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applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." 28 U.S.C. § 2243.

B. <u>Petitioner's Claims</u>

As grounds for federal habeas relief, Petitioner alleges that the Board violated his due process rights because there was no evidence to support the Board's denial of parole. However, the Supreme Court has made clear that a prisoner's federal due process claim regarding a denial of parole is limited to whether he received the minimum procedures necessary under the federal constitution. *Swarthout v. Cooke*, No. 131 S. Ct. 859, 862 (2011) (per curiam). Specifically, this Court's inquiry is limited to whether Petitioner was given an opportunity to be heard, and given a statement of reasons for the denial. *Id.*, citing *Greenholtz v. Inmates of Neb. Penal and Correctional Complex*, 442 U.S. 1, 16 (1979). Petitioner's exhibits demonstrate that he was given those minimum protections. Thus, Petitioner's allegations fail to state a cognizable claim for federal habeas relief. *See id.*

CONCLUSION

Accordingly, this case is DISMISSED for failure to state a claim. The Clerk shall close the file and enter judgment in this matter.

CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY

A certificate of appealability will not issue. Reasonable jurists would not "find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong." *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000). Petitioner may seek a certificate of appealability from the Court of Appeal.

hucy H. Koh

United Sees District Judge

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: 1/23/12

Order of Dismissal G:\PRO-SE\SJ.LHK\HC.12\Lee179disparole.wpd