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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION

RUSSELL KERSHAW,

Plaintiff,

v.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA,

Defendant.

Case No. 16-cv-00984-BLF

ORDER ADOPTING REPORT AND OMMENDATION OF GISTRATE JUDGE DENYING JICATION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS AND DISMISSING **CASE**

[Re: ECF 4]

The Court has reviewed the Report and Recommendation of Magistrate Judge Paul Grewal denying as frivolous Plaintiff's motion to proceed in forma pauperis and dismissing this action. See ECF 4.

Plaintiff brought suit after being arrested and convicted of malicious mischief. Compl. at 4, ECF 1. On September 29, 2015, Plaintiff entered Subway and "made a mess on a tile floor with feces." *Id.* at 6. According to Plaintiff, his "prank[]" was a small claims matter and not a criminal incident. Id. As a result, Plaintiff filed this § 1983 action alleging that his criminal conviction violated the Fourteenth Amendment. Id. at 2, 6.

Under Heck v. Humphrey, 512 U.S. 477, 486-87 (1994), Plaintiff must allege that his criminal conviction has been reversed, expunged, declared invalid or called into question by a writ of habeas corpus in order to seek damages under § 1983. Plaintiff did not do this, and Judge Grewal recommended dismissing this action as frivolous.

No objections to the Report and Recommendation have been filed and the deadline to object has elapsed. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(2) (deadline for objections is fourteen days after being served with report and recommendation); Certificate of Service, ECF 5 (Plaintiff served

with Report and Recommendation by mail on March 7, 2016).

Ordinarily, the Court would allow Plaintiff, who is proceeding *pro se*, liberal leave to amend. *See, e.g., Soto v. First Student, Inc.*, Case No. 11-cv-03907-LHK, 2012 WL 1413431, at *1 (N.D. Cal. April 23, 2012). However, in this case, Plaintiff had fourteen days to file an objection to the Report and Recommendation and no objection was filed. Plaintiff's complaint does not allege a valid cause of action, and by not objecting to the Report and Recommendation, Plaintiff has not given the Court any reason to believe that he could state a valid cause of action. Accordingly, the Court finds there is no need to provide Plaintiff leave to amend. *See Khan v. Bush*, 93-cv-1342-FEL, 1993 WL 128083 (N.D. Cal. April 16, 1993) ("While pro se plaintiffs should be given liberal leave to amend, there is no need to provide an opportunity to amend if it is clear that no amendment can cure the defects in the complaint."). ¹

Thus, the Court finds the Report and Recommendation correct, well-reasoned and thorough, and adopts it in every respect. Accordingly, the Court DENIES Plaintiff's application to proceed in forma pauperis and DISMISSES this case as frivolous.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 22, 2016

BETH LABSON FREEMAN United States District Judge

¹ Moreover, should Plaintiff believe that he can state valid cause of action, he has the option of seeking relief from judgment under Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b).