UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

RONALD STEVENS LIBERATORE,

Plaintiff,

v.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, et al.,

Defendants.

Case No. 17-cv-03270 NC (PR)

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding *pro se*, filed an amended civil rights complaint, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. For the reasons stated below, the Court dismisses the amended complaint.

DISCUSSION

A. Standard of review

A federal court must conduct a preliminary screening in any case in which a prisoner seeks redress from a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). In its review, the Court must identify any cognizable claims and dismiss any claims that are frivolous, malicious, fail to state a claim upon which relief may be granted or seek monetary relief from a defendant who is immune

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from such relief. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1), (2). *Pro se* pleadings must, however, be liberally construed. *See Balistreri v. Pacifica Police Dep't.*, 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1988).

To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a plaintiff must allege two essential elements: (1) that a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States was violated, and (2) that the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under the color of state law. *See West v. Atkins*, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

B. Legal claims

In Plaintiff's original complaint, the Court could not determine what Plaintiff's allegations were. The Court dismissed the complaint with leave to amend; directed Plaintiff to identify specific Defendants and link each Defendant to each claim; provided the elements of a deliberate indifference to serious medical needs claim; and warned Plaintiff that his amended complaint must comply with Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 18 and 20.

Plaintiff has filed an amended complaint. A review of the complaint shows that Plaintiff has not cured any of the deficiencies about which the Court warned him, and the amended complaint still fails to state a cognizable claim for relief. The Court finds that further leave to amend would be futile. For these reasons, Plaintiff's complaint is DISMISSED.

CONCLUSION

Plaintiff's amended complaint is dismissed for failure to state a claim for relief.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: October 13, 2017

NATHANAEL M. COUSINS United States Magistrate Judge

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