1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 TREVIYON DeSHAWN REW, CDCR #AT-3076, Civil No. 14cv2987 BTM (JLB) 12 Plaintiff, 13 14 VS. FILING FEE REQUIRED BY 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a) AND/OR FAILING TO MOVE TO 15 SAN DIEGO SHERIFF DEPUTY 16 PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS GERMAN, **PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C.** § 1915(a) 17 Defendant. 18 19 Treviyon DeShawn Rew ("Plaintiff"), a state inmate currently incarcerated at 20 California State Prison in Lancaster, California ("LAC"), and proceeding pro se, has 21 filed a civil rights complaint ("Compl.") pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Doc. No. 1). 22 Plaintiff claims that while he was detained at the San Diego Central Jail on April 23 12, 2014, a County Sheriff's Department Deputy used excessive force against him during 24 25 a weekend hygiene inspection. See Compl. at 3. He seeks both injunctive relief and \$3.1 million in damages. Id. at 7. 26 27 /// 28 ///

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I. Failure to Pay Filing Fee or Request IFP Status

All parties instituting any civil action, suit or proceeding in a district court of the United States, except an application for writ of habeas corpus, must pay a filing fee of \$400. See 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a). An action may proceed despite a plaintiff's failure to prepay the entire fee only if he is granted leave to proceed IFP pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). See Andrews v. Cervantes, 493 F.3d 1047, 1051 (9th Cir. 2007); Rodriguez v. Cook, 169 F.3d 1176, 1177 (9th Cir. 1999). However, if the Plaintiff is a prisoner and he is granted leave to proceed IFP, he remains obligated to pay the entire fee in "increments," see Williams v. Paramo, __F.3d __, 2015 WL 74144 at *1 (9th Cir. 2015), regardless of whether his action is ultimately dismissed. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1) & (2); Taylor v. Delatoore, 281 F.3d 844, 847 (9th Cir. 2002).

Plaintiff has not prepaid the \$400 in filing and administrative fees required to commence a civil action, nor has he submitted a Motion to Proceed IFP pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). Therefore, the case cannot yet proceed. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a); *Andrews*, 493 F.3d at 1051.

II. Conclusion and Order

For the reasons set forth above, the Court hereby:

- (1) **DISMISSES** this action sua sponte without prejudice for failing to pay the \$400 civil filing and administrative fee or submit a Motion to Proceed IFP pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1914(a) and 1915(a); and
- (2) **GRANTS** Plaintiff **forty five (45)** days leave from the date this Order is filed to: (a) prepay the entire \$400 civil filing and administrative fee in full; *or* (b) complete and file a Motion to Proceed IFP which includes a certified copy of his trust account statement for the 6-month period preceding the filing of his Complaint. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2); S.D. CAL. CIVLR 3.2(b).

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In addition to the \$350 statutory fee, all parties filing civil actions on or after May 1, 2013, must pay an additional administrative fee of \$50. See 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a) (Judicial Conference Schedule of Fees, District Court Misc. Fee Schedule) (eff. May 1, 2013). However, the additional \$50 administrative fee is waived if the plaintiff is granted leave to proceed IFP. *Id*.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court shall provide Plaintiff with this Court's approved form "Motion and Declaration in Support of Motion to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*." If Plaintiff fails to either prepay the \$400 civil filing fee or complete and submit the enclosed Motion to Proceed IFP within that time, this action will remain dismissed without prejudice for failing to satisfy 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a)'s fee requirements and without further Order of the Court.

DATED: February 5, 2015

BARRY TED MOSKOWITZ, Chief Judge United States District Court