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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SILICON LABORATORIES, INC.,
Plaintiff,
v.
CRESTA TECHNOLOGY
CORPORATION,
Defendant.

Case No. [14-cv-03227-PSG](#)

**OMNIBUS ORDER RE: MOTIONS TO
SEAL**

(Re: Docket Nos. 191, 193, 195, 200)

Before the court are four administrative motions to seal.¹ “Historically, courts have recognized a ‘general right to inspect and copy public records and documents, including judicial records and documents.’”² Accordingly, when considering a sealing request, “a ‘strong presumption in favor of access’ is the starting point.”³ Parties seeking to seal judicial records relating to motions that are “more than tangentially related to the underlying cause of action”⁴ bear the burden of overcoming the presumption with “compelling reasons” that outweigh the general history of access and the public policies favoring disclosure.⁵

However, “while protecting the public’s interest in access to the courts, we must remain

¹ See Docket Nos. 191, 193, 195, 200.

² *Kamakana v. City & County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (quoting *Nixon v. Warner Commc ’ns, Inc.*, 435 U.S. 589, 597 & n. 7 (1978)).

³ *Id.* (quoting *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 2003)).

⁴ *Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp.*, 809 F.3d 1092, 1099 (9th Cir. 2016).

⁵ *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1178-79.

1 mindful of the parties’ right to access those same courts upon terms which will not unduly harm
2 their competitive interest.”⁶ Records attached to motions that are “not related, or only tangentially
3 related, to the merits of a case” therefore are not subject to the strong presumption of access.⁷
4 Parties moving to seal the documents attached to such motions must meet the lower “good cause”
5 standard of Rule 26(c).⁸ This standard requires a “particularized showing”⁹ that “specific
6 prejudice or harm will result” if the information is disclosed.¹⁰ “Broad allegations of harm,
7 unsubstantiated by specific examples of articulated reasoning” will not suffice.¹¹ A protective
8 order sealing the documents during discovery may reflect the court’s previous determination that
9 good cause exists to keep the documents sealed,¹² but a blanket protective order that allows the
10 parties to designate confidential documents does not provide sufficient judicial scrutiny to
11 determine whether each particular document should remain sealed.¹³

12 In addition to making particularized showings of good cause, parties moving to seal
13 documents must comply with the procedures established by Civ. L.R. 79-5. Pursuant to
14 Civ. L.R. 79-5(b), a sealing order is appropriate only upon a request that establishes the document

16 ⁶ *Apple Inc. v. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.*, 727 F.3d 1214, 1228-29 (Fed. Cir. 2013).

17 ⁷ *Ctr. for Auto Safety*, 809 F.3d at 1099; *see also Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (“[T]he public has
18 less of a need for access to court records attached only to non-dispositive motions because those
19 documents are often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action.”).

20 ⁸ *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (internal quotations and citations omitted).

21 ⁹ *Id.*

22 ¹⁰ *Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206, 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002);
23 *see Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).*

24 ¹¹ *Beckman Indus., Inc. v. Int’l Ins. Co.*, 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992).

25 ¹² *See Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179-80.

26 ¹³ *See Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(A)* (“Reference to a stipulation or protective order that allows a party
27 to designate certain documents as confidential is not sufficient to establish that a document, or
28 portions thereof, are sealable.”).

1 is “sealable,” or “privileged or protectable as a trade secret or otherwise entitled to protection
 2 under the law.” “The request must be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material,
 3 and must conform with Civil L.R. 79-5(d).”¹⁴ “Within 4 days of the filing of the Administrative
 4 Motion to File Under Seal, the Designating Party must file a declaration as required by subsection
 5 79-5(d)(1)(A) establishing that all of the designated material is sealable.”¹⁵

6 With these standards in mind, the court rules on the instant motions as follows:

<u>Motion to Seal</u>	<u>Document to be Sealed</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Reason/Explanation</u>
191	Defendant’s Motion to Strike Testimony of Douglas Holberg	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
191	Exhibit B to Sobieski Declaration (Asset Purchase Agreement)	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
191	Exhibit C to Sobieski Declaration (Excerpts from Tuttle Deposition)	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).
191	Exhibit D to Sobieski Declaration (Excerpts from Holberg Deposition)	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).
191	Exhibit E to Sobieski Declaration (Holberg Expert Report)	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).

14 Civ. L.R. 79-5(b). In part, Civ. L.R. 79-5(d) requires the submitting party to attach a “proposed order that is narrowly tailored to seal only the sealable material” which “lists in table format each document or portion thereof that is sought to be sealed,” Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(b), and an “unredacted version of the document” that indicates “by highlighting or other clear method, the portions of the document that have been omitted from the redacted version.” Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(d).

15 Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).

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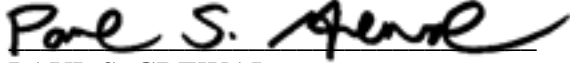
193	Defendant's Motion to Strike Testimony of Paul Benoit	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
193	Exhibit B to Sobieski Declaration (Asset Purchase Agreement)	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
193	Exhibit C to Sobieski Declaration (Excerpts from Tuttle Deposition)	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).
193	Exhibit D to Sobieski Declaration (Excerpts from Holberg Deposition)	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).
193	Exhibit E to Sobieski Declaration (Email Chain and XC5000 Evaluation Attachment)	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
193	Exhibit F to Sobieski Declaration (Internal CrestaTech Email and Attachment)	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
193	Exhibit G to Sobieski Declaration (Benoit Expert Report)	Designations highlighted in black at Docket No. 197-3 SEALED; all other designations UNSEALED.	Only sealed portions narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
193	Exhibit I to Sobieski Declaration (Excerpts from Benoit Deposition)	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).
193	Exhibit J to Sobieski Declaration (Email and Revised Exhibits to Benoit Report)	Designations highlighted in black at Docket No. 197-4 SEALED; all other designations UNSEALED.	Only sealed portions narrowly tailored to confidential business information.

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193	Exhibit K to Sobieski Declaration (Email and 409A Report)	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
193	Exhibit L to Sobieski Declaration (Allocation Summary)	SEALED	Narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
195	Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Expert Testimony	UNSEALED	No declaration in support filed with the court as required by Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).
195	Exhibit D to Collier Declaration (Excerpts from Lewis Deposition)	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
195	Exhibit F to Collier Declaration (Excerpts from Murgulescu Deposition)	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.
200	Defendant's Letter to the Court Requesting Settlement Conference	UNSEALED	Not narrowly tailored to confidential business information.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 4, 2016


PAUL S. GREWAL
United States Magistrate Judge