

	REDACTED	
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
SAN JOSE DIVISION		
DESHAWN LEE CAMPBELL,) Case No. 5:12-cv-06089-BLF	
Petitioner,) ORDER GRANTING-IN-PART) RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO	
v.) RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO) QUASH	
RANDY GROUNDS, WARDEN,) (Re: Docket No. 35)	
Respondent.)	
Previously in this habeas proceeding.	this court authorized Petitioner Deshawn Lee	

Campbell, a state prisoner, to issue a subpoena upon the Santa Clara District Attorney's Office for potentially exculpatory evidence.¹ The DA's Office moved to quash the subpoena, and the court held a hearing on the motion on August 18, 2015. For the reasons set forth below, the motion is GRANTED-IN-PART.

In 2009, a jury convicted Campbell of the first degree murder of San Jose Police Officer Jeff Fontana. Campbell is currently serving a sentence of life without the possibility of parole. In 2012, after failing to obtain relief in state courts via direct and collateral appeal, Campbell filed a habeas petition in federal court. In February 2015, the DA's Office disclosed to Campbell's counsel an investigative report containing potentially exculpatory evidence.

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¹ See Docket No. 32.

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Campbell's counsel believed that this evidence could be critical to habeas relief. Campbell filed a motion seeking further discovery in the form of the subpoena at issue here. This court granted that request, but explicitly reserved to the DA's Office the right to move to quash the subpoena.² The DA's Office has now done exactly that. Campbell's subpoena seeks the following four items: With respect to paragraph 1 of the subpoena, the parties agreed at the hearing that the DA's Office had complied to the satisfaction of Campbell's counsel. Therefore, the motion to quash paragraph 1 of the subpoena is DENIED as moot. With respect to paragraph 2 of the subpoena, the DA's Office has produced ² See id. at 5. ³ Docket No. 26-6 at Attachment A. ⁴ See Docket No. 38-1 at 2. ⁵ See Docket No. 35-1 at 12-14. Case No. 5:12-cv-06089-BLF ORDER GRANTING-IN-PART RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO QUASH

	All the evidence Campbell seeks to uncover relates to unexhausted claims that Campbell
nı	ust pursue in state court. The court permitted discovery in this habeas proceeding because it
fea	ared that delaying discovery would lead to the loss of evidence—
	Those reasons do not
ıp	ply to evidence within the control of the DA's Office. No exigency justifies further discovery
feo	deral court. Therefore, the motion to quash paragraph 2 of the subpoena is GRANTED.
	With respect to paragraph 3 of the subpoena, again the parties agree that the DA's Office
ılı	ready has provided nearly all relevant information. There are only two exceptions. The first is
	The DA's Office
ıa	s already agreed to provide both of the above if the court orders this information to be excluded
rc	om public filings. ⁹ The court does so now. The motion to quash paragraph 3 of the subpoena
h	us is GRANTED-IN-PART.
	With respect to paragraph 4 of the subpoena, the DA's Office argues that it has no
int	formation regarding the
	. To the extent that other law
en	forcement agencies have such information, the DA's Office argues that it has no possession,
	stody or control over it. Again, Campbell has not established an immediate need to obtain this
⁵ S	See Docket No. 35-1 at 3-4.
' S	See Docket No. 32 at 4-5.
⁸ S	See Docket No. 35-1 at 7; Docket No. 38-1 at 2.
9 S	See Docket No. 38-1 at 2.
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information in the current federal court proceeding. Therefore, the motion to quash paragraph 4 of the subpoena is GRANTED. SO ORDERED. Dated: September 9, 2015 end/ PAUL S. GREWAL United States Magistrate Judge Case No. 5:12-cv-06089-BLF ORDER GRANTING-IN-PART RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO QUASH

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