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immunity and for severance ("R & R"). Plaintiff partially objected to the R & R and, on March 4, 1 2 2010, the court denied his Objections and adopted the R & R in its entirety. (Docket No. 44). The 3 present order address Defendants' Objections to the R & R.

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Defendants Almager, Arellano, Bradley, Ryan, Navarro and Grannis object to granting Plaintiff any further opportunity to amend the complaint. Defendants argue that Plaintiff should be 6 denied further leave to amend the complaint because Plaintiff has had three previous opportunities to amend the complaint yet fails to come any closer to stating a claim for relief. See Aschcroft v. Iqbal, 8 __U.S. __, 129 S.Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009). Defendants also object to the R & R's conclusion that their 9 motion to sever improperly joined claims is prematurely filed.

10 The court denies both Objections. While it appears unlikely that Plaintiff will be able to raise 11 the right to relief beyond a speculative level, the court cannot declare with sufficient confidence that 12 there are no circumstances under which Plaintiff is able to state a claim. This is particularly true in 13 light of liberal federal pleading requirements, Fed.R.Civ.P. 15(a), and Ninth Circuit precedent 14 requiring that pleadings of civil rights litigants be afforded the benefit of any doubt. Karim-Panahi 15 v. Los Angeles Police Dept., 839 F.2d 621 at 623 (9th Cir. 1988). The court also finds that resolution 16 of the motion to sever is appropriately deferred until after Plaintiff states a claim for relief. In the 17 event Plaintiff fails to state a claim in the Fourth Amended Complaint, the motion to sever will be 18 moot.

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In sum, the court denies Defendants' Objections and adopts the R & R in its entirety.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

All parties

21 DATED: March 18, 2010

est. Shieles

Jeffrey TLMiller United States District Judge