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0	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
1	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
12	LEONARD MICHAEL MARELLA, ) Ci	vil No.03cv660 BEN (AJB)	
13		RDER:	
4	v. ) ) 1)	Setting Briefing Schedule for	
15	C.A. TERHUNE, et al.,	pplemental Briefing; and	
16	Defendants.	Providing Plaintiff Notice rsuant Klingele / Rand	
17	The Court hereby ORDERS further briefing with regard to: 1) Plaintiff's access to the 602 form		

17 The Court hereby ORDERS further briefing with regard to: 1) Plaintiff's access to the 602 form
and writing instrument during the relevant time period; and 2) whether Plaintiff was administered any
psychiatric medications during the relevant time period. Defendants shall *on or before January 25*,
20 2011, file and personally serve upon the Plaintiff: 1) supplemental briefing on these issues and 2) a copy
of this Order. The Plaintiff shall file his opposition to Defendants' supplemental brief *on or before February 15, 2011*. Should the Defendants wish to file a reply to the Plaintiff's opposition, they must
do so *on or before February 22, 2011*.

With regard to the requested supplemental briefing ordered by the Court, the Court provides the
following notice to the Plaintiff pursuant to *Rand v. Rowland*, 154 F.3d 952 (9th Cir. 1998) (en banc)
and *Klingele v. Eikenberry*, 849 F.2d 409 (9th Cir. 1988):

27 28 The Defendants have filed a Motion for Summary Judgment by which they seek to have your
 case dismissed. A Motion for Summary Judgment under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil
 Procedure will, if granted, end your case.

4 Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to oppose a Motion for Summary Judgment. 5 Generally, summary judgment must be granted when there is no genuine issue of material fact--that is, if there is no real dispute about any fact that would affect the result of your case, the party who asked for 6 7 summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party 8 you are suing makes a motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or other 9 sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says. Instead, you must set out 10 specific facts in declarations, depositions, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as 11 provided by Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the defendants' declarations and documents 12 and show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be entered against you. If summary judgment is 13 14 granted, your case will be dismissed and there will be no trial.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: January 7, 2011

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Hon. Anthony J. Battaglia U.S. Magistrate Judge United States District Court