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lack of exceptional circumstances, with the last order filed on December 16, 2019. Dkt. Nos. 9, 14, 25. On January 27, 2020, Plaintiff filed a motion for an extension of time to file a motion for reconsideration of the last court order, and subsequently the motion for reconsideration asserting new grounds on March 5, 2020. Dkt. Nos. 28, 38. The Court grants the motion for an extension of time such that the reconsideration motion is deemed timely filed. Although titled differently, these two papers are essentially the same. *Id.* Plaintiff additionally requests a preliminary injunction and court order for prison officials to "cease and desist violence, harassment and retaliation to interefer[e] with plaintiff's civil action." Dkt. No. 38 at 2. Plaintiff is currently being housed at Corcoran State Prison ("CSP"), which is not a party to this action. Accordingly, the Court has no jurisdiction over CSP or any of its employees in this action to issue an injunctive order against them. Plaintiff must file any new claims against CSP employees in a separate civil rights action.

Plaintiff asserts the following grounds for appointment of counsel: lack of legal material and access to the law library and legal assistance, and the need for assistance to conduct discovery. Dkt. No. 38 at 4-7. The Court notes that despite the challenges he alleges, Plaintiff managed to file another motion to amend the complaint and the proposed amended complaint. Dkt. Nos. 32, 37. With respect to discovery, Plaintiff recently filed a motion requesting more time to conduct discovery which is generally articulate and organized. Accordingly, the motion for reconsideration is **DENIED** for lack of changed circumstances. *See Agyeman v. Corrections Corp. of America*, 390 F.3d 1101, 1103 (9th Cir. 2004); *Rand v. Rowland*, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997); *Terrell v. Brewer*, 935 F.2d 1015, 1017 (9th Cir. 1991); *Wilborn v. Escalderon*, 789 F.2d 1328, 1331 (9th Cir. 1986). This denial is without prejudice to the Court's *sua sponte* appointment of counsel at a future date should the circumstances of this case warrant such appointment.

B. Motion to Seal Documents

Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment, Dkt. No. 31, along with an administrative motion to file under seal certain documents in order to protect Plaintiff's

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medical privacy, Dkt. No. 29. Plaintiff filed opposition to the motion. Dkt. No. 33. In reply, Defendants withdraw their motion to seal, inferring by his opposition that Plaintiff consents to his unreducted medical records being filed with the Court and being publicly accessible. Dkt. No. 36. There being no dispute on this issue, Defendants' motion to seal shall be STRICKEN, and the documents at issue shall not be filed under seal.

Plaintiff's Motion to Amend and Defendants' Motion to Strike

After Defendants filed their summary judgment motion on January 30,2020, Plaintiff filed a motion to amend the complaint on February 10, 2020. Dkt. No. 32. Defendants filed opposition to the motion. Dkt. No. 35. On the same day that Defendants filed their opposition, March 5, 2020, Plaintiff filed a proposed amended complaint which would constitute a second amended complaint ("SAC"). Dkt. No. 37. On March 13, 2020, Defendants filed a motion to strike the SAC. Dkt. No. 40. Plaintiff did not file a reply in response to Defendants' opposition to his motion, nor did he file an opposition to Defendants' motion to strike.

At this late stage in the proceedings, Plaintiff may only file an amended complaint under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(a)(2), which provides that a party may amend its pleading "only with the opposing party's written or the court's leave. The court should freely give leave when justice so requires." Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2). Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(a) is to be applied liberally in favor of amendments and, in general, leave shall be freely given when justice so requires. See Janicki Logging Co. v. Mateer, 42 F.3d 561, 566 (9th Cir. 1994); cf. id. (attempt to amend complaint requiring amendment of scheduling order under Fed. R. Civ. P. 16 must be based upon good cause). "In the absence of any apparent or declared reason-such as undue delay, bad faith or dilatory motive on the part of the movant, . . . undue prejudice to the opposing party by virtue of

¹ As Defendants correctly point out, the time for Plaintiff to file an amended complaint as a matter of course under Rule 15(a)(1)(B) expired 21 days after service of the amended complaint, i.e., on January 21, 2020. Dkt. No. 40 at 3-4, citing Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(1)(B).

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allowance of the amendment, futility of amendment, etc.—the leave sought should, as the rules require, be 'freely given.'" *Hall v. City of Los Angeles*, 697 F.3d 1059, 1073 (9th Cir. 2012) (citations omitted). Leave need not be granted where the amendment of the complaint would cause the opposing party undue prejudice, is sought in bad faith, constitutes an exercise in futility, or creates undue delay. *See Janicki Logging Co.*, 42 F.3d at 566; *Roberts v. Arizona Bd. of Regents*, 661 F.2d 796, 798 (9th Cir. 1981). A district court's discretion to deny leave to amend is particularly broad where the plaintiff has previously filed an amended complaint. *Wagh v. Metris Direct, Inc.*, 363 F.3d 821, 830 (9th Cir. 2003); *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1261 (9th Cir. 1992).

The Court found the amended complaint filed on December 31, 2018, stated a cognizable claim against the two named Defendants, Dr. Spencer and Nurse Amanda, at the San Mateo County jail for deliberate indifference to serious medical needs. Dkts. No. 10, 14. In his motion to amend, Plaintiff requests leave to amend in order to include additional defendants: San Mateo County Correctional Health Services ["CHS"], Redwood City, and the Sheriff of San Mateo County Jail Maguire Facility, Dkt. No. 32 at 1; he later names these Defendants in the SAC. Dkt. No. 37 at 2. Plaintiff alleges that Dr. Spencer and Nurse Amanda were acting "in the capacity as an agent, servant and employee" who "provided medical services under contract through defendants, [CHS], acting within the course and scope of their employment and under color and scope of their employment." Id. at 4. Plaintiff also claims that the Sheriff of San Mateo County and Redwood City "failed to provide adequate medical staff or qualified medical staff, and or medical services, and failed to remedy unlawful conditions that they know about and ignored knowing they will not be held accountable for damages that resulted from a general policy, pattern, and or practice and defendants medical provider, [CHS], unwillingness to respond to inmate requests for treatment..." Id. Plaintiff claims that the Sheriff "conspired or acted jointly under the color of state law pursuant to policy or custom with [Redwood City]," who are "county policymakers at least for the purpose of the jail management...."

Id. at 5-7.

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Defendants argue that Plaintiff's original complaint, Dkt. No. 1, named San Mateo County Sheriff Bolanos and CHS as defendants, and that although the Court granted Plaintiff leave to amend to attempt to allege specific facts against them, Plaintiff effectively "dropped" them from this action by not including them in the amended complaint, Dkt. No. 10. Dkt. No. 40 at 4-5. Defendants also assert that Plaintiff filed the SAC in bad faith since the motion for leave to do so was still pending at the time, and that they will also suffer undue prejudice since their summary judgment is currently pending before the Court and they would have to respond to a third round of pleadings and file new dispositive motions. Id. at 6. Defendants move for the SAC be stricken in its entirety, or in the alternative, be dismissed for failure to state a claim. *Id.*

The Court finds that leave to file the SAC should be denied based on undue delay and Plaintiff's failure to explain the reason for the delay, as well undue prejudice to Defendants. See Janicki Logging Co., 42 F.3d at 566. As Defendants point out, Plaintiff first named the Sheriff of San Mateo County and CHS in the original complaint but did not allege any specific facts against them. Dkt. No. 1. On December 10, 2018, the Court dismissed the complaint with leave to amend so that Plaintiff could attempt to state sufficient facts to state a claim against them. Dkt. No. 9. In the order, the Court laid out the legal standard to state a claim against individual defendants and against local governments under Monell v. Dep't of Social Servs., 436 U.S. 658, 690 (1978). Id. at 3. When Plaintiff filed an amended complaint on December 31, 2018, he did not include the Sheriff or CHS in the complaint, indicating either that he could not name a claim against them individually or under *Monell* or that he was simply foregoing attempting to do so. Dkt. No. 10. Then he waited over 14 months thereafter to file another amended complaint on March 5, 2020, naming these Defendants and attempting to state a claim against them. Dkt. No. 37. Plaintiff provides no explanation for the delay in his motion and has filed no reply to Defendants' opposition, or an opposition to their motion to strike the SAC to

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refute their assertion that they would be unduly prejudiced by another amendment.² Furthermore, the fact that Plaintiff has already filed an amended complaint gives the court broad discretion to deny leave to amend now. See Wagh, 363 F.3d at 830. Accordingly, the motion to amend is DENIED. Dkt. No. 32. Defendants' motion to strike the SAC is GRANTED. Dkt. No. 40.

D. **Motion for Extension of Time to Complete Discovery**

After Defendants filed their summary judgment motion on January 30, 2020, Dkt. No. 31, Plaintiff filed a motion for extension of time to complete discovery "so that plaintiff can get evidence to defeat summary judgment." Dkt. No. 34 at 2. The Court construes the motion as one for an extension of time to file opposition to Defendants' summary judgment motion. Defendants oppose the motion as untimely and unsupported by good cause. Dkt. No. 39.

The motion was filed on February 28, 2020, but is dated February 10, 2020. Dkt. No. 34 at 5. With the benefit of the mailbox rule, the Court finds the motion is timely filed within the deadlines provided in the Court's Order of Service. Dkt. No. 14 at 5. Plaintiff also shows good cause for an extension of time based on delays in his mail and limited access to the prison law library. Dkt. No. 34 at 2-4. Accordingly, the motion is GRANTED. Plaintiff shall file an opposition in the time set forth below.

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² Defendants filed opposition to Plaintiff's motion to amend on March 5, 2020, Dkt. No. 35, such that Plaintiff's reply thereto was due by March 19, 2020. Defendants filed their 24 motion to strike on March 13, 2020, Dkt. No. 40, such that Plaintiff's opposition was due by March 27, 2020. He filed neither. The Court notes that Plaintiff filed a letter on April 13, 2020, which is dated April 7, 2020, asserting lack of access to the prison law library 25

and its resources. Dkt. No. 42. He makes no indication therein that this lack of access has hindered his ability to file a response to any of Defendants' filings.

³ See Faile v. Upjohn Co., 988 F.2d 985, 988 (9th Cir. 1993).

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For the reasons discussed above, the Court orders as follows:

- 1. Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration of appointment of counsel is DENIED. Dkt. Nos. 28, 38.
- 2. Defendants' administrative motion to file under seal has been withdrawn. Dkt. No. 36. Accordingly, the motion is STRICKEN. The Clerk shall terminate the motion.
- 3. Plaintiff's motion to amend is DENIED. Dkt. No. 32. Defendants' motion to strike the amended complaint is GRANTED. Dkt. No. 40. The second amended complaint filed on March 5, 2020, shall be STRICKEN. Dkt. No. 37.
- 4. Plaintiff's motion for an extension of time to complete discovery and file an opposition to Defendants' summary judgment is GRANTED. Dkt. No. 34. Plaintiff's opposition shall be filed no later than forty-five (45) days from the date this order is filed. Defendants shall file a reply brief no later than twenty-one (21) days after Plaintiff's opposition is filed.

This order terminates Docket Nos. 28, 29, 32, 34, 38, and 40.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 16, 2020

United States District Judge

Order Addressing Pending Motions PRO-SE\BLF\CR.18\04511Saddozai mots