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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	Case No.: 3:12-CV-02164-GPC-JMA
12	COMMISSION, Plaintiff,	<b>ORDER APPROVING:</b>
13	,	
14		SALE OF SILVER STATE PARTNERS PROPERTY AND
15	LOUIS V. SCHOOLER and FIRST FINANCIAL PLANNING	AUTHORITY TO PAY BROKER'S
16	CORPORATION d/b/a WESTERN	COMMISSION
17	FINANCIAL PLANNING CORPORATION,	[ECF No. 1527]
18	Defendants.	
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20	Before the Court is the Receiver's Motion for Approval of Sale of the Silver State	
21	Partners Property and Authority to Pay Broker's Commission. ECF No. 1527. No	
22	opposition was filed. Based upon a review of the moving papers and the applicable law,	
23	the Court <b>GRANTS</b> the Receiver's motion.	
24	BACKGROUND	
25	A. The SEC Enforcement Action	
26	On January 21, 2016, the Court granted the SEC's motion for final judgment	
27	against Defendant Louis V. Schooler. ECF No. 1170. The SEC had initiated this civil	

28 action against Defendant Schooler and Western Financial Planning Corporation

("Western") four years earlier, on account of their practice of defrauding investors into purchasing unregistered securities. *Id.* (citing Second Summary Judgment Order, ECF No. 1081). To carry out the scheme, Defendant Western bought undeveloped real estate, with cash or through financing, and simultaneously formed one or more General Partnerships ("GPs") to own the land. First Summary Judgment Order, ECF No. 1074 at 10. Western then sold General Partnership units to investors and sold the undeveloped real estate to the General Partnerships. *Id.* at 10. In total, Western raised approximately \$153 million from almost 3,400 investors through implementing this scheme. *Id.* 

### **B.** The Decline of the General Partnership Assets

In 2013, the Court-appointed Receiver, Thomas Hebrank, engaged licensed appraisers to value the 23 properties owned by the General Partnerships. ECF No. 203 at 2. Those professionals determined that the land was worth \$16,328,000 and that the net appraised value (appraised value less outstanding balances on all mortgages) of the properties was \$12,860,661. *Id.* The net appraised value represented just 8.41% of the total funds that the general partners had invested in the land. *Id.* The Receiver further estimated that, based on the then-current appraised values of the land, the average GP investor would suffer an 88.40% loss if the GP properties were sold in 2013. *Id.* 

Three years later, soon after final judgment was entered, the Receiver moved for authority to conduct an Orderly Sale of the General Partnership Properties ("Orderly Sale"). Motion for Orderly Sale, ECF No. 1181-1. In the Motion, the Receiver indicated that the aggregate value in the GP accounts had been steadily decreasing while litigation was ongoing. *See id.* In September 2012, the Receivership had assets of \$6.6 million. *Id.* at 1. By the end of 2015, the assets had dropped to \$3.5 million, and the Receiver had reason to believe that the value of the Receivership would continue to drastically decrease through the end of 2016.<sup>1</sup> This decline, he noted, was due to three main factors:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Receiver provided the Court with projections that the Receivership would further decline to \$1.8 million by the end of 2016. Indeed, the Receiver's projection has since proved to be accurate. The Twentieth

(1) 14 of the 23 properties were not appreciating in value<sup>2</sup>; (2) the properties were not worth enough to cover the costs of the GPs carrying the properties; and (3) low levels of investor contributions to pay GP administrator fees, tax preparation fees, property taxes, property insurance premiums, and notes owed to Western. *See id.* at 1-2. In other words, the Receiver concluded, because the money being spent to hold the GP properties was disproportionately high in relation to the value of the GP's real estate assets, the Receivership was in a steady decline. *Id.*

In order to prevent the value of the Receivership from falling into further decline, the Receiver proposed that the GP properties be sold in accordance with Court-approved orderly sale procedures. *Id.* The Receiver's proposal explained that the best way to maximize the value of all of the GP assets for the benefit of all investors, irrespective of any given investors' direct property interest, was to initiate an orderly sale of the GP properties. *Id.* The Receiver estimated that the Receivership, after conducting sales of the GP properties, Western's properties and asset recovery, would be worth \$21,804,826. *Id.* at 16.

# C. The Receiver's Motion for Orderly Sale

On May 20, 2016, the Court held a hearing on the Receiver's Motion for Orderly Sale, at which time the Court heard from the SEC, Defendant, the Receiver, and the investor-interveners — that is, those investors who were granted permission under Rule 23 to intervene to oppose the Receiver's Motion. *See* ECF No. 1298. A short time thereafter, on May 25, 2016, the Court approved, in part, the Receiver's Orderly Sale process.<sup>3</sup> ECF No. 1304.

Interim Status Report submitted by the Receiver indicates that the Receivership's current cash and cash equivalent balance is \$666,113. ECF No. 1505 at 17.

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{bmatrix} 2 & By way of example, the Receiver notes that the value of these 14 properties in 2016, $3,732,815, was about $400,000 less than their value in 2013, $4,137,000.$ *Id.*at 2.

<sup>7 &</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Court directed the Receiver to file a Modified Orderly Sale Process that incorporated the public sale process consistent with the requirement of 28 U.S.C. § 2001. ECF No. 1304. The Receiver filed a modified

proposal on June 8, 2016 (ECF No. 1309) and the Court approved the modified proposal on August 30, 2016 (ECF No. 1359).

In approving the Orderly Sale, the Court addressed and evaluated the concerns expressed by the Receiver, the SEC, and myriad investors, all of whom held differing 3 positions on whether the Orderly Sale would benefit the Receivership estate. See 4 generally ECF Nos. 1181 (Motion for Orderly Sale), 1232 (SEC Response), 1234 (Dillon 5 Investors' Response), 1235 (Graham Investors' Response); see also, e.g., ECF Nos. 1240, 6 1242, 1244, 1249-1257 (Letters from Investors). The Court also took into consideration the recommendations of the investors' experts, as set forth in the Xpera Report. See ECF 8 No. 1304 at 16. The Xpera Report, the Court noted, substantially agreed with the 9 Receiver on how to maximize the value of the Receivership estate and, for the most part, 10 agreed on the appraised value of the various GP properties. Id. As such, the Court directed the Receiver, where feasible, to incorporate the recommendations of the Xpera 12 Report into his ultimate Orderly Sale proposal. *Id.* at 19.

On July 22, 2016, the Receiver moved for permission to engage CBRE, a real estate brokerage firm, as a consultant in order to weigh the pros and the cons of the Xpera Report. ECF No. 1341-1. The Court granted the Receiver's motion on August 30, 2016. ECF No. 1359. CBRE presented its findings on the GP properties on October 24, 2016. ECF No. 1419 (filed under seal). On November 22, 2016, the Receiver submitted a report evaluating the Xpera Report recommendations. ECF No. 1405. The Court reviewed the Receiver's report and adopted the recommendations contained therein on December 12, 2016. ECF No. 1423.

# **D.** Silver State Partners Property

The Silver State Partners Property (the "Property") is one of three properties located in North Las Vegas, Nevada, known as the "Las Vegas 1 Properties." ECF No. 1527-1 at 2. The Property is owned outright by the Silver State Partners. Id. The Property is approximately 8.97 acres of undeveloped land. Id.

26 On May 25, 2016, the Court authorized the Receiver to engage CBRE to list the Las Vegas 1 Properties for sale. Id.; see also ECF No. 1305. In 2015, the broker made 27 28 an opinion of value of \$1,050,000 for the Property. ECF No. 1527-1 at 2. The CBRE list

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price for the property is \$1,500,000. *Id.* at 2–3. The Xpera Group valued the Property between \$1,600,000 and \$2,000,000. *Id.* at 3.

On July 10, 2017, the Receiver received an all-cash offer to purchase the Property for the full list price of \$1,500,000 from Meridian Companies LLC ("Meridian"). *Id.* In accordance with the Court-approved modified Orderly Sale procedures, *see generally* ECF No. 1309, 1359, the Receiver sent notice of the offer to investors, and no substantive responses were received. ECF No. 1527-1 at 3. The Receiver and Meridian executed a Purchase and Sale Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions, which is subject to a qualified overbid and this Court's approval. *Id.* Meridian removed all contingencies besides Court approval—on September 14, 2017. *Id.* On October 24, 2017, the Receiver notified the Court that no qualified overbids had been received for the Property. ECF No. 1539.

#### E. Conclusion

The Court finds that the purchase price of \$1,500,000 is reasonable in light of the 2015 broker's opinion of value and that the purchase price is the same as the list price. While the Xpera Group's valuation range begins above the purchase price, that range was based on a recommendation that the Property be held for 5 to 10 years. *Id.* The Court declined to adopt that recommendation. ECF No. 1304 at 18.

The Court is also satisfied that the Receiver has complied with the modified Orderly Sale procedures. The Receiver's notice of the sale adhered to the modified Orderly Sale procedures—which require that notice of the sale be published "in the county, state, or judicial district of the United States *wherein the realty is situated*," 28 U.S.C. § 2002 (emphasis added)—by publishing notice in the Las Vegas Review-Journal and by providing notice to the investors. Accordingly, and given that no opposition to the present Motion has been filed or raised, and no qualified overbid was received, the Court **GRANTS** Receiver's motion for approval of sale (ECF No. 1527).

#### **ORDER**

The Motion for Approval of Sale of the Production Partners Property and

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Authority to Pay Broker's Commission filed by Thomas C. Hebrank—the Courtappointed receiver for First Financial Planning Corporation d/b/a Western Financial
Planning Corporation ("Western"), its subsidiaries, and the General Partnerships listed in
Schedule 1 to the Preliminary Injunction Order entered on March 13, 2013—having been
reviewed and considered by this Court, the Receiver having notified the Court that no
qualified overbid has been received, and for good cause appearing therefore, the Court
finds as follows:

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The Motion is granted;

2. The sale of the Property known as the Silver State Partners Property, as described on Exhibit A to the Declaration of Thomas C. Hebrank in support of the Motion, by Thomas C. Hebrank, as receiver for Production Partners, to Meridian Companies LLC, is confirmed and approved;

13 3. The purchase price of \$1,500,000 for the Silver State Partners Property is
14 confirmed and approved;

4. The Receiver is immediately authorized to complete the sale transaction, including executing any and all documents as may be necessary and appropriate to do so; and

5. Because a cooperating broker is representing the buyer, the Receiver is authorized to immediately pay, upon closing of the sale, a commission of 6% of the final purchase price to broker CBRE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: October 30, 2017

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Hon. Gonzalo P. Curiel United States District Judge