	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT
	NORTHERN DISTI	RICT OF CALIFORNIA
	SAN JOS	E DIVISION
ADAPTIX, INC.,) Case No. 5:13-cv-01776-PSG
	Plaintiff,	ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO SE.
V.		(Re: Docket Nos. 472, 474)
APPLE INC., et al.,)
	Defendants.))
ADAPTIX, INC.,		Case No. 5:13-cv-01777-PSG
	Plaintiff,	ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO SE
v.		(Re: Docket No. 533)
APPLE INC., et al.,)
	Defendants.)))
ADAPTIX, INC.,		Case No. 5:13-cv-01844-PSG
	Plaintiff,	ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO SE
v.		(Re: Docket No. 427)
CELLCO PARTNER Wireless, et al.,	RSHIP d/b/a Verizon)))
	Defendants.)

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

ADAPTIX, INC.,) Case No. 5:13-cv-02023-PSG
Plaintiff	ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO SEA
v.	(Re: Docket No. 506)
APPLE INC., et al.,)
Defenda	ints.

Before the court are five administrative motions to seal two documents. "Historically, courts have recognized a 'general right to inspect and copy public records and documents, including judicial records and documents." Accordingly, when considering a sealing request, "a 'strong presumption in favor of access' is the starting point." Parties seeking to seal judicial records relating to dispositive motions bear the burden of overcoming the presumption with "compelling reasons" that outweigh the general history of access and the public policies favoring disclosure.³

However, "while protecting the public's interest in access to the courts, we must remain mindful of the parties' right to access those same courts upon terms which will not unduly harm their competitive interest." Records attached to nondispositive motions therefore are not subject to the strong presumption of access. Because the documents attached to nondispositive motions "are often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action," parties moving to seal must meet the lower "good cause" standard of Rule 26(c). As with dispositive motions, the

Case Nos. 5:13-cv-01776-PSG; -01777; -01844; -02023 ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO SEAL

¹ *Kamakana v. City & County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (quoting *Nixon v. Warner Commc'ns, Inc.*, 435 U.S. 589, 597 & n. 7 (1978)).

² Id. (quoting Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 2003)).

³ *Id.* at 1178-79.

⁴ Apple Inc. v. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., 727 F.3d 1214, 1228-29 (Fed. Cir. 2013).

⁵ See id. at 1180.

⁶ *Id.* at 1179 (internal quotations and citations omitted).

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

standard applicable to nondispositive motions requires a "particularized showing" that "specific prejudice or harm will result" if the information is disclosed. Broad allegations of harm, unsubstantiated by specific examples of articulated reasoning" will not suffice. 9 A protective order sealing the documents during discovery may reflect the court's previous determination that good cause exists to keep the documents sealed, ¹⁰ but a blanket protective order that allows the parties to designate confidential documents does not provide sufficient judicial scrutiny to determine whether each particular document should remain sealed. 11

In addition to making particularized showings of good cause, parties moving to seal documents must comply with the procedures established by Civ. L.R. 79-5. Pursuant to Civ. L.R. 79-5(b), a sealing order is appropriate only upon a request that establishes the document is "sealable," or "privileged or protectable as a trade secret or otherwise entitled to protection under the law." "The request must be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material, and must conform with Civil L.R. 79-5(d)." "Within 4 days of the filing of the Administrative

 $[\]overline{^{7}}$ Id.

⁸ Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. Gen. Motors Corp., 307 F.3d 1206, 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002): see Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).

⁹ Beckman Indus., Inc. v. Int'l Ins. Co., 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992).

¹⁰ See Kamakana, 447 F.3d at 1179-80.

¹¹ See Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(A) ("Reference to a stipulation or protective order that allows a party to designate certain documents as confidential is not sufficient to establish that a document, or portions thereof, are sealable.").

¹² Civ. L.R. 79-5(b). In part, Civ. L.R. 79-5(d) requires the submitting party to attach a "proposed" order that is narrowly tailored to seal only the sealable material" which "lists in table format each document or portion thereof that is sought to be sealed," Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(b), and an "unredacted version of the document" that indicates "by highlighting or other clear method, the portions of the document that have been omitted from the redacted version." Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(d).

Motion to File Under Seal, the Designating Party must file a declaration as required by subsection

79-5(d)(1)(A) establishing that all of the designated material is sealable."13

With these standards in mind, the courts rules on the instant motions as follows:

Motion to Seal	Document to be Sealed	Result	Reason/Explanation		
Case No. 13-1776					
472	Adaptix's Objections to Apple's Bill of Costs	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).		
474	Adaptix's Objections to Verizon's Bill of Costs	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).		
Case No. 13-1777					
533	Adaptix's Objections to Apple's Bill of Costs	See entry re Case No. 13-1776: Docket No. 472.			
Case No. 13-1844					
427	Adaptix's Objections to Verizon's Bill of Costs	See entry re Case No. 13-1776: Docket No. 474.			
Case No. 13-2023					
506	Adaptix's Objections to Apple's Bill of Costs	See entry re Case No. 13-1776: Docket No. 472.			

SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 9, 2015

United States Magistrate Judge

¹³ Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1). The Civil Local Rules have recently been amended shortening the time available to the designating party to file a supporting declaration from seven days to four days. As this rule change was only recently implemented the court applies the prior form of Civ. L.R. 79-5 for the purposes of this order.