sufficient facts to satisfy the pleading requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a)(2). For the reasons which follow, Defendant's motion is **DENIED**.

A Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss tests the sufficiency of the complaint. Navarro v. Block, 250 F.3d 729, 732 (9th Cir. 2001). "To avoid dismissal under Rule 12(b)(6), a plaintiff

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must aver in his complaint 'sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." *Al-Kidd v. Ashcroft*, 580 F.3d 949, 956 (9th Cir. 2009), quoting *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 129 S.Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009). In this regard, the pleading standard of Rule 8(a)(2) requires a "short and plain statement of the claim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief." Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 8(a)(2). The requisite "showing" is not just "a blanket assertion[] of entitlement to relief." *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 556 n.3 (2007). Factual allegations in the complaint must provide fair notice of the nature of the claim and grounds on which the claim rests. *Id.* As long as the complaint meets this standard, it need not include the facts necessary to carry the plaintiff's burden, *Al-Kidd*, 580 F.3d at 977, or detailed factual allegations, *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 555.

Plaintiff alleges a factual basis for relief she seeks under the FDCPA and the Rosenthal Act. Defendant argues that she did not allege facts showing that Defendant does not fall into any of the exceptions to the definition of a "debt collector" under the two statutes and that she did not allege the type of debt Defendant is attempting to collect. Both of the foregoing are facts within Defendant's knowledge. With respect to the type of debt Defendant is attempting to collect, Plaintiff, prior to filing this action, Plaintiff requested Defendant to "send her details regarding the alleged debt via mail." (First Am. Compl. at 3.) See 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a). After Defendant failed to provide the requested information, Plaintiff's counsel, prior to filing this action, twice sent a letter to Defendant requesting verification of the alleged debt, but Defendant did not respond to either letter. (Id.) Having failed to provide Plaintiff with the requisite information regarding the debt, Defendant cannot complain that Plaintiff did not sufficiently allege it. Moreover, whether Defendant falls within an exception to the "debt collector" definition under 15 U.S.C. Section 1692a is an affirmative defense. See Fox v. Citicorp Credit Serv., Inc., 15 F.3d 1507, 1511-12 (9th Cir. 1994). The burden of pleading affirmative defenses is on the defendant, not the plaintiff. See Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 8(c); see also Jones v. Bock, 549 U.S. 199, 212-13 (2007).

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| 1  | Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff sufficiently alleged her claims to comply with Rule |
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| 2  | 8(a)(2). Defendant's motion to dismiss is therefore <b>DENIED</b> .                   |
| 3  | IT IS SO ORDERED.   |
| 4  |   |
| 5  | DATED: April 18, 2011   |
| 6  | M. James Lorenz   |
| 7  | United States District Court Judge  |
| 8  | COPY TO:  |
| 9  | HON. JAN M. ADLER   |
| 10 | UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE  |
| 11 | ALL PARTIES/COUNSEL   |
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