Unless federal law provides otherwise, an individual – other than a minor, an incompetent person, or a person whose waiver has been filed – may be served at a place not within any judicial district of the United States:

(1) by any internationally agreed means of service that is reasonably calculated to give notice, such as those authorized by the Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents

FED. R. CIV. P. 4(f)(1).

As noted above, defendant is alleged to reside in Israel and plaintiff intended service to be effectuated under the requirements of the Hague Convention.¹ The Convention requires the request for service of judicial documents to conform "to the model annexed to the present Convention." (Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents In Civil or Commercial Matters, Art. 3.) The model for service under the Convention provides for the inclusion of three items: (1) a request for service, (2) a certificate, and (3) a summary of the document to be serviced. (Annex to the Convention.)

In requesting entry of default, plaintiff has not provided the Court with the request for service of judicial documents that was sent to the Central Authority of Israel. As a result, the Court is unable to determine what documents were actually presented for service on defendant. Further, the summons that is attached to plaintiff's proof of service of summons and complaint fails to provide the name and address of the person to be served, *i.e.*, defendant Mark Klein.

Although plaintiff attached to its proof of service the certificate required under Article 6 of the Convention, the certificate indicates that "documents" have been delivered to "zaha moshe," whose relationship to defendant Mark Klein is not disclosed. In the absence of any authority on the part of "zaha moshe" to accept service of process for Mark Klein, service may not have been properly effectuated.

Because of these deficiencies in plaintiff's application for entry of default, the Court cannot determine whether defendant Mark Klein has been properly served. As a result, default cannot be entered.

Plaintiff does not affirmatively state that Israel is a signatory to the Hague Convention.

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1	Based on the foregoing, plaintiff's request for entry of default is DENIED WITHOUT
2	PREJUDICE.
3	IT IS SO ORDERED.
4	DATED: January 19, 2011
5	M James Joseph
6	United States District Court Judge
7	COPY TO:
8	HON. ANTHONY J. BATTAGLIA UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
9	UNITED STATES MADISTRATE JUDGE
10	ALL PARTIES/COUNSEL
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