1	COOLEY LLP			
2	MICHAEL G. RHODES (116127) (rhodesmg@cooley.com) MATTHEW D. CAPLAN (260388) (mcaplan@cooley.com) KRISTINE A. FORDERER (278745) (kforderer@cooley.com)			
3	101 California Street, 5th Floor	(a) Cooley Colli)		
4	San Francisco, CA 94111-5800 Telephone: (415) 693-2000 Facsimile: (415) 693-2222			
5	COOLEY LLP			
6	HEIDI L. KEEFE (178960) (hkeefe@cooley.com)			
7	MARK F. LAMBÈRT (197410) (mlambert@cooley.com) 3175 Hanover Street Polo Alto CA 94304 1130			
8	Palo Alto, CA 94304-1130 Telephone: (650) 843-5000 Facsimile: (650) 849-7400			
9	Attorneys for Defendant FACEBOOK, INC.			
11	FACEBOOK, INC.			
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
13	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
14	SAN JOSE DIVISION			
15				
16	BLADEROOM GROUP LIMITED, et al.,	Case No. 15-cv-01370 EJD		
17	Plaintiffs,	Proposed Amended Letter of Request for Nick Vaney		
18	٧.			
19	FACEBOOK, INC., EMERSON ELECTRIC CO., EMERSON NETWORK POWER			
20	SOLUTIONS, INC. and LIEBERT CORPORATION,			
21	Defendants.			
22				
23	Redacted Version of Document Sought To Be Sealed			
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
COOLEY LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW SAN FRANCISCO		Proposed Amended Letter of Request for Nick Vaney Case No. 15-cv-01370 EJD		

1 2		TITA	REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL ASSISTANCE PURSUANT TO THE GUE CONVENTION ON THE TAKING OF EVIDENCE ABROAD VIL OR COMMERCIAL MATTERS CONCLUDED 18 MARCH 1970
3		То:	Senior Master of the Queen's Bench Division For the attention of the Foreign Process Section
4			Room 16 Royal Courts of Justice
5			Strand London, England WC2A 2LL
6		From:	Howard R. Lloyd, United States Magistrate Judge
7		1101111	United States District Court for the Northern District of California
8		Re:	Request for Judicial Assistance Pursuant to the Hague Convention on the Taking of Evidence Abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters Concluded 18 March 1970
10	I.	<u>Inforr</u>	nation provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(a).
11		A.	Requesting Court.
12		In con	formity with Article 3 of the Hague Convention on the Taking of Evidence Abroad
13	in Civil or Commercial Matters, concluded 18 March 1970 (the "Convention"), the United States		
14	The state of the s		
15	Davila and United States Magistrate Judge Howard R. Lloyd presiding), respectfully requests the		
16	assistance of your honorable court with regard to the matters set forth below.		
17	The Court considers that the evidence sought is directly relevant to the issues in dispute		
18	and is not pre-trial discovery within the meaning of Article 23 of The Hague Evidence		
19	Convention, that is, discovery intended to lead to relevant evidence for trial. The evidence sought		
20	is to be used—and would be admissible—in the trial in California.		
21		B.	Full title of action.
22		The fi	ull title of the action in which international judicial assistance is requested is:
23		Blade	croom Group Limited and Bripco (UK) Limited v. Facebook, Inc., Emerson Electric
24	Co., 1	Emersor	Network Power Solutions, Inc., and Liebert Corporation.
25		The c	ase number of the action in the United States District Court for the Northern District
26	of Ca	lifornia	is 15-ev-1370-EJD.
27			

.

II. Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(b).

A. Names of the parties to the action.

The plaintiffs in this action are Bladeroom Group Limited ("BRG") and Bripco (UK) Limited ("Bripco") (together, "Plaintiffs"). BRG is a privately held company organized under the laws of England with a registered office at Stella Way, Bishop's Cleeve, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire GL52 7DQ. Bripco is a privately held company organized under the laws of England with a registered office at Stella Way, Bishop's Cleeve, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire GL52 7DQ.

Plaintiffs are represented in this action by the law firm Farella Braun + Martel LLP, 235 Montgomery Street, 17th Floor, San Francisco, California, 94104.

The defendants in this action are Facebook, Inc. ("Facebook"), Emerson Electric Co. ("Emerson"), Emerson Network Power Solutions, Inc. ("ENPS"), and Liebert Corporation ("Liebert") (collectively, "Defendants"). Facebook is a publicly traded company organized under the laws of Delaware with a principal place of business at 1601 Willow Road, Menlo Park, California 94025. Emerson is a privately held company organized under the laws of Missouri with a principal place of business at 8000 West Florissant Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri, 63136. ENPS is a privately held company organized under the laws of Delaware with a principal place of business at 1050 Dearborn Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43085. Liebert is a privately held company organized under the laws of Ohio with a principal place of business at 1050 Dearborn Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43085.

Facebook is represented in this action by the law firm Cooley LLP, 101 California Street, 5th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111-5800.

Emerson, ENPS and Liebert (collectively, "Emerson Defendants") are represented in this action by the law firm Procopio, Cory, Hargreaves & Savitch LLP, 1117 S. California Ave., Suite 200, Palo Alto, CA 94304.

III. Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(c).

Plaintiffs make the following allegations in their Second Amended Complaint

COOLEY LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW SAN FRANCISCO ("Complaint" or "Compl."), the operative pleading in this action. Defendants deny they have engaged in any wrongful conduct with respect to Plaintiffs.

Facebook provides online services that allow users to stay connected with friends and family, to discover what's going on in the world and to share and express what matters to them. Among other things, users can use the Facebook platform to upload photos and videos, and share comments and other content. Facebook stores this data in multiple data centers containing thousands of servers globally, including data centers in Prineville, Oregon (U.S.) and Luleå, Sweden. Compl., ¶¶ 2, 33, 50. Data centers are specialized buildings engineered to securely house servers, which have particular climate requirements in order to run without overheating. *Id.*, ¶¶ 22-23.

Plaintiff BRG constructs and sells data centers it calls "BladeRooms". Id., ¶ 4. Plaintiff Bripco owns the alleged intellectual property associated with BRG's methodology for constructing data centers and licenses it to BRG. Id., ¶ 5. Plaintiffs call this methodology the "BRG Methodology." Id., ¶¶ 4-5. Various aspects of the BRG Methodology are subject to patents, some aspects are publicly known, and other aspects are allegedly kept confidential or as trade secrets. Id., ¶ 4.

The BRG Methodology uses "modular" construction techniques. *Id.*, ¶22. Modular construction involves manufacturing some or all components of a building off-site and transporting it to the desired location, as opposed to traditional "stick built" construction methods in which materials are assembled and the structure is erected on site. *Id.*, ¶ 22-24. Plaintiffs' alleged trade secrets and confidential information (collectively, the "BRG Alleged Trade Secrets/Confidential Information") are contained in Exhibit B to the Complaint.² *Id.*, ¶ 28, 29.

In October 2011, BRG first contacted Facebook to promote its data centers. Id., ¶ 37. On

Exhibit 1 is a copy of the publicly available version of the Complaint. With Court approval, the law permits the parties to redact confidential information from publicly filed pleadings. The publicly filed Complaint redacts information one or more of the parties have designated as confidential.

Plaintiffs filed Exhibit B to the Complaint under seal, with Court approval, and thus Exhibit B to the Complaint is not publicly available.

. _____

November 3, 2011, representatives of Facebook and BRG (including Nick Vaney) participated in a telephone conference where the parties discussed the BRG Methodology and Facebook's existing data center technology. BRG and Facebook subsequently executed a mutual non-disclosure agreement ("NDA"). *Id.*, ¶38.

In March and June 2012, Facebook's representatives met with BRG's representatives at BRG's facilities in Cheltenham, England. *See id.*, ¶¶ 50-51, 60-61. Plaintiffs allege that, during these meetings, BRG disclosed the BRG Alleged Trade Secret/Confidential Information to Facebook. *Id.*

In May 2012, BRG's representatives met with Facebook's representatives, and the representatives of various data center construction and architecture firms already working with Facebook, at Facebook's data center campus in Prineville, Oregon. *See id.*, ¶ 56. Plaintiffs allege that during that meeting, BRG disclosed the BRG Alleged Trade Secret/Confidential Information to the meeting attendees. *Id.*, ¶ 57.

In August 2012, Facebook met with the Emerson Defendants, which had an existing data center business. Id., ¶ 75. In October 2012, Facebook hosted a five-day meeting with modular construction experts for the purpose of designing a modular data center concept for Facebook. Id., ¶ 80. In January 2014, at an industry conference, Facebook presented to the public its modular data center concept, termed the Rapid Deployment Data Center ("RDDC"). Id., ¶ 87.

By mid-2014, BRG had submitted several proposals to Facebook for various data center projects, including projects located in Prineville, Oregon and Luleå, Sweden. *Id.*, ¶¶ 3, 49, 57, 69, 71, 81. Plaintiffs allege that these proposals contained the BRG Alleged Trade Secrets/Confidential Information. *Id.* In May 2014, Facebook announced that it had selected Emerson to construct a version of the RDDC on Facebook's data center campus in Luleå, Sweden.

On March 23, 2015, Plaintiffs filed this civil action against Facebook in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. On April 18, 2016, Plaintiffs were granted leave to file the Complaint that, among other things, added the Emerson Defendants as defendants. The Complaint asserts the following claims against all Defendants: (1) breach of

contract; (2) misappropriation of trade secrets; and (3) unfair competition. Each of Plaintiffs' claims has distinct legal elements.

1. Breach of Contract

A breach of contract claim requires Plaintiffs to prove: (1) a contract existed; (2) Plaintiffs have performed or had their performance excused; (3) Defendant breached the contract; and (4) Plaintiffs suffered damages on account of the breach. Plaintiffs allege Facebook breached the NDA by engaging in unauthorized use or disclosure of their confidential information. Compl., ¶ 120.

2. Misappropriation of Trade Secrets

A misappropriation of trade secrets claim requires Plaintiffs to prove: (1) the existence of a trade secret; (2) Plaintiffs own the alleged trade secret; (3) Facebook improperly used or disclosed that trade secret; and (4) Plaintiffs suffered harm from the improper use or disclosure. Cal. Civ. Code 3426.1 et seq. Plaintiffs allege "Facebook improperly used Bripco UK's trade secrets, for example, in its development of the RDCC" and "in the construction of the second phase of its Lulea data center campus." Compl., ¶¶ 132, 134.

3. Unfair Competition

A claim under the California Unfair Competition Law (UCL) requires Plaintiffs to prove: (1) Facebook engaged in an (a) unlawful; or (b) unfair; or (c) fraudulent business practice; and (2) Plaintiffs lost money or property as a result. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq. Plaintiffs allege Facebook engaged in unlawful and unfair business acts by, for example, using the alleged trade secrets "to develop the RDDC approach," publicly disclosing Plaintiffs' Confidential Information, and "compet[ing] with BRG as a data center design provider and innovator." Compl., ¶¶ 151, 153.

Additionally, Plaintiffs brought a claim against Facebook for false designation of origin under the Lanham Act. However, the Court has dismissed that claim from the case. See Exhibit 2. The Court has also dismissed a sub-set of Plaintiffs' breach of contract claims against the Emerson Defendants, those arising from alleged breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing. See Exhibit 3. Defendants have denied Plaintiffs' claims but have not filed any

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	13

counterclaims against Plaintiffs.

The Court has not set a trial date, but has set a trial setting conference for May 11, 2017. See Exhibit 4.

IV. Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(d).

A. Evidence to be obtained.

It is necessary for the due determination of the matters in dispute between the parties in the matter pending before the United States District Court for the Northern District of California that you cause the witness listed below, who is resident within your jurisdiction, to be subject to oral examination for use at the trial of this matter.

This letter of request is issued at the request of Defendant Facebook, Inc.

V. <u>Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(e)</u>.

A. Name and address of the witness.

The name and last known address of the witness from whom testimony is sought is listed below:

Nick Vaney 19 Parklands, Freeland, Witney, Oxon, OX29 8HX

VI. <u>Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(f)</u>.

A. <u>Testimony to be provided by the witness</u>.

Mr. Vaney is a mechanical engineer. From at least 2011 to the present he has been employed by Red Engineering Design Ltd. ("Red Engineering") in London. Red Engineering is BRG's consultant. Mr. Vaney has knowledge of the BRG Methodology, and he is claimed as the inventor on two patent applications concerning a method of cooling a data center.

Therefore, the Court requests that you cause Mr. Vaney to give testimony on the following subjects:

- 1. His educational background, employment history, professional qualifications, and personal preparation for the examination.
- 2. The development of the BRG Alleged Trade Secrets/Confidential Information. Mr. Vaney's testimony on this subject is relevant to issues in this civil action,

PROPOSED AMENDED LETTER OF REQUEST FOR NICK VANEY CASE NO. 15-CV-01370 EJD

26

27

28

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	

including but not limited to, whether the BRG Alleged Trade Secrets/Confidential Information qualifies for protection as trade secret(s) or confidential information.³

- 3. His knowledge of BRG's efforts to maintain the secrecy and confidentiality of the BRG Alleged Trade Secrets/Confidential Information. Mr. Vaney's testimony on this subject is relevant to issues in this civil action, including but not limited to, whether, and, if so, the extent to which, BRG had undertaken reasonable efforts to maintain the secrecy (if any) of the BRG Alleged Trade Secret/Confidential Information such that it could qualify for protection as trade secret(s) or confidential information under applicable law.
- 4. BRG's patent applications on which he is named as an inventor. ((US2013/699,350; PCT/GB2011/050987). Mr. Vaney's testimony on this subject is relevant to issues in this civil action, including but not limited to, whether and, if so, the extent to which, the BRG Alleged Trade Secrets/Confidential Information is disclosed in such patents and thus is not secret or confidential under applicable law.
- 5. Mr. Vaney's email and telephonic communications with Facebook, regarding the BladeRoom Methodology and Facebook's existing data center technology.
- 6. BRG's contemplated and actual bids and proposals to Facebook that Mr. Vaney received, created, or helped create.

In the course of the examination of Mr. Vaney, Facebook intends to show documents to Mr. Vaney, all of which relate to the subject matters set forth in Section VI of this letter of request. If so ordered by the Court, Facebook will prepare a selection of such documents for Mr. Vaney to review prior to his examination.

VII. Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(h).

A. Form of the examination.

The witness should be examined under oath. I respectfully request that you: cause the evidence of the witness to be reduced into writing; cause all documents produced on such examinations to be duly marked for identification; and cause copies of the documents to be made. I further request that you authenticate such examinations by the seal of your Court in such way as is in accordance with your procedure, and return the written evidence and documents produced to

27

28

To qualify for protection as a "trade secret" under applicable law, the information must (1) derive independent value from not being generally known to the public or other persons who can obtain economic value from its use or disclosure, and (2) be the subject of reasonable efforts to maintain its secrecy. Cal. Civ. Code § 3426.1(d).

me at the following address:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Howard R. Lloyd, United States Magistrate Judge Robert F. Peckham Federal Building S 1st Street San Jose, California 95113

VIII. Information provided pursuant to Convention Article 3(i).

A. Procedure.

The testimony should be given before an examiner of the court. The witness should give an oath or affirmation before testifying; the testimony should be transcribed by a stenographer; and the testimony should be recorded on video by a videographer. In addition, I request that the attorneys for all parties to this action should be permitted to be present and to conduct examination and cross-examination of the witness. For the avoidance of doubt, I request that attorneys for Defendants be permitted to cross-examine this witness.

B. Specification of privilege or duty to refuse to give evidence under the laws of the state of origin.

Under the laws of the United States, a party has a privilege to refuse to give evidence if the evidence discloses a confidential communication between that party and an attorney for that party that was made for the purpose of obtaining legal advice and which privilege has not been waived explicitly or implicitly. (Parties also enjoy limited privileges on other grounds not relevant here such as communications between physician and patient, psychotherapist and patient, husband and wife, or clergy and penitent.)

The laws of the United States also recognize a privilege against self-incrimination.

Outside the strict area of privilege, certain limited immunities are available that may place restrictions on the giving of evidence, such as the limited protection against the disclosure of documents and tangible things prepared in anticipation of litigation or for trial by or for a party or a party's representative.

C. Details.

It is proposed that the examination take place at the offices of Cooley (UK) LLP, Dashwood, 69 Old Broad Street, London, EC2M 1QS, United Kingdom, on dates to be agreed

between the parties and the witness, but in any event no later than the close of the fact discovery period, currently scheduled to conclude on June 30, 2017.

Any correspondence regarding this Letter of Request should be sent to the parties' attorneys and also be copied to Facebook's English attorneys, Cooley (UK) LLP, Dashwood, 69 Old Broad Street, London, EC2M 1QS, United Kingdom marked for the attention of Mark Deem (mdeem@cooley.com) and Chimé Dorjee (cdorjee@cooley.com).

D. Fees and costs.

The fees and costs incurred which are reimbursable under the second paragraph of Article 14 or under Article 26 of the Convention will be borne by Facebook.

IX. Conclusion

This Court expresses its appreciation for this assistance, states that the courts of the United States are authorized by Section 1782 of Title 28 of the United States Code to extend similar assistance to the Courts of England and is prepared to provide reciprocal assistance to the English courts in any circumstances in which it may be required.

This Court extends to the judicial authorities of England the assurances of the highest consideration.

Signature and seal Athe requesting authority:

Howard R. Lloyd, United Sty eschalistic Julige
Robert F. Peckhi in Federal Juilding
280 S 1st Street
San Jose, California 95113

Done in Chambers in San Jose, California, this 17th day of April

[Seal of the Court] Howard R. Lloyd
United States Magistrate Judge

Dated: April 4, 2017 COOLEY LLP			
A	1	Dated: April 4, 2017 COC	OLEY LLP
Attorneys for Defendant FACEBOOK, INC. Attorneys for Defendant FACEBOOK, INC.	2		
Attorneys for Defendant FACEBOOK, INC. Attorneys for Defendant FACEBOOK, INC.	3	<u>/s/ F</u>	leidi L. Keefe
6	4		
6	5	Atto	orneys for Defendant CEBOOK, INC.
8 143373034 v1 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9 143373034 v1	6		
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	7		
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	8	143373034 v1	
11	9		
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	10		
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	11		
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	12		· ·
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	13		
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	14		
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	15		
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	16		
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	17		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	18		
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	19		
 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	20		
 23 24 25 26 27 28 	21		
24 25 26 27 28	22	,	
 25 26 27 28 	23		
26 27 28	24		
27 28	25		
28	26	5	
	27	7	
		3	

COOLEY LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW SAN FRANCISCO