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Currently before the Court is Lead Plaintiff's Application for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Reimbursement of Expenses. [Doc. No. 132.] On October 4, 2010, the Court held a hearing on the instant motion in conjunction with a motion for final approval of settlement and the plan of allocation of settlement proceeds. No objections were made to the terms of the settlement, including the terms for award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. For the reasons stated herein, the Court **GRANTS** the application for award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses.

## **Background**

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<sup>9</sup> This action arises from alleged misconduct by Defendant Leap Wireless ("Leap") and
 <sup>10</sup> certain individual officers and directors of Leap. In April 2003, Leap filed for bankruptcy under
 <sup>11</sup> Chapter 11, reorganized, and emerged in August 2004. On November 9, 2007, Leap announced
 <sup>12</sup> that it would be restating its financial statements for fiscal years 2004-2006 and the first two
 <sup>13</sup> quarters of 2007. The present action was triggered by Leap's restatement of its financial results,
 <sup>14</sup> including the Company's reported net profits, and the price decline of Leap's common stock that
 <sup>15</sup> occurred after the restatement was disclosed to investors.

On November 27, 2007, four class actions were filed against defendants in this Court,
 alleging violations of the federal securities laws. Two of the actions were voluntarily dismissed.
 On May 22, 2008, the Court consolidated the two present actions and appointed New Jersey
 Carpenters Pension and Benefit Funds as Lead Plaintiff ("Plaintiff"), Schoengold Sporn Laitman
 & Lometti, P.C. as Lead Counsel, and Glancy Binkow as Liason Counsel. On April 30, 2010, the
 Court substituted Cohen Milstein Sellers & Toll PLLC as Lead Counsel.

On July 7, 2008, Plaintiff filed the Consolidated Class Action Complaint. On August 28,
 2008, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss. This Court granted the motion to dismiss, but granted
 Plaintiff leave to amend.

On March 10, 2009, Plaintiff filed the operative Second Amended Consolidated
 Complaint. Defendants collectively filed a motion to dismiss a second time. Following the
 briefing of the second motion to dismiss, and prior to the motion's scheduled hearing date, the

parties engaged in extensive settlement negotiations and ultimately agreed to a resolution of this
 action. Over several weeks, the parties discussed and negotiated several drafts of the stipulation of
 settlement, which was presented to the court for preliminary approval. On March 24, 2010, the
 Court granted preliminary approval of the settlement.

### **Requested Fees and Expenses**

Plaintiff's counsel has negotiated a class settlement consisting of \$13,750,000 in cash; the
settlement fund has already been paid and is earning interest for the class. For their efforts in
achieving this result, Plaintiff's counsel seeks attorneys' fees of 25% of the settlement fund, which
is \$13,750,000, plus the interest earned thereon for the same time period and at the same rate as
that earned on the settlement fund until the fee is paid. Counsel also requests reimbursement of
out-of-pocket expenses in the amount of \$112,715.16.

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#### Legal Standard

13 Upon motion in a class action, the court "may award reasonable attorney fees and 14 nontaxable costs authorized by law or by the parties' agreement.." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(h). In 15 "common fund" cases such as this one, the Ninth Circuit has stated that "the district court has 16 discretion to use either a percentage or lodestar method" to determine what constitutes a 17 reasonable fee. Hanlon v. Chrysler Corp., 150 F.3d 1011, 1029 (9th Cir. 1998). Under the 18 percentage method, the Ninth Circuit has established 25 percent of the common fund as a 19 "benchmark" for what constitutes a reasonable fee. Id.; Six Mexican Workers v. Arizona Citrus 20 Growers, 904 F.2d 1301, 1311 (9th Cir. 1990). Courts have found that a lodestar analysis is not 21 necessary when the requested fee is within the accepted benchmark. Craft v. County of San 22 Bernadino, 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 27526, at \*24 (C.D. Cal. April 1, 2008) ("A lodestar cross-23 check is not required in this circuit."). Under the percentage method, "the court simply awards the 24 attorneys a percentage of the fund sufficient to provide class counsel with a reasonable fee." 25 Hanlon, 150 F.3d at 1029. 26 ///

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1	Discussion	
2	Here, Plaintiff's counsel obtained a \$13.75 million settlement without needlessly risking	
3	further dismissal of claims, and without the necessity of conducting further fact discovery, expert	
4	discovery, class certification and summary judgment motions, trial and further appeals. In	
5	addition, the settlement amount approaches the damages Plaintiff's expert deemed recoverable.	
6	The fees are also reasonable in light of the skill and effort required to reach the settlement. Here,	
7	both parties were represented by competent and experienced counsel. Lead Counsel has extensive	
8	experience in litigating securities class actions, and Defendants were represented by two law firms	
9	with nationwide and international reputations for providing thorough and competent	
10	representation. Lead Counsel obtained the settlement only after extensive investigations, research,	
11	briefing and arguments on Defendants' motions to dismiss, and negotiations with defense counsel.	
12	Consequently, Lead Counsel's requested benchmark fee award of 25% is reasonable in light of the	
13	amount of efforts expended to achieve the settlement.	
14	As for expenses, Plaintiff's counsel also risked non-payment of \$112,715.16 in out-of	
15	pocket expenses by taking on this action. Expenses are compensable in a common fund case	
16	where the particular costs are of the type that "would normally be charged to a fee paying client."	
17	Harris v. Marhoefer, 2 F.3d 16, 19 (9th Cir. 1994). The categories of expenses Plaintiff seeks	
18	reimbursement for are the type of expenses routinely charged to hourly paying clients. These	
19	expenses include, inter alia, costs for computerized factual and legal research services, and travel	
20	expenses to attend motion hearings and mediation meetings.	
21	Accordingly, the Court GRANTS Lead Plaintiff's Application for Award of Attorneys'	
22	Fees and Reimbursement of Expenses, and finds as follows:	
23	This matter having come before the Court on October 4, 2010, on the application of	
24	counsel for Plaintiff for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses incurred in this	
25	action ("the Fee and Expense Application"), the Court, having considered all papers filed and	
26	proceedings conducted herein, having found the Settlement of this Action to be fair, reasonable	
27	and adequate and otherwise being fully informed in the premises and good cause appearing	
28	therefore;	
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## IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that:

 All of the capitalized terms used herein shall have the same meanings as set forth in the Stipulation of Settlement dated as of February 17, 2010 (the "Stipulation"), and filed with the Court.

5 2. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this application and all
6 matters relating thereto, including all Members of the Class who have not timely and validly
7 requested exclusion from the litigation and the Class.

8 3. The "Notice of Proposed Settlement of Class Action, Motion for Attorneys' Fees 9 and Reimbursement of Expenses and Settlement Fairness Hearing", substantially in the form 10 approved by the Order for Notice and Hearing dated March 24, 2010 was mailed to all persons and 11 entities reasonably identifiable who purchased the common stock of Leap Wireless International, 12 Inc. during the Class Period, except those persons and entities excluded from the definition of the 13 Class. In addition, the "Summary Notice of Pendency and Proposed Settlement of Class Action," 14 again substantially in the form approved by the Court in the Order for Notice and Hearing, was 15 published pursuant to the specifications of the Court. Settlement information posted on the 16 website of the settlement administrator, The Garden City Group, Inc., and a toll-free Interactive 17 voice response system was also used to reach Class Members and for further availability of the 18 Notice to the Class. These four methods for reaching and contact with the Class Members, 19 together, are defined as "the Notice".

20 4. The Court hereby finds that the Notice to the Class provided the best notice 21 practicable under the circumstances. The Notice provided due and adequate notice of these 22 proceedings and the matters set forth herein, including the Fee and Expense Application, to all 23 persons and entities entitled to such notice, and the Notice fully satisfied the requirements of Rule 24 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Section 21D(a)(7) of the Securities Exchange Act of 25 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78u-4(a)(7) as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, 26 due process, and any other applicable law. A full opportunity has been offered to the Class 27 Members to object to the Fee and Expense Application and to participate in the hearing thereon. 28 Thus, it is hereby determined that all Class Members who did not timely elect to exclude theselves 07cv2245 1 by written communication are bound by this Order and Final Judgment.

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No Class Members have filed objections to or comments on the Fee Application.
 The Court hereby awards Plaintiff's Counsel attorneys' fees of 25% of the
 Settlement Fund, which is \$13,750,000, plus the interest earned thereon for the same time period and at the same rate as that earned on the Settlement Fund until the fee is paid, plus reimbursement of litigation expenses in the amount of \$112,715.16. The Court finds that the amount of fees awarded is appropriate and is fair and reasonable under both the "percentage-of-recovery" method and the lodestar method given the substantial risks of non-recovery, the time and effort involved,

9 and the result obtained for the Class.

The fees and expenses shall be allocated between Lead Counsel, Cohen Milstein
 Sellers & Toll PLLC, and Liaison Counsel, Glancy Binkow & Goldberg LLP, in a manner which,
 in Lead Counsel's opinion, reflects each such counsel's contribution to the institution, prosecution
 and resolution of the action.

14 8. The awarded attorneys' fees and expenses and interest earned thereon shall
15 immediately be distributed to Lead Counsel subject to the terms, conditions and obligations of the
16 Stipulation.

9. Lead Counsel is also authorized to pay amounts owed to the Claims Adiministrator
for its work performed thus far, and shall pay the Claims Administrator's future invoices from the
Net Settlement Fund as Lead Counsel determines is appropriate.

20 10. There is no just reason for delay in the entry of this Order and Final Judgment and
21 immediate entry by the Clerk of the Court is directed pursuant to Rule 54(b) of the Federal Rules
22 of Civil Procedure.

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# IT IS SO ORDERED.

25 DATED: October 15, 2010
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Michael Tu - a hello

Hon. Michael M. Anello United States District Judge

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