Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR

Document 6

Filed 04/23/2007

EXHIBIT C-2

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- 37. Plaintiffs and Class members purchased pet food produced by the Defendant based on the understanding that the food was safe for their pets to consume.
- 38. The pet food produced by the Defendant was not safe for pets to consume and caused dogs and cats to become ill. The unsafe nature of the pet food constituted a breach of contract.
- 39. As a result of the breach Phointiffs and Class members suffered damages the top 23/2 007 fairly and reasonably be considered as arising naturally from the breach or may reasonably be supposed to have been in the contemplation of the parties, at the time they made the contract, as the probable result of the breach of it.

VII. UNJUST ENRICHMENT

- 40. Plaintiffs reallege all prior allegations as though fully stated herein.
- 41. Defendant was and continues to be unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiffs and other Class members.
 - 42. Defendant should be required to disgorge this unjust enrichment.

VIII. UNLAWFUL, DECEPTIVE AND UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES

- 43. Plaintiffs reallege all prior allegations as though fully stated herein.
- 44. Defendant's sale of tainted pet food constitutes an unlawful, deceptive and unfair business act within the meaning of the Washington Consumer Protection Act, RCW 19.86 et seq., and similar statutory enactments of other states (including consumer protection and consumer sales practice acts).
- 45. Defendant's sale of hazardous pet food has the capacity to deceive a substantial portion of the public and to affect the public interest.
- 46. As a result of Defendant's unfair or deceptive acts or practices, Plaintiffs and other Class members suffered injuries in an amount to be proven at trial.

IX. BREACH OF WARRANTIES

47. Plaintiffs reallege all prior allegations as though fully stated herein.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 6 Case No.



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- 48. Cat food and dog food produced by Menu Foods are "goods" within the meaning of Uniform Commercial Code Article 2.
- 49. Defendant's conduct as described herein constitutes breach of an implied or express warranty of affirmation.
- 50. Defendant's conduct as described herein constitutes breach of an implied warranty of merchantabilityse 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007
- 51. Defendant's conduct as described herein constitutes breach of an implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose.
- 52. As a proximate result of the aforementioned wrongful conduct and breach,
 Plaintiffs and other Class members have suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

 Defendant had actual or constructive notice of such damages.

X. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and Class members request that the Court enter an order of judgment against Defendant including the following:

Certification of the action as a class action under Rule 23(b)(1) - (3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure with respect to the claims for damages, and appointment of Plaintiffs as Class Representative and their counsel of record as Class Counsel;

Actual damages (including all general, special, incidental, and consequential damages), statutory damages (including treble damages), punitive damages (as allowed by the law(s) of the states having a legally sufficient connection with Defendant and its acts or omissions) and such other relief as provided by the statutes cited herein;

Prejudgment and post-judgment interest on such monetary relief;

Equitable relief in the form of restitution and/or disgorgement of all unlawful or illegal profits received by Defendant as a result of the unfair, unlawful and/or deceptive conduct alleged herein:

Other appropriate injunctive relief;

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 7 Case No.



1301 FITH AVENUE, SUITE 2900 • SEATILE, WA 98101 IELEPHONE (206) 623-7292 • FACSIMILE (206) 623-0594

Page 3

001958-11 161466 V1

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1	The costs of bringing this suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees; and	•
2	Such other relief as this Court may deem just, equitable and proper.	
3	DATED this 27th day of March, 2007.	
4	HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP	, ·
5		
6	Case 3:07-cv-00 Res 18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/18/1	007
7	1301 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2900	
8	Seattle, Washington 98101 Telephone: (206) 623-7292 Facsimile: (206) 623-0594	
9	E-mail: steve@hbsslaw.com	
0		
1	MYERS & COMPANY, P.L.L.C. Michael David Myers	İ
2	WSBA No. 22486 Myers & Company, P.L.L.C.	
3	1809 Seventh Avenue, Suite 700 Seattle, Washington 98101	
4	Telephone: (206) 398-1188 Facsimile: (206) 400-1112	
5	E-mail: <u>mmyers@myers-company.com</u>	
16	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 8 Case No.



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- 3. Dog and cat food which the defendants produced has caused an unknown number of dogs and cats to become ill and die.
- 4. To date, Menu Foods has recalled 50 brands of dog food and 40 brands of cat food which are causing dogs and cats to become ill. All recalled food to date is of the "cuts and gravy wet" style.
- 5. As a result of the Defendants actions, Plaintiffs and other Class members lave suffered 2007 noneconomic and economic damage.

II. JURISDICTION, PARTIES, AND VENUE

- 6. This court has subject-matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(1) based on diversity and an amount of controversy in excess of \$75,000. This court has supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 7. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because the Defendants systematically and continuously sold their product within this district, and Defendants transact business within this district.
- 8. Eleven-year-old, female canine named Shasta ("Shasta") was regarded by Plaintiffs as their ward, sentient personalty, and member of their family.
- 9. Plaintiffs MICHELE SUGGETT and DON JAMES ("Plaintiffs") are, and at all times herein were, residents of this judicial district and the owners/guardians of Shasta.
- 10. Defendant Menu Foods is, upon information and belief, a corporation organized under the laws of Canada that transacts business in Washington State and Oregon State.
- 11. Defendant The Iams Company, is upon information and belief, a foreign corporation that transacts business in Washington State and Oregon State.
- 12. Defendant Eukanuba, is upon information and belief, a foreign corporation that transacts business in Washington State and Oregon State.
- 13. There are numerous other persons or entities, DOG FOOD PRODUCERS, CAT FOOD PRODUCERS, AND DOES 1-100, identities presently unknown to Plaintiffs who are, and were at all times mentioned herein, acting in concert or are jointly and severally liable with the above named Defendants. Each of the DOE Defendants sued herein under a fictitious name is responsible in some manner for the events and occurrences referred to herein. When the true names, capacities and involvement of said Defendants are ascertained, Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend the complaint accordingly.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 2

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14. Plaintiffs bring this suit as a class action pursuant to Rules 23(a), (b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of themselves and a Plaintiff Class (the "Class") composed of all persons who purchased any dog or cat food which was produced by the defendants and/or has had a dog or cat become ill or die as a result of eating the food. Plaintiffs reserve the right to modify this class definition prior to moving for class certification.

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- 15. This action has been brought and may be properly maintained as a class action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for the following reasons:
- a. The Class is ascertainable and there is a well-defined community of interest among the members of the Class;
- b. Membership in the Class is so numerous as to make it impractical to bring all Class members before the Court. The identity and exact number of Class members is unknown but is estimated to be at least in the hundreds, if not thousands considering the fact that Menu Foods has identified 50 dog foods and 40 cat foods which may be causing harm to companion animals.
- c. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of those of other Class members, all of whom have suffered harm due to Defendants' uniform course of conduct.
 - d. Plaintiffs are members of the Class.
- e. There are numerous and substantial questions of law and fact common to all of the members of the Class which control this litigation and predominate over any individual issues pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3). The common issues include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - i. Did the defendants make representations regarding the safety of the dog and cat food they produced and sold?
 - ii. Were the defendants' representations regarding the safety of the dog and cat food false?
 - iii. Did the defendants' dog and cat food cause or allow Plaintiffs and other Class members' companion animals to become ill or die?
 - iv. Did the defendants produce a hazardous product for nonhuman animal consumption? If so, did this occur as a result of negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, or intentional conduct?

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 3

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114 W. Magnolia St., Stc. 425 • Bellingham, WA 98225 (360) 738-7273 • Facsimile: (360) 392-3936 adam@animal-lawyer.com : These and other questions of law or fact which are common to the members of the

Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the Class;

Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class in that Plaintiffs have no interests that are antagonistic to other members of the Class and has retained counsel competent in the prosecution of class actions to represent themselves and

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Without a class action, the Class will continue to suffer damage, Defendants' violations of the law or laws will continue without remedy, and Defendants will continue to

- Given (i) the substantive complexity of this litigation; (ii) the size of individual Class members' claims; and (iii) the limited resources of the Class members, few, if any, Class members could afford to seek legal redress individually for the wrongs Defendants have committed against them;
- This action will foster an orderly and expeditious administration of Class claims, economies of time, effort and expense, and uniformity of decision;
- Inferences and presumptions of materiality and reliance are available to obtain k. class-wide determinations of those elements within the Class claims, as are accepted methodologies for class-wide proof of damages; alternatively, upon adjudication of Defendants' common liability, the Court can efficiently determine the claims of the individual Class members;
- This action presents no difficulty that would impede the Court's management of it as a class action, and a class action is the best (if not the only) available means by which members of the Class can seek legal redress for the harm caused them by Defendants.
- In the absence of a class action, Defendants would be unjustly enriched because they would be able to retain the benefits and fruits of their wrongful conduct.
- 16. The Claims in this case are also properly certifiable under applicable law.

IV. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 17. Plaintiffs were the owners and guardians of Shasta, a female Pomeranian.
- 18. Plaintiffs purchased contaminated Eukanuba Adult Bites in Gravy (lamb & rice, beef & gravy, savory chicken) ("contaminated food") on or about February 16, 2007 from Petsmart.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 4

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Plaintiffs started feeding the contaminated food to Shasta on or about March 15, 2	d to Shasta on or about March 13, 2007.	a toog te	contaminated	eding the	started i	. Piainuiis
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- 20. After eating the contaminated food, Shasta became extremely ill, causing the Plaintiffs to take her to a veterinarian on or about March 19, 2007. The veterinarian informed them that Shasta suffered devastatingly acute renal failure. On or about March 20, 2007, Shasta arrested and died.
- 21. Plaintiffs witnessed Shasta's deceased body shortly after she died and before a substantial change in her condition and location change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her condition and location before a substantial change in her case 3:07-cV-00706-BTM-POR discussion before a substantial change in her case 3:07-cV-00706-BTM-POR discussion before a substantial change in her case 3:07-cV-00706-BTM-POR discussion before a substantial change in her case 3:07-cV-00706-BTM-POR discussion before a substantial change in her case a subs
- 22. In March 2007 Menu Foods recalled 50 brands of cuts and gravy wet-style dog food and 40 brands of cuts and gravy wet-style cat food which had caused dogs and cats to become ill. One common symptom in the sick animals was kidney failure, also known as acute renal failure.
- The contaminated food that Shasta consumed is one of the brands that Menu Foods recalled.
- 24. The Plaintiffs lost Shasta's intrinsic value, as based on her unique qualities, characteristics, training, and bond, as well as the loss of her utility, companionship, love, affection, and solace. At the time of her death, Shasta had no fair market value and could not be replaced or reproduced. Rather, she had an intrinsic value.
- 25. The Plaintiffs owned and formed a relationship with Shasta for 11 years. She was a close family companion throughout that period and had special value, aiding Plaintiffs in their enjoyment of life, well-being, growth, development, and daily activities.
- 26. As a result of Defendants' actions causing Shasta's death, the Plaintiffs have suffered loss of enjoyment of life, interference with use and quiet enjoyment of their realty and personalty, and general damages pertaining to loss of use.
- 27. As a result of Defendants' acts and omissions the Plaintiffs and other Class members have suffered emotional and economic damage, including but not limited to mental anguish, loss or reduction of enjoyment of life, interference with use and quiet enjoyment of realty and/or personalty, wage loss, current and future veterinary and health-related bills, depreciation in or extinguishment of intrinsic, special, unique, or peculiar value, loss of use and/or companionship, actual, incidental, and consequential damages.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF - UNJUST ENRICHMENT

28. Defendants were and continue to be unjustly enriched at the expense of the Plaintiffs and other Class members.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 5

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- 30. Defendants' sale of tainted pet food constitutes an unlawful, deceptive and unfair business act within the meaning of the Washington Consumer Protection Act, RCW 19.86 et seq., and similar statutory enactments of other states (including consumer protection and consumer sales protection and consumer sa
- 31. Defendants' sale of hazardous dog and cat food has the capacity to deceive a substantial portion of the public and to affect the public interest.
- 32. As a result of Defendants' unfair or deceptive acts or practices, Plaintiffs and other class members suffered injuries in an amount to be proven at trial.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF - BREACH OF WARRANTY

- 33. Cat food and dog food produced by Menu Foods are "goods" within the meaning of Uniform Commercial Code Article 2.
- 34. Defendants' conduct as described herein constitutes breach of an implied or express warranty of affirmation.
- 35. Defendants' conduct as described herein constitutes breach of an implied warranty of merchantability.
- 36. Defendants' conduct as described herein constitutes breach of an implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose.
- 37. As a proximate result of the aforementioned wrongful conduct and breach, Plaintiffs and other class members have suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial. Defendants had actual or constructive notice of such damages.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - DECLARATORY RELIEF

- 38. This court has the authority to render a declaratory judgment pertaining to Plaintiffs and Class Members' rights, status and other legal relations.
- 39. Plaintiffs and Class Members are entitled to a declaratory judgment that, as a matter of law, their companion animals had no fair market value, no replacement value, but, rather, an intrinsic, peculiar, unique, or special value premised on their non-fungible and irreplaceable nature.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 6

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- 40. Defendants owed Plaintiffs and class members a duty to exercise reasonable care in representing the safety of its dog and cat foods.
- 41. Defendants falsely represented that its dog and cat food was safe for consumption by dogs and cats.
- 42. In reality, defendants' dog and cat food caused dogs and cats to become ill and, in some cases, to die.
- 43. Plaintiffs and class members reasonably rened on the information provided by Defendants regarding the safety of its dog and cat food.
- 44. As a proximate cause of Defendants' false representations, Plaintiffs and other Class members suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

45. IN THE ALTERNATIVE that Defendants' acts are not deemed intentional or reckless, Defendants' conduct was negligent insofar as they failed to take reasonable care to avoid causing Plaintiff and Class Members emotional distress in relation to the failure to warn and failure to produce safe food for nonhuman animal consumption. These actions or inactions caused Plaintiff and Class Members emotional distress. Said emotional distress was manifested by objective symptomology by some of the Class Members.

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - NUISANCE

- 46. Defendants' behavior described above constitutes a private nuisance and public nuisance.
- 47. Under Washington law, specifically RCW 7.48.010 and 7.48.150 (private nuisance) and RCW 7.48.130 and RCW 7.48.210 (public nuisance), and similar anti-nuisance laws (at common law and by statute), Defendants are liable to plaintiffs for general damages sustained by virtue of their omission to perform a duty, which act, namely, allowing contaminated and poisoned food products to enter Plaintiff and Class Members' households under false pretenses of safety, resulting in pain, suffering, illness, and death to Class Members' companion animals, annoyed, injured, and endangered the comfort, repose, and safety of Plaintiffs and Class Members, essentially interfering in the comfortable enjoyment of their real and personal property and their lives.

EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - BREACH OF CONTRACT

48. Plaintiffs and Class members purchased dog and cat food produced by the defendants

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 7

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based on the understanding that the food was safe for their companion animals to consume.

- 49. The dog and cat food produced by the defendants was not safe for companion animals to consume and caused dogs and cats to become ill or die. The unsafe nature of the pet food constituted a breach of contract.
- 50. As a result of the breach, Plaintiffs and Class members suffered damages which may fairly and reasonably be considered as arising naturally from the breach or may reasonably be supposed to have been in the contemplation of the parties, at the time they made the contract, as the probable result of the breach of it.
- 51. To the extent defendants' breach was reckless, wanton, or intentional and defendants knew or had reason to know that, when the contract was made, breach would cause mental suffering for reasons other than pecuniary loss, defendants inflicted upon Plaintiffs and Class members emotional distress.

NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - GROSS NEGLIGENCE

- 52. In the event Defendants are not found to have acted recklessly, Plaintiffs and Class Members plead IN THE ALTERNATIVE that Defendants knew and/or should have known that there was a strong possibility that harm would be inflicted on Plaintiffs and Class Members as a result of their disregard in ensuring that safe foodstuffs entered the commercial dog and cat food supply, recalling the tainted product before the illness and death toll rose further, and/or not warning consumers of the tainted product.
- 53. Defendants acted indifferently to the high degree of manifest danger and erroneous destruction of sentient property, to wit, Class Members' companion animals, to which Plaintiffs and Class Members would be and was exposed by such conduct.
- 54. The proximate cause of Plaintiffs and Class Members' injuries was the grossly negligent conduct of Defendants in the above regard.

TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - PRODUCTS LIABILITY

- 55. Defendants are strictly liable under RCW 7.72.030 (and analogous products liability statutes around the nation) for proximately causing harm to Plaintiffs by manufacturing a product that was not reasonable safe in construction.
- 56. The proximate cause of Plaintiffs and Class Members' injuries was the grossly negligent conduct of Defendants in the above regard.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 8

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food, as well as failing to warn of the design and/or manufacturing defects, making them liable under RCW 7.72.030 (and analogous products liability statutes around the nation).

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

57. Defendants may also be liable for design defects in the production of the contaminated

58. Plaintiffs and Class Members reserve the right to amend the complaint to include additional causes of action and allegations as they are discovered in the course of litigation. Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007

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WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1. Certification of the action as a class action pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure with respect to the claims for damages, and appointment of Plaintiffs as Class Representatives and their counsel of record as Class Counsel;
- 2. Actual damages (including all general, special, incidental, and consequential damages), statutory damages (including treble damages), punitive damages (as allowed by the law(s) of the states having a legally sufficient connection with defendants and their acts or omissions) and such other relief as provided by the
- 3. For economic damages, representing the intrinsic, special, peculiar, or unique value of the Plaintiffs and Class Members' injured and/or killed companion animals,
- 4. For special and general damages relating to loss of the Plaintiffs' and Class Members' companion animals' utility (e.g., companionship) from date of loss to date
- 5. For noneconomic damages, including emotional distress, interference with the Plaintiffs and Class Members' lives, and the use and quiet enjoyment of their realty and personalty, loss and/or reduction of enjoyment of life, subject to proof and
- 6. For incidental and consequential damages arising from breach of contract;
- 8. For wage loss and other aftercare expenses incurred during the companion animals'

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24 25 9. Prejudgment and post-judgment interest on such monetary relief;

10. Equitable relief in the form of restitution and/or disgorgement of all unlawful or illegal profits received by Defendants as a result of the unfair, unlawful and/or deceptive conduct alleged herein;

11. Other appropriate Diriginative 7006 FBTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007

12. The costs of bringing this suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees; AND

13. Such other relief as this Court may deem just, equitable and proper.

14. NOTICE: Plaintiffs intend to seek damages in excess of \$10,000. Accordingly, this case is not subject to RCW 4.84.250-,280.

Dated this March 27, 2007.

ANIMAL LAW OFFICES

Adam P. Karp, WSBA Wo. 28622

Attorney for Plaintiffs and Class Members

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 10

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U. S. DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS FILED

MAR 2 1 2007

CHRIS R. JOHNSON, CLERK

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS FAYETTEVILLE DIVISION

DEPUTY CLERK

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Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 File 0/3/23/2007 SIMS and PAMELA SIMS, § CIVIL ACTION NO.

CHARLES RAY SIMS and PAMELA SIMS, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

VERSUS

MENU FOODS INCOME FUND,
MENU FOODS MIDWEST CORPORATION,
MENU FOODS SOUTH DAKOTA INC.,
MENU FOODS, INC., MENU FOODS
HOLDINGS, INC.,

Defendants.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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NOW INTO COURT, through undersigned counsel, come Plaintiffs, CHARLES RAY SIMS and PAMELA SIMS (hereinafter collectively "Plaintiff," "Plaintiffs", or "SIMS"), major residents in the State of Arkansas, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, who file this Class Action Complaint pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3), seeking monetary relief for themselves and the class they seek to represent. This suit is brought against MENU FOODS INCOME FUND, MENU FOODS MIDWEST CORPORATION, MENU FOODS SOUTH DAKOTA INC., MENU FOODS, INC., and MENU FOODS HOLDINGS, INC., representing as follows:

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- This is an action for damages relating to Defendants' design, manufacture, sale, testing, marketing, advertising, promotion and/or distribution of unsafe canned and foil pouched dog and cat food.
- 2. This Court has jurisdiction per the subject matternand Defendants 04/23/2007 case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because there is complete diversity of citizenship between Plaintiffs and Defendants and the matter in controversy involves a request that the Court certify a class action.
- 3. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the acts, conduct and damages complained of occurred in this district as Plaintiffs' residency is in Benton County, Arkansas, within the geographical boundaries of this Court.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. Defendant MENU FOODS INCOME FUND is an unincorporated company with its principal place of business in Ontario, Canada. It is doing business in the State of Arkansas. Jurisdiction is appropriate pursuant to the Arkansas Long Arm Statute, Sec. 16-4-101, and service may be effected through the Hague Convention on service abroad of judicial and extrajudicial documents and civil or commercial matters (The Hague Convention) at 8 Falconer Drive, Streetsville, Ontario, Canada L5N 1B1.
- 5. MENU FOODS MIDWEST CORPORATION is a Delaware corporation and may be served through its registered agent for service, The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware.

- 6. Defendant MENU FOODS SOUTH DAKOTA INC. is a Delaware corporation and may be served through its registered agent for service, The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware.
- 7. Defendant MENU FOODS HOLDINGS, INC. is a Delaware corporation and may be served throught-its-cognition and may be served throught-its-cognition and Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware.
- 8. Defendant MENU FOODS, INC. is a New Jersey corporation and may be served through its registered agent for service, Corporation Trust Company, 820 Bear Tavern Road, West Trenton, New Jersey.
- 9. Defendants MENU FOODS INCOME FUND, MENU FOODS MIDWEST CORPORATION, MENU FOODS SOUTH DAKOTA INC., MENU FOODS, INC., and MENU FOODS HOLDINGS, INC. are hereinafter referred to collectively as "Defendants" or "MENU."
- ORPORATION, MENU FOODS SOUTH DAKOTA INC., MENU FOODS, INC., and MENU FOODS HOLDINGS, INC. are wholly owned subsidiaries of MENU FOODS INCOME FUND, a business entity registered in and headquartered in Ontario, Canada. MENU provides principal development, exporting, financing, holding company, marketing, production, research and servicing for MENU animal food products in the United States, including canned and foil pouched dog and cat food. MENU FOODS INCOME FUND is one of the largest animal food producing companies in the world, and MENU operates as one of the largest animal food companies in the United States,

whether measured by number of products produced and sold, revenues, or market capitalization.

- 11. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants were engaged in the business of the manufacturing, packaging, marketing, distribution, promotion, and sale of dog and cat canned and followiched feed products (hereinafter the "Product"), and at all times Filed 04/23/2007 herein relevant, were engaged in the promotion and marketing of animal food products, including canned and foil pouched dog and cat food.
- 12. Plaintiff CHARLES RAY SIMS resides at 2705 W. Dogwood, Rogers, Arkansas. At all times material to this complaint, he was a resident of Rogers, in the State of Arkansas.
- 13. Plaintiff PAMELA SIMS resides at 2705 W. Dogwood, Rogers, Arkansas.

 At all times material to this complaint, she was a resident of Rogers, in the State of Arkansas.
- 14. Plaintiffs CHARLES RAY SIMS and PAMELA SIMS were the owners of a family dog ("ABBY") at all times material to this complaint.
- This Court has diversity jurisdiction and jurisdiction pursuant to the Class
 Action Fairness Act of 2005.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

16. Defendant MENU manufactured, distributed, marketed and sold canned and foil pouched dog and cat food to consumers in the United States. These consumers compose the putative class in this action and have rights that are substantially the same.

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- 17. Defendant MENU has issued a recall for over 90 brands of dog and cat canned and foil pouched food in the United States since March 16, 2007, translating to in excess of sixty million cans and pouches of dog and cat food recalled throughout the United States.
- 18. The Consumers composing the putative class in this action consist of: (1) all persons or entities who purchased Menu Food brands at any time and disposed of or will not use the products based on publicity surrounding the safety and recall of the products; (2) all persons or entities who purchased Menu Foods products and fed products to their pets on or since December 6, 2006; and (3) all persons or entities who purchased Menu Food products from wholesale distributors on or since December 6, 2006 to the present.
- 19. The consumers composing the putative class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable; the questions of law or fact are common to all members of the class; the claims and defenses of Plaintiff SIMS are typical of the claims or defenses of the class; and Plaintiff SIMS will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class.
- 20. While the exact number and identities of the members of the class are unknown at this time, it is asserted that the class consists of thousands of persons. Upon further identification of the recipient class, class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by published class notice and/or by other means deemed appropriate by the Court.
- 21. The sheer number of consumers composing the putative class are so numerous as to make separate actions by each consumer impractical and unfair and a

class action certification represents the superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy in question.

22. There is no plain, speedy or adequate remedy other than by maintenance of this class action because Plaintiffs SIMS are informed and believe that the economic damage to each the place which properties become and believe that the economic damage to each the place which properties become allowed by the pursue of the place of the place. There would be a failure of justice but for the maintenance of this class action.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 23. Plaintiff's dog, ABBY, died as a direct result of the ingestion of canned and/or foil pouched dog food manufactured and distributed in the United States by Defendants.
- 24. Defendants distributed their "Cuts and Gravy" canned and foil pouched dog and cat food product by misleading users about the product and by failing to adequately warn the users of the potential serious dangers, which Defendants knew or should have known, might result from animals consuming its product. Defendants widely and successfully marketed Defendants' canned and foil pouched dog and cat food products throughout the United States by, among other things, conducting promotional campaigns that misrepresented the safety of Defendants' products in order to induce widespread use and consumption.
- 25. As a result of claims made by Defendants regarding the safety and effectiveness of Defendants' canned and foil pouched dog and cat food products, Plaintiff SIMS fed their dog, ABBY, canned dog food distributed under the format "Cuts and Gravy", said product being manufactured and distributed by Defendants.

- 26. As a result of Plaintiffs SIMS feeding their dog, ABBY, the Product manufactured and distributed by Defendants, their dog developed severe health problems, including but not limited to anorexia, lethargy, diarrhea and vomiting.
- 27. Plaintiffs SIMS took their dog, ABBY, to Dr. Eric P. Steinlage, at All Dogs

 Clinic, Rogers, Ark@psss.3wbp-performentests/and-owger-bootine dog.

 Filed 04/23/2007
- 28. Dr. Eric P. Steinlage determined that Defendants' Product was the cause of the dog's kidney failure and the dog died on March 16, 2007.
- 29. Had Plaintiff SIMS known the risks and dangers associated with Defendants' canned and foil pouched dog food product sold under the format "Cuts and Gravy", or had Defendants disclosed such information to Plaintiff, he would not have fed Defendants' product to their dog, ABBY, and the dog would not have suffered subsequent health complications and ultimately died before the age of two.
- 30. Upon information and belief, as a result of the manufacturing and marketing of Defendants' canned and foil pouched dog and cat food products, Defendants have reaped huge profits; while concealing from the public, knowledge of the potential hazard associated with the ingestion of Defendants' canned and foil pouched dog and cat food products.
- 31. Defendants failed to perform adequate testing in that the adequate testing would have shown that Defendants' canned and foil pouched dog and cat food products produced serious side effects with respect to which Defendants should have taken appropriate measures to ensure that its defectively designed product would not be placed into the stream of commerce and/or should have provided full and proper

warnings accurately and fully reflecting the scope and severity of symptoms of those side effects should have been made.

- 32. Defendants' had notice and knowledge as early as February 20, 2007, that their Product presented substantial and unreasonable risks, and possible death, to animals consuming the Product Asysteh Tail Consumers' dogs and cats, including Plaintiff's dog, ABBY, were unreasonably subjected to the risk of illness or death from the consumption of Defendants' Product.
- 33. Despite such knowledge, Defendants, through their officers, directors, partners and managing agents for the purpose of increasing sales and enhancing its profits, knowingly and deliberately failed to remedy the known defects of Defendants' Product in a timely manner, failed to conduct testing in a timely manner, and failed to warn the public in a timely manner, including Plaintiff, of the serious risk of illness and death occasioned by the defects inherent in Defendants' Product.
- 34. Defendants and their officers, agents, partners and managers intentionally proceeded with the manufacturing, distribution, sale and marketing of Defendants' Product, knowing that the dogs and cats ingesting the Defendants' Product would be exposed to serious potential danger, in order to advance their own pecuniary interests.
- 35. Defendants' conduct was wanton and willful, and displayed a conscious disregard for the safety of the Product and particularly of the damage it would cause pet owners like the SIMS, entitling these Plaintiffs to exemplary damages.
- 36. Defendants acted with conscious and wanton disregard of the health and safety of Plaintiff's dog, ABBY, and Plaintiff requests an award of additional damages for the sake of example and for the purpose of punishing such entities for their conduct,

in an amount sufficiently large to be an example to others, and to deter Defendants and others from engaging in similar conduct in the future. The above-described wrongful conduct was done with knowledge, authorization, and ratification of officers, directors, partners and managing agents of Defendants.

37. As a Chirect 3a0 of - proximate resplant Defendants' negligence as described Filed 04/23/2007 herein, Plaintiff SIMS sustained damages in the loss of their family pet.

AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION SOUNDING IN STRICT PRODUCT LIABILITY - FAILURE TO WARN

- 38. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference each and every paragraph of this complaint as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- 39. Defendants manufactured, marketed, distributed, and supplied Defendants' Product to distribution centers throughout the United States. As such, Defendants had a duty to warn the public, including Plaintiff, of the health risks and possible death associated with using Defendants' Product.
- 40. Defendants' Product was under the exclusive control of Defendants, and was sold without adequate warnings regarding the risk of serious injury and other risks associated with its use.
- 41. As a direct and proximate result of the defective condition of Defendants' Product as manufactured and/or supplied by Defendants, and as a direct and proximate result of negligence, gross negligence, willful and wanton misconduct, or other wrongdoing and actions of Defendants described herein, Plaintiff suffered damages.
- 42. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew of the defective nature of Defendants' Product but continued to design, manufacture, market, and sell it so as to maximize sales and profits at the expense of animal health and safety, in knowing,

conscious, and deliberate disregard of the foreseeable harm caused by Defendants' Product and in violation of their duty to provide an accurate, adequate, and complete warning concerning the use of Defendants' Product.

- 43. Defendants failed to warn the public or Plaintiff in a timely manner of the dangerous propensities of Defendants of Preduct Pyhich dangers were known or should be been known to Defendants, as they were scientifically readily available.
- 44. Defendants knew and intended that Defendants' Product would be distributed through the United States without any inspection for defects.
- 45. Defendants also knew that veterinary clinics, pet food stores, food chains and users such as Plaintiff would rely upon the representations and warranties made by Defendants on the product labels and in other promotional and sales materials upon which the Plaintiff did so rely.
- 46. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' distribution of the product without adequate warnings regarding the health risks to animals, the Plaintiffs suffered damage as previously alleged herein, including ascertainable economic loss, including the purchase price of Defendants' Product, out-of-pocket costs of veterinary medical tests and treatment for their dog, ABBY, out-of-pocket costs of disposal/burial fees after the death of their dog, ABBY, as well as the pecuniary value.
- 47. Defendants' conduct in the packaging, warning, marketing, advertising, promotion, distribution, and sale of Defendants' pet foods, was committed with knowing, conscious, and deliberate disregard for the rights and safety of consumers such as Plaintiffs' pets, thereby entitling Plaintiffs to punitive damages in an amount to be

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determined at trial that is appropriate to punish Defendants and deter them from similar conduct in the future.

48. The damages resulting from the allegations asserted under this cause of action, exceed the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005/06-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007

AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION SOUNDING IN STRICT PRODUCT LIABILITY - DEFECTIVE IN DESIGN OR MANUFACTURE

- 49. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference each and every paragraph of this complaint as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- 50. Defendants were the manufacturers, sellers, distributors, marketers, and/or suppliers of Defendants' Product, which was defective and unreasonably dangerous to the Plaintiffs' pets.
- 51. Defendants' Product was sold, distributed, supplied, manufactured, marketed, and/or promoted by Defendants, and was expected to reach and did reach consumers without substantial change in the condition in which it was manufactured and sold by Defendants.
- 52. The Product was manufactured, supplied, and/or sold by Defendants and was defective in design or formulation in that when it left the hands of the manufacturers and/or sellers it was unreasonably dangerous in that its foreseeable risks exceeded the benefits associated with the designs and/or formulations of the Product.
- 53. Upon information and belief, Defendants actually knew of the defective nature of Defendants' Product but continued to design, manufacture, market, and sell it so as to maximize sales and profits at the expense of the public health and safety, in conscious disregard of the foreseeable harm caused by Defendants' Product.

- 54. At all times material to this action, the Product was designed, tested, inspected, manufactured, assembled, developed, labeled, sterilized, licensed, marketed, advertised, promoted, sold, packaged, supplied and/or distributed by Defendants in a defective and unreasonably dangerous condition in ways which include, but are not limited to a present of the design of the Bowling OR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007
 - a. When placed in the stream of commerce, the Product contained unreasonably dangerous design defects and was not reasonably safe and fit for its intended or reasonably foreseeable purpose or as intended to be used, thereby subjecting the dogs and cats of the consumers, including Plaintiff, to risks which exceeded the benefits of the Product;
 - b. The Product was insufficiently tested;
 - The Product caused serious illness, harmful side effects, and possible death that outweighed any potential utility;
 - d. In light of the potential and actual risk of harm associated with ingestion of the Product by dogs and cats, a reasonable person who had actual knowledge of this potential and actual risk of harm would have concluded that the Product should not have been marketed, distributed or sold in that condition.
 - 55. At all times material to this action, the Product was designed, tested, inspected, manufactured, assembled, developed, labeled, sterilized, licensed, marketed, advertised, promoted, sold, packaged, supplied and/or distributed, it was

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expected to reach, and did reach, purchasers of the Product across the United States, including Plaintiff, without substantial change in the defective and unreasonably dangerous condition in which it was sold.

- 56. At all times, Plaintiff purchased the Product for its intended or reasonably foreseeable purposes 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007
- 57. As a direct, legal proximate and producing result of the defective and unreasonably dangerous condition of the Product, Plaintiff sustained damage, for which Plaintiff is entitled to recovery.
- 58. As a direct, legal, proximate and producing result of the defective and unreasonably dangerous condition of the Product, Plaintiff's dog, ABBY, was injured in health, strength and activity and subsequently died after having suffered physical injuries.
- 59. As a direct, legal, proximate and producing result of the defective and unreasonably dangerous condition of the Product, Plaintiff's dog, ABBY, required reasonable and necessary veterinary treatment and services and incurred expenses for which Plaintiff is entitled to damages, along with the expenses of disposal/burial of the family pet.
- 60. As a direct and proximate result of the design and manufacturing defects of Defendants' Product, Plaintiff suffered damages as previously alleged herein.
- 61. Defendants' aforementioned conduct was committed with knowing, conscious, and deliberate disregard for the rights and safety of consumers such as Plaintiff, including Defendants' knowingly withholding and/or misrepresenting information to the public, including Plaintiff, which information was material and relevant

to the harm in question, punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial that are appropriate to punish Defendants and deter them from similar conduct in the future.

62. The damages resulting from the allegations asserted under this cause of action, exceed the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fatrages 3.4070 2.005706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007

AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION, SOUNDING IN FRAUD

- 63. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference each and every paragraph of this complaint as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- 64. At all material times, Defendants were engaged in the business of manufacturing, marketing, distributing, promoting, and selling Defendants' Product.
- 65. Defendants made misrepresentations of material facts to, and omitted and/or concealed material facts from, Plaintiff in the advertising, marketing, distribution and sale of Defendants' Product regarding its safety and use.
- 66. Defendants deliberately and intentionally misrepresented to, and omitted and/or concealed material facts from, consumers, including Plaintiff SIMS, that Defendants' Product was safe when ingested by dogs and cats. Such misrepresentations, omissions, and concealments of facts include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Failing to disclose, and/or intentionally concealing, the results of tests showing the potential health risks to dogs and cats associated with the use of Defendants' Product;
 - b. Failing to include adequate warnings with Defendants' Product about the potential and actual risks and the nature, scope, severity, and duration of serious adverse effects of Defendants' Product;

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- c. Concealing information regarding the known health risks to dogs
 and cats associated with Defendants' Product; and;
- d. Concealing the known incidents of illnesses and death of dogs and cats, as previously alleged herein.
- 67. Defermants 3 intentionally 060 Bendled of facts known to them, as alleged Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007 herein, in order to ensure increased sales of Defendants' Product.
- 68. Defendants had a duty to disclose the foregoing risks and failed to do so, despite possession of information concerning those risks. Defendants' representations that Defendants' Product was safe for its intended purpose were false, as Defendants' Product was, in fact, dangerous to the health of and ultimately fatal to Plaintiff SIMS' dog, ABBY.
- 69. Defendants knew that their statements were false, knew of incidents of serious illnesses and deaths in dogs and cats, and knew that their omissions rendered their statements false or misleading.
- 70. Further, Defendants failed to exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the accuracy of the information regarding the safe use of Defendants' Product, and failed to disclose that Defendants' Product caused possible death in dogs and cats, among other serious adverse effects. Defendants also failed to exercise reasonable care in communicating the information concerning Defendants' Product to Plaintiff SIMS, and/or concealed facts that were known to Defendants.
- 71. Plaintiff SIMS was not aware of the falsity of the foregoing representations, nor was Plaintiff SIMS aware that one or more material facts concerning the safety of Defendants' Product had been concealed or omitted.

- 72. In reliance upon Defendants' misrepresentations (and the absence of disclosure of the serious health risks), Plaintiff SIMS fed Defendants' Product to their dog, ABBY. Had Plaintiff SIMS known the true facts concerning the risks associated with Defendants' Product, he would not have purchased the Product nor fed the Product to the family pet. Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007
- 73. The reliance by Plaintiff SIMS upon Defendants' misrepresentations was justified because said misrepresentations and omissions were made by individuals and entities that were in a position to know the facts concerning Defendants' Product.
- 74. Plaintiff SIMS was not in a position to know the facts because Defendants aggressively promoted the use of Defendants' Product and concealed the risks associated with its use, thereby inducing Plaintiff SIMS to purchase Defendants' Product.
- 75. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' misrepresentations, and/or concealment, Plaintiffs suffered damages as previously alleged herein.
- 76. Defendants' conduct in concealing material facts and making the foregoing misrepresentations, as alleged herein, was committed with conscious or reckless disregard of the rights and safety of consumers such as Plaintiff, thereby entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial that is appropriate to punish Defendants and deter them from similar conduct in the future.
- 77. The damages resulting from the allegations asserted under this cause of action, exceed the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005.

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AS AND FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION, SOUNDING IN IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY

- 78. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference each and every paragraph of this complaint as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007 79. Defendants manufactured, marketed, sold, and distributed Defendants Product.
- 80. At the time Defendants marketed, sold, and distributed Defendants' Product for use by Plaintiff SIMS, Defendants knew of the purpose for which Defendants' Product was intended and impliedly warranted Defendants' Product to be of merchantable quality and safe and fit for such use.
- 81. Plaintiff SIMS reasonably relied on the skill, superior knowledge, and judgment of Defendants as to whether Defendants' Product was of merchantable quality and safe and fit for its intended use.
- 82. Due to Defendants' wrongful conduct as alleged herein, Plaintiff SIMS could not have known about the risks and side effects associated with Defendants' Product until after ingestion by Plaintiff SIMS' dog, ABBY.
- 83. Contrary to such implied warranty, Defendants' Product was not of merchantable quality and was not safe or fit for its intended use.
- 84. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach of implied warranty, Plaintiff SIMS, suffered damages as previously alleged herein.
- 85. Defendants' aforementioned conduct was committed with knowing, conscious, and deliberate disregard for the rights and safety of consumers such as Plaintiff, thereby entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount to be determined at

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trial that is appropriate to punish Defendants and deter them from similar conduct in the future.

86. The damages resulting from the allegations asserted under this cause of action, exceed the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fatages 3.00 for \$200 \overline{5}706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007

AS AND FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION SOUNDING IN BREACH OF EXPRESS WARRANTY

- 87. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates herein by reference the allegations made in the above Paragraphs.
- 88. Defendants expressly warranted that the Product was safe and well accepted by dogs and cats and was safe for long-term use.
- 89. The Product does not conform to these express representations because the Product is not safe and has high levels of serious, life-threatening side effects.
- 90. As a direct and proximate result of the breach of said warranties, Plaintiff was damaged, and he is therefore entitled to damages as described herein.
- 91. The damages resulting from the allegations asserted under this cause of action, exceed the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005.

AS AND FOR A SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION SOUNDING IN NEGLIGENCE

- 92. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference each and every paragraph of this complaint as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- 93. Defendants owed a duty to consumers of Defendants' Product, including the Plaintiff, to use reasonable care in designing, testing, labeling, manufacturing,

marketing, supplying, distribution and selling Defendants' Product, including a duty to ensure that Defendants' Product did not cause the dogs and cats ingesting the Product to suffer from unreasonable, unknown, and/or dangerous side effects.

- 94. Defendants failed to exercise reasonable care in warning about, designing, testing labeling manufacture marketing, selling and/or distributing of Filed 04/23/20 Defendants' Product and breached their duties to Plaintiff in that, and not by way of limitation, they did not warn of the known risks associated with the ingestion of Defendants' Product and did not exercise an acceptable standard of care, i.e., what a reasonably prudent manufacturer or seller would have known and warned about.
- 95. Moreover, the product lacked sufficient warnings of the hazards and dangers to users of said Product, and failed to provide safeguards to prevent the injuries sustained by Plaintiff's dog, ABBY. Defendants failed to properly test Defendants' Product prior to its sale, and as a result subjected users to an unreasonable risk of injury when this Product was used as directed and recommended.
- 96. Defendants additionally breached their duty and were negligent in their actions, misrepresentations, and omissions toward Plaintiff, in part, in the following ways:
 - a. Failed to exercise due care in designing, developing, and manufacturing Defendants' Product so as to avoid the aforementioned risks to individuals using these products;
 - Failed to include adequate warnings with Defendants' Product that would alert Plaintiff SIMS and other purchasers to its potential risks and serious side effects;

- Failed to adequately and properly test Defendants' Product before placing it on the market;
- d. Failed to conduct sufficient testing on Defendants' Product, which if properly performed, would have shown that Defendants' Product had serious at the affects yind at the degree of - Failed to adequately warn Plaintiff that use of Defendants' Product carried a risk of other serious side effects;
- f. Failed to provide adequate post-marketing warnings or instructions after Defendants knew, or should have known, of the significant risks of ingestion by dogs and cats of Defendants' Product;
- g. Placed an unsafe product into the stream of commerce; and
- h. Was otherwise careless or negligent.
- 97. Defendants knew, or should have known, that Defendants' Product caused unreasonably dangerous risks and serious side effects of which Plaintiff would not be aware. Defendants nevertheless advertised, marketed, sold and/or distributed Defendants' Product knowing of its unreasonable risks of injury.
- 98. Defendants knew or should have known that consumers' dogs or cats, such as Plaintiff SIMS' dog, ABBY, would suffer injury and possible death as a result of Defendants' failure to exercise reasonable care as described above.
- 99. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew or should have known of the defective nature of Defendants' Product, as set forth herein, but continued to design, manufacture, market, and sell Defendants' Product so as to maximize sales and profits

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at the expense of the health and safety of the public, including Plaintiff, in conscious and/or negligent disregard of the foreseeable harm caused by Defendants' Product.

- 100. Defendants failed to disclose to the Plaintiff and the general public facts known or available to them, as alleged herein, in order to ensure continued and increased sales of Defendants' Product This failure to disclose deprived Plaintiff SIMS relied 04/23/2007 of the information necessary for them to weigh the true risks of purchasing Defendants' Product against the benefits.
- 101. As a direct and proximate result of Plaintiff SIMS' feeding Defendants' Product to their dog, ABBY, Plaintiff SIMS' dog, ABBY, suffered serious health problems and ultimate death.
- 102. By virtue of Defendants' negligence, Defendants directly, foreseeably and proximately caused Plaintiff SIMS' dog, ABBY, to suffer serious health problems and ultimate death. As a result, the imposition of punitive damages against Defendants is warranted.
 - 103. The damages resulting from the allegations asserted under this cause of action, exceed the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants in an amount to be determined upon the trial of this action, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the class of putative plaintiffs pray for relief, in an amount which exceeds the district court's original jurisdictional limits as described in Section 4 of the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, as follows:

- a. Awarding damages including but net dimited to the money expended 4/23/2007

 Defendants' defective Product, veterinary bills associated with the treatment, testing, and diagnosis resulted from ingestion of the defective Product, disposal fees after death of the pet and the pecuniary value of the pet;
- b. Awarding punitive damages to Plaintiffs;
- c. Awarding pre-judgment and post-judgment interest to Plaintiffs,
- d. Awarding the costs and expenses of this litigation to Plaintiffs,
- e. Awarding reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to Plaintiffs as provided by law; and
- f. For such further relief as this Court deems necessary, just, and proper.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in an amount to be determined upon the trial of this action, together with the costs and disbursements of this action. e 38

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

The Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all issues so triable in this civil action.

Dated: March 21, 2007.

CHARLES RAY SIMS and PAMELA SIMS,

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LUNDY & DAVIS, L.L.P. 300 N. College Ave., Suite 309 Fayetteville, AR 72701 (479) 527-3921 (479) 587-9196 (fax) jhatfield@lundydavis.com

By:

Jason M. Hatfield Ark: Bar No. 97143

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS
FAVETTEVILLE DIVISION

WESTERN DISTRICT COURT FILED ARKANSAS
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MAK 2 3 2007

GHRIS R. JOHNSON, CLERK

Case No. 0 7 5055

RICHARD SCOTT AND BARBARA
)
WIDEN, individually and
All others Persons Similarly Situated,
)

ν.

Plaintiffase 3:07-cv-0070 BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007

MENU FOODS; MENU FOODS
INCOME FUND; MENU FOODS
GEN PAR LIMITED; MENU FOODS
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP; MENU
FOODS OPERATING PARTNERSHIP;
MENU FOODS MIDWEST CORP;
MENU FOODS SOUTH DAKOTA;
MENU FOODS, INC.; MENU FOODS
HOLDINGS, INC.; WAL-MART
STORES, INC

Defendants

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Scott and Barbara Widen through their undersigned counsel, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, upon both personal knowledge and information and belief, alleges as follows:

1. This class action is brought against Defendants for negligently contaminating the pet food supply making the food unfit for animal consumption and harmful and for purposefully failing to warn consumers of the contaminated pet food. As a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff and other similarly situated pet owners have been damaged.

PARTIES

2. Plaintiffs Richard and Barbara Widen are a married couple and residents

of Benton County, Arkansas. Plaintiffs lost two cats due to the contaminated food produced, distributed, marketed, and sold by the Defendants.

3. Defendant, Menu Foods Income Fund (Menu Foods) is an unincorporated company with its principal place of business in Ontario, Canada. It is doing business in the State of Arkansas and has availed themselves of the moreotions of the State of Arkansas. Junisdiction 23/2007 is appropriate pursuant to the Arkansas Long Arm Statute, Ark. Code Ann. 16-4-101 and service may be effected through the Hague convention on service abroad of judicial and extrajudicial documents and civil or commercial matters at 8 Falconer Drive, Streetsville, ON, Canada L5N 1B1.

Menu Foods Midwest Corp. is a Delaware corporation and may be served through its registered agent for service, The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington DE. Defendant, Menu Foods Holding, Inc., is a Delaware corporation and may be served through it registered agent for service, The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington Delaware. Menu Foods operates two manufacturing plants in the United States and distributes their pet food products throughout the entire United States including Arkansas.

Defendant, Menu Foods, Inc. is a New Jersey corporation and may be served through its registered agent for service, Corporation Trust Company, 820 Bear Tavern Road, West Trenton, New Jersey. Upon information and belief, Defendants Menu Food Midwest Corp., Menu Foods South Dakota Inc., Menu Foods, Inc., and Menu Foods Holdings, Inc., are wholly owned subsidiaries of Menu Foods Income Fund, a business registered in and headquartered in Ontario, Canada. The above listed Defendants are hereinafter referred to collectively as "Defendants" or "Menu Foods"

4. Defendant Wal-Mart Stores, Inc, (Wal-Mart) is a Delaware corporation headquartered in Bentonville, Arkansas that sells Menu Food products throughout their retail stores in Arkansas and throughout the United States. Wal-Mart is the single largest distributor of Menu Foods products. Plaintiffs purchased the contaminated pet food at the Wal-Mart store in Bentonville, AR. Menu Foods produced some brands of pet foods exclusively for Walt Mart 4/23/2007 under a private label agreement.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2). The matter in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000, is a class action and there are members of the proposed Class that are citizens of States different than at least one of the Defendants.
- 6. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 (b) and (d). Defendant Wal-Mart is headquartered in the District. Defendant Menu Foods Income Fund is a foreign corporation headquartered outside the United States and distributes, through retailers such as Wal-Mart, the pet food products in issue in the District. Additionally, Plaintiffs purchased the tainted pet food in the District.

FACTS

7. Defendant, Menu Foods told the U. S. Food and Drug Administration, that they had become aware of the contamination on February 20, 2007. Menu Foods believed that the contamination came from their supplier of Wheat Gluten. Defendant, Menu Foods conducted test to determine if the contamination was harmful to pets on February 27, 2007. The results of the test resulted in death to one out of every six pets who consumed the contaminated pet food.

- 8. Defendants Menu Foods and Wal-Mart did nothing to prevent the distribution of the contaminated pet food until weeks after the discovery occurred. This action, or lack thereof, permitted and caused additional harm to thousands of pet owners in Arkansas and throughout the country.
- 9. Plaintiffs owned two valuations of the two cats "Special Kitty" cat food which was made by Menu Foods exclusively for Wal-Mart under a private label agreement.
- 10. Beginning around February, 2007, Plaintiffs noticed that both cats were acting differently and had begun to lose weight. In a tragic irony, Plaintiff forced the cats to eat more of the contaminated pet food, unaware that the pet food was contaminated and the cause of the poor health.
- On March 18, 2007, Plaintiff was finally made aware through the media that a recall had been issued for the pet food by the Defendant, Menu Foods and that the pet food could cause kidney failure and other symptoms that were being experienced by the Plaintiffs' cats. On March 19, 2007, Plaintiffs took their cats to their veterinarian for examination. That same day, the veterinarian ran some tests and informed the Plaintiffs that both cats were suffering from kidney failure due to the consumption of the contaminated pet food. The veterinarian suggested that the only chance of survival for the cats was a very expensive procedure in which the likelihood of success was very small.

- 12. The veterinarian diagnosed the kidney failure to be the result of the cats consumption of contaminated pet food. The veterinarian recommended that the Plaintiffs call a Menu Foods hotline number which she provided to the Plaintiffs. The hotline had been set up on or around March 17, 2007, nearly three weeks after Menu Foods had become aware of the problem. The veterinarian suggested that Menu Foods should pay for the expensive procedure 12/23/2007
- 13. The Plaintiffs called the hotline number around a hundred times to determine if Menu Foods would pay for the procedure and never reached an operator or answering machine. Finally, out of desperation the Plaintiffs called another number for Menu Foods and left a message for somebody from Menu Foods to call them. The message was never returned.
- 14. Around 3:30 p.m. on the afternoon of March 19, 2007, Plaintiffs made the decision that their cats could not suffer any further and euthanized the cats.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 15. Plaintiffs brings all claims as class claims pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The requirements of Rule 23 are met with respect to the Class defined below.
- 16. Plaintiffs bring their claims on their own behalf, and on behalf of the following Class:
 - All persons in the United States who purchased contaminated pet food from Wal-Mart that was produced by Menu Foods.
- 17. The Class is so numerous that joinder of the individual members of the proposed Class is impracticable. The Class, upon information and belief, includes millions of members.
- 18. Questions of law or fact common to the Class exist as to Plaintiff and all Class Members, and these common questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the Class. Among the common questions of law or fact are the following:

- a. Whether Defendants were negligent in allowing pet food products in the United States to be contaminated with a dangerous ingredient that was not safe for consumption.
- b. Whether Defendants owed a duty to pet owners by ensuring that the pet food was not contaminated with dangerous ingredients;
 - c. Whether Defendants' conduct amounted to breach of such a duty;
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- d. Whether Defendants' conduct was a proximate cause of Plaintiff's and the Class Members' damages;
- e. Whether Defendants are responsible for the contamination of the pet food;
 - f. Whether Defendants were negligent per se;
 - g. Whether Defendants are strictly liable;
 - h. Whether Defendants breached their warranty of merchantability.
- i. Whether Defendants produced, marketed, distributed, and sold a defective product
- j. Whether Defendants failed to adequately warn consumers of contaminated pet food.
 - k. Whether Defendants purposefully failed to adequately warn consumers of contaminated food supply for economic benefit.
 - l. Whether Plaintiff and the Class Members are entitled to damages, and, if so, the proper amount of such damages; and
 - m. Whether Defendants purposefully failed to adequately warn consumers of contaminated food supply for economic benefit.

COUNT I

Negligence

- 19. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained above.
- 20. Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiff to ensure that the pet food was not contaminated with dangerous and harmful ingredients.

- 21. Defendants breached that duty by allowing the contamination of the pet food supply with a dangerous and harmful ingredient during the approximate time of time January 2007 to March, 2007.
 - 22. Defendants' actions proximately caused damage to Plaintiff and the Class.
- Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007 23. Plaintiff and the Class have suffered damages by a loss of property, cost of medical bills, and cost of purchasing new, uncontaminated pet food.

COUNT II

Negligence Per Se

- 24. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained above.
- 25. Defendants' acts and/or omissions as described herein constitute negligence per se.
- 26. Defendants had a duty to ensure that their pet food was produced, transported, marketed, distributed, and sold in a manner consistent with governmental regulations.
 - 27. Defendants breached this duty in violation of regulatory standards.
- 28. Such breaches directly and proximately caused damages to the Plaintiff and the Class.
- 29. Plaintiff and the Class have suffered damages due to Defendants failure to conform to the United States Food and Drug Administration regulations.

COUNT III

Strict Liability- Defective in Design or Manufacture

30. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained above.

- 31. Defendants placed into the stream of commerce an unreasonably dangerous product that is not fit for consumption and in violation of the Defendants Warranty of Merchantability owed to Plaintiff.
- 32. As a result of Defendants' actions, Plaintiff and the Class Members have

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- 33. Exercise of reasonable care by the Plaintiffs and the Class members could not have eliminated the dangerous product or prevented the related injuries.
- 34. Plaintiff and the Class Members have been damaged enormously, and they seek injunctive relief from further contamination, compensatory damages, punitive damages for reckless and willful conduct, attorney fees and costs, and all other proper and just relief.

COUNT.IV

Strict Product Liability - Failure to Warn

- 35. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained above.
- 36. Defendants placed into the stream of commerce an unreasonably dangerous product that is not fit for consumption.
- 37. Defendant failed to warn Plaintiff or Class Members of the dangers on the Defendants' labels or through other means of advertising until after enormous damage had been suffered by the Plaintiffs and the Class Members.
- 38. Even after Defendant became aware of the dangerous contamination of its pet food, they still refused to warn the consumers and allowed countless other consumers to purchase the contaminated pet food and suffer great harm.

- 39. As a result of Defendants' actions, Plaintiff and the Class Members have suffered significant damages.
- 40. Exercise of reasonable care by the Plaintiffs and the Class members could not have eliminated the dangerous product or prevented the related injuries.
- Case 3:07-cv-00706-BTM-POR Document 6 Filed 04/23/2007 Plaintiff and the Class Members have been damaged enormously, and they seek injunctive relief from further contamination, compensatory damages, punitive damages for reckless and willful conduct, attorney fees and costs, and all other proper and just relief.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

42. Plaintiff demands a jury of twelve.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, request that he and the other Class Members have judgment entered in their favor and against Defendants, as follows:

- A. An order certifying that this action, involving Plaintiff's and the Class Members' separate and distinct claims, be maintained as a nationwide class action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and appointing Plaintiff and their undersigned counsel to represent the Class;
- B. An award, for Plaintiff's and each Class Members' separate and distinct claims, of compensatory damages and pre- and post-judgment interest thereon;
- C. An award for Plaintiff's and the Class Members of punitive damages for reckless and wanton conduct;

- D. Injunctive relief to prevent further contamination of the American pet food supply; and
 - E. All other appropriate and just relief.

DATED: March 23 2007 3:07-cv-00706-51M-PORTS MCWILLIAMS Filed 04/23/2007

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