Prater v. Goodwin et al

Doc. 78

Defendant's supplemental response shall be served by January 22, 2016.

Construing Interrogatory 3 as a request to identify witnesses that defendants may use to support their defenses, plaintiff's motion to compel an answer to this interrogatory is granted to the extent defendants did not already provide this information in their Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 initial disclosures. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1)(A)(i). However, defendants shall not be required to disclose any witnesses that they may use solely for impeachment. Defendant's supplemental answer shall be served by January 22, 2016. This discovery is otherwise denied because this court generally does not require disclosure of trial witnesses until just prior to the Final Pretrial Conference.

Plaintiff's motion to compel answers to the remaining interrogatories is denied on the grounds that the burden or expense of the discovery outweighs its likely benefit, considering the needs of the case, the amount in controversy, the parties' resources and relative access to information, and the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues; or, the interrogatories, including discrete subparts, exceed the presumptive limit. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b), 33.

Requests for Production

Plaintiff's motion to compel the insurance information sought by Request 13 is granted inasmuch as that is information each party is required to provide as part of its Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a) initial disclosures. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1)(A)(iv). Defendant shall produce the requested document (if any) by January 22, 2016.

Plaintiff's motion to compel the production of documents is otherwise denied. Defendant sufficiently responded to Requests 1, 10, 14, and 16. Requests 7 and 12 are denied as moot. (If defendants intend to present any testifying experts, expert disclosures were due by November 16, 2015. If no such disclosures were made, then that would indicate defendants do not intend to present expert testimony at trial.) Requests 8-9 are denied insofar as this court generally does not require such information to be disclosed until just prior to the Final Pretrial Conference. As for the remaining requests, they either do not specify the categories of documents sought with requisite particularity; seek irrelevant information; or, the burden or expense of the discovery outweighs its likely benefit, considering the needs of the case, the amount in controversy, the

United States District Court Northern District of California

SO ORDERED. Dated: January 11, 2016

parties' resources and relative access to information, and the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b), 34.

HOWARD R. LLOYD United States Magistrate Judge

United States District Court Northern District of California