The Court **GRANTS** Defendants' motion for summary judgment on Plaintiff's fraud and deceit claims.

The Court **DENIES** Defendants' motion for summary judgment on Plaintiff's disparate treatment employment discrimination claim and Plaintiff's claims of failure to prevent employment discrimination and wrongful termination.

The Court **GRANTS** Defendants' motion for summary judgment on Plaintiff's disparate impact employment discrimination claim.

The Court **GRANTS** Defendants' motion for summary judgment on Plaintiff's defamation claim.

The Court **GRANTS** Defendants' motion for summary judgment on all claims against Defendant Terry Terhark and dismisses Terhark from this action.

\* \* \*

Additionally, upon further review of the applicable case law and the submissions of the parties, the Court finds that Plaintiff is not entitled to recover punitive damages on his remaining age discrimination claims. To seek punitive damages under FEHA, a plaintiff must "prove[] by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant has been guilty of oppression, fraud, or malice." Cal. Civ. Code § 3294(a); *Tomaselli v. Transamerica Ins. Co.*, 25 Cal. App. 4th 1269, 1287 (1994). "The evidence must be so clear as to leave no substantial doubt" that Defendants acted with the requisite intent to injure Plaintiff. *Harbison v. Am. Motorists Ins. Co.*, 636 F. Supp. 2d 1030, 1044 (E.D. Cal. 2009) (citing *Shade Foods v. Innovative Products Sales & Marketing, Inc.*, 78 Cal. App. 4th 847, 890-91 (2000). Plaintiff's age discrimination claims are primarily based on the allegation that he was unlawfully terminated due to his age and high salary. Defendants claim Plaintiff was fired due to his "poor performance," but according to Plaintiff, this was really a pretext for his wrongful termination. Plaintiff presents the modicum of evidence necessary to defeat Defendants' motion for summary judgment as to the majority of his FEHA claims. However, Plaintiff fails to put forth any evidence, let alone clear and convincing evidence, that raises a triable issue as to whether his termination involved fraud, oppression or malice. Accordingly, the

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1	Court <b>GRANTS</b> Defendants' motion and <b>DISMISSES</b> Plaintiff's claim for punitive damages.
2	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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4	DATED: December 21, 2011
5	Michael Tu- arello
6	Hon. Michael M. Anello
7	United States District Judge
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