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Case 3:10-cv-01694-W-CAB Document 22 Filed 09/30/10 Page 1 of 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 THE WESTON FIRM, P.C., CASE NO. 10-CV-1694 W (CAB) 12 ORDER: Plaintiff, 13 1) DENYING EX PARTE vs. MOTION FOR TEMPORARY 14 RESTRAINING ORDER 15 (DOC. NO. 12.) 16 2) ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE REESE RICHMAN LLP; BECK & 17 **REGARDING RULE 11** LEE, P.A., **SANCTIONS** 18 Defendants. 19 20 On September 23, 2010, Plaintiff The Weston Firm, P.C. ("Weston") filed an ex 21 parte motion for a temporary restraining order ("TRO"). (Doc. No. 12.) On September 22 23

28, 2010, Defendants Beck & Lee, P.A. ("Beck & Lee") and Reese Richman LLP ("Reese Richman") each filed an opposition to the TRO request. (Doc. Nos. 19, 21.) All three law firms represent plaintiffs in class action litigation.

The Court decides the matter on the papers submitted and without oral argument. See S.D. Cal. Civ. R. 7.1(d.1) For the reasons stated below, the Court **DENIES** Plaintiff's application for a TRO.

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alleged violations of various joint prosecution agreements. (Doc. No. 10.) Weston's main assertion appears to be that several of its clients have attempted to fire Beck & Lee, but despite these communications, Beck & Lee refuses to withdraw as counsel. In the instant motion, Weston seeks to enjoin Beck & Lee from contacting any Weston client, or from holding themselves out as representing any client that purportedly fired them. Having thoroughly reviewed the moving papers, the Court can not grant the requested relief, for at least two reasons.

First, this Court's chambers' rules state that "[b]efore filing any ex parte

Weston filed this lawsuit against Beck & Lee and Reese Richman for their

First, this Court's chambers' rules state that "[b]efore filing any ex parte application, counsel shall make every attempt to contact the opposing party to meet and confer regarding the subject of the ex parte application," and must submit a declaration confirming that such efforts were made. (See Civil Procedure Chambers' Rules for The Honorable Thomas J. Whelan.) As noted by Beck & Lee, Weston's supporting declaration does not indicate that Attorney Gregory Weston made any attempts to contact opposing counsel before filing the instant ex parte application. (See Doc. No. 13.) In contrast, Beck & Lee has provided a sworn declaration indicating that such communication did not occur. (Lee Decl. at ¶ 2.) As such, the Court believes that the application is deficient and must be **DENIED**.

And second, even if this Court was inclined to address the merits of the TRO, the requested relief is overly broad and would potentially conflict with the rulings of other federal district courts. For example, on September 14, 2010, after extensive briefing and oral argument, District Judge James Ware, from the Northern District of California, denied Weston's motion to terminate Beck & Lee and Reese Richman as counsel of record in Red v. Unilever PLC, Case No. C 10-00387-JW, 2010 WL 3629689 (N.D. Cal. 2010). Specifically, Judge Ware ordered Beck & Lee and Reese Richman to continue their joint representation of the named plaintiffs in order to "bring the settlement to a conclusion." Id. at \*3.

Weston also has a similar situation pending before Chief Judge A. Howard Matz in the Central District of California. (See Doc. No. 20 at Ex C., Henderson v. Gruma Corp., Case No. CV 10-4173 AHM (C.D. Cal. 2010)). And in yet another relevant example, on August 24, 2010, District Judge Marilyn Hall Patel, from the Northern District of California, acknowledged the conflict between Weston and Beck & Lee and ordered them both to sign a pledge regarding professional civility. (See Doc. No. 20 at Ex B., Case No. C 10-1321/10-2351 MHP (N.D. Cal. 2010)).

Curiously, neither the FAC or the TRO application mention Judge Ware's September 14th Order, nor did they fully explain the pending matters before Judge Matz or Judge Patel. Thankfully, Beck & Lee filed a thorough opposition, which allowed this Court to avoid inadvertently enjoining the decisions of jurists from equal courts. See Green v. Citigroup, Inc., 68 Fed. Appx. 934, 936 (10th Cir. 2003) (stating that it "is axiomatic that one district court has no jurisdiction to review the decision of another district court.") (citing Celotex Corp. v. Edwards, 514 U.S. 300, 313 (1995))).

In sum, Weston has dramatically failed to carry the burden of persuasion. <u>See Mazurek v. Armstrong</u>, 520 U.S. 968, 972 (1997) (explaining that injunctive relief is an extraordinary and drastic remedy, one that should not be granted unless the movant, by a clear showing, carries the burden of persuasion). As such, the motion for a temporary restraining order is **DENIED**. (Doc. No. 12.)

Additionally, this Court is now concerned that Weston deliberately failed to mention Judge Ware's September 14th ruling in an attempt to invoke this Court's power through deception. If true, this behavior is specifically alarming because it seems to have been aimed at improperly circumventing the rulings of other district courts.

In light of that concern, Plaintiff's counsel Gregory Weston is hereby **ORDERED TO SHOW CAUSE** at <u>9:00a.m.</u> on October <u>29, 2010</u>, in the courtroom of the Honorable Thomas J. Whelan, located at 940 Front Street, San Diego, CA 92101, as to why his filing of the TRO request, which never mentioned Judge Ware's September 14th ruling and many other significant pieces of known information, did not violate

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Rule 11(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Attorney Gregory Weston should also be prepared to discuss why this Court should not impose sanctions based upon such a violation. See FED. R. CIV. P. 11(c).

In preparation for the OSC hearing, the Court also **ORDERS BRIEFING** from the parties. Attorney Gregory Weston shall file his brief <u>before noon on October 6</u>, <u>2010</u>. Defendants' response, should they choose to submit one, shall be filed <u>before noon on October 22</u>, <u>2010</u>. Neither submission shall exceed five pages in total length.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: September 30, 2010

Hon. Thomas J. Whelan United States District Judge

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