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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

STEVEN DANIEL DEJARLAIS,

Petitioner.

AUDREY KING, Warden, et al.,

Respondent.

Case No.: 15-cv-1005 BEN (MDD)

ORDER:

- (1) ADOPTING REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION;
- (2) DENYING PETITION;
- (3) DENYING CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY

On May 5, 2015, Petitioner Steven Daniel DeJarlais filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. (Docket No. 1.) On July 27, 2015, Respondent filed an Answer. (Docket No. 9.) On October 14, 2015, Magistrate Judge Dembin issued a thorough and thoughtful Report and Recommendation, recommending that the Petition be denied. (Docket No. 14.) Petitioner filed an untimely, general objection. (Docket No. 16.)

I. De Novo Review of Petition

A district judge "may accept, reject, or modify the recommended disposition" of a magistrate judge on a dispositive matter. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3); see also 28 U.S.C. §

636(b)(1). Where a proper objection to a report and recommendation has been filed, the district court reviews *de novo* those portions of the report or specific proposed findings or recommendations to which the petitioner objected. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) (emphasis added). A general objection is tantamount to no objection at all. *See Alcantara v. McEwen*, No. 12-cv-401-IEG, 2013 WL 4517861, at *1-2 (S.D. Cal. Aug. 15, 2013) (citing *Howard v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 932 F.2d 505, 509 (6th Cir. 1991) ("A general objection to the entirety of the magistrate's report has the same effects as would a failure to object."); *Lockert v. Faulkner*, 843 F.2d 1015, 1019 (7th Cir. 1988) ("[A]n objection stating only 'I object' preserves no issue for review."); and *Goney v. Clark*, 749 F.2d 5, 7 (3d Cir. 1984)); *see also Martin v. Ryan*, No. cv-13-381, 2014 WL 5432133, at *2 (D. Ariz. Oct. 24, 2014) (citing *United States v. One Parcel of Real Prop.*, 73 F.3d 1057, 1060 (10th Cir. 1996)).

Petitioner filed a general Objection "alleg[ing] the Magistrate[Judge's] findings of fact are unreasonable in light of the record, when taken as a whole." (Objection 1.) Petitioner also "incorporate[d] by reference those facts, claims, and arguments contained in the 'Petition'." (Objections 1.)

The Court finds *Alcantara* and the laws of the other circuit courts persuasive. It is apparent that Petitioner failed to make any specific objections to the Report. Thus, the Court need not conduct a *de novo* review. *See Garcia v. Subia*, No. 07cv1869, 2011 WL 1119181, at *3, *5 (S.D. Cal. Mar. 28, 2011); *Sullivan v. Schriro*, No. 04-1517, 2006 WL 1516005 (D. Ariz. May 30, 2006). Even still, the Court did perform a *de novo* review of the entire record in this matter and fully **ADOPTS** the Report and Recommendation.

II. Certificate of Appealability

"The district court must issue or deny a certificate of appealability when it enters a final order adverse to the applicant." Rule 11 foll. 28 U.S.C. § 2254. In this case, the Court finds that Petitioner did not make a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right, the issues are not debatable among jurists of reason, and a court could not resolve the issues in a different manner. See Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S.

322, 327 (2003). The Court therefore **DENIES** a certificate of appealability.

CONCLUSION

Accordingly, the Court **ADOPTS** in full the Report and Recommendation. The Petition is **DENIED**. The Court **DENIES** a certificate of appealability. The Clerk shall enter judgment denying the Petition.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: December 23, 2015

Hon. Roger T. Benitez United States District Judge