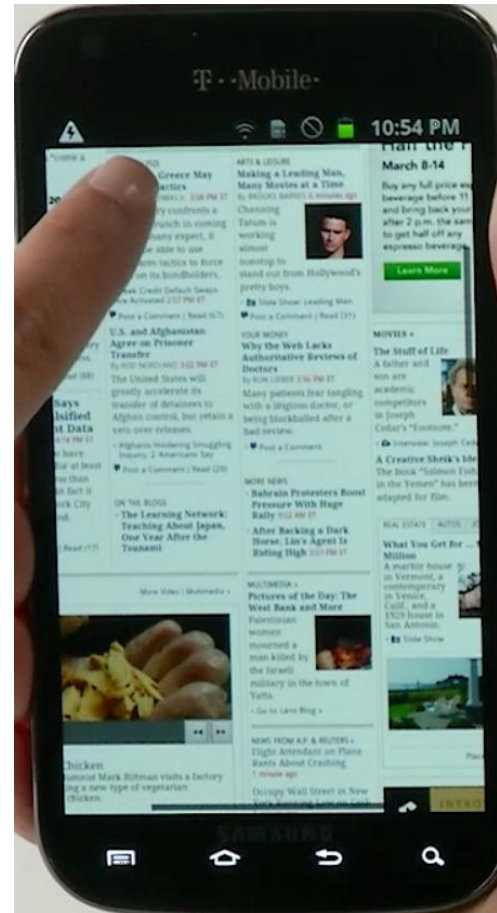
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 8	
<p>A machine readable storage medium storing executable program instructions which when executed cause a data processing system to perform a method comprising:</p>	<p>The Samsung device includes a computer readable storage medium storing executable program instructions. The executable program instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to perform a method.</p> 

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

receiving a user input, the user input is one or more input points applied to a touch-sensitive display that is integrated with the data processing system;

Samsung Galaxy S II

The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to receive a user input. The user input includes one or more input points (one or more fingers) applied to the touch-sensitive display that is integrated with the Samsung device.



(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 receiving user input.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

creating an event object in response to the user input;

determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation;

Samsung Galaxy S II

The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device, via the Android platform on which the device operates, to create an event object in response to the user input. The instructions, when executed, also cause the Samsung device to determine whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point (single finger) applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points (two or more fingers) applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation.

As an example, under the Android platform, a MotionEvent object is created in response to a touch on the touchscreen. (Android Developers Site at Class MotionEvent) (Available at <http://developer.android.com/reference/android/view/MotionEvent.html>.)



(Screenshots of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling in response to a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display and scaling in response to two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display.)

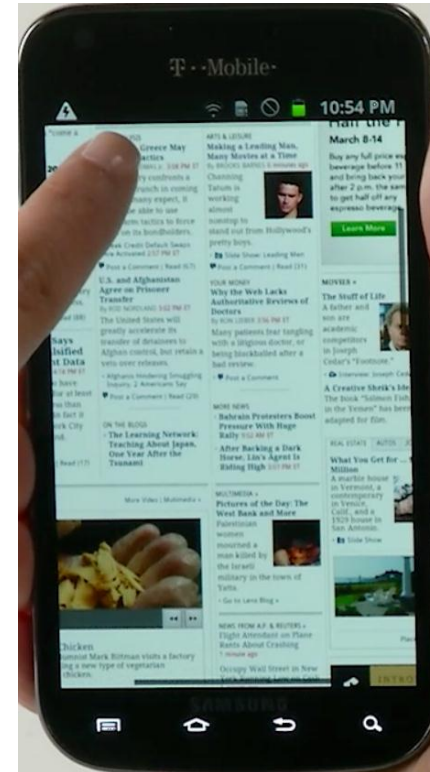
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

issuing at least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation;

responding to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object; and

Samsung Galaxy S II

The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to issue at least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation. The instructions, when executed, also cause the Samsung device to respond to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object.



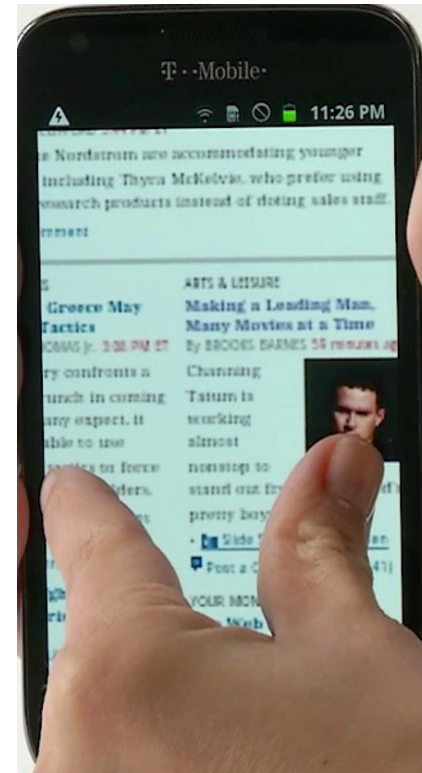
(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling a webpage.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915


responding to at least one gesture call, if issued, by scaling the view associated with the event object based on receiving the two or more input points in the form of the user input.

Samsung Galaxy S II

The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to at least one gesture call, if issued, by scaling the view associated with the event object based on receiving the two or more input points (two or more fingers) in the form of the user input.



(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scaling a webpage.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 9	
<p>The medium as in claim 8, further comprising:</p> <p>rubberbanding a scrolling region displayed within the window by a predetermined maximum displacement when the scrolled region exceeds a window edge based on the scroll.</p>	<p>The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to rubberband a scrolling region displayed within the window by a predetermined maximum displacement when the scrolled region exceeds a window edge based on the scroll.</p>  <p>(Screenshots of the Samsung Galaxy S2 rubberbanding an image.)</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

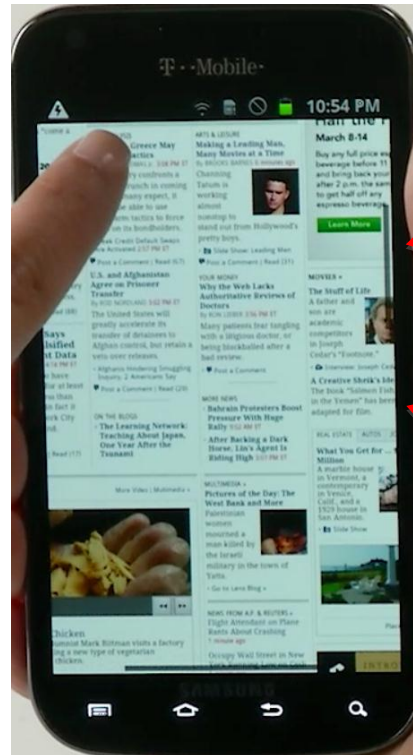
Samsung Galaxy S II

Claim 10

The medium as in claim 8, further comprising:

attaching scroll indicators to a e of the view.

The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to attach scroll indicators to a content edge of the view.



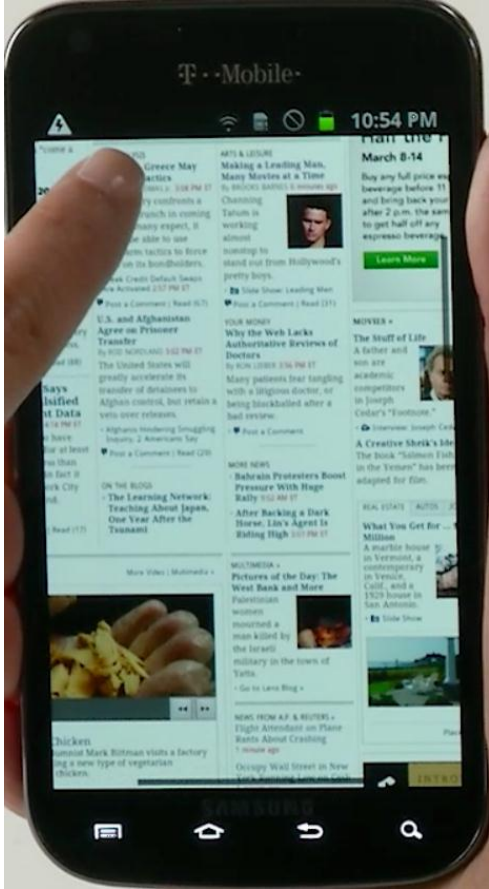
Scroll indicator

Content edge of the window

(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 attaching a scroll indicator to a content edge of the view.

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
<p>Claim 11</p>	
<p>The medium as in claim 8, further comprising:</p> <p>attaching scroll indicators to a window edge of the view.</p>	<p>The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to attach scroll indicators to a content edge of the view.</p> <div data-bbox="940 381 1354 1133" data-label="Image"> </div> <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 attaching a scroll indicator to a content edge of the view.</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 12	
<p>The medium as in claim 8, wherein determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation is based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period.</p>	<p>The instructions, when executed, cause the Samsung device to determine whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period.</p>
Claim 14	
<p>The medium as in claim 8, wherein the data processing system is one of: a data processing device, a portable device, a portable data processing device, a multi touch device, a multi touch portable device, a wireless device, and a cell phone.</p>	<p>The Samsung device is a cell phone.</p> <div data-bbox="1121 537 1514 1252" data-label="Image"> <p>A screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 smartphone's call menu. The screen shows a black background with a white keypad. At the top, the carrier name 'T-Mobile' and the time '8:04 PM' are visible. Below the keypad, there are four icons: 'Keypad', 'Logs', 'Contacts', and 'Favorites'. The keypad itself has 12 buttons: 1-9, *, 0, and #. At the bottom of the screen, there are four icons: a green call button, a yellow speed dial button, a yellow message button, and a white end call button. The Samsung logo is visible at the bottom center of the screen.</p> </div> <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 displaying a call menu.)</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
Claim 15	
<p>An apparatus, comprising:</p> <p>means for receiving, through a hardware device, a user input on a touch-sensitive display of the apparatus, the user input is one or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display that is integrated with the apparatus;</p>	<p>The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for receiving, through a hardware device, a user input on a touch-sensitive display of the apparatus, the user input is one or more input points (one or more fingers) applied to the touch-sensitive display that is integrated with the Samsung device.</p>  <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 receiving user input.)</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

means for creating an event object in response to the user input;

means for determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation;

Samsung Galaxy S II

The Samsung device, via the Android platform on which the device operates, includes a processor executing computer instructions for creating an event object in response to the user input and determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation by distinguishing between a single input point (single finger) applied to the touch-sensitive display that is interpreted as the scroll operation and two or more input points (two or more fingers) applied to the touch-sensitive display that are interpreted as the gesture operation.

As an example, under the Android platform, a MotionEvent object is created in response to a touch on the touchscreen. (Android Developers Site at Class MotionEvent) (Available at <http://developer.android.com/reference/android/view/MotionEvent.html>.)



(Screenshots of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling in response to a single input point applied to the touch-sensitive display and scaling in response to two or more input points applied to the touch-sensitive display.)

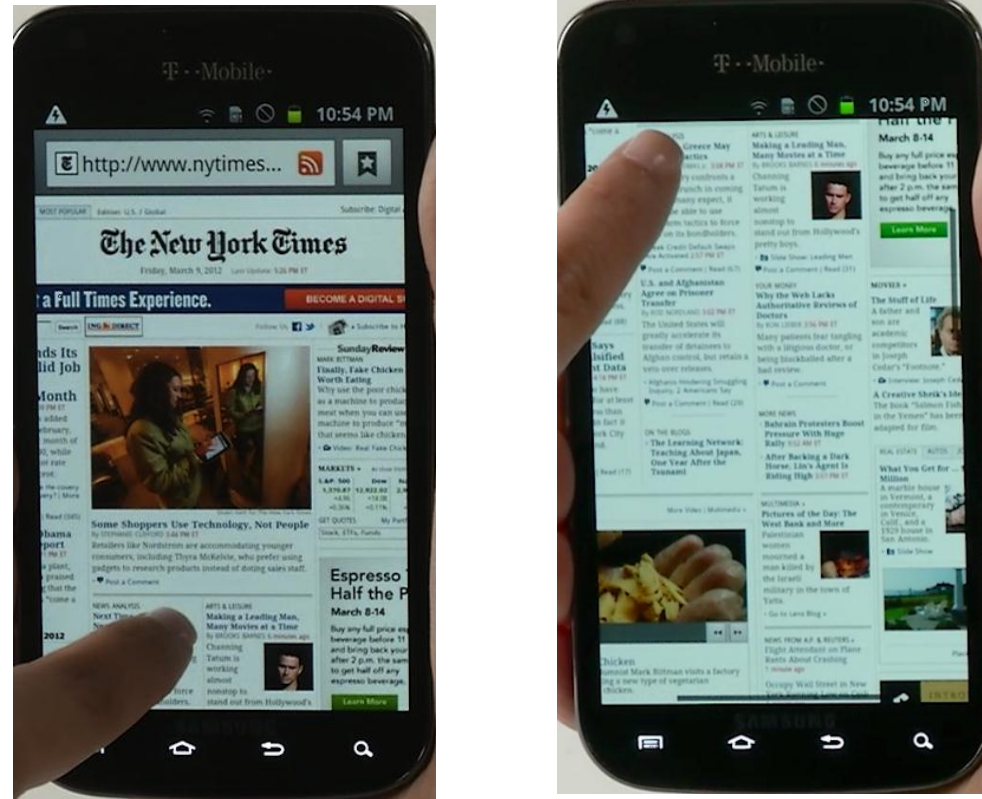
U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915

means for issuing at least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation;

means for responding to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object; and

Samsung Galaxy S II

The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for issuing at least one scroll or gesture call based on invoking the scroll or gesture operation. The processor also executing computer instructions for responding to at least one scroll call, if issued, by scrolling a window having a view associated with the event object.



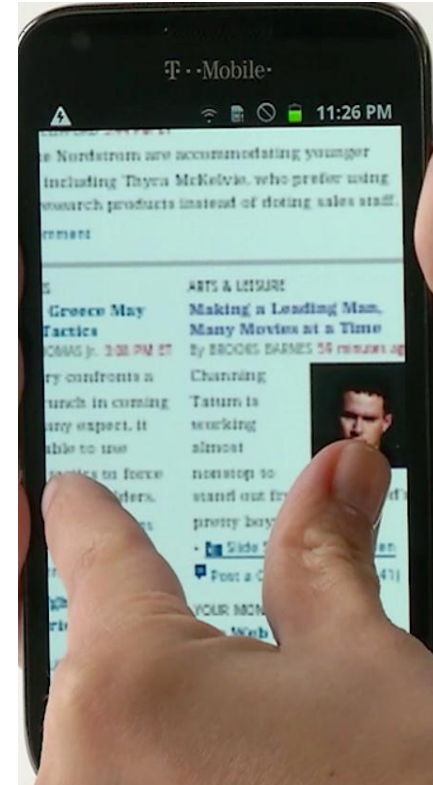
(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scrolling a webpage.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915


means for responding to at least one gesture call, if issued, by scaling the view associated with the event object based on receiving the two or more input points in the form of the user input.

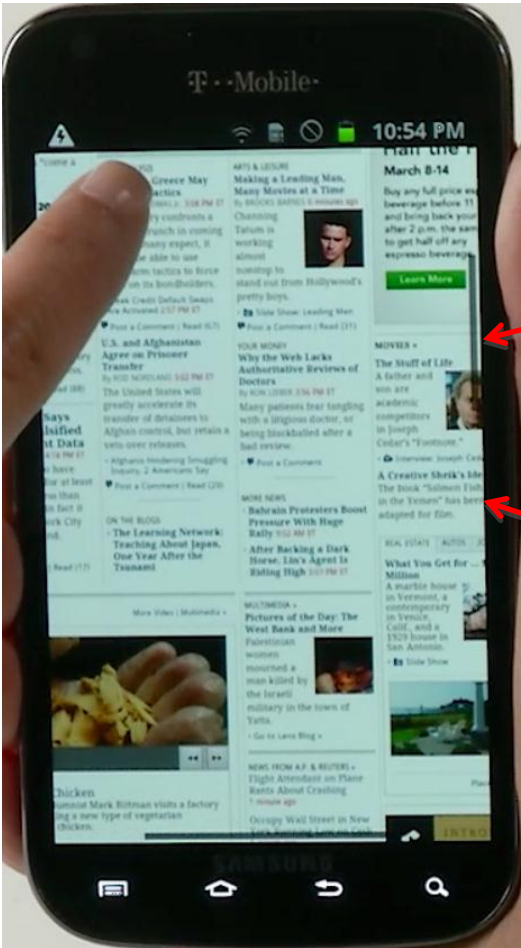
Samsung Galaxy S II

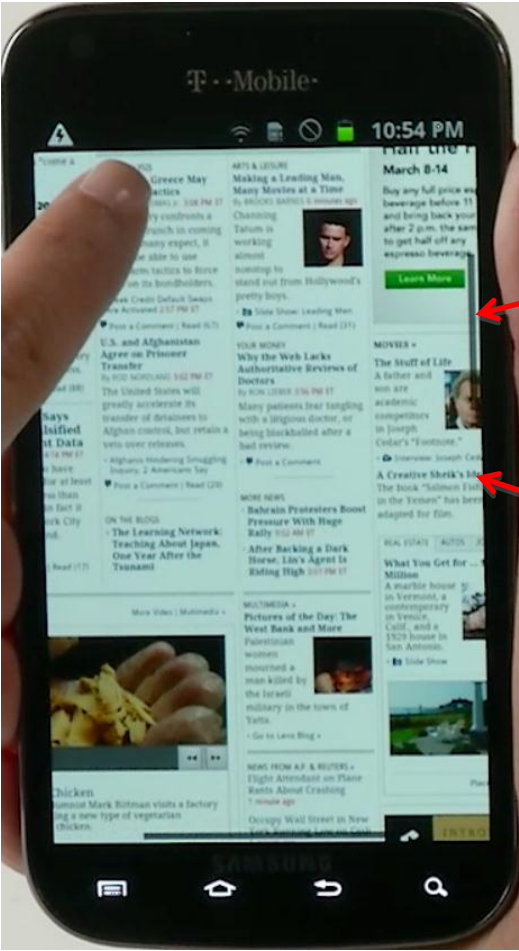
The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for responding to at least one gesture call, if issued, by scaling the view associated with the event object based on receiving the two or more input points (two or more fingers) in the form of the user input.



(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 scaling a webpage.)

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
<p>Claim 16</p>	
<p>The apparatus as in claim 15, further comprising:</p> <p>means for rubberbanding a scrolling region displayed within the window by a predetermined maximum displacement when the scrolling region exceeds a window edge based on the scroll.</p>	<p>The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for rubberbanding a scrolling region displayed within the window by a predetermined maximum displacement when the scrolling region exceeds a window edge based on the scroll.</p>  <p>(Screenshots of the Samsung Galaxy S2 rubberbanding an image.)</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
<p>Claim 17</p>	
<p>The apparatus as in claim 15, further comprising:</p> <p>means for attaching scroll indicators to a content edge of the window.</p>	<p>The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for attaching scroll indicators to a content edge of the window.</p>  <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 attaching a scroll indicator to a content edge of the window.)</p>

U.S. Patent No. 7,844,915	Samsung Galaxy S II
<p>Claim 18</p>	
<p>The apparatus as in claim 15, further comprising:</p> <p>means for attaching scroll indicators to the window edge.</p>	<p>The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for attaching scroll indicators to the window edge.</p>  <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 attaching a scroll indicator to the window edge.)</p>

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Claim 19	
<p>The apparatus as in claim 15, wherein determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation is based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period.</p>	<p>The Samsung device includes a processor executing computer instructions for determining whether the event object invokes a scroll or gesture operation based on receiving a drag user input for a certain time period.</p>
Claim 21	
<p>The apparatus as in claim 15, wherein the apparatus is one of: a data processing device, a portable device, a portable data processing device, a multi touch device, a multi touch portable device, a wireless device, and a cell phone.</p>	<p>The Samsung device is a cell phone.</p> <div data-bbox="1094 573 1499 1308" data-label="Image"> <p>The image shows a screenshot of a Samsung Galaxy S2 smartphone. The screen displays a call menu with a keypad and various icons. At the top, it shows 'T-Mobile' and the time '8:04 PM'. Below the carrier name are four icons: 'Keypad', 'Logs', 'Contacts', and 'Favorites'. The main part of the screen is a numeric keypad with letters associated with each number. At the bottom, there are four large icons: a green phone icon, a yellow call log icon, a yellow contacts icon, and a grey back icon. The Samsung logo is visible at the very bottom of the screen.</p> </div> <p>(Screenshot of the Samsung Galaxy S2 displaying a call menu.)</p>