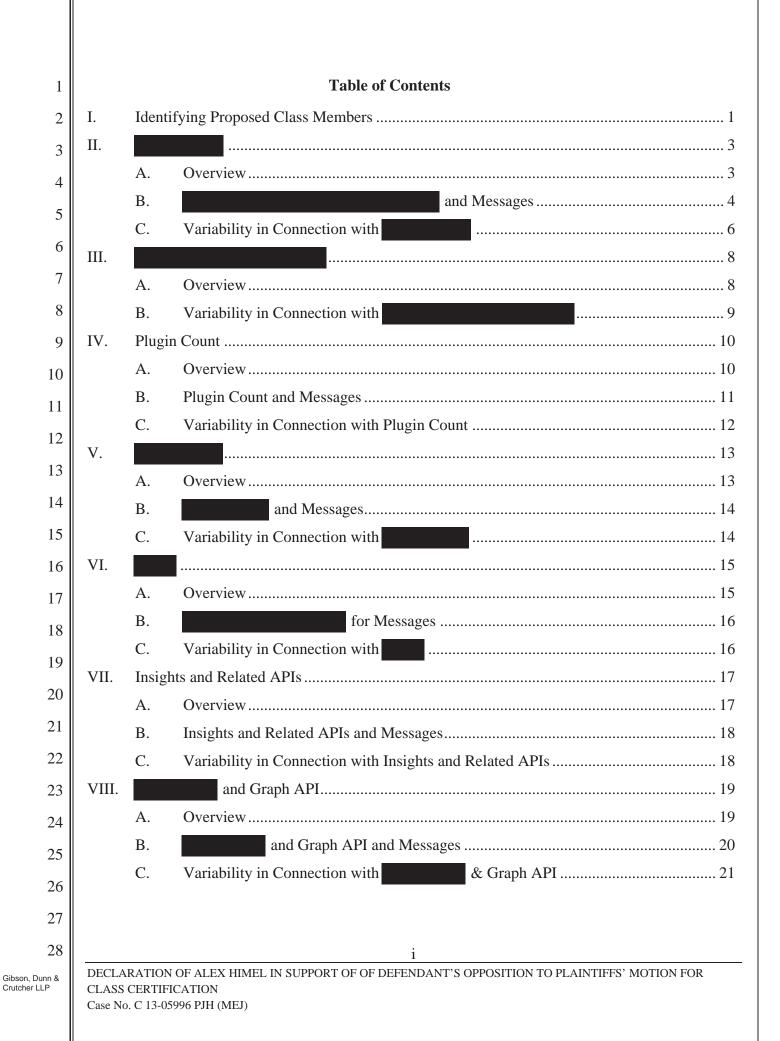
EXHIBIT 41

REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT(S) SOUGHT TO BE SEALED

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12 13	Attorneys for Defendant FACEBOOK, INC.	
14	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
15	NORTHERN DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA
16	OAKLAND	DIVISON
17	MATTHEW CAMPBELL and MICHAEL	Case No. C 13-05996 PJH (MEJ)
18	HURLEY,	PUTATIVE CLASS ACTION
19	Plaintiffs,	DECLARATION OF ALEX HIMEL IN
20	v.	SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT FACEBOOK, INC.'S OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFFS'
21	FACEBOOK, INC.,	MOTION FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION
22	Defendant.	
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Gibson, Dunn &		



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I, Alex Himel, declare as follows:

2 1. I have been employed as a software engineer at Facebook since April 2009, and my 3 current title is Engineering Director. I am over the age of 18. From 2009-2014, I worked on 4 Facebook's Developer Platform, and my work encompassed Facebook's Social Plugins and Insights 5 features. I have personal knowledge of the matters stated herein and, if called as a witness, could and 6 would testify competently thereto.

2. I provide this Declaration in support of Facebook's Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion 8 for Class Certification, and to explain certain facts regarding

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10	Insights (including the user interface ("UI"), application program interface ("API"), and
11	dashboard, also referred to below as "Insights and Related APIs"), and other public APIs including
12	and Graph API. This Declaration also describes certain Facebook services related to
13	these functions, particularly as they relate to uniform resource locators ("URLs") in messages sent
14	and received through the Facebook platform.
15	3. I also understand that, on November 13, 2015, Plaintiffs filed a Motion seeking to
16	certify the following proposed class:
17	All natural-person Facebook users located within the United States who have sent, or
18	received from a Facebook user, private messages that included URLs in their content (and from which Facebook generated a URL attachment), from within two years before the filing of this action up through the data of the certification of the class
19	the filing of this action up through the date of the certification of the class.
20	I understand that Plaintiffs filed their action on December 30, 2013, and that therefore the relevant
21	period for Plaintiffs' new purported class is December 30, 2011 to the present (the "Class Period").
22	I. <u>Identifying Proposed Class Members</u>
23	4. To my knowledge, neither Facebook nor any other entity possesses the data that would
24	be required to identify all persons meeting Plaintiffs' class definition. Facebook does not
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26	. For example, people who included a URL in their
27	message,
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Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP	DECLARATION OF ALEX HIMEL IN SUPPORT OF OF DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION Case No. C 13-05996 PJH (MEJ)

putative class members.

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5. Additionally, as discussed below, determining whether any given person was subjected to the challenged practices would require a message-by-message inquiry. To my knowledge, neither Facebook nor any other entity possesses the data that would be required to determine whether any given person meeting this criteria was subjected to all the challenged practices.

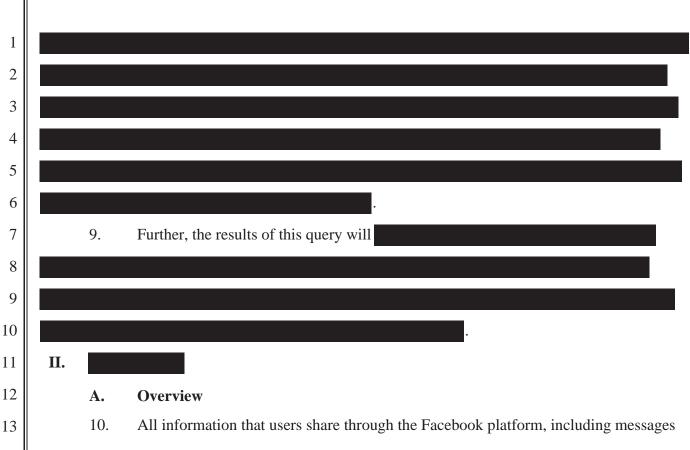
9 6. In her report, Dr. Golbeck says that "to retrieve a list of class members, the Code 10 process should be relatively straightforward," and that "a database query could be used to select the 11 Facebook user IDs of everyone whose actions had a private message." 12 (Golbeck Report ¶ 103.) In the next two paragraphs of her report, she provides "sample" code that 13 she contends would return a list of "Facebook user IDs of everyone 14 and, in her deposition, she said that such a list would identify the

class members. (Golbeck Deposition Transcript at 331:2-8.)

7. 16 That is incorrect. This query would return a list of users that is both under- and over-17 inclusive of the proposed class. For example, a 18 Therefore a

recipient class members. Also, Dr. Golbeck uses the

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22	. Thus, this
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24	·
25	8. In addition, Facebook's systems
26	in other words,
27	. Instead, in order to accommodate her query, Facebook
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and all other information, is received by Facebook and stored on Facebook servers. Facebook must 14 receive and host all information shared on the site in order to provide its social-networking service. 15 Facebook also anonymizes and aggregates certain data in order to help facilitate users' discovery of 16 potentially relevant and interesting information on the web at large. For example, Facebook offers a 17 18 "Like" button social plugin, which has been integrated into websites all over the world; if a user 19 clicks on the "Like" button, Facebook displays a "story" of that action on the users' Timeline, and Facebook keeps a count of the number of times that webpage has been "Liked" and provides some of 20 that data publicly in the aggregate. 21

11. Another way that users interact with webpages is by "sharing" the URL to that webpage, for example by copying and pasting the URL into a post or a message. Under certain

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circumstances

As explained in

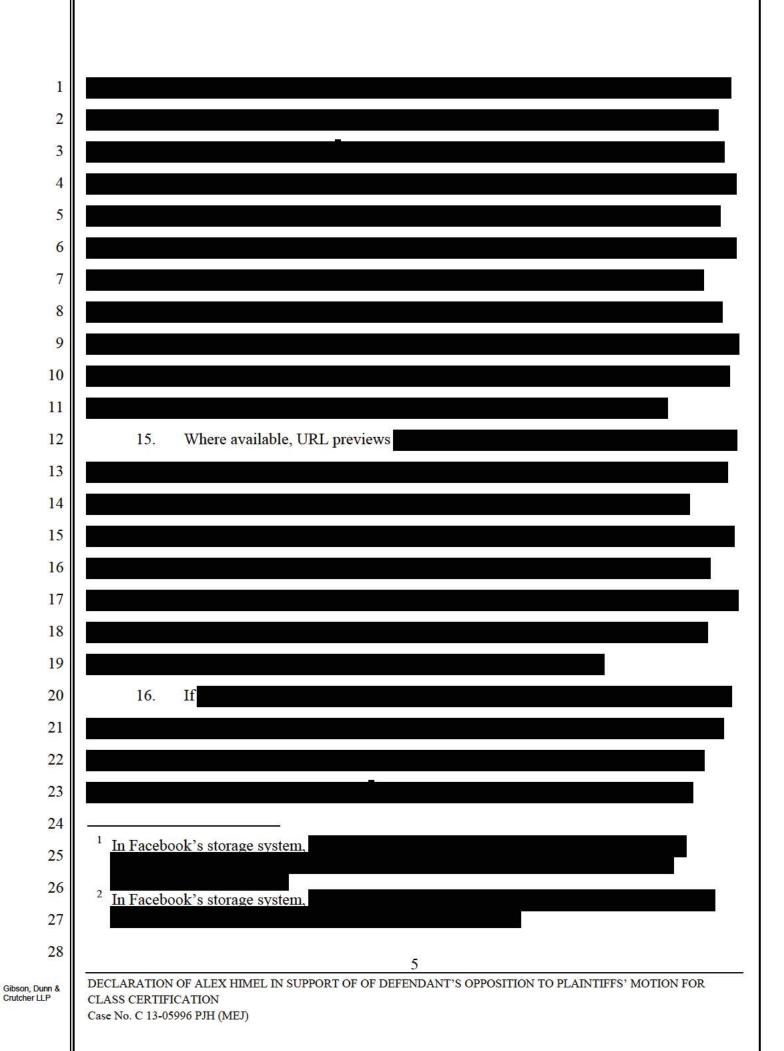
Facebook's Second Supplemental Responses and Objections to Plaintiffs' Narrowed Interrogatory
No. 8, attached as Exhibit MM, Facebook stores

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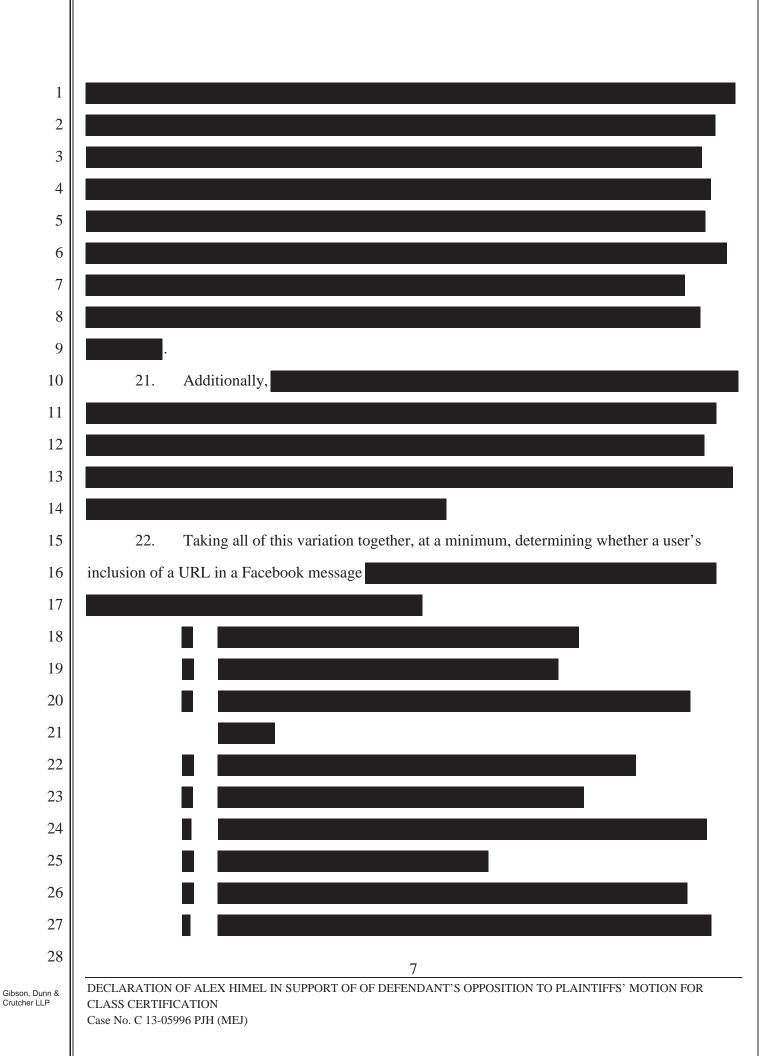
DECLARATION OF ALEX HIMEL IN SUPPORT OF OF DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION Case No. C 13-05996 PJH (MEJ)

1	"objects." Generally, in computer science, "object" refers to data and software code grouped together
2	to make the process of writing and running source code efficient and effective. The concept of an
3	"object" is a basic element of what is widely referred to as "object-oriented code." When certain
4	types of data are configured into a limited number of classes in this way, the code that actually
5	processes that data can be written more efficiently, which can improve speed and reduce errors.
6	Facebook's "objects" group together data in order to make the operation of its software more
7	efficient.
8	12. Facebook's
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10	
11	There is nothing unusual or nefarious about the use of "objects"—which are merely a name for a
12	certain way of storing data—in software programming.
13	B. and Messages
14	13. As explained in Facebook's Supplemental Responses and Objections to Plaintiffs'
15	First Set of Interrogatories (attached as Exhibit NN), during the relevant period in this case, if a user
16	typed a URL into the text field in the Facebook Messages product,
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24	14. Or,
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27	When Facebook
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Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP	T DECLARATION OF ALEX HIMEL IN SUPPORT OF OF DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION

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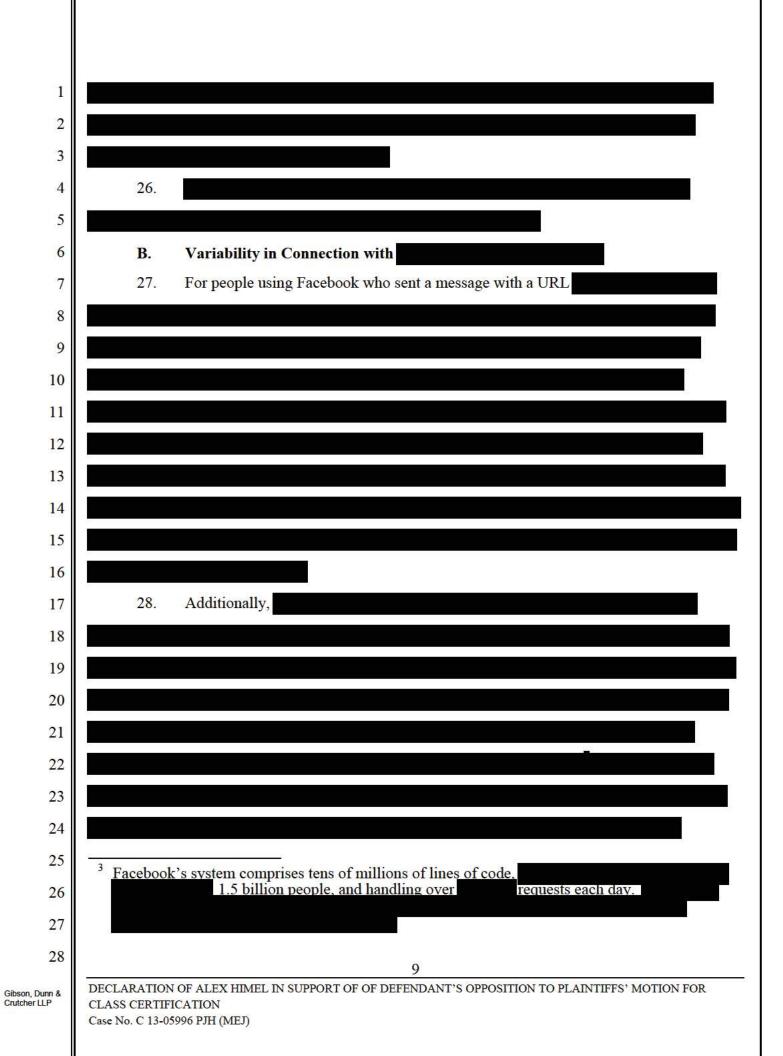


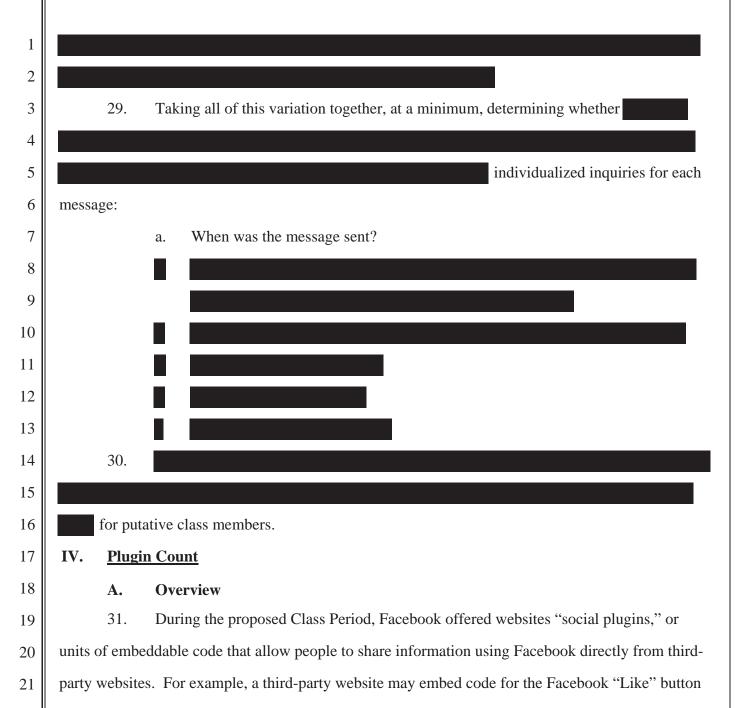
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17. button on a	Another way to share a URL in a Facebook message was to click on the "Shathird party website, and choose (from the options presented to the year) to share
	third-party website, and choose (from the options presented to the user) to share e in a Facebook message.
	possible)
	ith the URL for the page on which the "Share" button was displayed.
18.	In the Order for the page on which the "Share" button was displayed.
19.	
C.	Variability in Connection with
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plugin on its website, enabling people using Facebook to directly "Like" the website and to share that action with their Facebook connections (without having to return to https://www.facebook.com or the Facebook mobile app to share the content).

32. The "Like" button plugin also may display an anonymous and aggregate count of all "Likes" for that particular website. At different times, this aggregate count next to the plugin ("Plugin Count") may have included URLs (a) shared (in the NewsFeed), (b) commented on,

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(c) liked, and (d) sent as an attachment to a message (and recorded as a share object). Or, depending
on how it was configured by the site owner, it may have displayed the number of "fans" for that page.

33. Instructions for how to embed the "Like" button and Plugin Count into a website, and an explanation of the components of the Plugin Count, were disclosed publicly in Facebook's developer guidance-one of the primary locations where Facebook explains the functionality of its service to the public. For a period beginning at least as early as March 7, 2011, the developer guidance included a section entitled "What makes up the number shown on my Like button?" and explains that the number is "the sum of:

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The number of likes of this URL

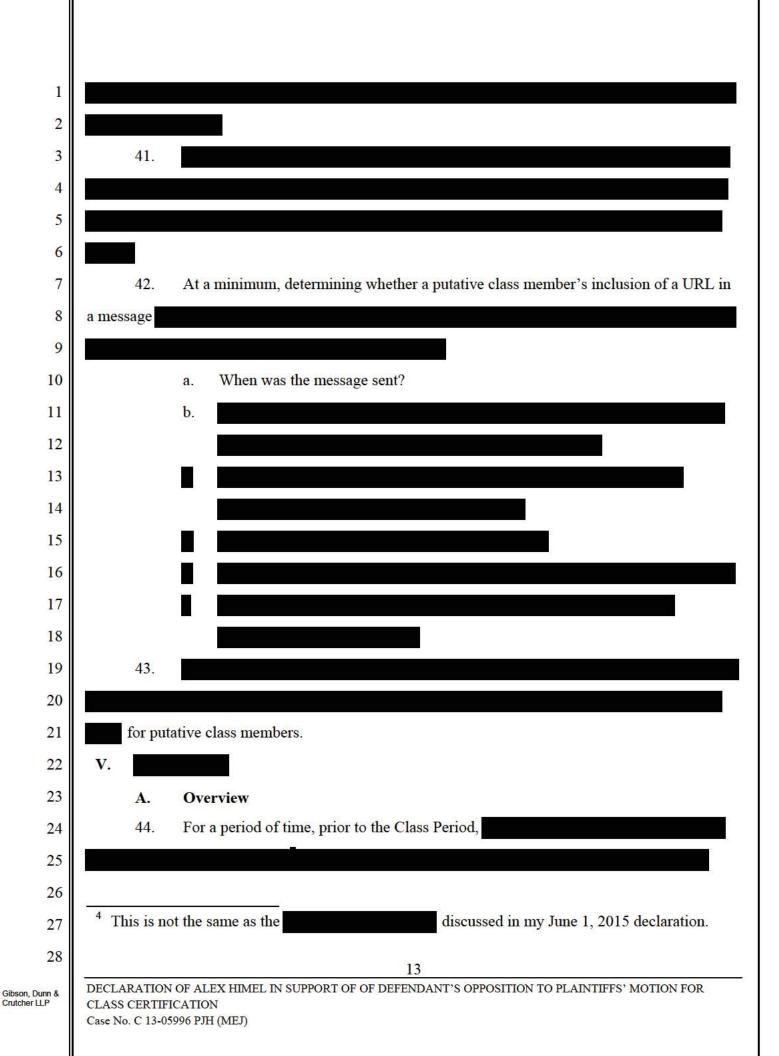
- The number of shares of this URL (this includes copy/pasting a link back to Facebook •
- The number of likes and comments on stories on Facebook about this URL [and] •
- The number of inbox messages containing this URL as an attachment." •

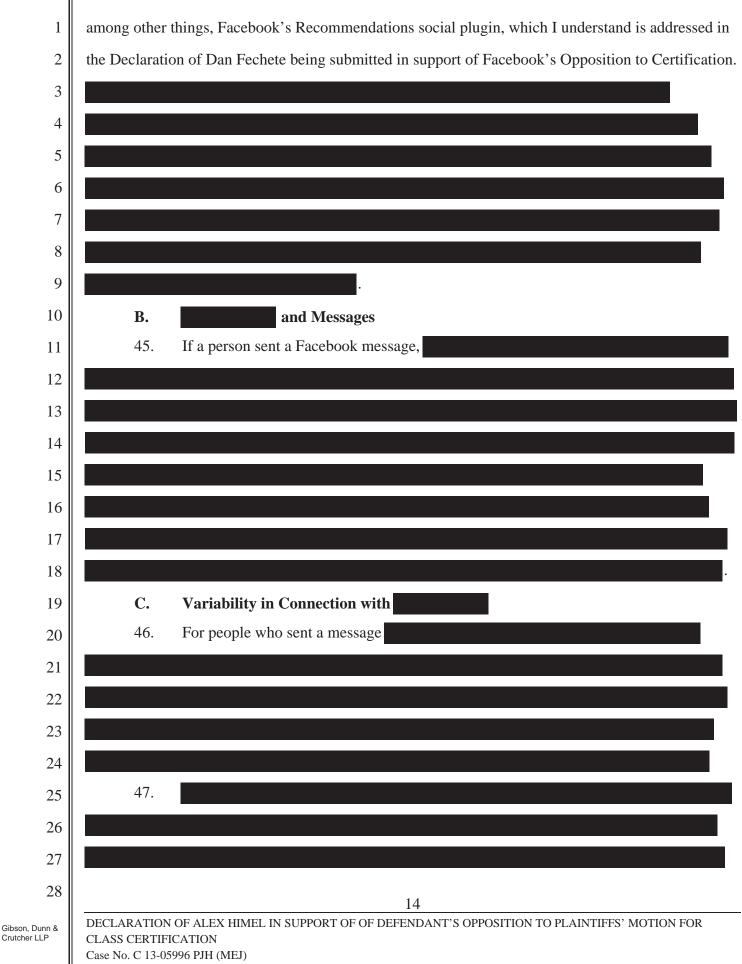
B. **Plugin Count and Messages**

34. From the beginning of the Class Period until December 19, 2012,

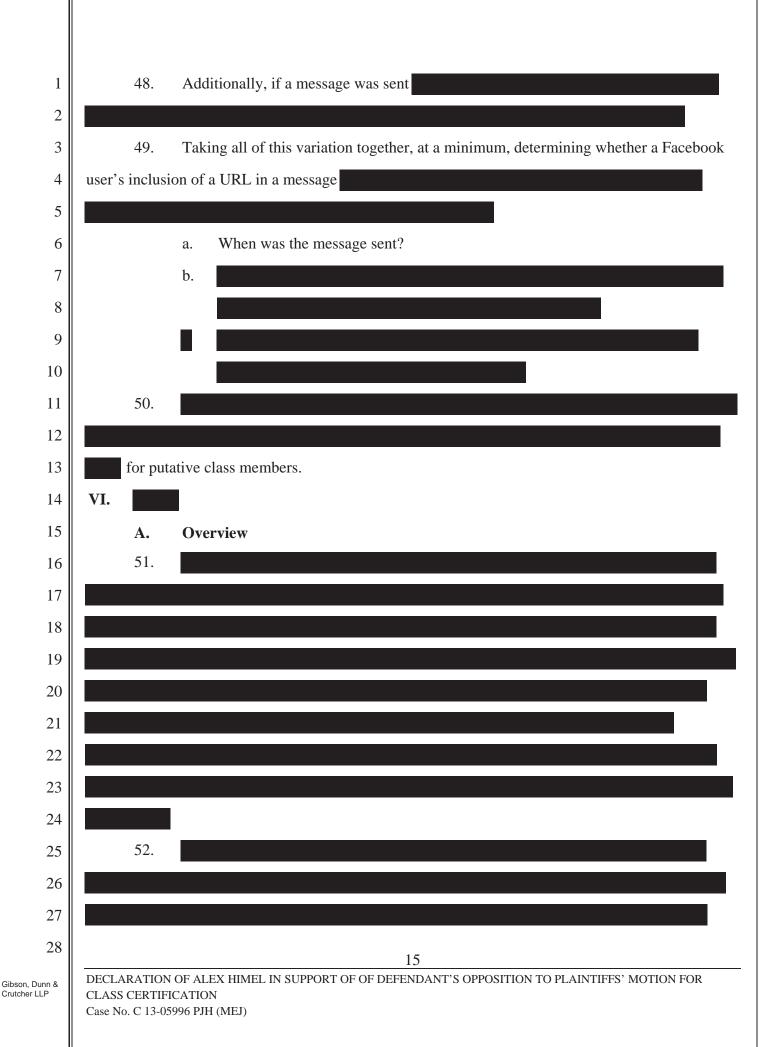
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18	35. During that time period,
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24	36. I understand that Plaintiffs' expert, Dr. Jennifer Golbeck, has suggested that by
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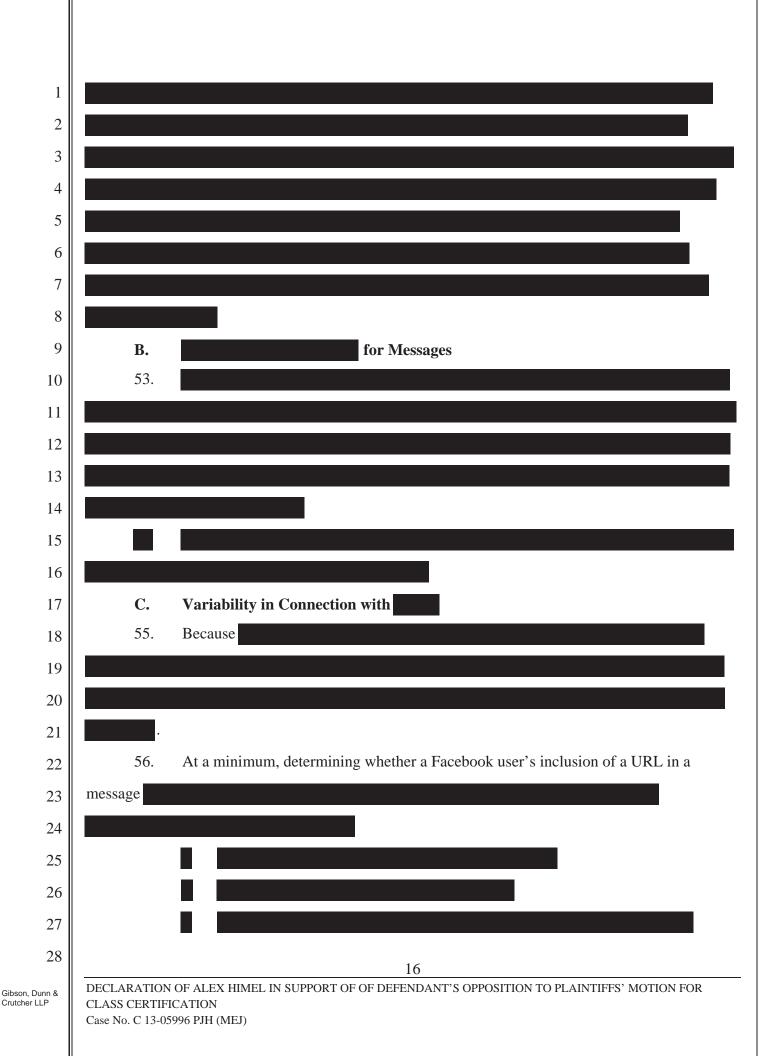
	There is nothing u
nefarious at	pout Facebook taking note of its users' experiences and preferences and the rea
press. Face	book is sensitive to users' feedback and regularly incorporates that feedback in
design and	engineering decisions.
C.	Variability in Connection with Plugin Count
37.	On December 19, 2012,
38.	As noted above, if a person using Facebook
39.	Similarly, if the destination website associated with the URL did not display
Facebook P	Plugin Count,
40.	Additionally, in some cases, even if

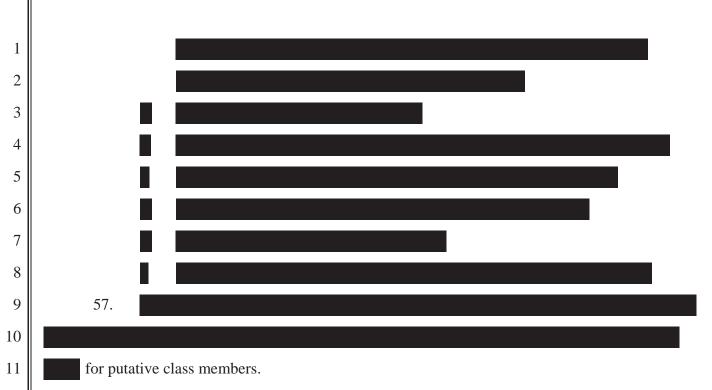




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VII. Insights and Related APIs

A. Overview

58. "Insights" is the name of a Facebook user interface (UI), accessible from a Facebook 14 website, and a related Facebook application program interface (API). Facebook Insights and Related 15 API provide the owners of particular websites (also known as URL "domain owners") with data 16 about interaction with and traffic to their websites. In order to access this information, a domain 17 18 owner must provide authentication demonstrating that he or she does indeed own that particular 19 website (URL domain) or webpage (URL). After authentication, the domain owner can use the Insights dashboard or APIs to obtain statistics and demographics about the domains/URLs they own. 20 Specifically, Insights provides information about how effectively Facebook is generating traffic to 21 their site and demographic information about the users who make up that traffic. It also included 22 23 aggregate, anonymous statistics and aggregate, anonymous demographic information about the people who share links to that domain owners' sites across the Facebook platform. 24

59. In 2011, Facebook created a new specialized Insights architecture designed to reflect
data about activity as quickly as possible after that activity occurred ("Real Time Analytics"). The
data store of activity to support the new Insights feature is completely separate from the other stores

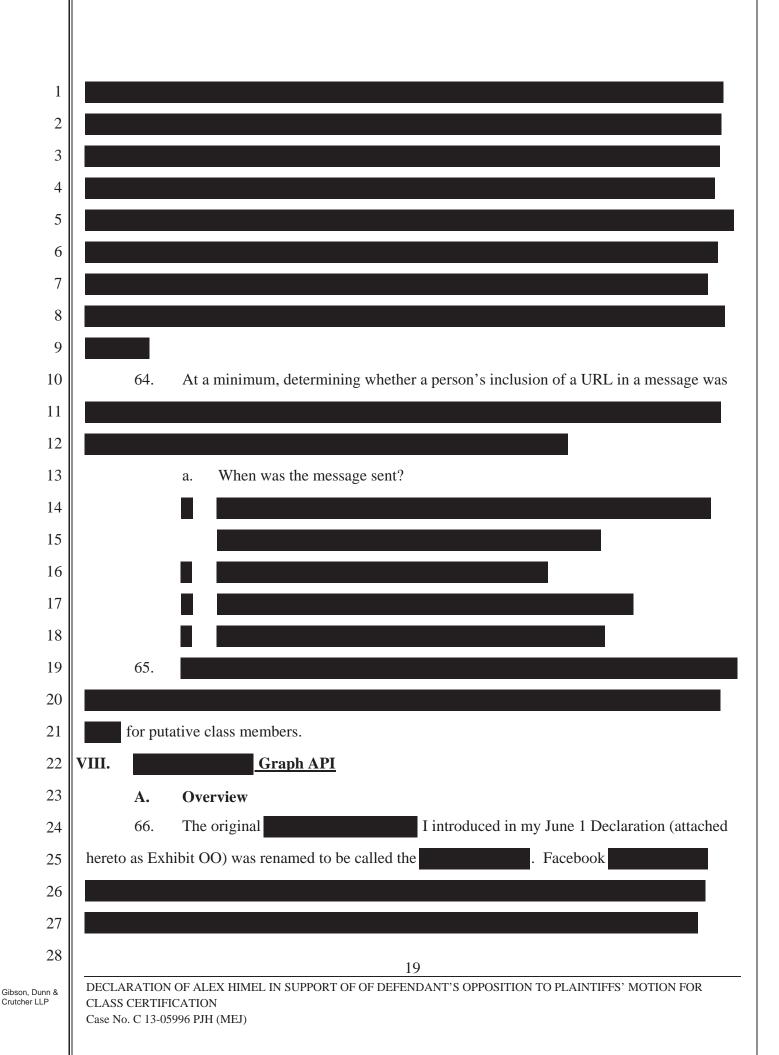
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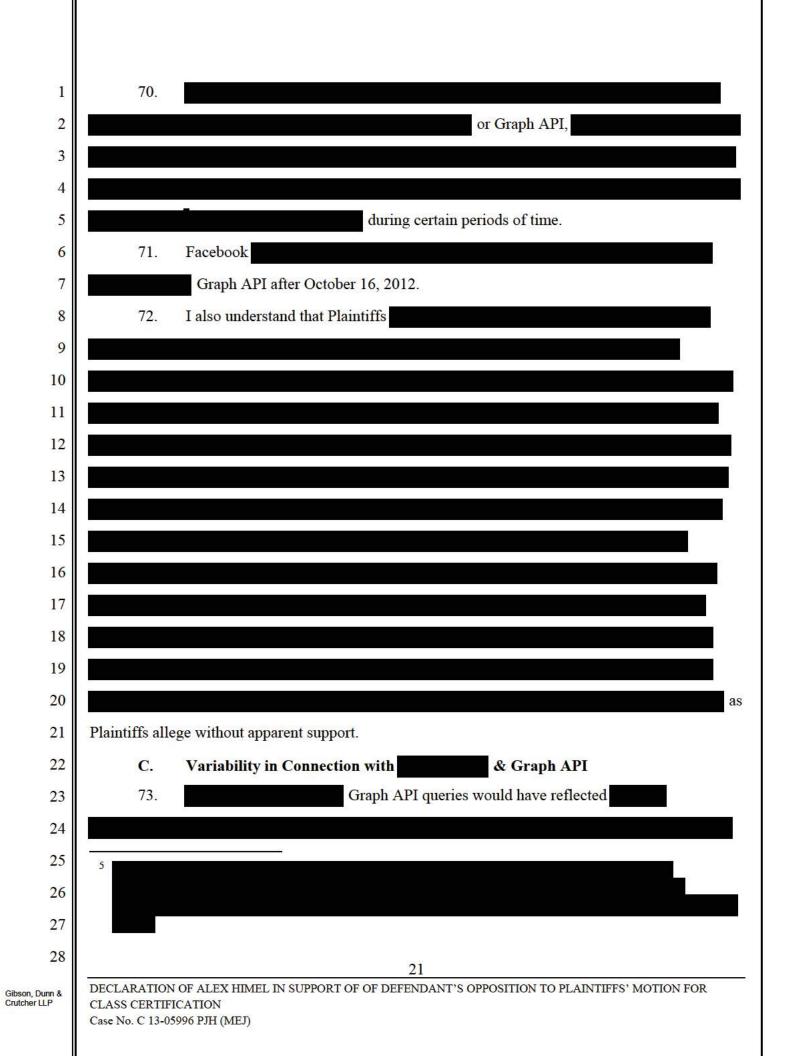
12

В.	Insights and Related APIs and Messages
60.	When the Insights product was announced in April 2010,
61.	However, on October 11, 2012,
 C.	Variability in Connection with Insights and Related APIs
62.	As stated above,
63.	Further,
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6	67. Graph API is an API that allows third-party apps to read and write to Facebook's
	"social graph"—a general name for a store of data about users and their activity that Facebook has
	made available to developers in certain ways to facilitate the creation of products and features that
	interact with the Facebook platform in both directions. Developers and their users can learn about
	other users' engagement with different information and contribute their own data to that effort, and
	build products that incorporate that information in useful ways. Developers can use the Graph AP
	to, for instance, query data, post stories, upload photos, and perform other similar activities.
12	68. During the proposed Class Period, the Graph APIs
14	oluph Al 13
15	Graph API only
16	Опирититопну
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18	B. Graph API and Messages
19	69. For a limited period of time between August 2010 and October 2012
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27	the Graph API.
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1 2	Accordingly, as stated above and in my Declaration dated June 1, 2015, until August 2010,
3 4 5	Graph API query. 74. Similarly, after October 16, 2012, Graph API query. 75. A secondingly
6 7 8 9 10	75. Accordingly, Graph API query. between December 2011 and October 16, 2012 could have been subject to these
10	practices during the Class Period.
12 13 14	76. Further,
14	Graph API query.
16	
17	
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20	77.
21	Graph API for any given URL
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23	78. At a minimum, determining whether
24	Graph API queries would require the
25	following individualized inquiries for each message:
26	a. When was the message sent?
27	b.
28	22
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6	putative class members.
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8	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the
9	foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on January 14, 2016, in Menlo
10	Park, California.
11	/s/ Alex Himel
12	Alex Himel
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ATTORNEY ATTESTATION

I, Christopher Chorba, attest that concurrence in the filing of this Declaration of Alex Himel has been obtained from the signatory. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 15th day of January, 2016, in Los Angeles, California.

Dated: January 15, 2016

/s/ Christopher Chorba Christopher Chorba