

United States District Court  
Northern District of California

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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
SAN JOSE DIVISION**

MATTHEW ENTERPRISE, INC.,  
Plaintiff,  
v.  
CHRYSLER GROUP LLC,  
Defendant.

Case No. [5:13-cv-04236-BLF](#)  
**OMNIBUS ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO SEAL**  
[Re: ECF 257, 260, 261]

Before the Court are three administrative motions to seal, one from Plaintiff Mathew Enterprise, Inc. alone and two filed jointly by Plaintiff and Defendant Chrysler Group LLC. See Mots., ECF 257, 260, 261. All three sealing motions relate to the parties’ pretrial filings, including motions in limine and portions of their expert reports. See *id.* For the reasons stated below, the first motion, located at ECF 257, is GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART. The second motion, located at ECF 260, is a duplicate of the third motion, at ECF 261, and appears to have been filed in error. The motion is DENIED AS MOOT. The third motion, located at ECF 261, is GRANTED.

**I. LEGAL STANDARD**

“Historically, courts have recognized a ‘general right to inspect and copy public records and documents, including judicial records and documents.’” *Kamakana v. City & County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (quoting *Nixon v. Warner Commc’ns, Inc.*, 435

1 U.S. 589, 597 & n. 7 (1978)). Accordingly, when considering a sealing request, “a ‘strong  
2 presumption in favor of access’ is the starting point.” *Id.* (quoting *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto.*  
3 *Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 2003)). Parties seeking to seal judicial records relating to  
4 motions that are “more than tangentially related to the underlying cause of action” bear the burden  
5 of overcoming the presumption with “compelling reasons” that outweigh the general history of  
6 access and the public policies favoring disclosure. *Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp.*, 809 F.3d  
7 1092, 1099 (9th Cir. 2016); *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1178-79.

8 However, “while protecting the public’s interest in access to the courts, we must remain  
9 mindful of the parties’ right to access those same courts upon terms which will not unduly harm  
10 their competitive interest.” *Apple Inc. v. Samsung Elecs. Co., Ltd.*, 727 F.3d 1214, 1228-29 (Fed.  
11 Cir. 2013). Records attached to motions that are “not related, or only tangentially related, to the  
12 merits of a case” therefore are not subject to the strong presumption of access. *Ctr. for Auto*  
13 *Safety*, 809 F.3d at 1099; see also *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (“[T]he public has less of a need  
14 for access to court records attached only to non-dispositive motions because those documents are  
15 often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action.”). Parties moving  
16 to seal the documents attached to such motions must meet the lower “good cause” standard of  
17 Rule 26(c). *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (internal quotations and citations omitted). This  
18 standard requires a “particularized showing,” *id.*, that “specific prejudice or harm will result” if the  
19 information is disclosed. *Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206,  
20 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002); see Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c). “Broad allegations of harm, unsubstantiated by  
21 specific examples of articulated reasoning” will not suffice. *Beckman Indus., Inc. v. Int’l Ins. Co.*,  
22 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992). A protective order sealing the documents during discovery  
23 may reflect the court’s previous determination that good cause exists to keep the documents  
24 sealed, see *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179-80, but a blanket protective order that allows the parties  
25 to designate confidential documents does not provide sufficient judicial scrutiny to determine  
26 whether each particular document should remain sealed. See Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(A) (“Reference  
27 to a stipulation or protective order that allows a party to designate certain documents as  
28 confidential is not sufficient to establish that a document, or portions thereof, are sealable.”).

1 In addition to making particularized showings of good cause, parties moving to seal  
 2 documents must comply with the procedures established by Civ. L.R. 79-5. Pursuant to Civ. L.R.  
 3 79-5(b), a sealing order is appropriate only upon a request that establishes the document is  
 4 “sealable,” or “privileged or protectable as a trade secret or otherwise entitled to protection under  
 5 the law.” “The request must be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material, and  
 6 must conform with Civil L.R. 79-5(d).” Civ. L.R. 79-5(b). In part, Civ. L.R. 79-5(d) requires the  
 7 submitting party to attach a “proposed order that is narrowly tailored to seal only the sealable  
 8 material” which “lists in table format each document or portion thereof that is sought to be  
 9 sealed,” Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(b), and an “unredacted version of the document” that indicates “by  
 10 highlighting or other clear method, the portions of the document that have been omitted from the  
 11 redacted version.” Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(d). “Within 4 days of the filing of the Administrative  
 12 Motion to File Under Seal, the Designating Party must file a declaration as required by subsection  
 13 79-5(d)(1)(A) establishing that all of the designated material is sealable.” Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).

14 **II. DISCUSSION**

15 Because the parties’ motions in limine are only tangentially related to the merits of the  
 16 case, the Court applies the good cause standard. With that standard in mind, the Court rules on the  
 17 instant motions as follows:

<u>ECF No.</u>	<u>Document to be Sealed</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Reasoning</u>
257-4	Exhibit E to Munkittrick Decl. in support of Defendant’s motions in limine	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
257-6	Exhibit O to Munkittrick Decl. in support of Defendant’s motions in limine	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
257-8	Exhibit S to Munkittrick Decl. in support of Defendant’s motions in limine	Substantive responses to interrogatories SEALED; interrogatories and objections UNSEALED.	Only sealed portions contain confidential business information.

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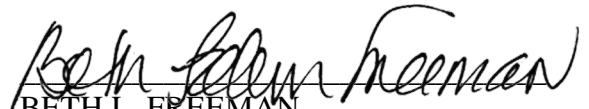
257-10	Exhibit T to Munkittrick Decl. in support of Defendant's motions in limine	Pages 4:13 (address only), 5:24-6:8, 7:2-8:7, 8:13-9:4, 10:4-14:25, 17:2-19:25, 38:1-40:25  SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Only sealed portions contain confidential business information.
257-12	Exhibit U to Munkittrick Decl. in support of Defendant's motions in limine	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-15	Expert report of Edward M. Stockton, M.S. ("Stockton Opening Report")	Designations highlighted in yellow SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-16	Tab 14 of the Stockton Opening Report	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-17	Tab 15 of the Stockton Opening Report	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-18	Tab 16 of the Stockton Opening Report	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-19	Tab 21 of the Stockton Opening Report	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-20	Tab 22 of the Stockton Opening Report	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-21	Tab 23 of the Stockton Opening Report	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
261-22	Tab 25 of the Stockton Opening Report	Designations highlighted in yellow SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-23	Tabs 26-27 of the Stockton Opening Report	Designations highlighted in yellow SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-24	Tab 29 of the Stockton Opening Report	Designations highlighted in yellow SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-25	Appendix to the Stockton Opening Report	Designations highlighted in yellow or outlined in red SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-26	Rebuttal expert report of Edward M. Stockton, M.S. ("Stockton Rebuttal Report")	Designations outlined in red SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.

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261-27	Tabs 9-25 of the Stockton Rebuttal Report	Designations outlined in red SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-28	Appendix to the Stockton Rebuttal Report	Designations outlined in red SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.
261-26	Expert report of Glenn Woroch	Designations highlighted in yellow and exhibits 8, 9, and 11 SEALED; remainder UNSEALED.	Sealed portions contain confidential business information.

**SO ORDERED.**

Dated: August 10, 2016

  
BETH L. FREEMAN  
United States District Judge