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In Re: Melcher

**EDB** 

Dod. 6

Ms. Melcher moves for reconsideration of the court's prior order dismissing her bankruptcy appeals. *See* Dkt. No. 12. As the court's dismissal of Ms. Melcher's appeals was with prejudice, and the case was subsequently closed, the court construes Ms. Melcher's motion as a motion for relief from a final judgment, order, or proceeding under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b). "The useful purpose of the principle of finality of judgments requires that the Court scrutinize closely [a] motion for relief and the grounds upon which it is based. If judgments are vacated on tenuous and insignificant grounds they will lack finality and there will be no end to litigation. *Geigel v. Sea Land Serv., Inc*, 44 F.R.D. 1, 2 (D.P.R. 1968). Because Rule 60(b) relief is such an extraordinary remedy, it is granted only in exceptional circumstances. *See ClearOne Commc'ns, Inc. v. Bowers*, 643 F.3d 735, 754 (10th Cir. 2011).

Ms. Melcher's motion appears to seek relief from the court's prior order dismissing her appeals on the basis of mistake, alleging that the bankruptcy clerk failed to transmit to this court documents related to Ms. Melcher's appeals. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b) (a court may relieve a party from a final judgment, order, or proceeding for "mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect."). Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 8005(b) provides that upon receipt of an appellant's election to have an appeal heard by the District Court instead of the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel, "the bankruptcy clerk must transmit to the district clerk all documents related to the appeal." Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8005(b). In her motion, Ms. Melcher argues that "[m]any of the designated documents on appeal were never transferred to the District Court as revealed by the [sic] Angela Wong in October 2014." Dkt. No. 12, at 1. The court understands Ms. Melcher's motion to seek relief from the court's prior order on this basis.

However, the mistake identified by Ms. Melcher does not provide a basis upon which the court might grant her relief under Rule 60(b). Assuming Ms. Melcher's allegations that the bankruptcy clerk failed to transfer to this court "many" documents related to her appeals, she fails to link this mistake with the court's order dismissing her appeals. The court dismissed Ms. Melcher's appeals based on her failure to prosecute, failure to comply with the Local Rules, and history of abusing the court's filing requirements and procedures despite the court's warnings. *See* Dkt. No. 10, at 1–2. The court did not rule on the merits of her appeals, but rather dismissed the case on

## United States District Court For the Northern District of California

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account of Ms. Melcher's repeated failure to comply with the applicable procedural rules and the court's directives. Put another way, even had all of Ms. Melcher's documents been transferred to this court, the court would still have found that Ms. Melcher failed to prosecute the case.

Accordingly, the court denies Ms. Melcher's motion for relief from the court's prior order dismissing her appeals.

Dated: November 13, 2014

