DEFENDANT FACEBOOK, INC.'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF ITS REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN SUPPORT OF ITS

MOTION TO DISMISS PLAINTIFFS' CONSOLIDATED AMENDED COMPLAINT; Case No. C 13-05996 PJH

Campbell et al v. Facebook Inc.

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Plaintiffs oppose Facebook's Request for Judicial Notice ("RJN," Dkt. No. 30) with an absurd accusation that some of the documents have been "altered to reflect Facebook's position" or that some of the documents cannot be "verifi[ed]." (Pls.' Opp. to Facebook's Req. for Judicial Notice ("RJN Opp."), Dkt. No. 33, at 1, 4.) Plaintiffs' arguments lack any merit and are a waste of this Court's time:

*First*, Facebook has not "altered" the documents. Rather, Facebook has included the original, full-text documents and simply highlighted relevant provisions to aid this Court's review. Facebook never represented that any highlighting appeared in the underlying documents, and it is silly for Plaintiffs to oppose the RJN on this basis.

Second, Plaintiffs do not have any substantive basis for opposing judicial notice of Exhibits A and D to the Jordan Declaration (the current versions of Facebook's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities ("SRR") and Data Use Policy ("DUP")) and Exhibit 1 of Facebook's Request for Judicial Notice (Senate Report No. 99-541), because Plaintiffs request judicial notice for the same documents. (Pls.' Req. for Judicial Notice, Dkt. No. 32; RJN Opp. at 3.)

Third, Plaintiffs further object to Exhibits B, C, E, and F to the Jordan Declaration (versions of Facebook's SRR and DUP in effect during the alleged class period), and assert that these documents "purport to be versions of [the relevant user agreements]" and that Facebook does not "identify any source from which to verify these documents." (RJN Opp. at 3-4.) Plaintiffs fail to note that the authenticity of these documents has indeed been verified with a signed affidavit from a Facebook employee with knowledge who certified each document to be a "true and correct" copy. (See Jordan Declaration, Dkt. No. 29-1 at 1-2 (attaching Exhibits B, C, E, and F).) As Facebook has attested to the authenticity of these documents, their veracity "is not subject to reasonable dispute." Fed. R. Evid. 201(b); RJN at 3; see also In re Copper Mountain Sec. Litig., 311 F. Supp. 2d 857, 864 (N.D. Cal. 2004) (plaintiff disputed accuracy of document for which defendant sought judicial notice; after defendant "attest[ed]" to measures taken to verify the document's accuracy, the court took judicial notice). Accordingly, this court may properly take judicial notice of Exhibits B, C, E, and F.

Further, "[e]ven if the Court [could not] properly take judicial notice of [the documents], given [P]laintiffs' reliance on the documents, the Court may consider them under the incorporation