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9	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11	IRVIN T. TATUM,) No. C 11-4864 LHK (PR)
12	Plaintiff,)) ORDER DIRECTING PLAINTIFF
13	v.) TO FILE PROOFS OF SERVICE
14	C. BUCKLEY, et al.,)
15	Defendants.)
16	·,)
17	Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, filed a civil rights complaint pursuant to 42	
18	U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff has paid the filing fee. For the reasons stated below, the Court will	
19	direct Plaintiff to file proofs of service on Defendants.	
20	DISCUSSION	
21	A. <u>Standard of Review</u>	
22	A federal court must conduct a preliminary screening in any case in which a prisoner	
23	seeks redress from a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity. See	
24	28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). In its review, the Court must identify any cognizable claims and dismiss	
25	any claims that are frivolous, malicious, fail to state a claim upon which relief may be granted or	
26	seek monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. See id. § 1915A(b)(1),	
27	(2). Pro se pleadings must, however, be liberally construed. See Balistreri v. Pacifica Police	
28	Dep't, 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1988).	

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To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a plaintiff must allege two essential elements:
 (1) that a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States was violated, and (2) that
 the alleged deprivation was committed by a person acting under the color of state law. *West v. Atkins*, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

B. <u>Plaintiff's Claims</u>

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6 Liberally construed, Plaintiff's allegations state cognizable claims of deliberate
7 indifference / failure to protect, and equal protection.

8 Plaintiff also attempts to raise a claim of retaliation. "Within the prison context, a viable 9 claim of First Amendment retaliation entails five basic elements: (1) An assertion that a state 10 actor took some adverse action against an inmate (2) because of (3) that prisoner's protected 11 conduct, and that such action (4) chilled the inmate's exercise of his First Amendment rights, 12 and (5) the action did not reasonably advance a legitimate correctional goal." Rhodes v. 13 Robinson, 408 F.3d 559, 567-68 (9th Cir. 2005) (footnote omitted). Accord Pratt v. Rowland, 65 14 F.3d 802, 806 (9th Cir. 1995) (prisoner suing prison officials under Section 1983 for retaliation 15 must allege that he was retaliated against for exercising his constitutional rights and that the 16 retaliatory action did not advance legitimate penological goals, such as preserving institutional 17 order and discipline). Plaintiff does not allege sufficient facts to support a claim of retaliation. 18 Accordingly, the retaliation claim is DISMISSED with leave to amend. Should plaintiff believe 19 that he can support a claim of retaliation, he may move for leave to amend his complaint.

C. <u>Service</u>

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As Plaintiff is not proceeding in forma pauperis in this action, he may not rely on the
United States Marshal or the officers of the Court for service. *Cf.* 28 U.S.C. § 1915(d); Fed. R.
Civ. P. 4(c)(2). Plaintiff is responsible for service upon all of the named Defendants. No
Defendant has made an appearance in this action. There is no indication in any of the papers
filed herein that any Defendant has been served with the summons or complaint in accordance
with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Plaintiff shall bear in mind that Rule 4(m) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure require
service of the summons and complaint upon Defendants within 120 days after the filing of the

1	complaint. Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(m). Failure to do so may result in dismissal of the action without	
2	prejudice as to that Defendant.	
3	Accordingly, by January 30, 2012, Plaintiff is directed to provide the Court with proof	
4	of service of the summons and complaint on all Defendants, or show good cause why the	
5	unserved Defendants should not be dismissed. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(1), 4(m). Failure to comply	
6	by January 30, 2012 will result in the dismissal of the unserved Defendants.	
7	CONCLUSION	
8	For the foregoing reasons, the Court hereby orders as follows:	
9	1. Plaintiff is directed to file proofs of service on Defendants on or before January	
10	30, 2012, or show good cause for the failure. Failure to comply by January 30, 2012, will	
11	result in dismissal of the unserved Defendants.	
12	3. It is Plaintiff's responsibility to prosecute this case. Plaintiff must keep the	
13	court informed of any change of address by filing a separate paper with the Clerk headed "Notice	
14	of Change of Address." Plaintiff must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion or ask	
15	for an extension of time to do so. Failure to comply may result in the dismissal of this action	
16	pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).	
17	IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED: 12/20/11	
18	DATED: 12/20/11	
19	United States District Judge	
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