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APPLE, INC., a California corporation,) Case No.: 11-CV-01846-LHK
)
Plaintiff,)
v.) ORDER RE: INTEL'S REQUEST FOR
) CLARIFICATION
)
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., A)
Korean corporation; SAMSUNG)
ELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC., a New York)
corporation; SAMSUNG)
TELECOMMUNICATIONS AMERICA, LLC,)
a Delaware limited liability company,)
)
Defendants.)

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1 Order applies to the 1993 Samsung/Intel Cross License (Exhibit K1 to the Hecht Declaration in
2 Support of Samsung's Opposition to Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, ECF No. 847), and to
3 the 2002 and 2003 Amendments to that license (Exhibits K2 and K3 to the Hecht Declaration), to
4 the extent that they contain payment terms. Consistent with the August 9 Order, Intel's motion is
5 GRANTED with respect to the payment terms of those documents only, and denied as to the rest of
6 the license agreement and amendments.

7 **II. TECHNICAL DISCLOSURES IN PREVIOUSLY SEALED FILINGS**

8 Intel also requests that the Court seal certain technical information contained in the Wessel
9 Declaration and accompanying exhibits filed in Support of Samsung's Opposition to Apple's
10 Motion for Summary Judgment, ECF No. 1003. Specifically, Intel seeks to seal three documents:
11 Intel Scrambling Circuit Presentation, X-GOLD 61x Product Specification, and portions of the
12 Wessel Declaration containing technical material concerning implementation of scrambling codes.

13 One of these documents—the X-GOLD 61x Product Specification—is explicitly addressed
14 in the August 9 Order. *See* August 9 Order at 27 (“[T]he Product Specification, which provides a
15 complete specification of the X-GOLD 61x system and specifies the algorithms used by each
16 constituent module. . . [is] sealable under Ninth Circuit law.”). Accordingly, that document is, and
17 will remain, sealed. Intel's Motion as to the X-GOLD 61x Product Specification is GRANTED.

18 The two remaining documents were not mentioned by name in the August 9 Order.
19 Accordingly, the Court will now consider whether they may properly be sealed. As the Court
20 explained in the August 9 Order, under Ninth Circuit law, there is a strong presumption in favor of
21 public access to judicial documents, and a party seeking to seal a judicial record attached to a
22 dispositive motion or presented at trial must articulate “compelling reasons” in favor of sealing that
23 outweigh the public's interest in access. *See Kamakana v. City and Cnty. Of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d
24 1172, 1179 (9th Cir. 2006). “In general, ‘compelling reasons’ . . . exist when such ‘court files
25 might have become a vehicle for improper purposes,’ such as the use of records to . . . release trade
26 secrets.” *Id.* (citing *Nixon*, 435 U.S. 589, 598 (1978)).

27 The Intel Scrambling Circuit Presentation “describes the principles behind the design of the
28 scrambling code generators used in some IMC modem products.” *See* Declaration of Josef

1 Hausner in Support of Intel's Revised Motion to Seal, ECF No. 1489-1, at ¶ 6. The Court has
2 previously ruled that material concerning the functions and data structures of Intel's scrambling
3 code generators constituted sealable trade secrets. *See* August 9 Order at 27. Specifically, the
4 Court ordered sealed a Product Specification, which "provides a complete specification" and
5 "specifies the algorithms used," and a Detailed Design Description, which identifies "the functions,
6 input and output variables, and data structures used by each module." *Id.* Similarly, the
7 Scrambling Circuit Presentation contains equations, diagrams, and other details explaining exactly
8 how the codes are generated. Thus it, too, constitutes trade secrets, and is sealable under Ninth
9 Circuit law. Intel's motion to seal Exhibit K to the Declaration of Richard Wessel in Support of
10 Samsung's Opposition to Apple's Motion for Summary Judgment, ECF No. 1003, is GRANTED.

11 Finally, Intel has proposed a set of redactions to the Declaration of Richard Wessel in
12 Support of Samsung's Opposition to Apple's Motion for Summary Judgment, ECF No. 1003. The
13 portions Intel has proposed to redact constitute expert analysis of Intel's source code and circuitry,
14 a category of information which the Court ruled to be sealable as trade secrets in the August 9
15 Order. *See* August 9 Order at 28. Accordingly, consistent with the August 9 Order, Intel's motion
16 to seal the Intel technical material in the Wessel Declaration is GRANTED.

17 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

18 Dated: September 7, 2012

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20 LUCY H. KOH
21 United States District Judge
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