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16		
17	UNITED STAT	ES DISTRICT COURT
18	NORTHERN DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
19		
20	AWOX, S.A.,	Case No. 5:11-cv-06375 (LHK) HRL
21	Plaintiff,	
22		STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
23	V.	(MODIFIED BY THE COURT)
24	BELKIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.,	
25	Defendant.	
26		
27		
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20		
	LA:311794.7	

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1.

PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

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2	Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential,
3	proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for
4	any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby
5	stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties
6	acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to
7	discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited
8	information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The
9	parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does
10	not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62 set
11	forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks
12	permission from the court to file material under seal.
13	2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>
14	2.1 <u>Challenging Party</u> : a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or
15	items under this Order.
16	2.2 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u> : shall be defined as any information, document
17	or thing produced in connection with this litigation including, without limitation, any information,
18	document or thing produced by parties and third parties pursuant to subpoena or agreement in connection qualifies for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).
19	with this litigation, that is reasonably believed by the designating party to be non-public.
20	2.3 <u>"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u> : shall be defined as any information,
21	document or thing produced in connection with this litigation, including, without limitation, any
22	information, document or thing produced by parties and third parties pursuant to subpoena or agreement in
23	connection with this litigation that is reasonably believed by the producing party to be a trade secret,
24	technical product design or specifications or competitive business information as defined by the Uniform
25	Trade Secrets Act, confided in California at Cal. Civ. Code §§ 3426 et seq. and that have not been
26	provided to the other party.
27	2.4 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u> : Outside Counsel of Record (as well as their support staff).
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1	2.5	Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it	
2	produces in di	sclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY	
3	CONFIDENTIAL."		
4	2.6	Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium or	
5	manner in whi	ch it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,	
6	transcripts, and	d tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in	n
7	this matter.		
.8	2.7	Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the	
9	litigation who	has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant i	n
10	this action.		
11	2.8	House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House Counsel	
12	does not inclue	de Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.	
13	2.9	Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity	1
14	not named as a	a Party to this action.	
15	2.10	Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action bu	t
16	are retained to	represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf of that	
17	party or are af	filiated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.	
18	2.11	Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,	
19	consultants, re	tained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).	
20	2.12	Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in	1
21	this action.		
22	2.13	Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g.,	
23	photocopying,	videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or	
24	retrieving data	in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.	
25	2.14	Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as	
26	"CONFIDEN"	FIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL."	
27	2.15	Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producin	ıg
28	Party.		
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<u>SCOPE</u>

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2	The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as		
3	defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies,		
4	excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or		
5	presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. However, the protections		
6	conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that is		
7	in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain		
8	after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order,		
9	including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to		
10	the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a		
11	source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating		
12	Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.		
13	4. <u>DURATION</u>		
14	Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order		
15	shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise		
16	directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this		
17	action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all		
18	appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any		
19 20	 motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law. For a period of six months after final disposition of this litigation, this court will retain jurisdiction to enforce the terms of this order. 5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u> 		
20	5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-		
21	Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such		
22	designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must		
24	designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications		
25	that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which		
26	protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.		
20	Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be		
28	clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or		
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retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

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5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

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Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix
the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains protected
material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing
Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
margins).

17 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not 18 designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like 19 copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available 20 for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the 21 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or 22 portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, 23 the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" legend to each 24 page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for 25 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making 26 appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding,
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1 all protected testimony.

2	(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
3	tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or
4	containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
5	CONFIDENTIAL," as appropriate. If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant
6	protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).
7	5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u> . If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate
8	qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure
9	protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party
10	must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this
11	Order.
12	6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>
13	6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u> . Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
14	confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation
15	is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant
16	disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality
17	designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.
18	6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u> . The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process by
19	providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each challenge.
20	To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must recite that the
21	challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph of the Protective
22	Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must begin the process by
23	conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14
24	days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its
25	belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an
26	opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in
27	designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to
28	the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or
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1	establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely
2	manner.
3	6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention,
4	parties shall comply with the undersigned's Standing Order re Civil Discovery Disputes the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Civil Local Rule 7 (and
5	in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, if applicable) within 21 days of the initial
6	notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process will not
7	Any Discovery Dispute Joint Report shall affirm that resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent
8	declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the
9	have been satisfied. seek judicial intervention within preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion including the required
10	declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality
11	designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion
12	seek relief with respect to challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a
13	challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought
14	pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has
15	complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.
16	The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party.
17	Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary
18	expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the
19	seek relief Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain
20	confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of
21	protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the
22	challenge.
23	7. <u>ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>
24	7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u> . A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
25	produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending,
26	or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of
27	persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a
28	Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).
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1	Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
2	secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.
3	7.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u> . Unless otherwise ordered by the
4	court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or
5	item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:
6	(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees
7	of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
8	litigation;
9	(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
10	Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
11	"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
12	(c) the officers, directors and employees of the Providing Party;
13	(d) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
14	reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
15	Bound" (Exhibit A);
16	(e) the court and its personnel;
17	(f) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
18	Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed
19	the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
20	(g) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
21	necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless
22	otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition
23	testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court
24	reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.
25	(h) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
26	other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.
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1	8. <u>Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u> . Unless otherwise
2	ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
3	information or item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" only to:
4	(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees
5	of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information
6	for this litigation;
7	(b) the officers, directors, and employees of the producing party;
8	(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
9	reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
10	Bound" (Exhibit A);
11	(d) the court and its personnel;
12	(e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
13	Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed
14	the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
15	(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
16	necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless
17	otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition
18	testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court
19	reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.
20	(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
21	other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.
22	9. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION
23	If a Party is served with a discovery request, subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
24	that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that
25	Party must:
26	(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a
27	copy of the discovery request, subpoena or court order;
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1	(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the discovery request, subpoena or
2	order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the discovery request,
3	subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this
4	Stipulated Protective Order; and
5	(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
6	Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.
7	If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the discovery
8	request, subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
9	"CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" before a determination by the court from which the
10	discovery request, subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's
11	permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of
12	its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or
13	encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.
14 15	10. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION
16	(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in
17	this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL." Such information
18	produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided
19	by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking
20	additional protections.
21	(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a
22	Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the
23	Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:
24	(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that
25	some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;
26	(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective
27	Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the
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1	information requested; and
2	(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.
3	(c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14
4	days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-
5	Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a
6	protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control that is
7	subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court. ¹ Absent a
8	court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this
9	court of its Protected Material. See Paragraph 15.
10	11. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL
11	If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material
12	to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving
13	Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use
14	its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or
15	persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such
16	person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto
17	as Exhibit A.
18	12. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
19	MATERIAL When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced
20	material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are
21	those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify
22	whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior
23	privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an
24	agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client
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27 28	¹ The purpose of this provision is to alert the interested parties to the existence of confidentiality rights of a Non-Party and to afford the Non-Party an opportunity to protect its confidentiality interests in this court.

privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

13. <u>MISCELLANOUS</u>

13.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the court in the future.

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13.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

10 13.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a 11 court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public 12 record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material 13 must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62. Protected Material may only be filed 14 under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. 15 Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, a sealing order will issue only upon a request 16 establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise 17 entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal 18 pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) and General Order 62 is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party 19 may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise 20 instructed by the court.

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14. FINAL DISPOSITION

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each Receiving
Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this
subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other
format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned
or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the
same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category,

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1 where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2)affirms that the 2 Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format 3 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are 4 entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, 5 legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and 6 consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival 7 copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in 8 Section 4 (DURATION). * 9 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD. 10 130 DATED: 11 Attorneys for Plaintig 12 30 DATED 13 Attorneys for Defendant AS MODIFIED BY THE COURT. 14 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION. IT IS SO ORDERED. 15 DATED: January 22, 2013 16 Howard Llovd United States District/Magistrate Judge 17 18 19 * 15. In the event of any discovery or disclosure dispute, the parties and any affected non-parties shall comply with the undersigned's Standing Order re Civil Discovery 20 **Disputes.** 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER case no. 5:11-cv-06375 (HRL) 13

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	I, [print or type full name], of
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand
5	the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District
6	of California on [date] in the case of AwoX, S.A. v. Belkin International, Inc., case no.
7	5:11-cv-06375 (LHK). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated
8	Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions
9	and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any
10	information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in
11	strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
12	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
13	Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order,
14	even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.
15	I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of
16	[print or type full address and telephone number] as my
17	California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to
18	enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.
19	
20	Date:
21	City and State where sworn and signed:
22	Printed name: [printed name]
23	
24	Signature:
25	
26	
27	
28	
	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER case no. 5:11-cv-06375 (HRL) 14 LA:311794.7