McKenney v	. Hernandez et al	Doc. 17
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	JOE L. McKENNEY, JR.,	Civil No. 07cv1735-L(POR)
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER ADOPTING REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION AND
13	v.	<ul><li>GRANTING IN PART</li><li>DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO</li></ul>
14	R. HERNANDEZ et al.,	DISMISS WITH LEAVE TO AMEND
15	Defendants.	
16		
17	Plaintiff Joe L. McKenney, Jr., a state prisoner proceeding <i>pro se</i> and <i>in forma pauperis</i> ,	
18	filed this action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 alleging numerous constitutional violations under the	
19	Eighth Amendment, First Amendment and the Due Process Clause. The case was referred to	
20	United States Louisa S. Porter for a report and recommendation in accordance with 28 U.S.C.	
21	§ 636(b)(1)(B) and Civil Local Rule 72.3.	
22	Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment arguing that Plaintiff failed to state a	
23	claim under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6). Upon review of the motion filings, on	
24	July 10, 2008, the Magistrate Judge issued a Report and Recommendation, recommending	
25	Defendants' motion to dismiss be denied in part and granted in part with leave to amend.  Plaintiff abjected to the Penert and Penert and December dation. Defendants did not file a response	
26	Plaintiff objected to the Report and Recommendation. Defendants did not file a response.	
27	A district judge "may accept, reject, or modify the recommended decision" on a	
28	dispositive matter prepared by a magistrate judge proceeding without the consent of the parties	
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for all purposes. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); see 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). "The court shall make a de novo determination of those portions of the [report and recommendation] to which objection is made." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Section 636(b)(1) does not require some lesser review by the district court when no objections are filed. Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 149-50 (1985). The "statute makes it clear that the district judge must review the magistrate judge's findings and recommendations de novo if objection is made, but not otherwise." United States v. Reyna-Tapia, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003) (en banc) (emphasis in the original); see Schmidt v. Johnstone, 263 F. Supp. 2d 1219, 1225-26 & n.5 (D. Ariz. 2003).

Plaintiff objects to three of the Magistrate Judge's recommendations. She recommended to grant Defendants' motion as to Plaintiff's claims for (1) violation of his Eighth Amendment rights by Defendants Hernandez, Stout and Tillman; (2) violation of his Eighth Amendment rights by depriving him of yard recreation; and (3) violation of his First Amendment rights by depriving him of access to the courts. In all three instances, the Magistrate Judge granted Plaintiff leave to amend. In his objections, Plaintiff elaborates on his factual basis for these claims.

Upon review of the pleadings, the court finds that dismissal with leave to amend is warranted. Because Plaintiff is granted leave to amend his complaint and include these additional factual allegations in the amended complaint, Plaintiff's objections are **OVERRULED**. In the absence of any other objections and upon review of the Report and Recommendation, the Report and Recommendation is **ADOPTED**.

Accordingly, **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** as follows:

- 1. To the extent Defendants' motion is based on sovereign immunity, the motion is granted without leave to amend insofar as Plaintiff names Defendants in their official capacities, and **denied** insofar as he names them in their individual capacities.
- 2. With respect to the Eighth Amendment claim against Defendants Ramirez and Gasgonia on the grounds of excessive force, Defendants' motion is **denied**.

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