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3 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
4 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
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6 TONY ROBERTS,

Plaintiff,

7 v.

8 S. HENSLEY, et al.,

Defendants.  
9

Case No.: 15cv1871-LAB (BLM)

**ORDER GRANTING IN PART AND  
DENYING IN PART PLAINTIFF'S  
MOTION FOR LEAVE TO SERVE  
SUPPLEMENTAL INTERROGATORIES**

**[ECF No. 46]**  
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12 Currently before the Court are Plaintiff's "Motion for Leave to Serve Supplemental  
13 Interrogatories" [ECF No. 46 ("Mot."], Defendants' opposition [ECF No. 49 ("Oppo."], and  
14 Plaintiff's reply [ECF No. 51 ("Reply")]. Having considered all of the briefing and supporting  
15 documents, and for the reasons set forth below, the Court **GRANTS IN PART AND DENIES**  
16 **IN PART** Plaintiff's motion for leave to serve supplemental interrogatories.

17 **DISCUSSION**

18 Plaintiff asks the Court for leave to serve supplemental interrogatories pursuant to  
19 Rule 33(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. See Mot. In support, Plaintiff explains that  
20 on September 6, 2016, he served written interrogatories and requests for production ("RFPs")  
21 on Defendants, including Defendants Hipp, Hensley, Nguyen, and Sabati, and claims that those  
22 Defendants' responses were incomplete and evasive. Id. at 4. Plaintiff contends that he

1 “requires additional written interrogatories to adequately prepare for and proceed to trial,” and  
2 that he will be severely prejudiced if his motion is denied. See id. Plaintiff asserts that the  
3 supplemental interrogatories will “focus on specific relevant facts” and identifies the  
4 interrogatories as directed to the defendant’s “personal involvement,” “facts that substantiate  
5 the degree or nature of [defendant’s] involvement,” and whether defendants “purposefully  
6 ignored their own expressed orders to provide plaintiff dental treatment for reasons unrelated  
7 to his dental needs.” Id. at 5-6. Plaintiff seeks to serve thirteen supplemental interrogatories  
8 on Defendant Hipp [Mot., Exh. 1], thirteen supplemental interrogatories on Defendant Hensley  
9 [id., Exh. 3], nineteen supplemental interrogatories on Defendant Nguyen [id., Exh. 4], and  
10 fourteen supplemental interrogatories on Defendant Sabati [id., Exh. 2]. The proposed  
11 interrogatories are not identical and appear to be tailored to each Defendant. See id.

12 Defendants claim that Plaintiff already has propounded voluminous discovery consisting  
13 of 149 interrogatories and three sets of requests for production (“RFPs”), that they have  
14 responded to the first two sets of RFPs, and that they are in the process of responding to the  
15 third set. Oppo. at 2. Defendants further maintain that they produced all of Plaintiff’s dental  
16 records, prison policies and procedures related to dental care, information about their  
17 “involvement in Plaintiff’s dental care,” and names of office technicians who “might have been  
18 responsible for scheduling follow up appointments during the times at issue.” Id. at 2-3, 6.  
19 Defendants thus contend that Plaintiff’s requests for additional discovery are unnecessary and  
20 harassing, and ask the Court to deny Plaintiff’s motion. Id. at 6-7.

21 Although Defendants attached Plaintiff’s initial interrogatories to their opposition,  
22 Defendants did not provide their complete interrogatory responses. See Oppo. In his reply,

1 Plaintiff provided interrogatory responses from Defendants Malek, Hipp, Sabati, Hensley, and  
2 Nguyen. See Reply, Exhs. 3-4, 7-9. The Court has reviewed the parties' submissions and notes  
3 that Plaintiff served twenty-five interrogatories on Defendant Hipp [Oppo., Exh. 1 at 17-23],  
4 twenty-five interrogatories on Defendant Hensley [id. at 31-38], twenty-four interrogatories on  
5 Defendant Nguyen [id. at 2-9], eighteen interrogatories on Defendant Sabati [id. at 10-16],  
6 twenty-five interrogatories on Defendant Malek [id. at 24-30], ten interrogatories on Defendant  
7 Behrens [id. at 39-43], and twenty-two interrogatories on Defendant Mendoza [id. at 44-51],  
8 149 interrogatories in total. See id.; see also Oppo. at 2 (containing Defendants' representation  
9 that Plaintiff served 149 interrogatories). Defendants Hipp, Hensley, Nguyen, Sabati, and Malek  
10 provided substantive responses to the vast majority of Plaintiff's original interrogatories but  
11 objected to some on the grounds that they sought expert opinions beyond the Defendant's  
12 expertise or knowledge and some on the ground that the request sought irrelevant information.  
13 See Reply, Exhs. 3-4, 7-9. It is unclear from the parties' submissions whether Plaintiff was  
14 provided with interrogatory responses from Defendants Behrens and Mendoza but the Court  
15 was not. See Oppo., Exh. 1; Reply.

16 Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(a) provides that "[u]nless otherwise stipulated or ordered by the court,  
17 a party may serve on any other party no more than 25 written interrogatories, including all  
18 discrete subparts. Leave to serve additional interrogatories may be granted to the extent  
19 consistent with Rule 26(b)(1) and (2)." A party "seeking leave to . . . serve more Interrogatories  
20 than are contemplated by the Federal Rules . . . must make a particularized showing of [why]  
21 the discovery is necessary." Ioane v. Spjute, 2015 WL 1984835, at \*1 (E.D. Cal. Apr. 30, 2015)  
22 (citing Castaneda v. Burger King Corp., 2009 WL 4282596, at \*1 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 25, 2009) and

1 Archer Daniels Midland Co. v. Aon Risk Servs., Inc. of Minnesota, 187 F.R.D. 578, 586 (D. Minn.  
2 1999)); Jacobs v. Scribner, 2008 WL 2773999, at \*1 (E.D. Cal. June 27, 2008) (“a bare assertion  
3 of need is usually insufficient”).

4 Here, Plaintiff has articulated that he needs to serve additional interrogatories because  
5 he lacks legal knowledge, is incarcerated, has “limit[ed] [] ability to pursue all means of  
6 discovery,” and needs to ask follow-up questions because Defendants have not adequately  
7 responded to the initial interrogatories. Mot. at 4-5. The Court finds that this explanation is  
8 sufficient to justify additional interrogatories. See McNeil v. Hayes, 2014 WL 1125014, at \*2-3  
9 (E.D. Cal. Mar. 20, 2014) (granting leave to serve additional interrogatories in a civil rights action  
10 filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, noting plaintiff’s “pro se status with limited resources and  
11 limited knowledge,” that “the ‘particularized showing’ to obtain leave to serve additional  
12 interrogatories cannot be divorced from [p]laintiff’s pro se status,” and that “depositions, which  
13 would relieve some of the pressure created by having to respond to interrogatories, are simply  
14 not a realistic option, as incarcerated pro se litigants are rarely in the position to conduct  
15 depositions”); McClellan v. Kern County Sheriff’s Office, 2015 WL 5732242, at \*1 (E.D. Cal.  
16 Sept. 29, 2015) (“An incarcerated party’s highly limited ability to conduct a deposition in prison  
17 may contribute to a finding of good cause to file additional interrogatories.”). However, the  
18 additional interrogatories may not duplicate prior requests or answers, may not seek information  
19 beyond the Defendant’s personal knowledge, and may not seek information that is beyond the  
20 scope of discovery permitted by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26. See Williams v. Cnty. of Sacramento Sheriff’s  
21 Dept., 2007 WL 587237, at \*2 (E.D. Cal. Feb 26, 2007) (plaintiff bears the burden of establishing

1 the need for additional interrogatories and that information sought is not duplicative); Robinson  
2 v. Adams, 2011 WL 2118753, at \*11 (E.D. Cal. May 27, 2011) (same).

3 **1) Plaintiff's Proposed Supplemental Interrogatories to Defendant Hipp**

4 Plaintiff contends in his First Amended Complaint ("FAC") that Defendant Hipp, a  
5 Registered Dental Hygienist at California Men's Colony ("CMC"), examined him on February 23,  
6 2012, and reviewed Plaintiff's CDC 7362 Health Care Services Request Form for dental  
7 treatment. See ECF No. 32 at 3, 9. Plaintiff further claims that Defendant Hipp failed to provide  
8 treatment and "ensure [that] plaintiff was scheduled for treatment after reviewing plaintiff's  
9 Treatment Plan from April 29, 2011."<sup>1</sup> Id.

10 Defendants assert in their opposition that Defendant Hipp cleaned Plaintiff's teeth on  
11 February 23, 2012, and never performed a diagnostic oral examination of Plaintiff. Oppo. at 4.  
12 In her responses to Plaintiff's initial interrogatories, Defendant Hipp stated that on February 23,  
13 2012, she saw Plaintiff, reviewed his chart, and performed "teeth cleaning, also known as a  
14 scaling," which "also included oral hygiene instructions, polishing, flossing, and peridex rinse  
15 after the cleaning." Reply, Exh. 4 at 29. Defendant Hipp then entered progress notes stating  
16 that Plaintiff needed fillings in teeth 4 and 14, and "submitted the paperwork for processing."  
17 Id. Defendant Hipp stated that she did not perform a diagnostic oral examination on  
18 February 23, 2012, or any other date, because such examination "is not within a dental  
19 hygienist's scope of practice." Id.

20 In Plaintiff's proposed supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1 and 3-7, Plaintiff seeks  
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22 <sup>1</sup> Plaintiff alleges that the Treatment Plan noted that three to four of his cavities needed to be filled. Id.

1 additional information regarding the treatment provided by Defendant Hipp. The Court finds  
2 that proposed Interrogatory No. 4<sup>2</sup> duplicates prior interrogatories and therefore denies  
3 Plaintiff's request to serve it. The Court grants Plaintiff's request to serve supplemental  
4 Interrogatory Nos. 1, 3, 5-7. Some of these interrogatories include facts that may not be  
5 accurate so in answering the interrogatories, Defendant Hipp may identify any facts or  
6 assumptions that are inaccurate.

7 Defendant Hipp also described in her initial responses to Plaintiff's interrogatories CDCR's  
8 classifications of periodontal disease, and stated that dentists determine the appropriate  
9 classification, that according to CDCR's policies and procedures, inmates over 50 years of age  
10 are eligible for teeth cleaning once a year, and that inmates who have been diagnosed with gum  
11 disease may be placed on a four- to six-month eligible recall. Id. at 26, 30. Defendant Hipp did  
12 not respond to Plaintiff's interrogatories regarding CDCR's policies and procedures concerning  
13 cleaning inmate's teeth every 90 days on the basis that they were not relevant to any claim or  
14 defense in this suit. Id.

15 Defendant Hipp also stated in her initial interrogatory responses that a person's oral cavity  
16 is not sterile, that some bacteria is always present there, and that such bacteria can multiply  
17 and eventually lead to gum disease in the absence of good oral hygiene and dietary practices.  
18 Reply, Exh. 4 at 26-27. She also stated that oral hygiene practices, consistency of the gums,  
19 and diet may contribute to gum inflammation, but inflammation is always present at a very low

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21 <sup>2</sup> Plaintiff lists two interrogatories numbered 4. Mot. at 12. The Court is denying Plaintiff's  
22 request as to the interrogatory asking if Defendant Hipp conducted a comprehensive dental  
examination. The Court grants Plaintiff's request to serve the second interrogatory seeking a  
definition of "interceptive care."

1 level. Id. Defendant Hipp also described signs and symptoms of periodontitis, and stated that  
2 untreated periodontal disease can lead to bone loss. Id. at 27-28. She further stated that  
3 depending on a person's diet, consistency of tooth structure, and daily oral hygiene practices,  
4 "plaque on teeth can break down tooth enamel and lead to tooth decay," and that "untreated  
5 tooth decay can progress to cavity formation and eventually result in tooth loss." Id. at 31.  
6 Defendant Hipp refused to answer Plaintiff's interrogatories asking "what conditions in the  
7 mouth" cause the development of fatty plaque, whether "inflammation in the mouth causes  
8 inflammation in the blood vessels," what are the acceptable levels of fluoride required to  
9 effectively treat tooth decay, and at what stage does inadequate oral health contribute to other  
10 medical conditions, claiming that she was not an expert in the area and could not provide an  
11 opinion on those subjects. Id. at 27-28, 31-32.

12 In the remaining proposed interrogatories, Plaintiff seeks information regarding CDCR  
13 policies and procedures, "acceptable community standards" for types of treatment and care, and  
14 various protocols and methodologies. The Court finds that supplemental Interrogatory No. 2 is  
15 overbroad and seeks information that is not limited in time and to the issues in this case.  
16 Supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 8 and 9 are overbroad and seek information regarding  
17 community standards, which is not the relevant standard for a section 1983 claim for deliberate  
18 indifference to dental needs. Supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 10 and 13 seek information that  
19 is irrelevant to the claims at issue in this case. The Court therefore denies Plaintiff's request to  
20 serve supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 2, 8-10, and 13. The Court grants Plaintiff's requests to  
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1 serve supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 4,<sup>3</sup> 11, and 12.

2 **2) Plaintiff's Proposed Supplemental Interrogatories to Defendant Hensley**

3 Plaintiff alleges that Defendant Hensley, a dentist at CMC, did not provide dental  
4 treatment in a timely manner. ECF No. 32 at 3. Plaintiff contends that while Defendant Hensley  
5 "efficiently identified [P]laintiff's dental needs on April 29, 2011, and May 8, 2012," he "failed to  
6 provide treatment that would cure [P]laintiff's dental needs." Id. Specifically, Plaintiff claims  
7 that on April 29, 2011, Defendant Hensley diagnosed him with three to four cavities and  
8 prepared a Treatment Plan, but did not provide treatment. Id. at 8-9. Plaintiff further contends  
9 that on May 8, 2012, Defendant Hensley saw Plaintiff, reviewed Plaintiff's April 29, 2011  
10 Treatment Plan, prepared a new Treatment Plan, which noted that Plaintiff had developed three  
11 to four additional cavities, but failed to fill those cavities for at least fifteen months. Id. at 9.

12 Defendants claim in their opposition that they provided Plaintiff with information  
13 regarding Defendant Hensley's dental treatment by producing Plaintiff's dental records and  
14 Defendant Hensley's interrogatory responses. Oppo. at 3. Defendant Hensley stated in his prior  
15 interrogatory responses that during Plaintiff's April 29, 2011 appointment:

16 X-rays were taken. On the Dental Examination and Treatment Plan Form, I  
17 documented the need for fillings on teeth numbers 4 and 14, and assigned a dental  
18 priority code of 3, which indicated that the work needed to be done within one  
19 year. I noted which cavity was to be filled first. I also noted scaling to be  
completed by February 28, 2012. I submitted the relevant documents for  
processing and appointment setting by an office technician.

20 Reply, Exh. 8 at 58; see also id. at 59. Defendant Hensley further stated that Registered Dental  
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22 \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>3</sup> See supra note 2.

1 Assistant ("RDA") Behrens assisted him during Plaintiff's appointment on April 29, 2011, took  
2 bite wing x-rays, and charted the gum pocket measurements and which teeth needed fillings as  
3 determined by Defendant Hensley. Id. at 61-62. Further, Defendant Hensley responded to  
4 Plaintiff's interrogatory asking why he failed to ensure that Plaintiff's "treatment needs were  
5 met" after the April 29, 2011 appointment, by stating the following:

6 I was not able to set inmate appointments because I did not have access to  
7 that computer program, and before the computer program, I did not have access  
8 to scheduling inmates for appointments. Because I am assigned numerous  
9 inmates, I am not able to monitor scheduling issues for individual inmates.  
10 Additionally, it is not unusual for an inmate to be transferred to a different yard or  
11 a different prison. In such a case, the appointment would be set with a different  
dentist. I have never been aware of a problem with scheduling inmates for follow-  
up dental exams at CMC. On May 8, 2012, Plaintiff was on my schedule for an  
annual exam, which would not allow enough time for fillings. I prepared a  
new treatment plan, and assigned a dental priority code 2 so that the  
treatment would be completed within four months.

12 Id. at 60. With regard to the May 8, 2012 appointment, Defendant Hensley also stated that he  
13 examined Plaintiff's teeth, noted the needed treatment and the time frame for the treatment,  
14 prepared a Daily Dental Encounter Form, and "submitted the relevant documents for processing  
15 and appointment setting by an office technician." Id. at 59, 63. In response to Plaintiff's  
16 interrogatory asking to explain why Defendant Hensley's "dental conclusions on May 8, 2012,  
17 did not result in treatment [during] the eight months [Plaintiff] remained at CMC-East after that  
18 exam," Defendant Hensley stated that "he d[id] not know." Id. at 63.

19 In response to Plaintiff's interrogatory asking to explain "current and past" CMC-East's  
20 protocol(s) for processing treatment plans for inmates diagnosed with cavities, Defendant  
21 Hensley stated that in 2011, "scheduling was not computerized," and that office technicians  
22 scheduled follow-up appointments "by hand from the paperwork submitted by the dentist."

1 Reply, Exh. 8 at 58-59. He stated that in 2012, a dentist submitted relevant paperwork and an  
2 office technician entered information into the computer to schedule inmate appointments. Id.  
3 at 59. Defendant Hensley explained the terms "HBP," "HTN," "fatty plaque," and "U.O.P  
4 protocol," stated that a patient's vitals are taken before an exam to monitor the patient's overall  
5 health, and that Plaintiff's blood pressure was within acceptable levels during his dental exams.  
6 See Reply, Exh. 8 at 61-62, 64. Defendant Hensley also stated that Plaintiff's Plaque Index of  
7 38% on April 29, 2011, and 52% on May 8, 2012, indicated that Plaintiff's plaque buildup  
8 increased, but was still within an acceptable range, and that the increase could have been caused  
9 by Plaintiff not brushing his teeth properly, eating sugary foods, or using certain drugs. Id. at  
10 64. He also noted that although Plaintiff had more cavities in 2012 than in 2011, the condition  
11 of Plaintiff's gums improved. See id. at 63-65. Additionally, Defendant Hensley stated in his  
12 prior interrogatory responses that the process of decay is gradual, and if left untreated, can  
13 penetrate through the enamel layer into the softer tissue below, and that cavity causing bacteria  
14 thrive on carbohydrates, especially sugars. Id. at 63-64. Finally, in response to Plaintiff's  
15 interrogatory asking whether there is a "link between periodontal infection and vascular  
16 disease," Defendant Hensley stated that "some studies show a link and some do not," that he  
17 was not an expert in this area, and refused to provide an opinion regarding the subject. Id. at  
18 65.

19 The majority of Plaintiff's proposed interrogatories seek relevant information regarding  
20 Defendant Hensley's assessment of Plaintiff's dental condition on April 29, 2011 and May 8,  
21 2012, the paperwork Defendant Hensley generated to schedule Plaintiff for a follow-up  
22 treatment after his April 29, 2011 and May 8, 2012 appointments with Plaintiff, any oral hygiene

1 and plaque control training that Defendant Hensley might have provided to Plaintiff during those  
2 appointments, and the time required to perform certain procedures. While some of the  
3 interrogatories repeat prior requests, the Court will allow Plaintiff to serve those requests to the  
4 extent they also seek new or clarifying information. The Court thus grants Plaintiff leave to  
5 serve supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1-3<sup>4</sup>, 6-8, 10-13. The Court denies Plaintiff's request to  
6 serve Interrogatory Nos. 3-5 and 9 as they are repetitive of Plaintiff's prior interrogatories, seek  
7 information which already has been provided to Plaintiff, or seek irrelevant information.

8 **3) Plaintiff's Proposed Supplemental Interrogatories to Defendant Sabati**

9 Plaintiff claims in his FAC that Defendant Sabati, a Dentist at Richard J. Donovan  
10 Correctional Facility ("RJD"), failed to provide dental treatment in a timely manner. ECF No. 32  
11 at 5. Specifically, Plaintiff alleges that Defendant Sabati examined him on February 11, 2013,  
12 reviewed Plaintiff's Treatment Plans dated April 29, 2011, and May 8, 2012, and noted seven  
13 untreated cavities. Id. at 5, 10. Plaintiff further contends that on February 11, 2013, he  
14 submitted a request to fill those cavities, that Defendant Sabati "promised" to fill the cavities  
15 within 30 days, but failed to do so. Id.

16 Defendants assert that Defendant Sabati saw Plaintiff on February 11, 2013, shortly after  
17 Plaintiff's transfer to RJD, that Plaintiff's appointment was a 72-hour triage appointment, and  
18 that Defendant Sabati noted that Plaintiff's May 8, 2012 Treatment Plan needed to be completed.  
19 Oppo. at 5. With respect to the February 11, 2013 appointment with Plaintiff, Defendant Sabati

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21 <sup>4</sup> The Court notes that Plaintiff's proposed supplemental interrogatories to Defendant Hensley  
22 contain two Interrogatories No. 3. See Mot. at 23-24. The Court denies Plaintiff's request to  
serve the first one seeking changes to the April 29, 2011 treatment plan and grants the request  
as to the second one seeking the names of technicians.

1 stated in a prior interrogatory response that:

2 [d]ue to the passage of time, I do not recall the appointment, but progress notes  
3 indicate that this was not a regular dental appointment, but a 72 hour triage  
4 appointment, which means an appointment shortly after an inmate is transferred  
5 to a new prison to generally a[ss]ess dental needs. The progress note indicates  
6 that I asked that a completion of Plaintiff's May 8, 2012 treatment plan be  
7 scheduled. The progress note also indicates that I had 11 other patients on my  
8 schedule that day; thus, I would not have been able to perform an annual dental  
9 exam at that time.

10 Reply, Exh. 7 at 50. Defendant Sabati further stated that on February 11, 2013, RDA Mendoza  
11 assisted him with Plaintiff's exam, and that an office technician was responsible for "entering  
12 the information into the computer and scheduling [Plaintiff's follow-up] appointment." Id. at  
13 49-50.

14 Defendant Sabati also stated that a cavity forms when decay goes through the tooth's  
15 hard surface layer, that decay could subsequently reach the softer layers of the tooth, and  
16 defined the term "Plaque Index of 52%." Id. at 51, 53. Defendant Sabati explained that bacteria  
17 are always present in a person's mouth, that bacteria in plaque produce acids, that tooth decay  
18 does not develop into plaque, and that untreated tooth decay does not produce bacteria, but  
19 can progress to cavity formation and eventually result in tooth loss. Id. at 51-53. Defendant  
20 Sabati also stated that a person's diet, consistency of the tooth structure, and daily oral hygiene  
21 may affect the time frame for "the acids in plaque to begin removing minerals in the tooth's  
22 hard, outer enamel"/"bacteria to build up on teeth in order to make gums prone to infection,"  
and result in gum inflammation. See id. at 52-53. Defendant Sabati refused to answer Plaintiff's  
interrogatory seeking the names of eleven patients that he was scheduled to see on February 11,  
2013, on relevance, proportionality, privacy and confidentiality grounds. Id. at 49.

1 The Court notes that some of the proposed requests assume facts which may not be  
2 accurate and/or somewhat repetitive, however, the Court will allow the requests to the extent  
3 they seek new or clarifying relevant information. Accordingly, the Court denies Plaintiff's request  
4 to serve proposed supplemental Interrogatory No. 6 but grants Plaintiff's request as to the  
5 remaining interrogatories.

6 **4) Plaintiff's Proposed Supplemental Interrogatories to Defendant Nguyen**

7 Plaintiff alleges in his FAC that Defendant Nguyen, a Dentist at RJD, failed to provide  
8 dental treatment in a timely manner. ECF No. 32 at 6. In support, Plaintiff contends that on  
9 January 14,<sup>5</sup> 2014, Defendant Nguyen examined him, reviewed Plaintiff's May 8, 2012 Treatment  
10 Plan, was "made aware" that Plaintiff had seven untreated cavities and was in pain, received  
11 Plaintiff's request to fill the cavities, but failed to provide treatment for approximately fourteen  
12 months. See id. Plaintiff further contends that on December 30, 2014, Defendant Nguyen  
13 conducted a dental examination in response to Plaintiff's 602 appeal, noted that Plaintiff had  
14 developed ten to fifteen new cavities and a white lesion on the left side of his lower lip, and  
15 submitted an urgent request for a specialist examination of the lesion. Id. at 12. On January 16,  
16 2015, Defendant Nguyen saw Plaintiff during a follow-up examination, and on February 24,  
17 2015, extracted Plaintiff's lower left tooth. Id. at 13.

18 Defendants claim that Defendant Nguyen requested that Plaintiff be scheduled for  
19 additional treatment within one week of Plaintiff's January 27, 2014 appointment, that he

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21 <sup>5</sup> The Court notes that Plaintiff's initial interrogatories served on Defendant Nguyen, Defendant  
22 Nguyen's answers, and Plaintiff's supplemental interrogatories directed to Defendant Nguyen list  
January 27, 2014 as the date of Plaintiff's appointment with Defendant Nguyen. See Mot.,  
Exh. 4 at 29-33; Reply, Exh. 9 at 70-71.

1 interviewed Plaintiff on December 30, 2014 regarding Plaintiff's grievance, examined Plaintiff,  
2 and generated a new treatment plan, and that Plaintiff started receiving dental care shortly  
3 thereafter until it was complete. *Oppo.* at 5. In his prior interrogatory responses Defendant  
4 Nguyen stated that on January 27, 2014, he saw Plaintiff and determined that Plaintiff's  
5 treatment plan was over a year-and-a-half old, that he offered to perform another exam, and  
6 that Plaintiff agreed. *See Reply, Exh. 9* at 71-72. Defendant Nguyen also stated that he directed  
7 on the Daily Encounter Form dated January 27, 2014, that Plaintiff be scheduled to come back  
8 in one week, specified that the appointment should be set for February 4, 2014, and "submitted  
9 the form to the office technicians for processing." *Id.* at 70. Defendant Nguyen also stated that  
10 RDA Rubacava assisted him on January 27, 2014. *Id.* at 71.

11 Further, Defendant Nguyen stated that on December 30, 2014, he interviewed Plaintiff in  
12 connection with Plaintiff's grievance RJD Log No. HC 14052486, completed a dental exam,  
13 generated a new treatment plan, and discussed the treatment plan with Plaintiff. *Reply, Exh. 9*  
14 *at 72, 76.* In response to Plaintiff's interrogatory asking to specify the date and names of dental  
15 personnel who failed to enter Plaintiff's previous treatment plan at CMC into the computer,  
16 Defendant Nguyen stated that the previous treatment plan would have been entered at CMC  
17 shortly after the treatment plan was submitted, and that he "ha[d] no idea who would have  
18 been involved." *Id.* at 75. Defendant Nguyen further stated that Plaintiff was seen for dental  
19 treatment on January 6, 2015, and continued to receive dental treatment until his treatment  
20 plan was complete. *Id.* at 76.

21 Defendant Nguyen also stated in his prior interrogatory answers that pursuant to CDCR's  
22 and/or RJD's policies and procedures, "[r]elevant findings are recorded in the patient's dental

1 records.” Id. at 74. Defendant Nguyen refused to answer Plaintiff’s interrogatory asking to  
2 “[e]xplain any and all policies or procedures within RJDCF for the number of patients on a dentist  
3 daily schedule” on relevance and proportionality grounds. Id. Defendant Nguyen also refused  
4 to provide scheduling/or appointment data for inmate annual examinations scheduled for  
5 December 30, 2014, and his conclusions about inmate R. Ware’s First Level Health Care Appeal,  
6 claiming that such information was not relevant, not proportional to the needs of the case, and  
7 violated privacy and confidentiality rights of third parties. See id. at 72-73, 75. Finally,  
8 Defendant Nguyen stated in his prior interrogatory answers that swelling in the mouth does not  
9 “in and of itself” make the gums prone to infection, could have little effect on a person’s oral  
10 health, or could cause discomfort, and listed various conditions that can cause pain in the mouth.  
11 Id. at 70-72.

12 The majority of the proposed interrogatories seek relevant follow-up information  
13 concerning Plaintiff’s January 27, 2014 appointment, whether Plaintiff received any instructions  
14 in oral hygiene and plaque control during the appointment, what paperwork Defendant Nguyen  
15 was required to generate concerning the appointment, and the definition of terms or procedures.  
16 Again, the Court notes that some of the proposed interrogatories assume facts which may not  
17 be accurate and/or somewhat repetitive, however, the Court will allow the requests to the extent  
18 they seek new or clarifying relevant information. The Court thus grants Plaintiff’s request to  
19 serve supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1, 3-9<sup>6</sup>, 11-19. The Court denies Plaintiff’s request as to  
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22 <sup>6</sup> To the extent Interrogatory No. 8 seeks information about dental patients other than Plaintiff,  
it is denied. The Court grants Interrogatory No. 8 only to the extent it requests information  
about Plaintiff’s dental care.

1 Interrogatory Nos. 2 and 10 as they seek irrelevant information or are duplicative.

2 **SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION**

3 For the foregoing reasons, the Court **GRANTS IN PART AND DENIES IN PART**  
4 Plaintiff's motion for leave to serve supplemental interrogatories. The Court directs that the  
5 proposed supplemental interrogatories authorized by this order are deemed served as of the  
6 date of this order. Defendants must answer the authorized interrogatories by **March 24, 2017**:

7 1) Defendant Hipp must answer Plaintiff's supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1, 3-7, 11-  
8 12;

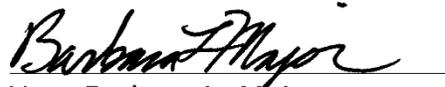
9 2) Defendant Hensley must answer Plaintiff's supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1-3, 6-8,  
10 10-13;

11 3) Defendant Sabati must answer Plaintiff's supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1-5, 7-14;

12 4) Defendant Nguyen must answer Plaintiff's supplemental Interrogatory Nos. 1, 3-9, 11-  
13 19.

14 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

15  
16 Dated: 2/23/2017

  
17 Hon. Barbara L. Major  
18 United States Magistrate Judge