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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION , INC.,) Case No. 5:13-cv-04057-BLF

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)

GILEAD SCIENCES, INC.,

Plaintiff.

v.

Case No. 5:13-cv-04057-BLF ORDER RE: MOTION TO SEAL (Re: Docket No. 159)

MERCK & CO., INC., et al., Defendants.

Before the court is one motion to file seven documents under seal.¹ "Historically, courts have recognized a 'general right to inspect and copy public records and documents, including judicial records and documents."² Accordingly, when considering a sealing request, "a 'strong presumption in favor of access' is the starting point."³ Parties seeking to seal judicial records

¹ See Docket No. 159.

² Kamakana v. City & County of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (quoting Nixon v. *Warner Commc'ns, Inc.*, 435 U.S. 589, 597 & n. 7 (1978)).

³ Id. (quoting Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 2003)).

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Case No. 5:13-cv-04057-BLF ORDER RE: MOTION TO SEAL relating to dispositive motions bear the burden of overcoming the presumption with "compelling reasons" that outweigh the general history of access and the public policies favoring disclosure.⁴

However, "while protecting the public's interest in access to the courts, we must remain mindful of the parties' right to access those same courts upon terms which will not unduly harm their competitive interest."⁵ Records attached to nondispositive motions therefore are not subject to the strong presumption of access.⁶ Because the documents attached to nondispositive motions "are often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action," parties moving to seal must meet the lower "good cause" standard of Rule 26(c).⁷ As with dispositive motions, the standard applicable to nondispositive motions requires a "particularized showing"⁸ that "specific prejudice or harm will result" if the information is disclosed.⁹ "Broad allegations of harm, unsubstantiated by specific examples of articulated reasoning" will not suffice.¹⁰ A protective order sealing the documents during discovery may reflect the court's previous determination that good cause exists to keep the documents does not provide sufficient judicial scrutiny to determine whether each particular document should remain sealed.¹²

⁴ Id. at 1178-79.

⁵ Apple Inc. v. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., 727 F.3d 1214, 1228-29 (Fed. Cir. 2013).

⁶ See id. at 1180.

⁷ Id. at 1179 (internal quotations and citations omitted).

⁸ Id.

⁹ Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. Gen. Motors Corp., 307 F.3d 1206, 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002); see Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).

¹⁰ Beckman Indus., Inc. v. Int'l Ins. Co., 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992).

¹¹ See Kamakana, 447 F.3d at 1179-80.

¹² See Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(A) ("Reference to a stipulation or protective order that allows a party to designate certain documents as confidential is not sufficient to establish that a document, or portions thereof, are sealable.").

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In addition to making particularized showings of good cause, parties moving to seal documents must comply with the procedures established by Civ. L.R. 79-5. Pursuant to Civ. L.R. 79-5(b), a sealing order is appropriate only upon a request that establishes the document is "sealable," or "privileged or protectable as a trade secret or otherwise entitled to protection under the law." "The request must be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material, and must conform with Civil L.R. 79-5(d)."¹³ "Within 4 days of the filing of the Administrative Motion to File Under Seal, the Designating Party must file a declaration as required by subsection 79-5(d)(1)(A) establishing that all of the designated material is sealable."¹⁴

With these standards in mind, the courts rules on the instant motions as follows:

Motion	Document to be Sealed	Result	Reason/Explanation
Docket	Ex. 8 to Jean Decl. ISO	UNSEALED.	Neither the moving
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		nor the designating
11	Compel, Seeger		party identified
	Deposition Transcript		narrowly tailored
			material to be sealed
			as required by Civ.
			L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(D)
			and 79-5(e)(1).
Docket	Ex. 9 to Jean Decl. ISO	UNSEALED.	Designating party
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		declares document
13	Compel, Seeger Expert		contains no
	Report		confidential
			information.
Docket	Ex. 10 to Jean Decl. ISO	UNSEALED.	Designating party
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		declares document
15	Compel, Secrist Expert		contains no
	Report		confidential
			information.
Docket	Ex. 11A to Jean Decl. ISO	UNSEALED.	Designating party
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		does not request

¹³ Civ. L.R. 79-5(b). In part, Civ. L.R. 79-5(d) requires the submitting party to attach a "proposed order that is narrowly tailored to seal only the sealable material" which "lists in table format each document or portion thereof that is sought to be sealed," Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(b), and an "unredacted version of the document" that "must indicate by highlighting or other clear method, the portions of the document that have been omitted from the redacted version." Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(d) (emphasis added).

 14 Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).

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Motion	Document to be Sealed	Result	Reason/Explanation
17	Compel, Sept. 28, 2015		sealing.
	Jean Letter		_
Docket	Ex. 25 to Jean Decl. ISO	UNSEALED.	Designating party
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		does not request
35	Compel, Oct. 20, 2015		sealing.
	Jean Letter		
Docket	Ex. 29 to Jean Decl. ISO	SEALED.	Narrowly tailored to
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		confidential business
40	Compel,		information and
	GILEAD00188954-55		supported by a
			declaration.
Docket	Ex. 30 to Jean Decl. ISO	UNSEALED.	Neither the moving
No. 159-	Defendants' Motion to		nor the designating
42	Compel, Otto Deposition		party identified
	Transcript		narrowly tailored
			material to be sealed
			as required by Civ.
			L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(D) and 70, $5(2)(1)$
			and 79-5(e)(1).
SO ORDE	RED.		
Dated: Nov	vember 3, 2015		
2 400 4 100		Pool S.	And /

PAUL S. GREWAL United States Magistrate Judge

Case No. 5:13-cv-04057-BLF ORDER RE: MOTION TO SEAL